Session of 2024

## SENATE BILL No. 492

By Committee on Judiciary

2-8

AN ACT concerning alcoholic beverages; removing the prohibition on 1 2 transportation of alcoholic beverages in opened containers and on 3 drinking or consuming alcoholic liquor inside vehicles while on the 4 public streets, alleys, roads or highways; amending K.S.A. 8-257, 8-5 1026, 8-2106, 8-2204, 12-4509, 21-5918 and 21-6602 and K.S.A. 2023 Supp. 41-719 and repealing the existing sections; also repealing K.S.A. 6 7 8-1599. 8 9 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:* 10 Section 1. K.S.A. 8-257 is hereby amended to read as follows: 8-257. 11 (a) The division, upon suspending or revoking a license, shall require that 12 such license shall be surrendered to the division. (b) Upon the receipt of any Kansas driver's license or permit that has 13 been surrendered under any provision of law, and notwithstanding any 14 other provision of law that requires the division to retain the license or 15 permit, the division may destroy such license or permit. 16 (c) For purposes of this section, the term "surrendered" shall include, 17 but not be includes, but is not limited to, Kansas drivers' licenses and 18 19 permits received by the division due to the application of the following 20 statutes: K.S.A. 8-246, 8-250, 8-253, 8-255, 8-260, 8-292, 8-298, 8-2,142, 21 8-1002, 8-1567a, 8-1599 and 8-2117 and K.S.A. 38-2361, and 22 amendments thereto. 23 Sec. 2. K.S.A. 8-1026 is hereby amended to read as follows: 8-1026. 24 (a) Any person whose license is restricted to operating only a motor 25 vehicle with an ignition interlock device installed and who meets the 26 requirements of subsection (b) may request reinstatement of such person's 27 driver's license by submitting a request to the division in a form and 28 manner prescribed by the division. 29 (b) The division shall approve the request for reinstatement of the 30 person's driver's license if the division determines all the following 31 conditions are met. 32 (1) The person's ignition interlock device restriction period has been 33 extended at least five years, not including any period of incarceration, 34 beyond the initial ignition interlock device restriction period required by 35 law due to the person's failure to provide the division with proof of

36 completion of the ignition interlock device program as required by K.S.A.

1 8-1015, and amendments thereto;

2 (2) during the person's ignition interlock device restriction period and 3 any extension thereof, the person has not had an alcohol or drug-related 4 conviction or occurrence, as those terms are defined by K.S.A. 8-1013, 5 and amendments thereto, or a conviction of a violation of K.S.A. 8-1017, 6 and amendments thereto, or of a law of another state, or of a political 7 subdivision thereof, that prohibits the acts prohibited by K.S.A. 8-1017, 8 and amendments thereto;

9 (3) during the person's ignition interlock device restriction period and 10 any extension thereof, the person has not had any of the following:

(A) Conviction of a violation of K.S.A. 8-1599, and amendments thereto prior to its repeal;

(B) Conviction of a violation of K.S.A. 41-727, and amendmentsthereto;

15 (C) conviction of any violation listed in K.S.A. 8-285(a), and 16 amendments thereto;

(D) conviction of two or more moving traffic violations committed onseparate occasions; or

(E) revocation, suspension, cancellation or withdrawal of the person'sdriving privileges due to another action by the division or a court; and

(4) at the time of submitting the request to the division, the person
does not have any pending charges or proceedings involving any violation
listed in subsection (b)(2) or (3).

