

Journal of the House

SIXTY-EIGHTH DAY

HALL OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
TOPEKA, KS, Monday, May 15, 2017, 10:00 a.m.

The House met pursuant to adjournment with Speaker pro tem Schwab in the chair.

The roll was called with 120 members present.

Rep. Stogsdill was excused on verified illness.

Reps. Concannon, DeGraaf, Hawkins and Mason were excused on excused absence by the Speaker.

Prayer by Chaplain Brubaker:

Our Gracious Loving Lord God,
thank You for this, another beautiful Spring day
with which You have blessed us.

As these leaders continue meeting to tackle the tough decisions,
remind them of the encouraging words of the Psalmist:

“the signposts of God are clear
and point out the right road.

The life-maps of God are right,
showing the way to joy.

The directions of God are plain,
giving light to the eyes.

The decisions of God are accurate
enduring forever.”

I ask that You will direct their thoughts, words & decisions.

In Your Son’s Name I pray, Amen.

(Psalm 19:7-9, The Message)

The Pledge of Allegiance was led by Rep. Schreiber.

REFERENCE OF BILLS AND CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS

The following bill was referred to committee as indicated:

Federal and State Affairs: **HB 2427**.

FINAL ACTION ON BILLS AND CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS

HB 2380, AN ACT concerning sales and compensating use tax; relating to city and county retailers' sales tax, Marion county;imposing tax on certain services; rate of tax on food and food ingredients; amending K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 12-187, 12-189, 12-192, 79-3602, 79-3603, 79-3620, 79-3703 and 79-3710 and repealing the existing sections,

was considered on final action.

On roll call, the vote was: Yeas 78; Nays 42; Present but not voting: 0; Absent or not voting: 5.

Yeas: Alcalá, Alford, Arnberger, Aurand, Baker, Barker, Becker, Blex, Brim, Burroughs, Campbell, Carmichael, Claeys, Clark, Davis, Deere, Delperdang, Dierks, Dietrich, Elliott, Ellis, Eplee, Esau, Finch, Francis, Gallagher, Good, Hibbard, Highland, Hineman, Hoffman, Huebert, Humphries, Jennings, Johnson, Judd-Jenkins, Karleskint, Kelly, Kessinger, Koesten, Lakin, Landwehr, Lewis, Markley, Mastroni, Miller, Murnan, Orr, Osterman, Patton, Phillips, Proehl, Rafie, Rahjes, Ralph, Resman, Rooker, Ryckman, Schreiber, Schroeder, Schwab, Seiwert, Sloan, A. Smith, E. Smith, Sutton, Swanson, Tarwater, Thimesch, Thompson, Trimmer, Vickrey, Waymaster, Weber, Weigel, Wheeler, Williams, Wolfe Moore.

Nays: Awerkamp, Ballard, Bishop, Carlin, Carpenter, Clayton, Corbet, Cox, Crum, Curtis, Dove, Finney, Frownfelter, Garber, Gartner, Helgerson, Henderson, Highberger, Hodge, Holscher, Houser, Jacobs, Jones, Kuether, Lusk, Lusker, Neighbor, Ohaebosim, Ousley, Parker, Phelps, Pittman, Powell, Ruiz, Sawyer, Terrell, Victors, Ward, Whipple, Whitmer, Wilson, Winn.

Present but not voting: None.

Absent or not voting: Concannon, DeGraaf, Hawkins, Mason, Stogsdill.

The bill passed, as amended.

EXPLANATION OF VOTE

MR. SPEAKER: I vote No on **HB 2380**. I support the goals of broadening the tax base and eliminating the food sales tax, but this is not the way to get there. Here, the groups to be subjected to taxation were selected by a handful of people and the revenue gained serves primarily to reduce the likelihood of income tax reform, while the tax savings to a family of four, in the unlikely event that it actually materializes, will be around a dollar a week. These changes should be done as part of a comprehensive tax plan with full hearings. – DENNIS “BOOG” HIGHBERGER, ANNIE KUETHER, ELIZABETH BISHOP, PAM CURTIS, CINDY NEIGHBOR, JARROD OUSLEY

H Sub for SB 126, AN ACT establishing the foster care task force, was considered on final action.

On roll call, the vote was: Yeas 120; Nays 0; Present but not voting: 0; Absent or not voting: 5.

Yeas: Alcalá, Alford, Arnberger, Aurand, Awerkamp, Baker, Ballard, Barker, Becker, Bishop, Blex, Brim, Burroughs, Campbell, Carlin, Carmichael, Carpenter, Claeys, Clark, Clayton, Corbet, Cox, Crum, Curtis, Davis, Deere, Delperdang, Dierks, Dietrich, Dove, Elliott, Ellis, Eplee, Esau, Finch, Finney, Francis, Frownfelter, Gallagher, Garber, Gartner, Good, Helgerson, Henderson, Hibbard, Highberger, Highland, Hineman, Hodge, Hoffman, Holscher, Houser, Huebert, Humphries, Jacobs, Jennings, Johnson, Jones, Judd-Jenkins, Karleskint, Kelly, Kessinger, Koesten, Kuether, Lakin, Landwehr, Lewis, Lusk, Lusker, Markley, Mastroni, Miller, Murnan, Neighbor, Ohaebosim, Orr, Osterman, Ousley, Parker, Patton, Phelps, Phillips, Pittman, Powell, Proehl, Rafie, Rahjes, Ralph, Resman, Rooker, Ruiz, Ryckman, Sawyer, Schreiber, Schroeder, Schwab, Seiwert, Sloan, A. Smith, E. Smith, Sutton, Swanson, Tarwater, Terrell, Thimesch, Thompson, Trimmer, Vickrey, Victors, Ward, Waymaster, Weber, Weigel,

Wheeler, Whipple, Whitmer, Williams, Wilson, Winn, Wolfe Moore.

Nays: None.

Present but not voting: None.

Absent or not voting: Concannon, DeGraaf, Hawkins, Mason, Stogsdill.

