Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

New Section 1. (a) Sections 1 through 19 and 25, and amendments thereto, shall be known and may be cited as the Kansas 911 act.

(b) This section shall take effect on and after January 1, 2012.

(a) “Consumer” means a person who purchases prepaid wireless service in a retail transaction.

(b) “Department” means the Kansas department of revenue.

(c) “Enhanced 911 service” or "E-911 service" means an emergency telephone service that generally may provide, but is not limited to, selective routing, automatic number identification and automatic location identification features.

(d) “Exchange telecommunications service” means the service that provides local telecommunications exchange access to a service user.

(e) "Governing body" means the board of county commissioners of a county or the governing body of a city.

(f) "Kansas association of counties" or "KAC" means the statewide association of counties established by K.S.A. 19-2690, and amendments thereto.

(f) "Local collection point administrator" or "LCPA" means, on the effective date of this act, the statewide association of cities established by K.S.A. 12-1610e, and amendments thereto, and the statewide association of counties established by K.S.A. 19-2690, and amendments thereto.
thereto. After January 1, 2012, "local collection point administrator" means
the person designated by the 911 coordinating council to serve as the local
collection point administrator to collect and distribute 911 fees and 911
state grant fund moneys.

(g) "Next generation 911" means 911 service that enables PSAPs
to receive Enhanced 911 service calls and emergency calls from Internet
Protocol (IP) based technologies and applications that may include text
messaging, image, video and data information from callers.

(h) "Person" means any individual, firm, partnership,
copartnership, joint venture, association, cooperative organization,
corporation, municipal or private, and whether organized for profit or not,
state, county, political subdivision, state department, commission, board,
bureau or fraternal organization, nonprofit organization, estate, trust,
business or common law trust, receiver, assignee for the benefit of
creditors, trustee or trustee in bankruptcy or any other legal entity.

(i) "Prepaid wireless service" means a wireless
telecommunications service that allows a caller to dial 911 to access the
911 system, which service must be paid for in advance and is sold in
predetermined units or dollars of which the number declines with use in a
known amount.

(j) "Place of primary use" has the meaning provided in the
mobile telecommunications act as defined by 4 U.S.C. § 116 et seq., as in
effect on the effective date of this act.

(k) "Provider" means any person providing exchange
telecommunications service, wireless telecommunications service, VoIP
service or other service capable of contacting a PSAP.

(l) "PSAP" means a public safety answering point operated by a
city or county.

(m) "Retail transaction" means the purchase of prepaid wireless
service from a seller for any purpose other than resale, not including the
use, storage or consumption of such services.

(n) "Seller" means a person who sells prepaid wireless service to
another person.

(o) "Service user" means any person who is provided exchange
telecommunications service, wireless telecommunications service, VoIP
service, prepaid wireless service or any other service capable of contacting
a PSAP.

(p) "Subscriber account" means the 10-digit access number
assigned to a service user regardless of whether more than one such
number is aggregated for the purpose of billing a service user.

(q) "Subscriber radio equipment" means mobile and portable
radio equipment installed in vehicles or carried by persons for voice
communication with a radio system.
(r) "VoIP service" means voice over internet protocol.
(t) "Wireless telecommunications service" means commercial mobile radio service as defined by 47 C.F.R. 20.3 as in effect on the effective date of this act.

New Sec. 3. (a) (1) There is hereby created the 911 coordinating council which shall monitor the delivery of 911 services, develop strategies for future enhancements to the 911 system and distribute available grant funds to PSAPs. In as much as possible, the council shall include individuals with technical expertise regarding 911 systems, internet technology and GIS technology.

(2) The 911 coordinating council shall consist of 12 voting members to be appointed by the governor: Two members representing information technology personnel from government units; one member representing a law enforcement officer; one member representing a fire chief; one member recommended by the adjutant general; one member recommended by the Kansas emergency medical services board; one member recommended by the Kansas commission for the deaf and hard of hearing; two members representing PSAPs located in counties with less than 75,000 in population; two members representing PSAPs located in counties with greater than 75,000 in population; and one member representing PSAPs without regard to size. At least two of the members representing PSAPs shall be administrators of a PSAP.

(3) Other voting members of the 911 coordinating council shall include: One member of the Kansas house of representatives as appointed by the speaker of the house; one member of the Kansas house of representatives as appointed by the minority leader of the house; one member of the Kansas senate as appointed by the senate president; and one member of the Kansas senate as appointed by the senate minority leader.

(4) The 911 coordinating council shall also include non-voting members to be appointed by the governor: One member representing rural telecommunications companies recommended by the Kansas rural independent telephone companies; one member representing incumbent local exchange carriers with over 50,000 access lines; one member representing large wireless providers; one member representing VoIP providers; one member recommended by the league of Kansas municipalities; one member recommended by the Kansas association of counties; one member recommended by the Kansas geographic information systems policy board; one member recommended by KAN-ED; one member recommended by the Kansas division of information systems and communications; and one member, a Kansas resident, recommended by the Mid-America regional council.

(b) The terms of office for voting members of the 911 coordinating council shall commence on the effective date of this act and shall be
subject to reappointment every three years. No voting member shall serve longer than two three-year terms. A voting member appointed as a replacement for another voting member may finish the term of the predecessor and may serve two additional three-year terms.

(c) (1) The governor shall select the chair of the 911 coordinating council, who shall be an administrator of a PSAP. The governor shall determine the chair's compensation and the chair shall serve at the pleasure of the governor.

(2) The chair shall serve as the coordinator of E-911 services and next generation 911 services in the state, implement statewide 911 planning, have the authority to sign all certifications required under 47 C.F.R. part 400 and administer the 911 federal grant fund and 911 state maintenance fund. The chair shall serve subject to the direction of the council and ensure that policies adopted by the council are carried out. The chair shall serve as the liaison between the council and the LCPA. The chair shall preside over all meetings of the council and assist the council in effectuating the provisions of this act.

(d) Upon the advice and consent of the legislative coordinating council, the 911 coordinating council shall select the local collection point administrator, pursuant to section 6, and amendments thereto, to collect 911 fees and to distribute such fees to PSAPs and to distribute 911 state grant moneys as directed by the council. The council shall determine the compensation of the LCPA who shall provide the council with any staffing necessary in carrying out the business of the council or effectuating the provisions of this act. Upon approval by the council, the KAC shall be reimbursed for any costs incurred in assisting the council. The moneys used to reimburse these expenses shall be paid from the 911 state grant fund, pursuant to subsection (i).