Sec. 3. K.S.A. 8-2106 is hereby amended to read as follows: 8-2106. (a) A law enforcement officer may prepare and deliver to a person a written traffic citation on a form approved by the division of motor vehicles, if the law enforcement officer stops the person for a violation of:

(1) The uniform act regulating traffic on highways, which violation isa misdemeanor or a traffic infraction;

(2) K.S.A. 8-262, 8-287, 8-2,144, 8-1599, 21-5607(a), 21-5810, 21-5815, 21-5816, 21-5817(a), 21-6203, 40-3104, 40-3106, 41-715, 41-724, 41-727, 47-607, 66-1,111, 66-1,129, 66-1,139, 66-1,140, 66-273, 66-1314, 66-1324, 66-1330, 66-1331, 66-1332, 68-2104, 68-2106 or 79-34,122(b); or K.S.A. 21-5607(a), 21-5810, 21-5815, 21-5816, 21-5817(a) or 21-6203, and amendments thereto;

36 (3) K.S.A. 31-155, and amendments thereto, involving transportation
 37 of bottle rockets;

(4) K.S.A. 66-1314 or 66-1328, and amendments thereto, and any
 rules and regulations adopted pursuant thereto;

- 40 (5) any rules and regulations adopted pursuant to K.S.A. 2-1212, 6841 2001 or 31-146, and amendments thereto;
- 42 (6) any rules and regulations adopted pursuant to K.S.A. 31-133, and 43 amendments thereto, relating to transportation of materials or fuel;

1 (7) K.S.A. 8-1343 through 8-1347, and amendments thereto, relating 2 to the child passenger safety act; or

3 (8) K.S.A. 8-2501 through 8-2507, and amendments thereto, relating 4 to the safety belt use act.

5 (b) The citation shall contain a notice to appear in court, the name and 6 address of the person, the type of vehicle the person was driving, whether 7 hazardous materials were being transported, whether an accident occurred, 8 the state registration number of the person's vehicle, if any, a statement 9 whether the vehicle is a commercial vehicle, whether the person is licensed to drive a commercial motor vehicle, the offense or offenses 10 charged, the time and place when and where the person shall appear in 11 12 court, the signature of the law enforcement officer and any other pertinent 13 information.

14 (c) The time specified in the notice to appear shall be at least five 15 days after the alleged violation unless the person charged with the 16 violation demands an earlier hearing.

(d) The place specified in the notice to appear shall be before a judgeof the district court within the county in which the offense is alleged tohave been committed.

(e) Except in the circumstances to which K.S.A. 8-2104(a), and
amendments thereto, apply, in the discretion of the law enforcement
officer, a person charged with a misdemeanor may give written promise to
appear in court by signing at least one copy of the written citation prepared
by the law enforcement officer, in which event the law enforcement officer
shall deliver a copy of the citation to the person and shall not take the
person into physical custody.

27 (f) When a person is charged with a traffic infraction, the notice to 28 appear shall provide a place where the person may make a written entry of 29 appearance, waive the right to a trial and plead guilty or no contest. Such notice to appear shall contain a provision that the person's failure to either 30 31 pay such fine and court costs or appear at the specified time may result in 32 suspension of the person's drivers' license as provided in K.S.A. 8-2110, 33 and amendments thereto. The notice to appear shall provide a space where 34 the law enforcement officer shall enter the appropriate fine specified in the uniform fine schedule contained in K.S.A. 8-2118, and amendments 35 36 thereto, for the violation charged and court costs in the amount provided 37 by law. If the notice to appear does not do so, the law enforcement officer 38 shall provide a person charged with a traffic infraction a form explaining 39 the person's right to appear and right to a trial and the person's right to pay the appropriate fine and court costs prior to the appearance date. The law 40 41 enforcement officer shall provide the person with the address of the court to which the written entry of appearance, waiver of trial, plea of guilty or 42 43 no contest and payment of fine and court costs shall be mailed.

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1 (g) Any officer violating any of the provisions of subsection (f) is 2 guilty of misconduct in office and shall be subject to removal from office.

3 (h) A driverless-capable vehicle's registered owner shall be responsible for all applicable traffic law violations when the automated 4 5 driving system is engaged. For the purposes of prosecution of traffic law 6 violations, the owner is considered to be the operator of the vehicle when 7 the automated driving system is engaged. A law enforcement officer shall 8 deliver the written traffic citation to a person charged with a traffic 9 infraction to the owner of the driverless-capable vehicle operating without 10 a conventional human driver as such terms are defined by K.S.A. 8-2901, and amendments thereto, by sending the citation by certified mail to the 11 12 address of the owner.