The substitute bill passed, as amended.

INTRODUCTION OF ORIGINAL MOTIONS

On motion of Rep. Hineman, pursuant to subsection (k) of Joint Rule 4 of the Joint Rules of the Senate and House of Representatives, the rules were suspended for the purpose of considering **S Sub for HB 2053**.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

MADAM PRESIDENT and MR. SPEAKER: Your committee on conference on Senate amendments to **HB 2053** submits the following report:

The House accedes to all Senate amendments to the bill, and your committee on conference further agrees to amend the bill as printed as Senate Substitute for House Bill No. 2053, as follows:

On page 1, by striking all in lines 6 through 36;

By striking all on pages 2 and 3;

On page 4, by striking all in lines 1 through 19; following line 19, by inserting:

"New Section 1. The provisions of sections 1 through 14, and amendments thereto, shall be known and may be cited as the crisis intervention act.

New Sec. 2. When used in the crisis intervention act:

(a) "Behavioral health professional" includes a physician, physician assistant, psychologist, qualified mental health professional or licensed addiction counselor.

(b) "Head of a crisis intervention center" means the administrative director of a crisis intervention center or a behavioral health professional designated by such person.

(c) "Law enforcement officer" shall have the meaning ascribed to it in K.S.A. 22-2202, and amendments thereto.

(d) "Licensed addiction counselor" shall have the meaning ascribed to it in K.S.A. 59-29b46(d), (e) or (f), and amendments thereto.

(e) "Crisis intervention center" means any entity licensed by the Kansas department for aging and disability services that is open 24 hours a day, 365 days a year, equipped to serve voluntary and involuntary individuals in crisis due to mental illness, substance abuse or a co-occurring condition, and that uses certified peer specialists.

(f) "Crisis intervention center service area" means the counties to which the crisis intervention center has agreed to provide service.

(g) "Physician" means a person licensed to practice medicine and surgery as provided for in the Kansas healing arts act or a person who is employed by a state psychiatric hospital or by an agency of the United States and who is authorized by law to practice medicine and surgery within such hospital or agency.

(h) "Psychologist" means a licensed psychologist, as defined by K.S.A. 74-5302, and amendments thereto.

(i) "Qualified mental health professional" shall have the meaning ascribed to it in K.S.A. 59-2946(j), and amendments thereto.

(j) "Treatment" means any service intended to promote the mental health of the patient and rendered by a qualified professional, licensed or certified by the state to

provide such service as an independent practitioner or under the supervision of such practitioner; and the broad range of emergency, outpatient, intermediate and inpatient services and care, including diagnostic evaluation, medical, psychiatric, psychological and social service care, vocational rehabilitation and career counseling, which may be extended to persons with an alcohol or substance abuse problem.

(k) "Domestic partner" means a person with whom another person maintains a household and an intimate relationship, other than a person to whom such person is legally married.

(l) "Physician assistant" means a person licensed to practice medicine and surgery as a physician assistant by the state board of healing arts.

New Sec. 3. (a) The fact that a person has been detained for emergency observation and treatment under this act shall not be construed to mean that such person shall have lost any civil right such person would otherwise have as a resident or citizen, any property right or legal capacity, except as may be specified within any court order or as otherwise limited by the provisions of this act or the reasonable policies which the head of a crisis intervention center may, for good cause shown, find necessary to make for the orderly operations of that facility. No person held in custody under the provisions of this act shall be denied the right to apply for a writ of habeas corpus. No judicial action taken as part of the procedure provided in section 8(c), and amendments thereto, shall constitute a finding by the court.

(b) There shall be no implication or presumption that a patient within the terms of this act is, for that reason alone, a person in need of a guardian or a conservator, or both, as provided in K.S.A. 59-3050 through 59-3097, and amendments thereto.

New Sec. 4. Nothing in this act shall be construed to prohibit a person with capacity to do so from making an application for admission as a voluntary patient to a crisis intervention center. Any person desiring to do so shall be afforded an opportunity to consult with such person's attorney prior to making any such application. If the head of the crisis intervention center accepts the application and admits the person as a voluntary patient, then the head of the crisis intervention center shall notify, in writing, the person's legal guardian, if known.

New Sec. 5. Any law enforcement officer who takes a person into custody pursuant to K.S.A. 59-2953 or 59-29b53, and amendments thereto, may transport such person to a crisis intervention center if the officer is in a crisis intervention center service area. The crisis intervention center shall not refuse to accept any person for evaluation if such person is brought to the crisis intervention center by a law enforcement officer and such officer's jurisdiction is in the crisis intervention center's service area. If a law enforcement officer is not in a crisis intervention center service area or chooses not to transport the person to a crisis intervention center, then the officer shall follow the procedures set forth in the care and treatment act for persons with an alcohol or substance abuse problem, K.S.A. 59-29b45 et seq., and amendments thereto.

New Sec. 6. (a) A crisis intervention center may admit and detain any person 18 years of age or older who is presented for emergency observation and treatment upon the written application of a law enforcement officer.

(b) An emergency observation and treatment application shall be made on a form set forth by the secretary for aging and disability services or a locally developed form approved by the secretary. The original application shall be kept in the regular course of business with the law enforcement agency, and a copy shall be provided to the crisis

intervention center and to the patient. The application shall state:

- (1) The name and address of the person sought to be admitted, if known;
- (2) the name and address of the person's spouse, domestic partner or nearest relative, if known;
- (3) the applicant's belief that the person may be a mentally ill person subject to involuntary commitment as defined in K.S.A. 59-2946, and amendments thereto, a person with an alcohol or substance abuse problem subject to involuntary commitment as defined in K.S.A. 59-29b46, and amendments thereto, or a person with co-occurring conditions, and because of such mental illness, alcohol or substance abuse problem or co-occurring conditions, is likely to cause harm to self or others if not immediately detained;
- (4) the factual circumstances in support of that belief and the factual circumstances under which the person was taken into custody, including any known pending criminal charges; and
- (5) whether the person has a wellness recovery action plan or psychiatric advance directive, if known.