(e) The 911 coordinating council is hereby authorized to adopt rules and regulations necessary to effectuate the provisions of this act, including, but not limited to, creating a uniform reporting form designating how moneys, including 911 fees, have been spent by the PSAPs, requiring service providers to notify the council pursuant to subsection (j), setting standards for coordinating and purchasing equipment, recommending standards for training of PSAP personnel and assessing civil penalties. The chair of the council shall work with the council to develop rules and regulations necessary for the distribution of moneys in the 911 federal grant fund. The council shall work with the chair to carry out the provisions of this act. Rules and regulations necessary to begin administration of this act shall be adopted by December 31, 2011.

(f) The council may, pursuant to rules and regulations, raise or lower the 911 fee upon a finding based on information submitted on the uniform
reporting forms, that moneys generated by such fee are in excess of or below the costs required to operate PSAPs in the state. The council shall not set the 911 fee below $.50 or above $.60.

(g) The council may appoint subcommittees as necessary to administer grants, oversee collection and distribution of moneys by the LCPA, develop technology standards, develop training recommendations and other issues as deemed necessary by the council. Subcommittees, if appointed, shall include members of the council and other persons as needed.

(h) The council may reimburse independent contractors or state agencies for expenses incurred in carrying out the business of the council, including salaries, that are directly attributable to effectuating the provisions of this act. The moneys used to reimburse these expenses shall be paid from the 911 state grant fund, pursuant to subsection (i).

(i) All expenses related to the council shall be paid from the 911 state grant fund. No more than 2% of the total receipts from providers and the department received by the LCPA shall be used to pay for such expenses. Members of the council may receive reimbursement for meals and travel expenses, but shall serve without other compensation with the exception of legislative members.

(j) Every provider shall submit contact information for the provider to the council prior to January 1, 2012. Any provider that has not previously provided wireless telecommunications service in this state shall submit contact information for the provider to the council within three months of first offering wireless telecommunications services in this state.

(k) Each PSAP shall file with the council, by March 1, 2012, and every March 1 thereafter, a report demonstrating how such PSAP has spent the moneys earned from the 911 fee during the preceding calendar year. The council shall designate the content and form of such report.

(l) The council, upon a finding that a provider has violated any provision of this act, may impose a civil penalty. No civil penalty shall be imposed pursuant to this section except upon the written order of the council. Such order shall state the violation, the penalty to be imposed and the right of such person to appeal to a hearing before the council. Any such person may, within 15 days after service of the order, make a written request to the council for a hearing thereon. Hearings under this subsection shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act.

(m) Any action of the council pursuant to subsection (l) is subject to review in accordance with the Kansas judicial review act.

(n) Any civil penalty recovered pursuant to this section shall be transferred to the LCPA for deposit in the 911 state grant fund.

(o) As long as the provider is working in good faith to comply with
the provisions of this act, no civil penalty shall be imposed prior to January 1, 2013.

(p) The 911 coordinating council shall make an annual report, to include a detailed description of all expenditures of made from 911 fees received by the PSAPs, to the house committee on energy and utilities and the senate committee on utilities.

New Sec. 4. (a) There is hereby established in the state treasury the 911 federal grant fund.

(b) The chair of the 911 coordinating council shall serve as the administrator of the 911 federal grant fund and shall distribute grants in accordance with the recommendations of the 911 coordinating council. Subject to the conditions and in accordance with the requirements of this act and 47 C.F.R. part 400, the chair is authorized to perform such acts necessary for the effectuation of this act.

(c) Moneys received by the state from the federal government for the purposes of the fund shall be credited to the fund.

(d) Subject to the conditions and in accordance with the requirements of this act and 47 C.F.R. part 400, moneys credited to the fund shall be used only:

1. To pay all expenses incurred in the administration of the fund; and
2. to provide grants to eligible municipalities only for necessary and reasonable costs incurred or to be incurred by PSAPs for: (A) Implementation of enhanced 911 service and next generation 911 service, as defined in section 2, and amendments thereto; (B) purchase of equipment and upgrades and modification to equipment used solely to process the data elements of enhanced 911 service and next generation 911 service, as defined in section 2, and amendments thereto; and (C) maintenance and license fees for such equipment and training of personnel to operate such equipment, including costs of training PSAP personnel to provide effective service to all users of the emergency telephone system who have communications disabilities. Such costs shall not include expenditures to lease, construct, expand, acquire, remodel, renovate, repair, furnish or make improvements to buildings or similar facilities or for other capital outlay or equipment not expressly authorized by this act.

(e) All payments and disbursements from the fund shall be made in accordance with appropriation acts upon warrants of the director of accounts and reports issued pursuant to vouchers approved by the chair or by a person or persons designated by the chair.

New Sec. 5. (a) There is hereby established in the state treasury the 911 state maintenance fund.

(b) The chair of the 911 coordinating council shall serve as the administrator of the 911 state maintenance fund and shall distribute grants in accordance with the recommendations of the 911 coordinating council.
Subject to the conditions and in accordance with the requirements of this act and 47 C.F.R. part 400, the chair is authorized to perform such acts necessary for the effectuation of this act.

(c) Moneys from the following sources shall be credited to the fund:
   (1) Amounts appropriated or otherwise made available by the legislature for the purposes of the fund;
   (2) interest attributable to investment of moneys in the fund; and
   (3) amounts received from any public or private entity for the purposes of the fund.

(d) Moneys credited to the fund shall be used only:
   (1) To pay all expenses incurred in the administration of the fund; and
   (2) to provide grants to eligible municipalities only for necessary and reasonable costs incurred or to be incurred by PSAPs for: (A) Implementation of enhanced 911 service and next generation 911 service, as defined in section 2, and amendments thereto; (B) purchase of equipment and upgrades and modification to equipment used solely to process the data elements of enhanced 911 service and next generation 911 service, as defined in section 2, and amendments thereto; and (C) maintenance and license fees for such equipment and training of personnel to operate such equipment, including costs of training PSAP personnel to provide effective service to all users of the emergency telephone system who have communications disabilities. Such costs shall not include expenditures to lease, construct, expand, acquire, remodel, renovate, repair, furnish or make improvements to buildings or similar facilities or for other capital outlay or equipment not expressly authorized by this act.

