

HOUSE BILL No. 2170

By Committee on Corrections and Juvenile Justice

1-30

1 AN ACT concerning crimes, criminal procedure and punishment; relating
2 to probation and postrelease supervision; relating to sentencing;
3 amending K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6604, 21-6606, 21-6608, 21-6821, 22-
4 3716, 22-3717, 74-9101 and 75-5217 and repealing the existing
5 sections; also repealing K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6604a and 21-6604b.
6

7 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:*

8 Section 1. K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6604 is hereby amended to read as
9 follows: 21-6604. (a) Whenever any person has been found guilty of a
10 crime, the court may adjudge any of the following:

11 (1) Commit the defendant to the custody of the secretary of
12 corrections if the current crime of conviction is a felony and the sentence
13 presumes imprisonment, or the sentence imposed is a dispositional
14 departure to imprisonment; or, if confinement is for a misdemeanor, to jail
15 for the term provided by law;

16 (2) impose the fine applicable to the offense and may impose the
17 provisions of subsection (q);

18 (3) release the defendant on probation if the current crime of
19 conviction and criminal history fall within a presumptive nonprison
20 category or through a departure for substantial and compelling reasons
21 subject to such conditions as the court may deem appropriate. In felony
22 cases except for violations of K.S.A. 8-1567, 8-2,144 and K.S.A. 2012
23 Supp. 8-1025, and amendments thereto, the court may include confinement
24 in a county jail not to exceed 60 days, which need not be served
25 consecutively, as a condition of an original probation sentence and up to
26 60 days in a county jail upon each revocation of the probation sentence, or
27 community corrections placement;

28 (4) assign the defendant to a community correctional services
29 program as provided in K.S.A. 75-5291, and amendments thereto, or
30 through a departure for substantial and compelling reasons subject to such
31 conditions as the court may deem appropriate, including orders requiring
32 full or partial restitution;

33 (5) assign the defendant to a conservation camp for a period not to
34 exceed six months as a condition of probation followed by a six-month

1 period of follow-up through adult intensive supervision by a community
2 correctional services program, if the offender successfully completes the
3 conservation camp program;

4 (6) assign the defendant to a house arrest program pursuant to K.S.A.
5 2012 Supp. 21-6609, and amendments thereto;

6 (7) order the defendant to attend and satisfactorily complete an
7 alcohol or drug education or training program as provided by subsection
8 (c) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6602, and amendments thereto;

9 (8) order the defendant to repay the amount of any reward paid by
10 any crime stoppers chapter, individual, corporation or public entity which
11 materially aided in the apprehension or conviction of the defendant; repay
12 the amount of any costs and expenses incurred by any law enforcement
13 agency in the apprehension of the defendant, if one of the current crimes
14 of conviction of the defendant includes escape from custody or aggravated
15 escape from custody, as defined in K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5911, and
16 amendments thereto; repay expenses incurred by a fire district, fire
17 department or fire company responding to a fire which has been
18 determined to be arson or aggravated arson as defined in K.S.A. 2012
19 Supp. 21-5812, and amendments thereto, if the defendant is convicted of
20 such crime; repay the amount of any public funds utilized by a law
21 enforcement agency to purchase controlled substances from the defendant
22 during the investigation which leads to the defendant's conviction; or repay
23 the amount of any medical costs and expenses incurred by any law
24 enforcement agency or county. Such repayment of the amount of any such
25 costs and expenses incurred by a county, law enforcement agency, fire
26 district, fire department or fire company or any public funds utilized by a
27 law enforcement agency shall be deposited and credited to the same fund
28 from which the public funds were credited to prior to use by the county,
29 law enforcement agency, fire district, fire department or fire company;

30 (9) order the defendant to pay the administrative fee authorized by
31 K.S.A. 22-4529, and amendments thereto, unless waived by the court;

32 (10) order the defendant to pay a domestic violence special program
33 fee authorized by K.S.A. 20-369, and amendments thereto;

34 (11) if the defendant is convicted of a misdemeanor or convicted of a
35 felony specified in subsection (i) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6804, and
36 amendments thereto, assign the defendant to work release program, other
37 than a program at a correctional institution under the control of the
38 secretary of corrections as defined in K.S.A. 75-5202, and amendments
39 thereto, provided such work release program requires such defendant to
40 return to confinement at the end of each day in the work release program.
41 On a second *or subsequent* conviction of K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments
42 thereto, an offender placed into a work release program ~~must serve a total~~
43 ~~of 120 hours of confinement. Such 120 hours of confinement shall be a~~