New Sec. 7. (a) A crisis intervention center may evaluate, admit and detain any person 18 years of age or older who is presented for emergency observation and treatment upon the written application of any adult.

(b) An emergency observation and treatment application shall be made on a form set forth by the secretary for aging and disability services or a locally developed form approved by the secretary. The original application shall be kept by the applicant, and a copy shall be provided to the crisis intervention center and to the patient. The application shall state:

- (1) The name and address of the person sought to be admitted, if known;
- (2) the name and address of the person's spouse, domestic partner or nearest relative, if known;
- (3) the applicant's belief that the person may be a mentally ill person subject to involuntary commitment as defined in K.S.A. 59-2956, and amendments thereto, a person with an alcohol or substance abuse problem subject to involuntary commitment as defined in K.S.A. 59-29b46, and amendments thereto, or a person with co-occurring conditions, and because of such mental illness, alcohol or substance abuse problem or co-occurring conditions, is likely to cause harm to self or others if not immediately detained;
- (4) the factual circumstances in support of that belief and the factual circumstances under which the person was presented to the crisis intervention center;
- (5) any known pending criminal charges;
- (6) any known prior psychiatric, medical or substance use history; and
- (7) whether the person has a wellness recovery action plan or psychiatric advance directive, if known.

New Sec. 8. (a) The head of the crisis intervention center shall evaluate a person admitted pursuant to this act within four hours of admission to determine whether the person is likely to be a mentally ill person subject to involuntary commitment for care and treatment, as defined in K.S.A. 59-2946, and amendments thereto, a person with an alcohol and substance abuse problem subject to involuntary commitment for care and treatment, as defined in K.S.A. 59-29b46, and amendments thereto, or a person with co-occurring conditions, and because of such mental illness, alcohol or substance abuse

problem or co-occurring conditions, is likely to cause harm to self or others if allowed to remain at liberty. The head of the crisis intervention center shall inquire whether the person has a wellness recovery action plan or psychiatric advance directive.

(b) A behavioral health professional shall evaluate a person admitted pursuant to this act not later than 23 hours after admission and again not later than 48 hours after admission to determine if the person continues to meet the criteria described in subsection (a). The 23-hour evaluation must be performed by a different behavioral health professional from the one who conducted the initial evaluation under subsection (a).

(c) Not later than 48 hours after admission, if the head of the crisis intervention center determines that the person continues to meet the criteria described in subsection (a), then the head of the crisis intervention center shall file an affidavit to that effect for review by the district court in the county where the crisis intervention center is located. The affidavit shall include or be accompanied by the written application for emergency observation and treatment, information about the person's original admission to the crisis intervention center, the care and treatment provided to the person, and the factual circumstances in support of the evaluating professional's opinion that the person meets the criteria described in subsection (a). After reviewing the affidavit and any accompanying documentation, the court shall order the release of the person or order that the person may continue to be detained and treated at the crisis intervention center, subject to subsections (d) and (e).

(d) The head of the crisis intervention center shall discharge a person admitted pursuant to this act at any time the person no longer meets the criteria described in subsection (a) and, except as provided in subsection (e), not later than 72 hours after admission. Upon discharge, the crisis intervention center shall make reasonable accommodations for the person's transportation.

(e) Not later than 72 hours after admission, if the head of the crisis intervention center determines that a person admitted pursuant to this act continues to meet the criteria described in subsection (a), then the head of the crisis intervention center shall immediately file the petition provided for in K.S.A. 59-2957, and amendments thereto, or K.S.A. 59-29b57, and amendments thereto, and shall find appropriate placement for the individual, including, but not limited to, community hospitals equipped to take involuntary commitments or the designated state hospital. If the 72-hour period ends after 5 p.m., then the petition must be filed by the close of business of the first day thereafter that the district court is open for the transaction of business.

New Sec. 9. (a) Whenever any person is involuntarily admitted to or detained at a crisis intervention center pursuant to this act, the head of the crisis intervention center shall:

(1) Immediately advise the person in custody that such person is entitled to immediately contact the person's legal counsel, legal guardian, personal physician or psychologist, minister of religion, including a Christian Science practitioner, or immediate family as defined in subsection (b) or any combination thereof. If the person desires to make such contact, the head of the crisis intervention center shall make available to the person reasonable means for making such immediate communication;

(2) provide notice of the person's involuntary admission including a copy of the documentation authorizing the involuntary admission to that person's attorney or legal guardian, immediately upon learning of the existence and whereabouts of such attorney

or legal guardian, unless that attorney or legal guardian was the person who signed the application resulting in the patient's admission. If authorized by the patient pursuant to K.S.A. 65-5601 through 65-5605, and amendments thereto, the head of the crisis intervention center also shall provide notice to the patient's immediate family, as defined in subsection (b), immediately upon learning of the existence and whereabouts of such family, unless the family member to be notified was the person who signed the application resulting in the patient's admission; and

(3) immediately advise the person in custody of such person's rights provided for in section 14, and amendments thereto.

(b) "Immediate family" means the spouse, domestic partner, adult children or children, parent or parents, and sibling or siblings, or any combination thereof.

New Sec. 10. (a) Medications and other treatments shall be prescribed, ordered and administered only in conformity with accepted clinical practice. Medication shall be administered only upon the written order of a physician or upon a verbal order noted in the patient's medical records and subsequently signed by the physician. The attending physician shall review regularly the drug regimen of each patient under the physician's care and shall monitor any symptoms or harmful side effects. Prescriptions for psychotropic medications shall be written with a termination date not exceeding 30 days thereafter, but may be renewed.

(b) During the course of treatment, the responsible physician or psychologist or such person's designee shall reasonably consult with the patient or the patient's legal guardian and give consideration to the views the patient or legal guardian expresses concerning treatment and any alternatives, including views expressed in any wellness recovery action plan or psychiatric advance directive. No medication or other treatment may be administered to any voluntary patient without the patient's consent or the consent of such patient's legal guardian.

