2012 Kansas Statutes

21-5502. Evidence of complaining witness' previous sexual conduct in prosecutions for sex offenses; motions; notice. (a) The provisions of this section shall apply only in a prosecution for:

- (1) Rape, as defined by K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5503, and amendments thereto;
- (2) indecent liberties with a child, as defined in subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5506, and amendments thereto;
- (3) aggravated indecent liberties with a child, as defined in subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5506, and amendments thereto;
- (4) criminal sodomy, as defined in subsections (a)(3) and (a)(4) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5504, and amendments thereto;
- (5) aggravated criminal sodomy as defined in subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5504, and amendments thereto;
- (6) aggravated indecent solicitation of a child, as defined in subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5508, and amendments thereto;
- (7) sexual exploitation of a child as defined in K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5510, and amendments thereto;
- (8) aggravated sexual battery, as defined in subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5505, and amendments thereto;

(9) incest, as defined in subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5604, and amendments thereto;

- (10) aggravated incest, as defined in subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5604, and amendments thereto;
- (11) indecent solicitation of a child, as defined in subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5508, and amendments thereto;
- (12) aggravated assault, as defined in subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5412, and amendments thereto, with intent to commit any crime specified above;
- (13) sexual battery, as defined in subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5505, and amendments thereto;
- (14) unlawful voluntary sexual relations, as defined in K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5507, and amendments thereto;
- (15) aggravated trafficking, as defined in subsections (b)(1)(B) and (b)(2) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5426, and amendments thereto;
- (16) electronic solicitation, as defined in K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5509, and amendments thereto; or

(17) attempt, as defined in K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5301, and amendments thereto, or conspiracy, as defined in K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5302, and amendments thereto, to commit any crime specified above.

(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), in any prosecution to which this section applies, evidence of the complaining witness' previous sexual conduct with any person including the defendant shall not be admissible, and no reference shall be made thereto in any proceeding before the court, except under the following conditions: The defendant shall make a written motion to the court to admit evidence or testimony concerning the previous sexual conduct of the complaining witness. The motion shall be made at least seven days before the commencement of the proceeding unless that requirement is waived by the court. The motion shall be made at least seven days before the complaining witness is stated. The motion, affidavits and any supporting or responding documents of the prosecutor shall be made available for examination without a written order of the court except that such motion, affidavits and supporting and responding documents or testimony when requested shall be made available to the defendant or the defendant's counsel and to the prosecutor. The defendant, defendant's counsel and prosecutor shall be prohibited from disclosing any matters relating to the motion, affidavits and any supporting or responding documents of the conclusion of the hearing, if the court finds that evidence proposed to be offered by the defendant regarding the previous sexual conduct of the complaining witness is relevant and is not otherwise inadmissible as evidence, the court may make an order stating what evidence may be introduced by the defendant may then offer evidence and question witnesses in accordance with the order of the court.

(c) In any prosecution for a crime designated in subsection (a), the prosecutor may introduce evidence concerning any previous sexual conduct of the complaining witness, and the complaining witness may testify as to any such previous sexual conduct. If such evidence or testimony is introduced, the defendant may cross-examine the witness who gives such testimony and offer relevant evidence limited specifically to the rebuttal of such evidence or testimony introduced by the prosecutor or given by the complaining witness.

(d) As used in this section, "complaining witness" means the alleged victim of any crime designated in subsection (a), the prosecution of which is subject to this section.

History: L. 2010, ch. 136, § 66; July 1, 2011.