13 Sec. 4. K.S.A. 8-2204 is hereby amended to read as follows: 8-2204. This act shall be known and may be cited as the uniform act regulating 14 traffic on highways. The uniform act regulating traffic on highways 15 16 includes all sections located in articles 10, 14 through 22 and 25 of chapter 17 8 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, K.S.A. 8-18 1,129, 8-1,130a, 8-1428a, 8-1560a through 8-1560d, 8-1599, 8-1742a and 19 8-2118, and amendments thereto, and K.S.A. 8-2901 through 8-2910, and 20 amendments thereto.

21 Sec. 5. K.S.A. 12-4509 is hereby amended to read as follows: 12-22 4509. (a) Whenever a person is found guilty of the violation of an 23 ordinance, the municipal judge may:

(1) Release the person without imposition of sentence;

(2) release the person on probation after the imposition of sentence,
without imprisonment or the payment of a fine or a portion thereof, subject
to conditions imposed by the court as provided in subsection (e);

(3) impose such sentence of fine or imprisonment, or both, asauthorized for the ordinance violation; or

30 (4) impose a sentence of house arrest as provided in K.S.A. 21-6609,31 and amendments thereto.

32 (b) In addition to or in lieu of any other sentence authorized by law, 33 whenever a person is found guilty of the violation of an ordinance and 34 there is evidence that the act constituting the violation of the ordinance 35 was substantially related to the possession, use or ingestion of cereal malt 36 beverage or alcoholic liquor by such person, the judge may order such 37 person to attend and satisfactorily complete an alcohol or drug education 38 or training program certified by the chief judge of the judicial district or 39 licensed by the secretary for aging and disability services.

40 (c) Except as provided in subsection (d), in addition to or in lieu of 41 any other sentence authorized by law, whenever a person is convicted of 42 having violated, while under 21 years of age, an ordinance prohibiting an 43 act prohibited by K.S.A. 21-5701 through 21-5717, and amendments thereto, or K.S.A.-8-1599, 41-719 or 41-727, and amendments thereto, the municipal judge shall order such person to submit to and complete an alcohol and drug evaluation by a community-based alcohol and drug safety action program certified pursuant to K.S.A. 8-1008, and amendments thereto, and to pay a fee not to exceed the fee established by that statute for such evaluation. If the judge finds that the person is indigent, the fee may be waived.

8 (d) If the person is 18 or more years of age but less than 21 years of 9 age and is convicted of a violation of K.S.A. 41-727, and amendments 10 thereto, involving cereal malt beverage, the provisions of subsection (c) 11 are permissive and not mandatory.

(e) In addition to any other sentence authorized by law, whenever a
person is convicted of any criminal offense, the municipal judge shall
determine whether the defendant committed a domestic violence offense
as defined in K.S.A. 21-5111, and amendments thereto, and shall sentence
the defendant pursuant to K.S.A. 22-4616, and amendments thereto.

(f) The court may impose any conditions of probation or suspension
of sentence that the court deems proper, including, but not limited to,
requiring that the defendant:

(1) Avoid such injurious or vicious habits, as directed by the court orthe probation officer;

22 (2) avoid such persons or places of disreputable or harmful character,23 as directed by the court or the probation officer;

(3) report to the probation officer as directed;

(4) permit the probation officer to visit the defendant at home orelsewhere;

(5) work faithfully at suitable employment insofar as possible;

(6) remain within the state unless the court grants permission toleave;

30 (7) pay a fine or costs, applicable to the ordinance violation, in one or
31 several sums and in the manner as directed by the court;

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(8) support the defendant's dependents;

(9) reside in a residential facility located in the community and
 participate in educational counseling, work and other correctional or
 rehabilitative programs;