(c) Consent for medical or surgical treatments not intended primarily to treat a patient's mental disorder shall be obtained in accordance with applicable law.

(d) Whenever a patient receiving treatment pursuant to this act objects to taking any medication prescribed for psychiatric treatment, and after full explanation of the benefits and risks of such medication such objection continues, the medication may be administered over the patient's objection. Such objection shall be recorded in the patient's medical record.

(e) In no case shall experimental medication be administered without the patient's consent, which consent shall be obtained in accordance with section 12(a)(6), and amendments thereto.

New Sec. 11. (a) Restraints or seclusion shall not be applied to a patient unless it is determined by the head of the crisis intervention center or a physician or psychologist to be necessary to prevent immediate substantial bodily injury to the patient or others and that other alternative methods to prevent such injury are not sufficient to accomplish this purpose. Restraints or seclusion shall never be used as a punishment or for the convenience of staff. The extent of the restraints or seclusion applied to the patient shall be the least restrictive measure necessary to prevent such injury to the patient or others, and the use of restraint or seclusion in a crisis intervention center shall not exceed three hours without medical reevaluation, except that such medical reevaluation shall not be required, unless necessary, between the hours of 12:00 midnight and 8:00 a.m. When restraints or seclusion are applied, there shall be monitoring of the patient's condition at

a frequency determined by the treating physician or psychologist, which shall be no less than once per each 15 minutes. The head of the crisis intervention center or a physician or psychologist shall sign a statement explaining the treatment necessity for the use of any restraint or seclusion and shall make such statement a part of the permanent treatment record of the patient.

(b) The provisions of subsection (a) shall not prevent, for a period not exceeding two hours without review and approval thereof by the head of the crisis intervention center or a physician or psychologist:

(1) The use of such restraints as necessary for a patient who is likely to cause physical injury to self or others without the use of such restraints;

(2) the use of restraints when needed primarily for examination or treatment or to ensure the healing process; or

(3) the use of seclusion as part of a treatment methodology that calls for time out when the patient is refusing to participate in treatment or has become disruptive of a treatment process.

(c) As used in this section:

(1) "Restraints" means the application of any device, other than human force alone, to any part of the body of the patient for the purpose of preventing the patient from causing injury to self or others; and

(2) "seclusion" means the placement of a patient, alone, in a room, where the patient's freedom to leave is restricted and where the patient is not under continuous observation.

New Sec. 12. (a) Every patient being treated in any crisis intervention center, in addition to all other rights preserved by the provisions of the crisis intervention act, shall have the following rights:

(1) To wear the patient's own clothes, keep and use the patient's own personal possessions, including toilet articles, and keep and be allowed to spend the patient's own money;

(2) to communicate by all reasonable means with a reasonable number of persons at reasonable hours of the day and night, including both to make and receive confidential telephone calls and by letter, both to mail and receive unopened correspondence, except that if the head of the crisis intervention center denies a patient's right to mail or to receive unopened correspondence under the provisions of subsection (b), such correspondence shall be opened and examined in the presence of the patient;

(3) conjugal visits, if facilities are available for such visits;

(4) to receive visitors in reasonable numbers and at reasonable times each day;

(5) to refuse involuntary labor other than the housekeeping of the patient's own bedroom and bathroom, provided that nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit a patient from performing labor as part of a therapeutic program to which the patient has given their written consent and for which the patient receives reasonable compensation;

(6) not to be subject to such procedures as psychosurgery, electroshock therapy, experimental medication, aversion therapy or hazardous treatment procedures without the written consent of the patient;

(7) to have explained the nature of all medications prescribed, the reason for the prescription and the most common side effects and, if requested, the nature of any other treatment ordered;

(8) to communicate by letter with the secretary for aging and disability services, the

head of the crisis intervention center and any court, attorney, physician, psychologist, qualified mental health professional, licensed addiction counselor or minister of religion, including a Christian Science practitioner. All such communications shall be forwarded at once to the addressee without examination and communications from such persons shall be delivered to the patient without examination;

(9) to contact and consult privately with the patient's physician, psychologist, qualified mental health professional, licensed addiction counselor, minister of religion, including a Christian Science practitioner, legal guardian or attorney at any time;

(10) to be visited by the patient's physician, psychologist, qualified mental health professional, licensed addiction counselor, minister of religion, including a Christian Science practitioner, legal guardian or attorney at any time;

(11) to be informed orally and in writing of such patient's rights under this section upon admission to a crisis intervention center; and

(12) to be treated humanely, consistent with generally accepted ethics and practices.

(b) The head of the crisis intervention center may, for good cause only, restrict a patient's rights under this section, except that the rights enumerated in subsection (a)(5) through (12), and the right to mail any correspondence that does not violate postal regulations, shall not be restricted by the head of the crisis intervention center under any circumstances. Each crisis intervention center shall adopt policies governing the conduct of all patients being treated in such crisis intervention center, which regulations shall be consistent with the provisions of this section. A statement explaining the reasons for any restriction of a patient's rights shall be immediately entered on such patient's medical record and copies of such statement shall be made available to the patient, and to the patient's attorney. In addition, notice of any restriction of a patient's rights shall be communicated to the patient in a timely manner.

(c) Any person willfully depriving any patient of the rights protected by this section, except for the restriction of such rights in accordance with the provisions of subsection (b) or in accordance with a properly obtained court order, shall be guilty of a class C misdemeanor.

New Sec. 13. Any district court records and any treatment records or medical records of any person who has been admitted to a crisis intervention center pursuant to this act that are in the possession of any district court or crisis intervention center treatment facility shall be privileged and shall be not disclosed except as provided under K.S.A. 59-2979, and amendments thereto.

New Sec. 14. Any person or law enforcement agency, governing body, crisis intervention center, community mental health center or personnel acting in good faith and without negligence shall be free from all liability, civil or criminal, that might arise out of acting or declining to act pursuant to the crisis intervention act. Any person who, for a corrupt consideration or advantage, or through malice, shall make or join in making or advise the making of any false petition, report or order provided for in the crisis intervention act, shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor.

