## SENATE BILL No. 445

By Committee on Federal and State Affairs

2-2

AN ACT concerning first responders; relating to law enforcement officers and emergency medical service providers; requiring training thereof; establishing minimum training requirements related to dementia care.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. (a) As used in this section:

- (1) "Board" means the Kansas accreditation council for the Kansas law enforcement accreditation program.
- (2) "Commission" means the Kansas commission on peace officers' training and standards and training, established by K.S.A. 74-5606, and amendments thereto.
- 12 (3) "Department" means the Kansas department for aging and disability services.
  - (4) "Emergency medical service provider" means the same as defined in K.S.A. 65-6112, and amendments thereto.
    - (5) "First responder" means any emergency medical service provider or law enforcement officer.
    - (6) "Law enforcement officer" means the same as defined in K.S.A. 22-220, and amendments thereto.
    - (7) "Training center" means the law enforcement training center within the university of Kansas, established by K.S.A. 74-5603, and amendments thereto.
    - (b) (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of K.S.A. 65-6129, and amendments thereto, beginning on January 1, 2025, the emergency medical services board shall require:
    - (A) As part of an original application for an emergency medical service provider certificate, a person to successfully complete four hours of basic training on identifying and interacting with persons with dementia or Alzheimer's disease.
  - (B) as part of successful completion of continuing education required by K.S.A. 65-6129, and amendments thereto, for renewal of an emergency medical service provider certificate, a person shall successfully complete two hours of dementia training.
  - (2) The emergency medical services board, in consultation with the department, shall develop a dementia training program with instruction on identifying and interacting with persons with Alzheimer's disease or other

SB 445 2

 dementias and best practices on emergency medical care for such persons. Such training program shall include:

- (A) Behavioral and psychological symptoms of dementia;
- (B) common medical emergencies experienced by people living with dementia;
- (C) effective and respectful communication with people living with dementia and their caregivers to determine appropriate medical responses and enhance collaboration with caregivers;
- (D) methods to address behavioral symptoms during the administration of emergency medical treatment;
- (E) risk factors, signs and reporting incidents of elder abuse, neglect and exploitation;
- (F) protocols for contacting caregivers when a person living with dementia is found wandering or during emergent situations; and
- (G) local caregiving resources that are available for people living with dementia.
- (c) (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of K.S.A. 74-5607a, and amendments thereto, beginning on January 1, 2025, the commission shall require:
- (A) As part of a full-time officer basic course of accredited instruction at the training center or at a certified state or local law enforcement training school to receive original certification as a law enforcement officer, a person to successfully complete four hours of basic training on identifying and interacting with persons with dementia or Alzheimer's disease.
- (B) as part of the continuing law enforcement education required by K.S.A. 74-5607a, and amendments thereto, every full-time law enforcement officer shall successfully complete two hours of dementia training.
- (2) The commission, in consultation with the board, shall develop a dementia training program with instruction on identifying and interacting with persons with Alzheimer's disease or other dementias and best practices on interacting with such persons. Such training program shall include:
  - (A) Behavioral and psychological symptoms of dementia;
- (B) situations and behaviors in which persons living with dementia could attract the attention of law enforcement such as wandering, shoplifting and auto accidents;
- (C) effective and respectful communication with people living with dementia and their caregivers to determine appropriate responses and enhance collaboration with caregivers;
- (D) methods to understand and approach behavioral symptoms and identify alternatives to physical restraints;

SB 445 3

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(E) risk factors, signs and reporting incidents of elder abuse, neglect and exploitation;

- (F) protocols for contacting caregivers when a person living with dementia is found wandering or during emergent situations; and
  (G) local caregiving resources that are available for people living
- with dementia.
- Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.