AN ACT concerning school districts; relating to school finance;
amending K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 72-6441, 72-6449 and 72-6451 and
repealing the existing sections.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 72-6441 is hereby amended to read as
follows: 72-6441. (a) (1) The board of any district to which the provisions
of this subsection apply may levy an ad valorem tax on the taxable
tangible property of the district each year for a period of time not to
exceed two years in an amount not to exceed the amount authorized by
the state court of tax appeals under this subsection for the purpose of
financing the costs incurred by the state that are directly attributable to
assignment of ancillary school facilities weighting to enrollment of the
district. The state court of tax appeals may authorize the district to make a
levy which will produce an amount that is not greater than the difference
between the amount of costs directly attributable to commencing
operation of one or more new school facilities and the amount that is
financed from any other source provided by law for such purpose,
including any amount attributable to assignment of school facilities
weighting to enrollment of the district for each school year in which the
district is eligible for such weighting. If the district is not eligible, or will
be ineligible, for school facilities weighting in any one or more years
during the two-year period for which the district is authorized to levy a
tax under this subsection, the state court of tax appeals may authorize the
district to make a levy, in such year or years of ineligibility, which will
produce an amount that is not greater than the actual amount of costs
attributable to commencing operation of the facility or facilities.

(2) The state court of tax appeals shall certify to the state board of
education the amount authorized to be produced by the levy of a tax
under subsection (a).

(3) The state court of tax appeals may adopt rules and regulations
necessary to effectuate the provisions of this subsection, including rules
and regulations relating to the evidence required in support of a district's
claim that the costs attributable to commencing operation of one or more
new school facilities are in excess of the amount that is financed from any
other source provided by law for such purpose.
(4) The provisions of this subsection apply to any district that: (A) Commenced operation of one or more new school facilities in the school year preceding the current school year or has commenced or will commence operation of one or more new school facilities in the current school year or any or all of the foregoing; (B) is authorized to adopt and has adopted a local option budget which is at least equal to that amount required to qualify for school facilities weighting under K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 72-6415b, and amendments thereto; and (C) is experiencing extraordinary enrollment growth as determined by the state board of education.

(b) The board of any district that has levied an ad valorem tax on the taxable tangible property of the district each year for a period of two years under authority of subsection (a) may continue to levy such tax under authority of this subsection each year for an additional period of time not to exceed three years in an amount not to exceed the amount computed by the state board of education as provided in this subsection if the board of the district determines that the costs attributable to commencing operation of one or more new school facilities are significantly greater than the costs attributable to the operation of other school facilities in the district. The tax authorized under this subsection may be levied at a rate which will produce an amount that is not greater than the amount computed by the state board of education as provided in this subsection. In computing such amount, the state board shall:

1. Determine the amount produced by the tax levied by the district under authority of subsection (a) in the second year for which such tax was levied and add to such amount the amount of general state aid directly attributable to school facilities weighting that was received by the district in the same year, and;
2. compute 75% of the amount of the sum obtained under (1), which computed amount is the amount the district may levy in the first year of the three-year period for which the district may levy a tax under authority of this subsection, and;
3. compute 50% of the amount of the sum obtained under (1), which computed amount is the amount the district may levy in the second year of the three-year period for which the district may levy a tax under authority of this subsection; and
4. compute 25% of the amount of the sum obtained under (1), which computed amount is the amount the district may levy in the third year of the three-year period for which the district may levy a tax under authority of this subsection.

In determining the amount produced by the tax levied by the district under authority of subsection (a), the state board shall include any moneys which have been apportioned to the ancillary facilities fund of the district from taxes levied under the provisions of K.S.A. 79-5101 et seq. and 79-5118 et seq., and amendments thereto.
(c) The proceeds from the tax levied by a district under authority of this section shall be remitted to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the state school district finance fund.

Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 72-6449 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-6449. (a) As used in this section, "school district" or "district" means a school district authorized to make a levy under this section.

(b) The board of education of any district may levy a tax on the taxable tangible property within the district for the purpose of financing the costs incurred by the state that are attributable directly to assignment of the cost of living weighting to the enrollment of the district. There is hereby established in every school district a fund which shall be called the cost of living fund, which fund shall consist of all moneys deposited therein or transferred thereto in accordance with law. All moneys derived from a tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be credited to the cost of living fund. The proceeds from the tax levied by a district credited to the cost of living fund shall be remitted to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the state school district finance fund.

(c) The state board of education shall determine whether a district may levy a tax under this section as follows:

(1) Determine the statewide average appraised value of single family residences for the calendar year preceding the current school year;

(2) multiply the amount determined under (1) by 1.25;

(3) determine the average appraised value of single family residences in each school district for the calendar year preceding the current school year; and

(4) (A) subtract the amount determined under (2) from the amount determined under (3). If the amount determined for the district under this paragraph is a positive number and the district is authorized to adopt and has adopted a local option budget in an amount equal to at least 31% of the state financial aid for the school district, the district qualifies for assignment of cost of living weighting and may levy a tax on the taxable tangible property of the district for the purpose of financing the costs that are attributable directly to assignment of the cost of living weighting to enrollment of the district; or

(B) As an alternative to the authority provided in paragraph (4)(A), if a district was authorized to make a levy pursuant to this section in school year 2006-2007, such district shall remain authorized to levy such tax at a rate necessary to generate revenue in the same amount generated
in school year 2006-2007 if: (i) The amount determined under paragraph
(4)(A) is a positive number; and (ii) the district continues to adopt a local
option budget in an amount equal to the state prescribed percentage in

(d) No tax may be levied under this section unless the board of
education adopts a resolution authorizing such a tax levy and publishes
the resolution at least once in a newspaper having general circulation in
the district. Except as provided by subsection (e), the resolution shall be
published in substantial compliance with the following form:

Unified School District No. _____.
______________________ County, Kansas.