Sec. 15. K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 39-2001 is hereby amended to read as follows: 39-2001. The purpose of this act is the development, establishment and enforcement of standards:

(a) For the care, treatment, health, safety, welfare and comfort of individuals residing in or receiving treatment or services provided by residential care facilities, residential and day support facilities, private and public psychiatric hospitals,

psychiatric residential treatment facilities, community mental health centers, crisis intervention centers and providers of other disability services licensed by the secretary for aging and disability services; and

(b) for the construction, maintenance or operation, or any combination thereof, of facilities, hospitals, centers and providers of services that will promote safe and adequate accommodation, care and treatment of such individuals.

Sec. 16. K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 39-2002 is hereby amended to read as follows: 39-2002. As used in this act, the following terms shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section:

(a) "Center" means a community mental health center or crisis intervention center.

(b) "Community mental health center" means a center organized pursuant to article 40 of chapter 19 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, or a mental health clinic organized pursuant to article 2 of chapter 65 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto.

(c) "Crisis intervention center" means an entity that is open 24 hours a day, 365 days a year, equipped to serve voluntary and involuntary individuals in crisis due to mental illness, substance abuse or co-occurring conditions, and that uses certified specialists.

(d) "Department" means the department for aging and disability services.

~~(e)~~(e) "Facility" means any place other than a center or hospital that meets the requirements as set forth by regulations created and adopted by the secretary, where individuals reside and receive treatment or services provided by a person or entity licensed under this act.

~~(f)~~(f) "Hospital" means a psychiatric hospital.

~~(g)~~(g) "Individual" means a person who is the recipient of behavioral health, intellectual disabilities, developmental disabilities or other disability services as set forth in this act.

~~(h)~~(h) "Licensee" means one or more persons or entities licensed by the secretary under this act.

~~(i)~~(i) "Licensing agency" means the secretary for aging and disability services.

~~(j)~~(j) "Other disabilities" means any condition for which individuals receive home and community based waiver services.

~~(k)~~(k) "Provider" means a person, partnership or corporation employing or contracting with appropriately credentialed persons that provide behavioral health, excluding substance use disorder services for purposes of this act, intellectual disability, developmental disability or other disability services in accordance with the requirements as set forth by rules and regulations created and adopted by the secretary.

~~(l)~~(l) "Psychiatric hospital" means an institution, excluding state institutions as defined in K.S.A. 76-12a01, and amendments thereto, that is primarily engaged in providing services, by and under the supervision of qualified professionals, for the diagnosis and treatment of mentally ill individuals, and the institution meets the licensing requirements as set forth by rules and regulations created and adopted by the secretary.

~~(m)~~(m) "Psychiatric residential treatment facility" means any non-hospital facility with a provider agreement with the licensing agency to provide the inpatient services for individuals under the age of 21 who will receive highly structured, intensive treatment for which the licensee meets the requirements as set forth by regulations

created and adopted by the secretary.

~~(m)~~(n) "Residential care facility" means any place or facility, or a contiguous portion of a place or facility, providing services for two or more individuals not related within the third degree of relationship to the administrator, provider or owner by blood or marriage and who, by choice or due to functional impairments, may need personal care and supervised nursing care to compensate for activities of daily living limitations, and which place or facility includes individual living units and provides or coordinates personal care or supervised nursing care available on a 24-hour, seven-days-a-week basis for the support of an individual's independence, including crisis residential care facilities.

~~(n)~~(o) "Secretary" means the secretary for aging and disability services.

~~(o)~~(p) "Services" means the following types of behavioral health, intellectual disability, developmental disability and other disability services, including, but not limited to: Residential supports, day supports, care coordination, case management, workshops, sheltered domiciles, education, therapeutic services, assessments and evaluations, diagnostic care, medicinal support and rehabilitative services.

Sec. 17. K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 39-2003 is hereby amended to read as follows: 39-2003. (a) In addition to the authority, powers and duties otherwise provided by law, the secretary shall have the following authority, powers and duties to:

(1) Enforce the laws relating to the hospitalization of mentally ill individuals of this state in a psychiatric hospital and the diagnosis, care, training or treatment of individuals receiving services through community mental health centers, crisis intervention centers, psychiatric residential treatment facilities for individuals with mental illness, residential care facilities or other facilities and services for individuals with mental illness, intellectual disabilities, developmental disabilities or other disabilities.

(2) Inspect, license, certify or accredit centers, facilities, hospitals and providers for individuals with mental illness, intellectual disabilities, developmental disabilities or other disabilities pursuant to federal legislation, and to deny, suspend or revoke a license granted for causes shown.

(3) Set standards for centers, facilities, hospitals and providers for individuals with mental illness, intellectual disabilities, developmental disabilities or other disabilities pursuant to federal legislation.

(4) Set standards for, inspect and license all providers and facilities for individuals with mental illness, intellectual disabilities, developmental disabilities or other disabilities receiving assistance through the Kansas department for aging and disability services which receive or have received after June 30, 1967, any state or federal funds, or facilities where individuals with mental illness, intellectual disabilities or developmental disabilities reside who require supervision or require limited assistance with the taking of medication. The secretary may adopt rules and regulations that allow the facility to assist an individual with the taking of medication when the medication is in a labeled container dispensed by a pharmacist.

(5) Enter into contracts necessary or incidental to the performance of the secretary's duties and the execution of the secretary's powers.

(6) Solicit and accept for use any gift of money or property, real or personal, made by will or otherwise, and any grant of money, services or property from the federal government, the state or any political subdivision thereof or any private source and do

all things necessary to cooperate with the federal government or any of its agencies in making an application for any grant.

(7) Administer or supervise the administration of the provisions relating to individuals with mental illness, intellectual disabilities, developmental disabilities or other disabilities pursuant to federal legislation and regulations.