1 ~~period of at least 48 consecutive hours of imprisonment followed by~~
2 ~~confinement hours at the end of and continuing to the beginning of the~~
3 ~~offender's work day. On a third or subsequent conviction of K.S.A. 8-~~
4 ~~1567, and amendments thereto, an offender placed into a work release~~
5 ~~program must serve a total of 240 hours of confinement. Such 240 hours~~
6 ~~of confinement shall be a period of at least 48 consecutive hours of~~
7 ~~imprisonment followed by confinement hours at the end of and continuing~~
8 ~~to the beginning of the offender's work day shall serve the total number of~~
9 ~~hours of confinement mandated by that section;~~

10 (12) order the defendant to pay the full amount of unpaid costs
11 associated with the conditions of release of the appearance bond under
12 K.S.A. 22-2802, and amendments thereto;

13 (13) impose any appropriate combination of (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6),
14 (7), (8), (9), (10), (11) and (12); or

15 (14) suspend imposition of sentence in misdemeanor cases.

16 (b) (1) In addition to or in lieu of any of the above, the court shall
17 order the defendant to pay restitution, which shall include, but not be
18 limited to, damage or loss caused by the defendant's crime, unless the
19 court finds compelling circumstances which would render a plan of
20 restitution unworkable. In regard to a violation of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-
21 6107, and amendments thereto, such damage or loss shall include, but not
22 be limited to, attorney fees and costs incurred to repair the credit history or
23 rating of the person whose personal identification documents were
24 obtained and used in violation of such section, and to satisfy a debt, lien or
25 other obligation incurred by the person whose personal identification
26 documents were obtained and used in violation of such section. If the court
27 finds a plan of restitution unworkable, the court shall state on the record in
28 detail the reasons therefor.

29 (2) If the court orders restitution, the restitution shall be a judgment
30 against the defendant which may be collected by the court by garnishment
31 or other execution as on judgments in civil cases. If, after 60 days from the
32 date restitution is ordered by the court, a defendant is found to be in
33 noncompliance with the plan established by the court for payment of
34 restitution, and the victim to whom restitution is ordered paid has not
35 initiated proceedings in accordance with K.S.A. 60-4301 et seq., and
36 amendments thereto, the court shall assign an agent procured by the
37 attorney general pursuant to K.S.A. 75-719, and amendments thereto, to
38 collect the restitution on behalf of the victim. The chief judge of each
39 judicial district may assign such cases to an appropriate division of the
40 court for the conduct of civil collection proceedings.

41 (c) In addition to or in lieu of any of the above, the court shall order
42 the defendant to submit to and complete an alcohol and drug evaluation,
43 and pay a fee therefor, when required by subsection (d) of K.S.A. 2012

1 Supp. 21-6602, and amendments thereto.

2 (d) In addition to any of the above, the court shall order the defendant
3 to reimburse the county general fund for all or a part of the expenditures
4 by the county to provide counsel and other defense services to the
5 defendant. Any such reimbursement to the county shall be paid only after
6 any order for restitution has been paid in full. In determining the amount
7 and method of payment of such sum, the court shall take account of the
8 financial resources of the defendant and the nature of the burden that
9 payment of such sum will impose. A defendant who has been required to
10 pay such sum and who is not willfully in default in the payment thereof
11 may at any time petition the court which sentenced the defendant to waive
12 payment of such sum or any unpaid portion thereof. If it appears to the
13 satisfaction of the court that payment of the amount due will impose
14 manifest hardship on the defendant or the defendant's immediate family,
15 the court may waive payment of all or part of the amount due or modify
16 the method of payment.

17 (e) In releasing a defendant on probation, the court shall direct that
18 the defendant be under the supervision of a court services officer. If the
19 court commits the defendant to the custody of the secretary of corrections
20 or to jail, the court may specify in its order the amount of restitution to be
21 paid and the person to whom it shall be paid if restitution is later ordered
22 as a condition of parole, conditional release or postrelease supervision.

23 (f) (1) When a new felony is committed while the offender is
24 incarcerated and serving a sentence for a felony, ~~or while the offender is on~~
25 ~~probation, assignment to a community correctional services program,~~
26 ~~parole, conditional release or postrelease supervision for a felony,~~ a new
27 sentence shall be imposed ~~pursuant to the consecutive sentencing~~
28 ~~requirements~~ *consecutively pursuant to the provisions* of K.S.A. 2012
29 Supp. 21-6606, and amendments thereto, and the court may sentence the
30 offender to imprisonment for the new conviction, even when the new
31 crime of conviction otherwise presumes a nonprison sentence. In this
32 event, imposition of a prison sentence for the new crime does not
33 constitute a departure.