(e) On or before the 10th of each month, the director of accounts and reports shall transfer from the state general fund to the 911 state maintenance fund interest earnings based on:
   (1) The average daily balance of moneys in the 911 state maintenance fund for the preceding month; and
   (2) the net earnings rate of the pooled money investment portfolio for the preceding month.

(f) All payments and disbursements from the fund shall be made in accordance with appropriation acts upon warrants of the director of accounts and reports issued pursuant to vouchers approved by the chair or by a person or persons designated by the chair.

New Sec. 6. Upon the advice and consent of the legislative coordinating council, the 911 coordinating council shall select the local collection point administrator. In selecting the LCPA, the council shall contract with the LCPA for services for no longer than five years. The 911 coordinating council and the legislative coordinating council shall annually review the designation of the LCPA and the contract with the LCPA for services. The LCPA shall be subject to the requirements of
the Kansas open meetings act, the Kansas open records act and shall treat all moneys received as public funds pursuant to article 14 of chapter 9 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the LCPA shall not be considered a state agency.

New Sec. 7. (a) Upon the advice and consent of the 911 coordinating council, the LCPA shall establish the 911 state fund and the 911 state grant fund which shall not be part of the state treasury. On or after the effective date of this section, the secretary of administration shall certify all unobligated funds remaining in the wireless enhanced 911 grant fund as having originated as either federal grant moneys or 911 fee moneys. All such moneys originating from 911 fees, and any interest accrued on such fees, shall be paid to the LCPA for deposit in the 911 state grant fund. All unobligated federal moneys, and any interest accrued on such moneys, shall be transferred to the 911 federal grant fund.

(b) The council shall be responsible for ensuring that the 911 state grant fund and any interest earned on money credited to the fund is only expended for the following purposes: (1) Projects involving the development and implementation of next generation 911 services; (2) costs associated with PSAP consolidation or cost-sharing projects; (3) expenses related to the 911 coordinating council; (4) costs of audits conducted pursuant to section 16, and amendments thereto; and (5) other costs pursuant to section 14, and amendments thereto.

(c) The council shall develop criteria for eligible purchases and for grant applicants and make the final determination as to the distribution of grant funds. Such criteria shall promote the procurement of equipment that meets open architecture and national technical standards. Distribution of grant funds shall not include expenditures to procure, maintain or upgrade subscriber radio equipment.

(d) The LCPA shall be authorized to maintain an action to collect any funds owed by any providers in the district court in the county of the registered office of such provider or, if such provider does not have a registered office in the state, such an action may be maintained in the county where such provider's principal office is located. If such provider has no principal office in the state, such an action may be maintained in the district court of any county in which such provider provides service.

(e) This section shall take effect on and after January 1, 2012.

New Sec. 8. (a) There is hereby imposed a 911 fee in the amount of $ .50 $.55 per month per subscriber account of any exchange telecommunications service, wireless telecommunications service, VoIP service, or other service capable of contacting a PSAP. Such fee shall not be imposed on prepaid wireless service. It shall be the duty of each exchange telecommunications service provider, wireless
telecommunications service provider, VoIP service provider or other
service provider to remit such fees to the LCPA as provided in section 9,
and amendments thereto.
(b) This section shall take effect on and after January 1, 2012.

New Sec. 9. (a) Every billed service user shall be liable for the 911
fee until such fees have been paid to the exchange telecommunications
service provider, wireless telecommunications service provider, VoIP
service provider or other service provider.
(b) The duty to collect the fees imposed pursuant to this act shall
commence January 1, 2012. Such fees shall be added to and may be stated
separately in billings for the subscriber account. If stated separately in
billings, the fees shall be labeled “911 fees.”
(c) The provider shall have no obligation to take any legal action to
enforce the collection of the fees imposed by this act. The provider shall
provide annually to the LCPA a list of the amount of uncollected 911 fees
along with the names and addresses of those service users which carry a
balance that can be determined by the provider to be nonpayment of such
fees.
(d) The fees imposed by this act shall be collected insofar as
practicable at the same time as, and along with, the charges for local
exchange, wireless, VoIP, or other service in accordance with regular
billing practice of the provider.
(e) The 911 fees and the amounts required to be collected therefor are
due monthly. The amount of such fees collected in one month by the
provider shall be remitted to the LCPA not more than 15 days after the
close of the calendar month. On or before the 15th day of each calendar
month following, a return for the preceding month shall be filed with the
LCPA. Such return shall be in such form and shall contain such
information as required by the LCPA. The provider required to file the
return shall deliver the return together with a remittance of the amount of
fees payable to the LCPA. The provider shall maintain records of the
amount of any such fees collected in accordance with this act for a period
of three years from the time the fees are collected.
(f) The provider may retain an administrative fee of not more
than 1% of moneys collected from such fee.
(g) The provisions of this section shall not be construed to apply to
prepaid wireless service.
(h) This section shall take effect on and after January 1, 2012.

New Sec. 10. (a) There is hereby imposed a prepaid wireless 911
fee of 1.1% per retail transaction or, on and after the effective
date of an adjusted amount per retail transaction that is established under
subsection (f), such adjusted amount.
(b) The prepaid wireless 911 fee shall be collected by the seller from
the consumer with respect to each retail transaction occurring in this state.
The amount of the prepaid wireless 911 fee shall be either separately stated
on an invoice, receipt or other similar document that is provided to the
consumer by the seller, or otherwise disclosed to the consumer.
(c) For purposes of subsection (b), a retail transaction that is effected
in person by a consumer in a business location of the seller shall be treated
as occurring in this state if that business location is in this state, and any
other retail transaction shall be treated as occurring in this state if the retail
transaction is treated as occurring in this state for the purposes of
subsection (c)(3) of K.S.A. 79-3673, and amendments thereto.
(d) The prepaid wireless 911 fee is the liability of the consumer and
not of the seller nor of any provider, except that the seller shall be liable to
remit all prepaid wireless 911 fees that the seller collects from consumers
pursuant to this section, and amendments thereto, including all such fees
that the seller is deemed to collect where the amount of the charge has not
been separately stated in an invoice, receipt or other similar document
provided to the consumer by the seller.
(e) The amount of the prepaid wireless 911 fee that is collected by a
seller from a consumer, if such amount is separately stated on an invoice,
receipt or other similar document provided to the consumer by the seller,
shall not be included in the base for measuring any tax, fee, surcharge or
other charge that is imposed by this state, any political subdivision of this
state or any intergovernmental agency.
(f) The prepaid wireless 911 fee shall be proportionately increased or
reduced, as applicable, upon any change to the fee imposed by subsection
(a) of section 8, and amendments thereto. The adjusted amount shall be
determined by dividing the amount of the fee imposed by subsection (a) of
section 8, and amendments thereto, by $50. Such increase or reduction
shall be effective on the effective date of the change to the fee imposed by
subsection (a) of section 8, and amendments thereto, or, if later, the first
day of the calendar quarter to occur at least 60 days after the enactment to
the change to the fee imposed by subsection (a) of section 8, and
amendments thereto. The department shall provide not less than 60 days’
otice of such increase or decrease on the department’s website.
(g) When prepaid wireless service is sold with one or more other
products or services for a single, non-itemized price, then the percentage
specified in subsection (a) shall apply to the entire non-itemized price
unless the seller elects to apply such percentage to: (1) If the amount of the
prepaid wireless service is disclosed to the consumer as a dollar amount,
such dollar amount; or (2) if the seller can identify the portion of the price
that is attributable to the prepaid wireless service by reasonable and
verifiable standards from its books and records that are kept in the regular
course of business for other purposes, including, but not limited to, non-
tax purposes, such portion.