(8) Coordinate activities and cooperate with treatment providers or other facilities for those with mental illness, intellectual disabilities, developmental disabilities or other disabilities pursuant to federal legislation and regulations in this and other states for the treatment of such individuals and for the common advancement of these programs and facilities.

(9) Keep records, gather relevant statistics, and make and disseminate analyses of the same.

(10) Do other acts and things necessary to execute the authority expressly granted to the secretary.

(b) Notwithstanding the existence or pursuit of any other remedy, the secretary for aging and disability services, as the licensing agency, in the manner provided by the Kansas judicial review act, may maintain an action in the name of the state of Kansas for an injunction against any person or facility to restrain or prevent the operation of a residential care facility, crisis residential care facility, private or public psychiatric hospital, psychiatric residential treatment facility, provider of services, community mental health center, crisis intervention center or any other facility providing services to individuals without a license.

(c) Reports and information shall be furnished to the secretary by the superintendents, executive or other administrative officers of all psychiatric hospitals, community mental health centers, crisis intervention centers or facilities serving individuals with intellectual disabilities or developmental disabilities and facilities serving other disabilities receiving assistance through the Kansas department for aging and disability services.

Sec. 18. K.S.A. 59-2953 is hereby amended to read as follows: 59-2953. (a) Any law enforcement officer who has a reasonable belief formed upon investigation that a person is a mentally ill person and because of such person's mental illness is likely to cause harm to self or others if allowed to remain at liberty may take the person into custody without a warrant. If the officer is in a crisis intervention center service area, as defined in section 2, and amendments thereto, the officer may transport the person to such crisis intervention center. If the officer is not in a crisis intervention service area, as defined in section 2, and amendments thereto, or does not choose to transport the person to such crisis intervention center, then the officer shall transport the person to a treatment facility where the person shall be examined by a physician or psychologist on duty at the treatment facility, except that no person shall be transported to a state psychiatric hospital for examination, unless a written statement from a qualified mental health professional authorizing such an evaluation at a state psychiatric hospital has been obtained. If no physician or psychologist is on duty at the time the person is transported to the treatment facility, the person shall be examined within a reasonable time not to exceed 17 hours. If a written statement is made by the physician or psychologist at the treatment facility that after preliminary examination the physician or psychologist believes the person likely to be a mentally ill person subject to involuntary commitment for care and treatment and because of the person's mental illness is likely

to cause harm to self or others if allowed to remain at liberty, and if the treatment facility is willing to admit the person, the law enforcement officer shall present to the treatment facility the application provided for in ~~subsection (b) of K.S.A. 59-2954(b)~~, and amendments thereto. If the physician or psychologist on duty at the treatment facility does not believe the person likely to be a mentally ill person subject to involuntary commitment for care and treatment the law enforcement officer shall return the person to the place where the person was taken into custody and release the person at that place or at another place in the same community as requested by the person or if the law enforcement officer believes that it is not in the best interests of the person or the person's family or the general public for the person to be returned to the place the person was taken into custody, then the person shall be released at another place the law enforcement officer believes to be appropriate under the circumstances. The person may request to be released immediately after the examination, in which case the law enforcement officer shall immediately release the person, unless the law enforcement officer believes it is in the best interests of the person or the person's family or the general public that the person be taken elsewhere for release.

(b) If the physician or psychologist on duty at the treatment facility states that, in the physician's or psychologist's opinion, the person is likely to be a mentally ill person subject to involuntary commitment for care and treatment but the treatment facility is unwilling to admit the person, the treatment facility shall nevertheless provide a suitable place at which the person may be detained by the law enforcement officer. If a law enforcement officer detains a person pursuant to this subsection, the law enforcement officer shall file the petition provided for in ~~subsection (a) of K.S.A. 59-2957(a)~~, and amendments thereto, by the close of business of the first day that the district court is open for the transaction of business or shall release the person. No person shall be detained by a law enforcement officer pursuant to this subsection in a nonmedical facility used for the detention of persons charged with or convicted of a crime.

Sec. 19. K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 59-2978 is hereby amended to read as follows: 59-2978. (a) Every patient being treated in any treatment facility, in addition to all other rights preserved by the provisions of this act, shall have the following rights:

(1) To wear the patient's own clothes, keep and use the patient's own personal possessions including toilet articles and keep and be allowed to spend the patient's own money;

(2) to communicate by all reasonable means with a reasonable number of persons at reasonable hours of the day and night, including both to make and receive confidential telephone calls, and by letter, both to mail and receive unopened correspondence, except that if the head of the treatment facility should deny a patient's right to mail or to receive unopened correspondence under the provisions of subsection (b), such correspondence shall be opened and examined in the presence of the patient;

(3) to conjugal visits if facilities are available for such visits;

(4) to receive visitors in reasonable numbers and at reasonable times each day;

(5) to refuse involuntary labor other than the housekeeping of the patient's own bedroom and bathroom, provided that nothing herein shall be construed so as to prohibit a patient from performing labor as a part of a therapeutic program to which the patient has given their written consent and for which the patient receives reasonable compensation;

(6) not to be subject to such procedures as psychosurgery, electroshock therapy,

experimental medication, aversion therapy or hazardous treatment procedures without the written consent of the patient or the written consent of a parent or legal guardian, if such patient is a minor or has a legal guardian provided that the guardian has obtained authority to consent to such from the court which has venue over the guardianship following a hearing held for that purpose;

(7) to have explained, the nature of all medications prescribed, the reason for the prescription and the most common side effects and, if requested, the nature of any other treatments ordered;

(8) to communicate by letter with the secretary for aging and disability services, the head of the treatment facility and any court, attorney, physician, psychologist, qualified mental health professional or minister of religion, including a Christian Science practitioner. All such communications shall be forwarded at once to the addressee without examination and communications from such persons shall be delivered to the patient without examination;

(9) to contact or consult privately with the patient's physician or psychologist, qualified mental health professional minister of religion, including a Christian Science practitioner, legal guardian or attorney at any time and if the patient is a minor, their parent;

(10) to be visited by the patient's physician, psychologist, qualified mental health professional, minister of religion, including a Christian Science practitioner, legal guardian or attorney at any time and if the patient is a minor, their parent;

(11) to be informed orally and in writing of their rights under this section upon admission to a treatment facility; and

(12) to be treated humanely consistent with generally accepted ethics and practices.