34 (2) ~~{(A)}~~ *When a new {nonperson} felony is committed while the*
35 *offender is on probation, assignment to a community correctional services*
36 *program, parole, conditional release or postrelease supervision for a*
37 *felony, a new sentence shall be imposed either concurrently or*
38 *consecutively pursuant to the provisions of K.S.A. 21-6606, and*
39 *amendments thereto, and the court may sentence the offender to*
40 *imprisonment for the new conviction, even when the new crime of*
41 *conviction otherwise presumes a nonprison sentence. In this event,*
42 *imposition of a prison sentence for the new crime does not constitute a*
43 *departure.*

1 **{(B) When a new person felony is committed while the offender is**
2 **on probation, assignment to a community correctional services**
3 **program,} {parole, conditional release or postrelease supervision for a**
4 **felony, a new sentence shall be imposed consecutively pursuant to the**
5 **provisions of K.S.A. 21-6606, and amendments thereto, and the court**
6 **may sentence the offender to imprisonment for the new conviction,**
7 **even when the new crime of conviction otherwise presumes a**
8 **nonprison sentence. In this event, imposition of a prison sentence for**
9 **the new crime does not constitute a departure.}**

10 (3) *When a new felony is committed during a period of time during*
11 *which the defendant would have been on probation, assignment to a*
12 *community correctional services program, parole, conditional release or*
13 *postrelease supervision for a felony had the defendant not been granted*
14 *release by the court pursuant to subsection (d) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-*
15 *6608, and amendments thereto, or the prisoner review board pursuant to*
16 *K.S.A. 22-3717, and amendments thereto, the court may sentence the*
17 *offender to imprisonment for the new conviction, even when the new crime*
18 *of conviction otherwise presumes a nonprison sentence. In this event,*
19 *imposition of a prison sentence for the new crime does not constitute a*
20 *departure.*

21 (4) When a new felony is committed while the offender is
22 incarcerated in a juvenile correctional facility pursuant to K.S.A. 38-1671,
23 prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 38-2373, and amendments
24 thereto, for an offense, which if committed by an adult would constitute
25 the commission of a felony, upon conviction, the court shall sentence the
26 offender to imprisonment for the new conviction, even when the new
27 crime of conviction otherwise presumes a nonprison sentence. In this
28 event, imposition of a prison sentence for the new crime does not
29 constitute a departure. The conviction shall operate as a full and complete
30 discharge from any obligations, except for an order of restitution, imposed
31 on the offender arising from the offense for which the offender was
32 committed to a juvenile correctional facility.

33 ~~(3)(5) {(A)}~~ When a new **{nonperson}** felony is committed while the
34 offender is on release for a felony pursuant to the provisions of article 28
35 of chapter 22 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto,
36 or similar provisions of the laws of another jurisdiction, a new sentence
37 ~~may shall~~ be imposed ~~pursuant to the consecutive sentencing requirements~~
38 ~~of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6606, and amendments thereto, either~~
39 ~~concurrently or consecutively pursuant to the provisions of K.S.A. 2012~~
40 ~~Supp. 21-6606, and amendments thereto, and the court may sentence the~~
41 offender to imprisonment for the new conviction, even when the new
42 crime of conviction otherwise presumes a nonprison sentence. In this
43 event, imposition of a prison sentence for the new crime does not

1 constitute a departure.

2 **{(B) When a new person felony is committed while the offender is**
3 **on release for a felony pursuant to the provisions of article 28 of**
4 **chapter 22 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments**
5 **thereto, or similar provisions of the laws of another jurisdiction, a new**
6 **sentence shall be imposed consecutively pursuant to the provisions of**
7 **K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6606, and amendments thereto, and the court**
8 **may sentence the offender to imprisonment for the new conviction,**
9 **even when the new crime of conviction otherwise presumes a**
10 **nonprison sentence. In this event, imposition of a prison sentence for**
11 **the new crime does not constitute a departure.}**