(h) This section shall take effect on and after January 1, 2012.

New Sec. 11. (a) Prepaid wireless 911 fees collected by sellers shall be remitted to the department by electronic filing that is consistent with the provisions of article 36 of chapter 79 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto. The department shall establish registration and payment procedures for the collection of the prepaid wireless 911 fee.

(b) To minimize additional costs to the department, the department may conduct audits of sellers in conjunction with sales and use tax audits. The department is authorized to provide the LCPA with information obtained in such audits if such information indicates that a seller may not be complying with the provisions of this section and section 10, and amendments thereto. The LCPA may request the department to initiate collection or audit procedures on individual sellers if collection efforts by the LCPA are unsuccessful.

(c) The department shall establish procedures by which a seller may document that a sale is not a retail sale, which procedures shall substantially coincide with procedures for documenting sale for resale transactions for article 36 of chapter 79 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto.

(d) The department shall transfer all remitted prepaid wireless 911 fees to the LCPA within 30 days of receipt for distribution as provided in section 13, and amendments thereto.

(e) The department may retain up to $70,000 of remitted funds in fiscal year 2012 only for use in paying for programming and other one-time costs for establishing a system for collecting the prepaid wireless 911 fee.

(f) This section shall take effect on and after January 1, 2012.

New Sec. 12. (a) The prepaid wireless 911 fee imposed in this act shall be the only 911 funding obligation imposed with respect to prepaid wireless service in this state. No tax, fee, surcharge or other charge shall be imposed by this state, any political subdivision of this state or any intergovernmental agency for 911 funding purposes upon any prepaid wireless service provider, seller or consumer with respect to the sale, purchase, use or provision of prepaid wireless service.

(b) This section shall take effect on and after January 1, 2012.

New Sec. 13. (a) Not later than 30 days after the receipt of moneys from providers pursuant to sections 9 and 10, and amendments thereto, and the department pursuant to section 11, and amendments thereto, the LCPA shall distribute such moneys to PSAPs based upon the following distribution method: In a county with a population over 80,000, 82% of the money collected from service users whose place of primary use, as provided by the providers, is within the county shall be distributed to the
PSAPs within the county based on place of primary use information; in a county with a population between 65,000 and 79,999, 85% of the money collected from service users whose place of primary use, as provided by the providers, is within the county shall be distributed to the PSAPs within the county based on place of primary use information; in a county with a population between 55,000 and 64,999, 88% of the money collected from service users whose place of primary use, as provided by the providers, is within the county shall be distributed to the PSAPs within the county based on place of primary use information; in a county with a population between 45,000 and 54,999, 91% of the money collected from service users whose place of primary use, as provided by the providers, is within the county shall be distributed to the PSAPs within the county based on place of primary use information; in a county with a population between 35,000 and 44,999, 94% of the money collected from service users whose place of primary use, as provided by the providers, is within the county shall be distributed to the PSAPs within the county based on place of primary use information; in a county with a population between 25,000 and 34,999, 97% of the money collected from service users whose place of primary use, as provided by the providers, is within the county shall be distributed to the PSAPs within the county based on place of primary use information; and in a county with a population of less than 25,000, 100% of the money collected from service users whose place of primary use, as provided by the providers, is within the county shall be distributed to the PSAPs within the county based on place of primary use information. There shall be a minimum county distribution of $50,000 and no county shall receive less than $50,000 of direct distribution moneys. If there is more than one PSAP in a county then the direct distribution allocated to that county by population shall be deducted from the minimum county distribution and the difference shall be proportionately divided between the PSAPs in the county. All moneys remaining after distribution and any moneys which cannot be attributed to a specific PSAP shall be transferred to the 911 state grant fund.

(b) All fees remitted to the LCPA shall be deposited in the 911 state fund and for the purposes of this act be treated as if they are public funds, pursuant to article 14 of chapter 9 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto.

(c) All moneys in the 911 state fund that have been collected from the prepaid wireless 911 fee shall be deposited in the 911 state grant fund unless $2 million of such moneys have been deposited in any given year then all remaining moneys shall be distributed to the PSAPs pursuant to subsection (a).

(d) The LCPA shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and disbursements of moneys from the 911 fees.
(e) Information provided by providers to the local collection point administrator or to the 911 coordinating council pursuant to this act will be treated as proprietary records which will be withheld from the public upon request of the party submitting such records.

(f) The provisions of subsection (e) shall expire on July 1, 2017, unless the legislature acts to reenact such provision. The provisions of subsection (e) shall be reviewed by the legislature prior to July 1, 2016.

(g) This section shall take effect on and after January 1, 2012.

New Sec. 14. (a) The proceeds of the 911 fees imposed pursuant to this act, and any interest earned on revenue derived from such fee, shall be used only for necessary and reasonable costs incurred or to be incurred by PSAPs for: (1) Implementation of 911 services; (2) purchase of 911 equipment and upgrades; (3) maintenance and license fees for 911 equipment; (4) training of personnel; (5) monthly recurring charges billed by service suppliers; (6) installation, service establishment and nonrecurring start-up charges billed by the service supplier; (7) charges for capital improvements and equipment or other physical enhancements to the 911 system; or (8) the original acquisition and installation of road signs designed to aid in the delivery of emergency service. Such costs shall not include expenditures to lease, construct, expand, acquire, remodel, renovate, repair, furnish or make improvements to buildings or similar facilities. Such costs shall also not include expenditures to purchase subscriber radio equipment.