(b) The head of the treatment facility may, for good cause only, restrict a patient's rights under this section, except that the rights enumerated in subsections (a)(5) through (a)(12), and the right to mail any correspondence which does not violate postal regulations, shall not be restricted by the head of the treatment facility under any circumstances. Each treatment facility shall adopt regulations governing the conduct of all patients being treated in such treatment facility, which regulations shall be consistent with the provisions of this section. A statement explaining the reasons for any restriction of a patient's rights shall be immediately entered on such patient's medical record and copies of such statement shall be made available to the patient or to the parent, or legal guardian if such patient is a minor or has a legal guardian, and to the patient's attorney. In addition, notice of any restriction of a patient's rights shall be communicated to the patient in a timely fashion.

(c) Any person willfully depriving any patient of the rights protected by this section, except for the restriction of such rights in accordance with the provisions of subsection (b) or in accordance with a properly obtained court order, shall be guilty of a class C misdemeanor.

(d) The provisions of this section do not apply to persons civilly committed to a treatment facility as a sexually violent predator pursuant to K.S.A. 59-29a01 et seq., and amendments thereto.

Sec. 20. K.S.A. 59-2980 is hereby amended to read as follows: 59-2980. Any person or law enforcement agency, governing body, community mental health center or personnel acting in good faith and without negligence shall be free from all liability, civil or criminal, ~~which that~~ might arise out of acting or declining to act pursuant to this

act. Any person who for a corrupt consideration or advantage, or through malice, shall make or join in making or advise the making of any false petition, report or order provided for in this act shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor.

Sec. 21. K.S.A. 59-29b53 is hereby amended to read as follows: 59-29b53. (a) Any law enforcement officer who has a reasonable belief formed upon investigation that a person may be a person with an alcohol or substance abuse problem subject to involuntary commitment and is likely to cause harm to self or others if allowed to remain at liberty may take the person into custody without a warrant. If the officer is in a crisis intervention center service area, as defined in section 2, and amendments thereto, the officer may transport the person to such crisis intervention center. If the officer is not in a crisis intervention center service area, as defined in section 2, and amendments thereto, or does not choose to transport the person to such crisis intervention center, then the officer shall transport the person to a treatment facility or other facility for care or treatment where the person shall be examined by a physician or psychologist on duty at the facility. If no physician or psychologist is on duty at the time the person is transported to the facility, the person shall be examined within a reasonable time not to exceed 17 hours. If a written statement is made by the physician or psychologist at the facility that after preliminary examination the physician or psychologist believes the person likely to be a person with an alcohol or substance abuse problem subject to involuntary commitment for care and treatment and is likely to cause harm to self or others if allowed to remain at liberty, and if the facility is a treatment facility and is willing to admit the person, the law enforcement officer shall present to that treatment facility the application provided for in ~~subsection (b)~~ of K.S.A. 59-29b54**(b)**, and amendments thereto. If the physician or psychologist on duty at the facility does not believe the person likely to be a person with an alcohol or substance abuse problem subject to involuntary commitment for care and treatment, the law enforcement officer shall return the person to the place where the person was taken into custody and release the person at that place or at another place in the same community as requested by the person or if the law enforcement officer believes that it is not in the best interests of the person or the person's family or the general public for the person to be returned to the place the person was taken into custody, then the person shall be released at another place the law enforcement officer believes to be appropriate under the circumstances. The person may request to be released immediately after the examination, in which case the law enforcement officer shall immediately release the person, unless the law enforcement officer believes it is in the best interests of the person or the person's family or the general public that the person be taken elsewhere for release.

(b) If the physician or psychologist on duty at the facility states that, in the physician's or psychologist's opinion, the person is likely to be a person with an alcohol or substance abuse problem subject to involuntary commitment for care and treatment but the facility is unwilling or is an inappropriate place to which to admit the person, the facility shall nevertheless provide a suitable place at which the person may be detained by the law enforcement officer. If a law enforcement officer detains a person pursuant to this subsection, the law enforcement officer shall file the petition provided for in ~~subsection (a)~~ of K.S.A. 59-29b57**(a)**, and amendments thereto, by the close of business of the first day that the district court is open for the transaction of business or shall release the person. No person shall be detained by a law enforcement officer pursuant to

this subsection in a nonmedical facility used for the detention of persons charged with or convicted of a crime unless no other suitable facility at which such person may be detained is willing to accept the person.

Sec. 22. K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 59-29b78 is hereby amended to read as follows: 59-29b78. (a) Every patient being treated in any treatment facility, in addition to all other rights preserved by the provisions of this act, shall have the following rights:

(1) To wear the patient's own clothes, keep and use the patient's own personal possessions including toilet articles and keep and be allowed to spend the patient's own money;

(2) to communicate by all reasonable means with a reasonable number of persons at reasonable hours of the day and night, including both to make and receive confidential telephone calls, and by letter, both to mail and receive unopened correspondence, except that if the head of the treatment facility should deny a patient's right to mail or to receive unopened correspondence under the provisions of subsection (b), such correspondence shall be opened and examined in the presence of the patient;

(3) to conjugal visits if facilities are available for such visits;

(4) to receive visitors in reasonable numbers and at reasonable times each day;

(5) to refuse involuntary labor other than the housekeeping of the patient's own bedroom and bathroom, provided that nothing herein shall be construed so as to prohibit a patient from performing labor as a part of a therapeutic program to which the patient has given their written consent and for which the patient receives reasonable compensation;

(6) not to be subject to such procedures as psychosurgery, electroshock therapy, experimental medication, aversion therapy or hazardous treatment procedures without the written consent of the patient or the written consent of a parent or legal guardian, if such patient is a minor or has a legal guardian provided that the guardian has obtained authority to consent to such from the court which has venue over the guardianship following a hearing held for that purpose;