12 (g) Prior to imposing a dispositional departure for a defendant whose
13 offense is classified in the presumptive nonprison grid block of either
14 sentencing guideline grid, prior to sentencing a defendant to incarceration
15 whose offense is classified in grid blocks 5-H, 5-I or 6-G of the sentencing
16 guidelines grid for nondrug crimes, in grid blocks 3-E, 3-F, 3-G, 3-H or 3-I
17 of the sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes committed prior to July
18 1, 2012, or in grid blocks 4-E, 4-F, 4-G, 4-H or 4-I of the sentencing
19 guidelines grid for drug crimes committed on or after July 1, 2012, prior to
20 sentencing a defendant to incarceration whose offense is classified in grid
21 blocks 4-E or 4-F of the sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes
22 committed prior to July 1, 2012, or in grid blocks 5-C, 5-D, 5-E or 5-F of
23 the sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes committed on or after July
24 1, 2012, and whose offense does not meet the requirements of K.S.A. 2012
25 Supp. 21-6824, and amendments thereto, prior to revocation of a
26 nonprison sanction of a defendant whose offense is classified in grid
27 blocks 4-E or 4-F of the sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes
28 committed prior to July 1, 2012, or in grid blocks 5-C, 5-D, 5-E or 5-F of
29 the sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes committed on or after July
30 1, 2012, and whose offense does not meet the requirements of K.S.A. 2012
31 Supp. 21-6824, and amendments thereto, or prior to revocation of a
32 nonprison sanction of a defendant whose offense is classified in the
33 presumptive nonprison grid block of either sentencing guideline grid or
34 grid blocks 5-H, 5-I or 6-G of the sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug
35 crimes, in grid blocks 3-E, 3-F, 3-G, 3-H or 3-I of the sentencing
36 guidelines grid for drug crimes committed prior to July 1, 2012, or in grid
37 blocks 4-E, 4-F, 4-G, 4-H or 4-I of the sentencing guidelines grid for drug
38 crimes committed on or after July 1, 2012, the court shall consider
39 placement of the defendant in the Labette correctional conservation camp,
40 conservation camps established by the secretary of corrections pursuant to
41 K.S.A. 75-52,127, and ~~amendment~~ *amendments* thereto, or a community
42 intermediate sanction center. Pursuant to this subsection the defendant
43 shall not be sentenced to imprisonment if space is available in a

1 conservation camp or community intermediate sanction center and the
2 defendant meets all of the conservation camp's or community intermediate
3 sanction center's placement criteria unless the court states on the record the
4 reasons for not placing the defendant in a conservation camp or
5 community intermediate sanction center.

6 (h) In committing a defendant to the custody of the secretary of
7 corrections, the court shall fix a term of confinement within the limits
8 provided by law. In those cases where the law does not fix a term of
9 confinement for the crime for which the defendant was convicted, the
10 court shall fix the term of such confinement.

11 (i) In addition to any of the above, the court shall order the defendant
12 to reimburse the state general fund for all or part of the expenditures by the
13 state board of indigents' defense services to provide counsel and other
14 defense services to the defendant. In determining the amount and method
15 of payment of such sum, the court shall take account of the financial
16 resources of the defendant and the nature of the burden that payment of
17 such sum will impose. A defendant who has been required to pay such sum
18 and who is not willfully in default in the payment thereof may at any time
19 petition the court which sentenced the defendant to waive payment of such
20 sum or any unpaid portion thereof. If it appears to the satisfaction of the
21 court that payment of the amount due will impose manifest hardship on the
22 defendant or the defendant's immediate family, the court may waive
23 payment of all or part of the amount due or modify the method of
24 payment. The amount of attorney fees to be included in the court order for
25 reimbursement shall be the amount claimed by appointed counsel on the
26 payment voucher for indigents' defense services or the amount prescribed
27 by the board of indigents' defense services reimbursement tables as
28 provided in K.S.A. 22-4522, and amendments thereto, whichever is less.

29 (j) This section shall not deprive the court of any authority conferred
30 by any other Kansas statute to decree a forfeiture of property, suspend or
31 cancel a license, remove a person from office or impose any other civil
32 penalty as a result of conviction of crime.

33 (k) An application for or acceptance of probation or assignment to a
34 community correctional services program shall not constitute an
35 acquiescence in the judgment for purpose of appeal, and any convicted
36 person may appeal from such conviction, as provided by law, without
37 regard to whether such person has applied for probation, suspended
38 sentence or assignment to a community correctional services program.