(b) If the 911 coordinating council, based upon information obtained from the PSAP reports or an audit of the PSAPs, determines that any PSAP has used any 911 fees for any purpose other than those authorized in this act, such PSAP shall repay all such funds used for any unauthorized purposes plus 10% to the LCPA for deposit in the 911 state grant fund.

(c) This section shall take effect on and after January 1, 2012.

New Sec. 15. (a) Except as provided by the Kansas tort claims act, and except for failure to use ordinary care, or for intentional acts, the LCPA and each provider, and their employees and agents, and each seller, and their employees and agents, shall not be liable for the payment of damages resulting directly or indirectly from the total or partial failure of any transmission to an emergency communication service or for damages resulting from the performance of installing, maintaining or providing 911 service.

(b) This section shall take effect on and after January 1, 2012.

New Sec. 16. (a) The receipts and disbursements of the LCPA shall be audited yearly by a licensed municipal accountant or certified public accountant.

(b) The LCPA may require an audit of any provider’s books and
records concerning the collection and remittance of fees pursuant to this act. The cost of any such audit shall be paid from the 911 state grant fund.  

(c) On or before December 31, 2013, and at least once every three years thereafter, the division of post audit shall conduct an audit of the 911 system to determine: (1) Whether the moneys received by PSAPs pursuant to this act are being used appropriately; (2) whether the amount of moneys collected pursuant to this act is adequate; and (3) the status of 911 service implementation. The auditor to conduct such audit shall be specified in accordance with K.S.A. 46-1122, and amendments thereto. The post auditor shall compute the reasonably anticipated cost of providing audits pursuant to this subsection, subject to review and approval by the contract audit committee established by K.S.A. 46-1120, and amendments thereto. Upon such approval, the 911 state grant fund shall reimburse the division of post audit for the amount approved by the contract audit committee. The audit report shall be submitted to the 911 coordinating council, the LCPA, the house energy and utilities committee and the senate utilities committee.  

(d) The legislature shall review this act at the regular 2014 legislative session and at the regular legislative session every five years thereafter.  

(e) This section shall take effect on and after January 1, 2012.  

New Sec. 17. (a) Nothing in this act shall be construed to limit the ability of a provider from recovering directly from the provider’s customers its costs associated with designing, developing, deploying and maintaining 911 service and its cost of collection and administration of the fees imposed by this act, whether such costs are itemized on the customer’s bill as a surcharge or by any other lawful method.  

(b) This section shall take effect on and after January 1, 2012.  

New Sec. 18. A provider of wireless telecommunications service shall: (1) Receive prior approval of the PSAP of that jurisdiction before directing emergency calls to such PSAP; and (2) establish the unique emergency telephone number "911" across the state, excluding the Kansas turnpike assistance telephone number.  

New Sec. 19. The governing body of each city and county shall provide or contract for the 24-hour receipt of wireless emergency calls for all wireless service areas within the jurisdiction of the city or county.  

Sec. 20. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 12-5327 is hereby amended to read as follows: 12-5327. (a) After providing for public comment and review each year, the secretary, in conjunction with the advisory board, shall prepare a plan identifying the intended uses of the moneys available in the fund. The intended use plan shall include, but not be limited to:  

(α) (1) The wireless enhanced 911 project priority list;  

(β) (2) a description of the short-term and long-term goals and objectives of the fund for the deployment of wireless enhanced 911;  

(ε) (3) provisions addressing the needs of persons with
communication disabilities;

(d) (4) information on the projects to be financed, including a
description thereof, the terms of grants to be provided and the
municipalities receiving the grants; and

(e) (5) the criteria and method established for the provision of grants
to be made from the fund.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a), moneys in the
fund shall be used to pay any expenses authorized by this act incurred by
the 911 coordinating council in effectuating the provisions of this act.

Sec. 21. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 12-5338 is hereby amended to read as
follows: 12-5338. (a) On July 1, 2012,

(1) the wireless enhanced 911 grant fee shall be discontinued, the
advisory board shall be abolished, any unobligated balance of the wireless
enhanced 911 grant fund shall be paid to the local collection point-
administrator for distribution to PSAP's based on the population of the
municipality or municipalities served by the respective PSAP distributed
pursuant to subsection (a) of section 7, and amendments thereto, and the
fund shall be abolished.

(2) Within any county which has a population of 125,000 or more, the
amount of the tax imposed pursuant to K.S.A. 12-5302, and amendments
thereto, shall not exceed $.25 per month per access line or its equivalent
and the amount of the wireless enhanced 911 local fee within such
jurisdiction shall be an equal amount per month per wireless subscriber
account.

(3) Within any county which has a population of less than 125,000
the amount of the tax imposed pursuant to K.S.A. 12-5302, and
amendments thereto, shall not exceed $.50 per month per access line or its
equivalent and the amount of the wireless enhanced 911 local fee shall be
an equal amount per month per wireless subscriber account.

(4) The provisions of K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 12-5323 through 12-5329,
and amendments thereto, shall expire.

Sec. 22. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 12-5361 is hereby amended to read as
follows: 12-5361. (a) On July 1, 2011,

(1) the VoIP enhanced 911 grant fee shall be discontinued.

(2) The amount of the tax per access line or its equivalent imposed
within a jurisdiction pursuant to K.S.A. 12-5302, and amendments thereto,
and the amount of the VoIP enhanced 911 local fee per VoIP subscriber
whose primary residence is within such jurisdiction shall be an equal-
amount per month.


(b) On and after July 1, 2011, the proceeds of the VoIP local fee shall be used only to pay for costs of emergency telephone service described in K.S.A. 12-5304, and amendments thereto, and expenditures authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 12-5330, and amendments thereto.

Sec. 23. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 45-221 is hereby amended to read as follows: 45-221. (a) Except to the extent disclosure is otherwise required by law, a public agency shall not be required to disclose:

1. Records the disclosure of which is specifically prohibited or restricted by federal law, state statute or rule of the Kansas supreme court or rule of the senate committee on confirmation oversight relating to information submitted to the committee pursuant to K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 75-4315d, and amendments thereto, or the disclosure of which is prohibited or restricted pursuant to specific authorization of federal law, state statute or rule of the Kansas supreme court or rule of the senate committee on confirmation oversight relating to information submitted to the committee pursuant to K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 75-4315d, and amendments thereto, to restrict or prohibit disclosure.