(10) perform community or public service work for local
 governmental agencies, private corporations organized not-for-profit, or
 charitable or social service organizations performing services for the
 community;

40 (11) perform services under a system of day fines whereby the
41 defendant is required to satisfy fines, costs or reparation or restitution
42 obligations by performing services for a period of days determined by the
43 court on the basis of ability to pay, standard of living, support obligations

1 and other factors;

2 (12) make reparation or restitution to the aggrieved party for the 3 damage or loss caused by the defendant's crime, in an amount and manner 4 determined by the court and to the person specified by the court; or

5 (13) reimburse the city, in accordance with any order made under 6 subsection (g), for all or a part of the reasonable expenditures by the city to 7 provide counsel and other defense services to the defendant.

8 (g) In addition to or in lieu of any other sentence authorized by law, 9 whenever a person is found guilty of the violation of an ordinance the judge may order such person to reimburse the city for all or a part of the 10 reasonable expenditures by the city to provide counsel and other defense 11 12 services to the defendant. In determining the amount and method of payment of such sum, the court shall take account of the financial 13 14 resources of the defendant and the nature of the burden that payment of 15 such sum will impose. A defendant who has been required to pay such sum 16 and who is not willfully in default in the payment thereof may at any time 17 petition the court-which that sentenced the defendant to waive payment of 18 such sum or of any unpaid portion thereof. If it appears to the satisfaction 19 of the court that payment of the amount due will impose manifest hardship 20 on the defendant or the defendant's immediate family, the court may waive 21 payment of all or part of the amount due or modify the method of 22 payment.

23 Sec. 6. K.S.A. 21-5918 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-24 5918. (a) Dealing in false identification documents is knowingly 25 reproducing, manufacturing, selling or offering for sale any identification document-which that: 26

27 (1) Simulates, purports to be or is designed so as to cause others reasonably to believe it to be an identification document; and 28 29

(2) bears a fictitious name or other false information.

30 (b) Vital records identity fraud related to birth, death, marriage and 31 divorce certificates is:

32 (1) Supplying false information intending that the information be 33 used to obtain a certified copy of a vital record;

34 (2) making, counterfeiting, altering, amending or mutilating any 35 certified copy of a vital record without lawful authority and with the intent 36 to deceive: or

37 (3) obtaining, possessing, using, selling or furnishing or attempting to 38 obtain, possess or furnish to another a certified copy of a vital record, with 39 the intent to deceive.

40 (c) (1) Vital records identity fraud is a severity level 8, nonperson 41 felony.

42 (2) Dealing in false identification documents is a severity level 8, 43 nonperson felony.

## SB 492

1

(d) The provisions of this section shall not apply to:

2 (1) A person less than 21 years of age who uses the identification document of another person to acquire an alcoholic beverage, as defined in 3 4 K.S.A. 8-1599, and amendments thereto; or

5 (2) a person less than 18 years of age who uses the identification 6 documents of another person to acquire:

7 (A) Cigarettes or tobacco products, as defined in K.S.A. 79-3301, and 8 amendments thereto:

9 (B) a periodical, videotape or other communication medium that 10 contains or depicts nudity;

(C) admittance to a performance, live or film, that prohibits the 11 attendance of the person based on age; or 12

an item that is prohibited by law for use or consumption by such 13 (D) 14 person.

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(e) As used in this section. 16 (1) "Alcoholic beverage" means any alcoholic liquor, as defined by 17 K.S.A. 41-102, and amendments thereto, or any cereal malt beverage, as

defined by K.S.A. 41-2701, and amendments thereto; and 18

19 (2)"identification document" means any card, certificate or document 20 or banking instrument, including, but not limited to, credit or debit card, 21 which that identifies or purports to identify the bearer of such document, 22 whether or not intended for use as identification, and includes, but is not 23 limited to, documents purporting to be drivers' licenses, nondrivers' identification cards, certified copies of birth, death, marriage and divorce 24 25 certificates, social security cards and employee identification cards.