39 (l) The secretary of corrections is authorized to make direct
40 placement to the Labette correctional conservation camp or a conservation
41 camp established by the secretary pursuant to K.S.A. 75-52,127, and
42 amendments thereto, of an inmate sentenced to the secretary's custody if
43 the inmate:

1 (1) Has been sentenced to the secretary for a probation revocation, as
2 a departure from the presumptive nonimprisonment grid block of either
3 sentencing grid, for an offense which is classified in grid blocks 5-H, 5-I
4 or 6-G of the sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes, in grid blocks
5 3-E, 3-F, 3-G, 3-H or 3-I of the sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes
6 committed prior to July 1, 2012, in grid blocks 4-E, 4-F, 4-G, 4-H or 4-I of
7 the sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes committed on or after July
8 1, 2012, or for an offense which is classified in grid blocks 4-E or 4-F of
9 the sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes committed prior to July 1,
10 2012, or in grid blocks 5-C, 5-D, 5-E or 5-F of the sentencing guidelines
11 grid for drug crimes committed on or after July 1, 2012, and such offense
12 does not meet the requirements of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6824, and
13 amendments thereto; and

14 (2) otherwise meets admission criteria of the camp.

15 If the inmate successfully completes a conservation camp program, the
16 secretary of corrections shall report such completion to the sentencing
17 court and the county or district attorney. The inmate shall then be assigned
18 by the court to six months of follow-up supervision conducted by the
19 appropriate community corrections services program. The court may also
20 order that supervision continue thereafter for the length of time authorized
21 by K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6608, and amendments thereto.

22 (m) When it is provided by law that a person shall be sentenced
23 pursuant to K.S.A. 1993 Supp. 21-4628, prior to its repeal, the provisions
24 of this section shall not apply.

25 (n) (1) Except as provided by subsection (f) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-
26 6805, and amendments thereto, in addition to any of the above, for felony
27 violations of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5706, and amendments thereto, the
28 court shall require the defendant who meets the requirements established
29 in K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6824, and amendments thereto, to participate in a
30 certified drug abuse treatment program, as provided in K.S.A. 2012 Supp.
31 75-52,144, and amendments thereto, including, but not limited to, an
32 approved after-care plan. *The amount of time spent participating in such*
33 *program shall not be credited as service on the underlying prison*
34 *sentence.*

35 (2) If the defendant fails to participate in or has a pattern of
36 intentional conduct that demonstrates the defendant's refusal to comply
37 with or participate in the treatment program, as established by judicial
38 finding, the defendant shall be subject to ~~revocation of probation and~~
39 *sanction or revocation pursuant to the provisions of K.S.A. 22-3716, and*
40 *amendments thereto. If the defendant's probation is revoked, the defendant*
41 *shall serve the underlying prison sentence as established in K.S.A. 2012*
42 *Supp. 21-6805, and amendments thereto.*

43 (A) *Except as provided in subsection (n)(2)(B), for those offenders*

1 who are convicted on or after July 1, 2003, *but prior to July 1, 2013*, upon
2 completion of the underlying prison sentence, the offender shall not be
3 subject to a period of postrelease supervision. ~~The amount of time spent~~
4 ~~participating in such program shall not be credited as service on the~~
5 ~~underlying prison sentence.~~

6 *(B) Offenders whose crime of conviction was committed on or after*
7 *July 1, 2013, and whose probation is revoked pursuant to subsection (c) of*
8 *K.S.A. 22-3716, and amendments thereto, or whose underlying prison*
9 *term expires while serving a sanction pursuant to subsection (c)(1)(C) or*
10 *(c)(1)(D) of K.S.A. 22-3716, and amendments thereto, shall serve a period*
11 *of postrelease supervision upon the completion of the underlying prison*
12 *term.*

13 (o) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (3), in addition to any other
14 penalty or disposition imposed by law, upon a conviction for unlawful
15 possession of a controlled substance or controlled substance analog in
16 violation of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5706, and amendments thereto, in
17 which the trier of fact makes a finding that the unlawful possession
18 occurred while transporting the controlled substance or controlled
19 substance analog in any vehicle upon a highway or street, the offender's
20 driver's license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle on the streets and
21 highways of this state shall be suspended for one year.

22 (2) Upon suspension of a license pursuant to this subsection, the court
23 shall require the person to surrender the license to the court, which shall
24 transmit the license to the division of motor vehicles of the department of
25 revenue, to be retained until the period of suspension expires. At that time,
26 the licensee may apply to the division for return of the license. If the
27 license has expired, the person may apply for a new license, which shall be
28 issued promptly upon payment of the proper fee and satisfaction of other
29 conditions established by law for obtaining a license unless another
30 suspension or revocation of the person's privilege to operate a motor
31 vehicle is in effect.