2. Records which are privileged under the rules of evidence, unless the holder of the privilege consents to the disclosure.

3. Medical, psychiatric, psychological or alcoholism or drug dependency treatment records which pertain to identifiable patients.

4. Personnel records, performance ratings or individually identifiable records pertaining to employees or applicants for employment, except that this exemption shall not apply to the names, positions, salaries or actual compensation employment contracts or employment-related contracts or agreements and lengths of service of officers and employees of public agencies once they are employed as such.

5. Information which would reveal the identity of any undercover agent or any informant reporting a specific violation of law.

6. Letters of reference or recommendation pertaining to the character or qualifications of an identifiable individual, except documents relating to the appointment of persons to fill a vacancy in an elected office.

7. Library, archive and museum materials contributed by private persons, to the extent of any limitations imposed as conditions of the contribution.

8. Information which would reveal the identity of an individual who lawfully makes a donation to a public agency, if anonymity of the donor is a condition of the donation, except if the donation is intended for or restricted to providing remuneration or personal tangible benefit to a named public officer or employee.
(9) Testing and examination materials, before the test or examination is given or if it is to be given again, or records of individual test or examination scores, other than records which show only passage or failure and not specific scores.

(10) Criminal investigation records, except as provided herein. The district court, in an action brought pursuant to K.S.A. 45-222, and amendments thereto, may order disclosure of such records, subject to such conditions as the court may impose, if the court finds that disclosure:

(A) Is in the public interest;
(B) would not interfere with any prospective law enforcement action, criminal investigation or prosecution;
(C) would not reveal the identity of any confidential source or undercover agent;
(D) would not reveal confidential investigative techniques or procedures not known to the general public;
(E) would not endanger the life or physical safety of any person; and
(F) would not reveal the name, address, phone number or any other information which specifically and individually identifies the victim of any sexual offense in article 35 of chapter 21 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto.

If a public record is discretionarily closed by a public agency pursuant to this subsection, the record custodian, upon request, shall provide a written citation to the specific provisions of paragraphs (A) through (F) that necessitate closure of that public record.

(11) Records of agencies involved in administrative adjudication or civil litigation, compiled in the process of detecting or investigating violations of civil law or administrative rules and regulations, if disclosure would interfere with a prospective administrative adjudication or civil litigation or reveal the identity of a confidential source or undercover agent.

(12) Records of emergency or security information or procedures of a public agency, or plans, drawings, specifications or related information for any building or facility which is used for purposes requiring security measures in or around the building or facility or which is used for the generation or transmission of power, water, fuels or communications, if disclosure would jeopardize security of the public agency, building or facility.

(13) The contents of appraisals or engineering or feasibility estimates or evaluations made by or for a public agency relative to the acquisition of property, prior to the award of formal contracts therefor.

(14) Correspondence between a public agency and a private individual, other than correspondence which is intended to give notice of an action, policy or determination relating to any regulatory, supervisory or
(15) Records pertaining to employer-employee negotiations, if disclosure would reveal information discussed in a lawful executive session under K.S.A. 75-4319, and amendments thereto.

(16) Software programs for electronic data processing and documentation thereof, but each public agency shall maintain a register, open to the public, that describes:

(A) The information which the agency maintains on computer facilities; and
(B) the form in which the information can be made available using existing computer programs.

(17) Applications, financial statements and other information submitted in connection with applications for student financial assistance where financial need is a consideration for the award.

(18) Plans, designs, drawings or specifications which are prepared by a person other than an employee of a public agency or records which are the property of a private person.

(19) Well samples, logs or surveys which the state corporation commission requires to be filed by persons who have drilled or caused to be drilled, or are drilling or causing to be drilled, holes for the purpose of discovery or production of oil or gas, to the extent that disclosure is limited by rules and regulations of the state corporation commission.

(20) Notes, preliminary drafts, research data in the process of analysis, unfunded grant proposals, memoranda, recommendations or other records in which opinions are expressed or policies or actions are proposed, except that this exemption shall not apply when such records are publicly cited or identified in an open meeting or in an agenda of an open meeting.

(21) Records of a public agency having legislative powers, which records pertain to proposed legislation or amendments to proposed legislation, except that this exemption shall not apply when such records are:

(A) Publicly cited or identified in an open meeting or in an agenda of an open meeting; or
(B) distributed to a majority of a quorum of any body which has authority to take action or make recommendations to the public agency with regard to the matters to which such records pertain.

(22) Records of a public agency having legislative powers, which records pertain to research prepared for one or more members of such agency, except that this exemption shall not apply when such records are:

(A) Publicly cited or identified in an open meeting or in an agenda of
an open meeting; or

(B) distributed to a majority of a quorum of any body which has
authority to take action or make recommendations to the public agency
with regard to the matters to which such records pertain.

(23) Library patron and circulation records which pertain to
identifiable individuals.

(24) Records which are compiled for census or research purposes and
which pertain to identifiable individuals.

(25) Records which represent and constitute the work product of an
attorney.

(26) Records of a utility or other public service pertaining to
individually identifiable residential customers of the utility or service,
except that information concerning billings for specific individual
customers named by the requester shall be subject to disclosure as
provided by this act.

(27) Specifications for competitive bidding, until the specifications
are officially approved by the public agency.

(28) Sealed bids and related documents, until a bid is accepted or all
bids rejected.

(29) Correctional records pertaining to an identifiable inmate or
release, except that:

(A) The name; photograph and other identifying information;
sentence data; parole eligibility date; custody or supervision level;
disciplinary record; supervision violations; conditions of supervision,
excluding requirements pertaining to mental health or substance abuse
counseling; location of facility where incarcerated or location of parole
office maintaining supervision and address of a releasee whose crime was
committed after the effective date of this act shall be subject to disclosure
to any person other than another inmate or releasee, except that the
disclosure of the location of an inmate transferred to another state pursuant
to the interstate corrections compact shall be at the discretion of the
secretary of corrections;

(B) the ombudsman of corrections, the attorney general, law
enforcement agencies, counsel for the inmate to whom the record pertains
and any county or district attorney shall have access to correctional records
to the extent otherwise permitted by law;

(C) the information provided to the law enforcement agency pursuant
to the sex offender registration act, K.S.A. 22-4901 et seq., and
amendments thereto, shall be subject to disclosure to any person, except
that the name, address, telephone number or any other information which
specifically and individually identifies the victim of any offender required
to register as provided by the Kansas offender registration act, K.S.A. 22-
4901 et seq., and amendments thereto, shall not be disclosed; and
(D) records of the department of corrections regarding the financial assets of an offender in the custody of the secretary of corrections shall be subject to disclosure to the victim, or such victim's family, of the crime for which the inmate is in custody as set forth in an order of restitution by the sentencing court.