Sec. 7. K.S.A. 21-6602 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-26 6602. (a) For the purpose of sentencing, the following classes of 27 misdemeanors and the punishment and the terms of confinement 28 29 authorized for each class are established:

30 (1) Class A, the sentence for which shall be a definite term of 31 confinement in the county jail, which shall be fixed by the court and shall 32 not exceed one year;

33 (2) class B, the sentence for which shall be a definite term of 34 confinement in the county jail, which shall be fixed by the court and shall 35 not exceed six months:

36 (3) class C, the sentence for which shall be a definite term of 37 confinement in the county jail, which shall be fixed by the court and shall 38 not exceed one month: and

39 (4) unclassified misdemeanors, which shall include all crimes declared to be misdemeanors without specification as to class, the sentence 40 for which shall be in accordance with the sentence specified in the statute 41 that defines the crime; if no penalty is provided in such law, the sentence 42 43 shall be the same penalty as provided herein for a class C misdemeanor.

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Upon conviction of a misdemeanor, a person may be punished by 1 (b) a fine, as provided in K.S.A. 21-6611, and amendments thereto, instead of 2 3 or in addition to confinement, as provided in this section.

4 (c) In addition to or in lieu of any other sentence authorized by law, 5 whenever there is evidence that the act constituting the misdemeanor was 6 substantially related to the possession, use or ingestion of cereal malt 7 beverage or alcoholic liquor by such person, the court may order such 8 person to attend and satisfactorily complete an alcohol or drug education 9 or training program certified by the chief judge of the judicial district or licensed by the secretary for aging and disability services. 10

(d) Except as provided in subsection (e), in addition to or in lieu of 11 12 any other sentence authorized by law, whenever a person is convicted of having committed, while under 21 years of age, a misdemeanor under 13 K.S.A. 8-1599, 21-5701 through 21-5717, 41-719 or 41-727 or K.S.A. 21-14 5701 through 21-5717, and amendments thereto, the court shall order such 15 16 person to submit to and complete an alcohol and drug evaluation by a community-based alcohol and drug safety action program certified 17 18 pursuant to K.S.A. 8-1008, and amendments thereto, and to pay a fee not 19 to exceed the fee established by that statute for such evaluation. If the 20 court finds that the person is indigent, the fee may be waived.

21 (e) If the person is 18 or more years of age but less than 21 years of 22 age and is convicted of a violation of K.S.A. 41-727, and amendments 23 thereto, involving cereal malt beverage, the provisions of subsection (d) 24 are permissive and not mandatory.

25 Sec. 8. K.S.A. 2023 Supp. 41-719 is hereby amended to read as follows: 41-719. (a) (1) Except as otherwise provided herein and in K.S.A. 26 8-1599, and amendments thereto in this section, no person shall drink or 27 28 consume alcoholic liquor on the public streets, alleys, roads or highways 29 or inside vehicles while on the public streets, alleys, roads or highways.

30 (2) Alcoholic liquor may be consumed on public streets, alleys, roads, 31 sidewalks or highways when:

32 (A) A temporary permit has been issued pursuant to K.S.A. 41-1201 or 41-2703, and amendments thereto, for such an event; 33

34 (B) a caterer's licensee has provided the required notification for a 35 catered event pursuant to K.S.A. 41-2643, and amendments thereto; or

36 (C) a public venue, hotel, hotel caterer, drinking establishment caterer 37 or drinking establishment licensee has been authorized to extend its 38 licensed premises pursuant to K.S.A. 41-2608, and amendments thereto.

39 (3) Consumption of alcoholic liquor on public streets, alleys, roads, sidewalks or highways must be approved, by ordinance or resolution, by 40 41 the local governing body of any city, county or township where such consumption will occur. No alcoholic liquor may be consumed inside-42 43 vehicles while on public streets, alleys, roads or highways at any time.