RESOLUTION

Be It Resolved that:

The board of education of the above-named school district shall be
authorized to levy an ad valorem tax in an amount not to exceed the
amount necessary to finance the costs attributable directly to the
assignment of cost of living weighting to the enrollment of the district.
The ad valorem tax authorized by this resolution may be levied unless a
petition in opposition to the same, signed by not less than 5% of the
qualified electors of the school district, is filed with the county election
officer of the home county of the school district within 30 days after the
publication of this resolution. If a petition is filed, the county election
officer shall submit the question of whether the levy of such a tax shall be
authorized in accordance with the provisions of this resolution to the
electors of the school district at the next general election of the school
district, as is specified by the board of education of the school district.

CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the above resolution was duly adopted by the
board of education of Unified School District No. _____, ____________
County, Kansas, on the ____ day of ___________, (year)____.

____________________________________
Clerk of the board of education.

All of the blanks in the resolution shall be filled. If no petition as
specified above is filed in accordance with the provisions of the
resolution, the resolution authorizing the ad valorem tax levy shall
become effective. If a petition is filed as provided in the resolution, the
board may notify the county election officer to submit the question of
whether such tax levy shall be authorized. If the board fails to notify the
county election officer within 30 days after a petition is filed, the
resolution shall be deemed abandoned and of no force and effect and no
like resolution shall be adopted by the board within the nine months
following publication of the resolution. If a majority of the votes cast in
an election conducted pursuant to this provision are in favor of the
resolution, such resolution shall be effective on the date of such election.
If a majority of the votes cast are not in favor of the resolution, the
resolution shall be deemed of no effect and no like resolution shall be
adopted by the board within the nine months following such election.

(e) In determining the amount produced by the tax levied by the
district under the authority of this section, the state board shall include
any moneys which have been apportioned to the cost of living fund of the
district from taxes levied under the provisions of K.S.A. 79-5101 et seq.
and 79-5118 et seq., and amendments thereto.

Sec. 3. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 72-6451 is hereby amended to read as
follows: 72-6451. (a) As used in this section:

(1) "School district" or "district" means a school district which: (A)
Has a declining enrollment; and (B) has adopted a local option budget in
an amount which equals at least 31% of the state financial aid for the
school district at the time the district applies to the state court of tax
appeals for authority to make a levy pursuant to this section.

(2) "Declining enrollment" means an enrollment which has declined
in amount from that of the preceding school year.

(b) (1) (A) A school district may levy an ad valorem tax on the
taxable tangible property of the district each year for a period of time not
to exceed two years in an amount not to exceed the amount authorized by
the state court of tax appeals under this subsection for the purpose of
financing the costs incurred by the state that are directly attributable to
assignment of declining enrollment weighting to enrollment of the
district. The state court of tax appeals may authorize the district to make a
levy which will produce an amount that is not greater than the amount of
revenues lost as a result of the declining enrollment of the district. Such
amount shall not exceed 5% of the general fund budget of the district in
the school year in which the district applies to the state court of tax
appeals for authority to make a levy pursuant to this section.

(B) As an alternative to the authority provided in paragraph (1)(A),
if a district was authorized to make a levy pursuant to this section in
school year 2006-2007, such district shall remain authorized to make a
levy at a rate necessary to generate revenue in the same amount that was
generated in school year 2007-2008 if the district adopts a local option
budget in an amount equal to the state prescribed percentage in effect in

(2) The state court of tax appeals shall certify to the state board the
amount authorized to be produced by the levy of a tax under this section.

(3) The state board shall prescribe guidelines for the data that school
districts shall include in cases before the state court of tax appeals
pursuant to this section.

(c) A district may levy the tax authorized pursuant to this section for a period of time not to exceed two years unless authority to make such levy is renewed by the state court of tax appeals. The state court of tax appeals may renew the authority to make such levy for periods of time not to exceed two years.

(d) The state board shall provide to the state court of tax appeals such school data and information requested by the state court of tax appeals and any other information deemed necessary by the state board.

(e) There is hereby established in every district a fund which shall be called the declining enrollment fund. Such fund shall consist of all moneys deposited therein or transferred thereto according to law. The proceeds from the tax levied by a district under authority of this section shall be credited to the declining enrollment fund of the district. The proceeds from the tax levied by a district credited to the declining enrollment fund shall be remitted to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the state school district finance fund.

(f) In determining the amount produced by the tax levied by the district under authority of this section, the state board shall include any moneys which have been apportioned to the declining enrollment fund of the district from taxes levied under the provisions of K.S.A. 79-5101 et seq. and 79-5118 et seq., and amendments thereto.

Sec. 4. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 72-6441, 72-6449 and 72-6451 are hereby repealed.

Sec. 5. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.