(30) Public records containing information of a personal nature where the public disclosure thereof would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.

(31) Public records pertaining to prospective location of a business or industry where no previous public disclosure has been made of the business' or industry's interest in locating in, relocating within or expanding within the state. This exception shall not include those records pertaining to application of agencies for permits or licenses necessary to do business or to expand business operations within this state, except as otherwise provided by law.

(32) Engineering and architectural estimates made by or for any public agency relative to public improvements.

(33) Financial information submitted by contractors in qualification statements to any public agency.

(34) Records involved in the obtaining and processing of intellectual property rights that are expected to be, wholly or partially vested in or owned by a state educational institution, as defined in K.S.A. 76-711, and amendments thereto, or an assignee of the institution organized and existing for the benefit of the institution.

(35) Any report or record which is made pursuant to K.S.A. 65-4922, 65-4923 or 65-4924, and amendments thereto, and which is privileged pursuant to K.S.A. 65-4915 or 65-4925, and amendments thereto.

(36) Information which would reveal the precise location of an archeological site.

(37) Any financial data or traffic information from a railroad company, to a public agency, concerning the sale, lease or rehabilitation of the railroad's property in Kansas.

(38) Risk-based capital reports, risk-based capital plans and corrective orders including the working papers and the results of any analysis filed with the commissioner of insurance in accordance with K.S.A. 40-2c20 and 40-2d20, and amendments thereto.

(39) Memoranda and related materials required to be used to support the annual actuarial opinions submitted pursuant to subsection (b) of K.S.A. 40-409, and amendments thereto.

(40) Disclosure reports filed with the commissioner of insurance under subsection (a) of K.S.A. 40-2,156, and amendments thereto.

(41) All financial analysis ratios and examination synopses concerning insurance companies that are submitted to the commissioner by
the national association of insurance commissioners' insurance regulatory
information system.

(42) Any records the disclosure of which is restricted or prohibited by
a tribal-state gaming compact.

(43) Market research, market plans, business plans and the terms and
conditions of managed care or other third party contracts, developed or
entered into by the university of Kansas medical center in the operation
and management of the university hospital which the chancellor of the
university of Kansas or the chancellor's designee determines would give an
unfair advantage to competitors of the university of Kansas medical center.

(44) The amount of franchise tax paid to the secretary of revenue or
the secretary of state by domestic corporations, foreign corporations,
domestic limited liability companies, foreign limited liability companies,
domestic limited partnership, foreign limited partnership, domestic limited
liability partnerships and foreign limited liability partnerships.

(45) Records, other than criminal investigation records, the disclosure
of which would pose a substantial likelihood of revealing security
measures that protect: (A) Systems, facilities or equipment used in the
production, transmission or distribution of energy, water or
communications services; (B) transportation and sewer or wastewater
treatment systems, facilities or equipment; or (C) private property or
persons, if the records are submitted to the agency. For purposes of this
paragraph, security means measures that protect against criminal acts
intended to intimidate or coerce the civilian population, influence
government policy by intimidation or coercion or to affect the operation of
government by disruption of public services, mass destruction,
assassination or kidnapping. Security measures include, but are not limited
to, intelligence information, tactical plans, resource deployment and
vulnerability assessments.

(46) Any information or material received by the register of deeds of
a county from military discharge papers (DD Form 214). Such papers shall
be disclosed: To the military discharger; to such dischargee's immediate
family members and lineal descendants; to such dischargee's heirs, agents
or assigns; to the licensed funeral director who has custody of the body of
the deceased dischargee; when required by a department or agency of the
federal or state government or a political subdivision thereof; when the
form is required to perfect the claim of military service or honorable
discharge or a claim of a dependent of the dischargee; and upon the written
approval of the commissioner of veterans affairs, to a person conducting
research.

(47) Information that would reveal the location of a shelter or a
safehouse or similar place where persons are provided protection from
abuse or the name, address, location or other contact information of
alleged victims of stalking, domestic violence or sexual assault.

(48) Policy information provided by an insurance carrier in accordance with subsection (h)(1) of K.S.A. 44-532, and amendments thereto. This exemption shall not be construed to preclude access to an individual employer's record for the purpose of verification of insurance coverage or to the department of labor for their business purposes.

(49) An individual's e-mail address, cell phone number and other contact information which has been given to the public agency for the purpose of public agency notifications or communications which are widely distributed to the public.

(50) Information provided by providers to the local collection point administrator or to the 911 coordinating council pursuant to the Kansas 911 act, and amendments thereto, upon request of the party submitting such records.

(b) Except to the extent disclosure is otherwise required by law or as appropriate during the course of an administrative proceeding or on appeal from agency action, a public agency or officer shall not disclose financial information of a taxpayer which may be required or requested by a county appraiser or the director of property valuation to assist in the determination of the value of the taxpayer's property for ad valorem taxation purposes; or any financial information of a personal nature required or requested by a public agency or officer, including a name, job description or title revealing the salary or other compensation of officers, employees or applicants for employment with a firm, corporation or agency, except a public agency. Nothing contained herein shall be construed to prohibit the publication of statistics, so classified as to prevent identification of particular reports or returns and the items thereof.

(c) As used in this section, the term "cited or identified" shall not include a request to an employee of a public agency that a document be prepared.

(d) If a public record contains material which is not subject to disclosure pursuant to this act, the public agency shall separate or delete such material and make available to the requester that material in the public record which is subject to disclosure pursuant to this act. If a public record is not subject to disclosure because it pertains to an identifiable individual, the public agency shall delete the identifying portions of the record and make available to the requester any remaining portions which are subject to disclosure pursuant to this act, unless the request is for a record pertaining to a specific individual or to such a limited group of individuals that the individuals' identities are reasonably ascertainable, the public agency shall not be required to disclose those portions of the record which pertain to such individual or individuals.