(4) No person shall remove any alcoholic liquor from inside the 1 2 boundaries of an event as designated by the governing body of any city, county or township, from the boundaries of a catered event or from the 3 4 extended licensed premises of a public venue, hotel, hotel caterer, drinking 5 establishment caterer or drinking establishment. Such boundaries shall be 6 clearly marked by signs, a posted map or other means-which that 7 reasonably identify the area in which alcoholic liquor may be possessed or 8 consumed

9 (b) Alcoholic liquor may be consumed within common consumption areas designated by a city or county on public streets, alleys, roads, 10 sidewalks or highways pursuant to K.S.A. 41-2659, and amendments 11 thereto, except that no alcoholic liquor may be consumed inside vehicles 12 while on public streets, alleys, roads or highways within a common 13 consumption area. Further, no person shall remove any alcoholic liquor 14 from inside the boundaries of the common consumption area, which shall 15 16 be clearly designated by a physical barrier.

17 (c) No person shall drink or consume alcoholic liquor on private 18 property except:

(1) On premises where the sale of liquor by the individual drink isauthorized by the club and drinking establishment act;

(2) upon private property by a person occupying such property as an
owner or lessee of an owner and by the guests of such person, if no charge
is made for the serving or mixing of any drink or drinks of alcoholic liquor
or for any substance mixed with any alcoholic liquor and if no sale of
alcoholic liquor in violation of K.S.A. 41-803, and amendments thereto,
takes place;

(3) in a lodging room of any hotel, motel or boarding house by the
person occupying such room and by the guests of such person, if no charge
is made for the serving or mixing of any drink or drinks of alcoholic liquor
or for any substance mixed with any alcoholic liquor and if no sale of
alcoholic liquor in violation of K.S.A. 41-803, and amendments thereto,
takes place;

(4) in a private dining room of a hotel, motel or restaurant, if the
dining room is rented or made available on a special occasion to an
individual or organization for a private party and if no sale of alcoholic
liquor in violation of K.S.A. 41-803, and amendments thereto, takes place;

(5) on the premises of a manufacturer, microbrewery, microdistillery
or farm winery, if authorized by K.S.A. 41-305, 41-308a, 41-308b or 41354, and amendments thereto;

40 (6) on the premises of an unlicensed business as authorized pursuant 41 to subsection (j); or

42 (7) within a common consumption area established pursuant to 43 K.S.A. 41-2659, and amendments thereto. 1 (d) No person shall drink or consume alcoholic liquor on public 2 property except:

3 (1) On real property leased by a city to others under the provisions of 4 K.S.A. 12-1740 through 12-1749, and amendments thereto, if such real 5 property is actually being used for hotel or motel purposes or purposes 6 incidental thereto.

7 (2) In any state-owned or operated building or structure, and on the 8 surrounding premises, which is furnished to and occupied by any state 9 officer or employee as a residence.

(3) On premises licensed as a club or drinking establishment and
located on property owned or operated by an airport authority created
pursuant to chapter 27 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments
thereto, or established by a city.

(4) On the state fair grounds on the day of any race held thereonpursuant to the Kansas parimutuel racing act.

16 (5) On the state fairgrounds, within boundaries that have been marked with a three-dimensional barrier, if: (A) The alcoholic liquor is domestic 17 beer or wine or wine imported under K.S.A. 41-308a(e), and amendments 18 19 thereto, and is consumed only for purposes of judging competitions; (B) 20 the alcoholic liquor is wine or beer that is sold during the days of the 21 Kansas state fair, or as authorized by the Kansas state fair board, by the 22 holder of a temporary permit in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 23 41-1201(g), and amendments thereto; or (C) the alcoholic liquor is consumed on nonfair days in conjunction with bona fide scheduled events 24 25 involving not less than 75 invited guests and the state fair board, in its discretion, authorizes the consumption of the alcoholic liquor, subject to 26 27 any conditions or restrictions the board may require.