(7) to have explained, the nature of all medications prescribed, the reason for the prescription and the most common side effects and, if requested, the nature of any other treatments ordered;

(8) to communicate by letter with the secretary for aging and disability services, the head of the treatment facility and any court, attorney, physician, psychologist, licensed addiction counselor or minister of religion, including a Christian Science practitioner. All such communications shall be forwarded at once to the addressee without examination and communications from such persons shall be delivered to the patient without examination;

(9) to contact or consult privately with the patient's physician or psychologist, licensed addiction counselor, minister of religion, including a Christian Science practitioner, legal guardian or attorney at any time and if the patient is a minor, their parent;

(10) to be visited by the patient's physician, psychologist, licensed addiction counselor, minister of religion, including a Christian Science practitioner, legal guardian or attorney at any time and if the patient is a minor, their parent;

(11) to be informed orally and in writing of their rights under this section upon admission to a treatment facility; and

(12) to be treated humanely consistent with generally accepted ethics and practices.

(b) The head of the treatment facility may, for good cause only, restrict a patient's rights under this section, except that the rights enumerated in subsections (a)(5) through (a)(12), and the right to mail any correspondence which does not violate postal regulations, shall not be restricted by the head of the treatment facility under any circumstances. Each treatment facility shall adopt regulations governing the conduct of all patients being treated in such treatment facility, which regulations shall be consistent with the provisions of this section. A statement explaining the reasons for any restriction of a patient's rights shall be immediately entered on such patient's medical record and copies of such statement shall be made available to the patient or to the parent, or legal guardian if such patient is a minor or has a legal guardian, and to the patient's attorney. In addition, notice of any restriction of a patient's rights shall be communicated to the patient in a timely fashion.

(c) Any person willfully depriving any patient of the rights protected by this section, except for the restriction of such rights in accordance with the provisions of subsection (b) or in accordance with a properly obtained court order, shall be guilty of a class C misdemeanor.

Sec. 23. K.S.A. 59-29b80 is hereby amended to read as follows: 59-29b80. Any person or law enforcement agency, governing body, community mental health center or personnel acting in good faith and without negligence shall be free from all liability, civil or criminal, ~~which that~~ which that might arise out of acting or declining to act pursuant to this act. Any person who for a corrupt consideration or advantage, or through malice, shall make or join in making or advise the making of any false petition, report or order provided for in this act shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor.

Sec. 24. K.S.A. 59-2953, 59-2980, 59-29b53, and 59-29b80 and K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 39-2001, 39-2002, 39-2003, 59-2978 and 59-29b78 are hereby repealed.";

And by renumbering sections accordingly;

On page 1, in the title, in line 1, by striking all after "ACT"; by striking line 2; in line 3, by striking all before the period and inserting "concerning the care and treatment of certain persons; enacting the crisis intervention act; amending K.S.A. 59-2953, 59-2980, 59-29b53 and 59-29b80 and K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 39-2001, 39-2002, 39-2003, 59-2978 and 59-29b78 and repealing the existing sections";

And your committee on conference recommends the adoption of this report.

RICHARD E. WILBORN

JULIA LYNN

DAVID HALEY

Conferees on part of Senate

BLAINE FINCH

FRED PATTON

JOHN CARMICHAEL

on part of House

Conferees

On motion of Rep. Finch, the conference committee report on **S Sub for HB 2053** was adopted.

On roll call, the vote was: Yeas 120; Nays 0; Present but not voting: 0; Absent or not voting: 5.

Yeas: Alcalá, Alford, Arnberger, Aurand, Averkamp, Baker, Ballard, Barker, Becker,

Bishop, Blex, Brim, Burroughs, Campbell, Carlin, Carmichael, Carpenter, Claeys, Clark, Clayton, Corbet, Cox, Crum, Curtis, Davis, Deere, Delperdang, Dierks, Dietrich, Dove, Elliott, Ellis, Eplee, Esau, Finch, Finney, Francis, Frownfelter, Gallagher, Garber, Gartner, Good, Helgerson, Henderson, Hibbard, Highberger, Highland, Hineman, Hodge, Hoffman, Holscher, Houser, Huebert, Humphries, Jacobs, Jennings, Johnson, Jones, Judd-Jenkins, Karleskint, Kelly, Kessinger, Koesten, Kuether, Lakin, Landwehr, Lewis, Lusk, Lusker, Markley, Mastroni, Miller, Murnan, Neighbor, Ohaebosim, Orr, Osterman, Ousley, Parker, Patton, Phelps, Phillips, Pittman, Powell, Proehl, Rafie, Rahjes, Ralph, Resman, Rooker, Ruiz, Ryckman, Sawyer, Schreiber, Schroeder, Schwab, Seiwert, Sloan, A. Smith, E. Smith, Sutton, Swanson, Tarwater, Terrell, Thimesch, Thompson, Trimmer, Vickrey, Victors, Ward, Waymaster, Weber, Weigel, Wheeler, Whipple, Whitmer, Williams, Wilson, Winn, Wolfe Moore.

Nays: None.

Present but not voting: None.

Absent or not voting: Concannon, DeGraaf, Hawkins, Mason, Stogsdill.

On motion of Rep. Hineman, the House recessed until 4:00 p.m.

AFTERNOON SESSION

The House met pursuant to recess with Speaker pro tem Schwab in the chair.

COMMITTEE ASSIGNMENT CHANGES

Speaker pro tem Schwab announced the appointment of Rep. Lusker to replace Rep. Wilson and Rep. Wolfe Moore to replace Rep. Sawyer on Committee on Federal and State Affairs, on May 16, 2017.

On motion of Rep. Hineman, the House adjourned until 10:00 a.m., Tuesday, May 16, 2017.

BECKIE HENDRICKS, JENNY HAUGH, JULIA WERNER, *Journal Clerks.*

SUSAN W. KANNARR, *Chief Clerk.*