(e) The provisions of this section shall not be construed to exempt
from public disclosure statistical information not descriptive of any
identifiable person.

(f) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a), any public
record which has been in existence more than 70 years shall be open for
inspection by any person unless disclosure of the record is specifically
prohibited or restricted by federal law, state statute or rule of the Kansas
supreme court or by a policy adopted pursuant to K.S.A. 72-6214, and
amendments thereto.

(g) Any confidential records or information relating to security
measures provided or received under the provisions of subsection (a)(45)
shall not be subject to subpoena, discovery or other demand in any
administrative, criminal or civil action.

Sec. 24. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 75-5133 is hereby amended to read as
follows: 75-5133. (a) Except as otherwise more specifically provided by
law, all information received by the secretary of revenue, the director of
taxation or the director of alcoholic beverage control from returns, reports,
license applications or registration documents made or filed under the
provisions of any law imposing any sales, use or other excise tax
administered by the secretary of revenue, the director of taxation, or the
director of alcoholic beverage control, or from any investigation conducted
under such provisions, shall be confidential, and it shall be unlawful for
any officer or employee of the department of revenue to divulge any such
information except in accordance with other provisions of law respecting
the enforcement and collection of such tax, in accordance with proper
judicial order or as provided in K.S.A. 74-2424, and amendments thereto.

(b) The secretary of revenue or the secretary's designee may:

(1) Publish statistics, so classified as to prevent identification of
particular reports or returns and the items thereof;

(2) allow the inspection of returns by the attorney general or the
attorney general's designee;

(3) provide the post auditor access to all such excise tax reports or
returns in accordance with and subject to the provisions of subsection (g)
of K.S.A. 46-1106, and amendments thereto;

(4) disclose taxpayer information from excise tax returns to persons
or entities contracting with the secretary of revenue where the secretary
has determined disclosure of such information is essential for completion
of the contract and has taken appropriate steps to preserve confidentiality;

(5) provide information from returns and reports filed under article 42
of chapter 79 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto,
to county appraisers as is necessary to insure proper valuations of property.
Information from such returns and reports may also be exchanged with any
other state agency administering and collecting conservation or other taxes
and fees imposed on or measured by mineral production;
(6) provide, upon request by a city or county clerk or treasurer or finance officer of any city or county receiving distributions from a local excise tax, monthly reports identifying each retailer doing business in such city or county or making taxable sales sourced to such city or county, setting forth the tax liability and the amount of such tax remitted by each retailer during the preceding month, and identifying each business location maintained by the retailer and such retailer's sales or use tax registration or account number;

(7) provide information from returns and applications for registration filed pursuant to K.S.A. 12-187, and amendments thereto, and K.S.A. 79-3601, and amendments thereto, to a city or county treasurer or clerk or finance officer to explain the basis of statistics contained in reports provided by subsection (b)(6);

(8) disclose the following oil and gas production statistics received by the department of revenue in accordance with K.S.A. 79-4216 et seq., and amendments thereto: Volumes of production by well name, well number, operator's name and identification number assigned by the state corporation commission, lease name, leasehold property description, county of production or zone of production, name of purchaser and purchaser's tax identification number assigned by the department of revenue, name of transporter, field code number or lease code, tax period, exempt production volumes by well name or lease, or any combination of this information;

(9) release or publish liquor brand registration information provided by suppliers, farm wineries and microbreweries in accordance with the liquor control act. The information to be released is limited to: Item number, universal numeric code, type status, product description, alcohol percentage, selling units, unit size, unit of measurement, supplier number, supplier name, distributor number and distributor name;

(10) release or publish liquor license information provided by liquor licensees, distributors, suppliers, farm wineries and microbreweries in accordance with the liquor control act. The information to be released is limited to: County name, owner, business name, address, license type, license number, license expiration date and the process agent contact information;

(11) release or publish cigarette and tobacco license information obtained from cigarette and tobacco licensees in accordance with the Kansas cigarette and tobacco products act. The information to be released is limited to: County name, owner, business name, address, license type and license number;

(12) provide environmental surcharge or solvent fee, or both, information from returns and applications for registration filed pursuant to K.S.A. 65-34,150 and 65-34,151, and amendments thereto, to the secretary
of health and environment or the secretary’s designee for the sole purpose
of ensuring that retailers collect the environmental surcharge tax or solvent
fee, or both;
(13) provide water protection fee information from returns and
applications for registration filed pursuant to K.S.A. 82a-954, and
amendments thereto, to the secretary of the state board of agriculture or the
secretary's designee and the secretary of the Kansas water office or the
secretary's designee for the sole purpose of verifying revenues deposited to
the state water plan fund;
(14) provide to the secretary of commerce copies of applications for
project exemption certificates sought by any taxpayer under the enterprise
zone sales tax exemption pursuant to subsection (cc) of K.S.A. 79-3606,
and amendments thereto;
(15) disclose information received pursuant to the Kansas cigarette
and tobacco act and subject to the confidentiality provisions of this act to
any criminal justice agency, as defined in subsection (c) of K.S.A. 22-
4701, and amendments thereto, or to any law enforcement officer, as
defined in subsection (c)(10) of K.S.A. 21-3110, and amendments thereto,
on behalf of a criminal justice agency, when requested in writing in
conjunction with a pending investigation; and
(16) provide to retailers tax exemption information for the sole
purpose of verifying the authenticity of tax exemption numbers issued by
the department; and
(17) provide information concerning remittance by sellers, as defined
in section 2, and amendments thereto, of prepaid wireless 911 fees from
returns to the local collection point administrator, as defined in section 2,
and amendments thereto, for purposes of verifying seller compliance with
collection and remittance of such fees.
(c) Any person receiving any information under the provisions of
subsection (b) shall be subject to the confidentiality provisions of
subsection (a) and to the penalty provisions of subsection (d).
(d) Any violation of this section shall be a class A, nonperson
misdemeanor, and if the offender is an officer or employee of this state,
such officer or employee shall be dismissed from office. Reports of
violations of this paragraph shall be investigated by the attorney general.
The district attorney or county attorney and the attorney general shall have
authority to prosecute any violation of this section if the offender is a city
or county clerk or treasurer or finance officer of a city or county.
New Sec. 25. The provisions of this act are declared to be severable
and if any provision, word, phrase or clause of the act or the application
thereof to any person shall be held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect
the validity of the remaining portions of this act.

Sec. 28. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the Kansas register.