(6) In the state historical museum provided for by K.S.A. 76-2036,
and amendments thereto, on the surrounding premises and in any other
building on such premises, as authorized by rules and regulations of the
state historical society.

32 (7) On the premises of any state-owned historic site under the 33 jurisdiction and supervision of the state historical society, on the 34 surrounding premises and in any other building on such premises, as 35 authorized by rules and regulations of the state historical society.

36 (8) In a lake resort within the meaning of K.S.A. 32-867, and 37 amendments thereto, on state-owned or leased property.

(9) On the premises of any Kansas national guard regional training
center or armory, and any building on such premises, as authorized by
rules and regulations of the adjutant general and upon approval of the
Kansas military board.

(10) On the premises of any land or waters owned or managed by thedepartment of wildlife and parks, except as otherwise prohibited by rules

and regulations of the department adopted by the secretary pursuant to
 K.S.A. 32-805, and amendments thereto.

3 (11) On property exempted from this subsection pursuant to 4 subsection (e), (f), (g), (h) or (i).

5 (12) On the premises of the state capitol building or on its 6 surrounding premises during an official state function of a nonpartisan 7 nature that has been approved by the legislative coordinating council.

8 (13) On premises of a common consumption area established by 9 K.S.A. 41-2659, and amendments thereto.

10 (e) Any city may exempt, by ordinance, from the provisions of 11 subsection (d) specified property the title of which is vested in such city.

(f) The board of county commissioners of any county may exempt,
by resolution, from the provisions of subsection (d) specified property the
title of which is vested in such county.

15 (g) The state board of regents may exempt from the provisions of 16 subsection (d) the Sternberg museum on the campus of Fort Hays state 17 university, or other specified property-which *that* is under the control of 18 such board and which is not used for classroom instruction, where 19 alcoholic liquor may be consumed in accordance with policies adopted by 20 such board.

(h) The board of regents of Washburn university may exempt from the provisions of subsection (d) the Mulvane art center and the Bradbury Thompson alumni center on the campus of Washburn university, and other specified property the title of which is vested in such board and which is not used for classroom instruction, where alcoholic liquor may be consumed in accordance with policies adopted by such board.

(i) The board of trustees of a community college may exempt from
the provisions of subsection (d) specified property that is under the control
of such board and is not used for classroom instruction, where alcoholic
liquor may be consumed in accordance with policies adopted by such
board.

(j) (1) An unlicensed business may authorize patrons or guests of
 such business to consume alcoholic liquor on the premises of such
 business provided:

(A) Such alcoholic liquor is in the personal possession of the patron
and is not sold, offered for sale or given away by the owner of such
business or any employees thereof;

(B) possession and consumption of alcoholic liquor shall not beauthorized between the hours of 12 a.m. and 9 a.m.;

40 (C) the business, or any owner thereof, shall not have had a license 41 issued under either the Kansas liquor control act or the club and drinking 42 establishment act revoked for any reason; and

43 (D) no charge of any sort may be made by the business for the

privilege of possessing or consuming alcoholic liquor on the premises, or
 for mere entry onto the premises.

3 (2) It shall be a violation of this section for any unlicensed business to 4 authorize the possession or consumption of alcoholic liquor by a patron of 5 such business when such authorization is not in accordance with the 6 provisions of this subsection.

7 (3) For the purposes of this subsection, "patron" means a natural 8 person who is a customer or guest of an unlicensed business.

9 (k) Violation of any provision of this section is an unclassified 10 misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not less than \$50 or more than \$200 11 or by imprisonment for not more than six months, or both.

(1) For the purposes of this section, "common consumption area"
means the same as that term is defined in K.S.A. 41-2659, and
amendments thereto.

Sec. 9. K.S.A. 8-257, 8-1026, 8-1599, 8-2106, 8-2204, 12-4509, 215918 and 21-6602 and K.S.A. 2023 Supp. 41-719 are hereby repealed.

Sec. 10. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after itspublication in the statute book.