32 (3) (A) In lieu of suspending the driver's license or privilege to
33 operate a motor vehicle on the highways of this state of any person as
34 provided in paragraph (1), the judge of the court in which such person was
35 convicted may enter an order which places conditions on such person's
36 privilege of operating a motor vehicle on the highways of this state, a
37 certified copy of which such person shall be required to carry any time
38 such person is operating a motor vehicle on the highways of this state. Any
39 such order shall prescribe the duration of the conditions imposed, which in
40 no event shall be for a period of more than one year.

41 (B) Upon entering an order restricting a person's license hereunder,
42 the judge shall require such person to surrender such person's driver's
43 license to the judge who shall cause it to be transmitted to the division of

1 vehicles, together with a copy of the order. Upon receipt thereof, the
2 division of vehicles shall issue without charge a driver's license which
3 shall indicate on its face that conditions have been imposed on such
4 person's privilege of operating a motor vehicle and that a certified copy of
5 the order imposing such conditions is required to be carried by the person
6 for whom the license was issued any time such person is operating a motor
7 vehicle on the highways of this state. If the person convicted is a
8 nonresident, the judge shall cause a copy of the order to be transmitted to
9 the division and the division shall forward a copy of it to the motor vehicle
10 administrator of such person's state of residence. Such judge shall furnish
11 to any person whose driver's license has had conditions imposed on it
12 under this paragraph a copy of the order, which shall be recognized as a
13 valid Kansas driver's license until such time as the division shall issue the
14 restricted license provided for in this paragraph.

15 (C) Upon expiration of the period of time for which conditions are
16 imposed pursuant to this subsection, the licensee may apply to the division
17 for the return of the license previously surrendered by such licensee. In the
18 event such license has expired, such person may apply to the division for a
19 new license, which shall be issued immediately by the division upon
20 payment of the proper fee and satisfaction of the other conditions
21 established by law, unless such person's privilege to operate a motor
22 vehicle on the highways of this state has been suspended or revoked prior
23 thereto. If any person shall violate any of the conditions imposed under
24 this paragraph, such person's driver's license or privilege to operate a
25 motor vehicle on the highways of this state shall be revoked for a period of
26 not less than 60 days nor more than one year by the judge of the court in
27 which such person is convicted of violating such conditions.

28 (4) As used in this subsection, "highway" and "street" mean the same
29 as in K.S.A. 8-1424 and 8-1473, and amendments thereto.

30 (p) In addition to any of the above, for any criminal offense that
31 includes the domestic violence designation pursuant to K.S.A. 2012 Supp.
32 22-4616, and amendments thereto, the court shall require the defendant to:
33 (1) Undergo a domestic violence offender assessment *conducted by a*
34 *certified batterer intervention program*; and (2) follow all
35 recommendations *made by such program*, unless otherwise ordered by the
36 court or the department of corrections. The court may order a domestic
37 violence offender assessment and any other evaluation prior to sentencing
38 if the assessment or evaluation would assist the court in determining an
39 appropriate sentence. The entity completing the assessment or evaluation
40 shall provide the assessment or evaluation and recommendations to the
41 court and the court shall provide the domestic violence offender
42 assessment ~~and any other evaluation~~ to any entity responsible for
43 supervising such defendant. A defendant ordered to undergo a domestic

1 violence offender assessment shall be required to pay for the assessment
2 and, unless otherwise ordered by the court or the department of
3 corrections, for completion of all recommendations.

4 (q) In imposing a fine, the court may authorize the payment thereof in
5 installments. In lieu of payment of any fine imposed, the court may order
6 that the person perform community service specified by the court. The
7 person shall receive a credit on the fine imposed in an amount equal to \$5
8 for each full hour spent by the person in the specified community service.
9 The community service ordered by the court shall be required to be
10 performed by the later of one year after the fine is imposed or one year
11 after release from imprisonment or jail, or by an earlier date specified by
12 the court. If by the required date the person performs an insufficient
13 amount of community service to reduce to zero the portion of the fine
14 required to be paid by the person, the remaining balance shall become due
15 on that date. If conditional reduction of any fine is rescinded by the court
16 for any reason, then pursuant to the court's order the person may be
17 ordered to perform community service by one year after the date of such
18 rescission or by an earlier date specified by the court. If by the required
19 date the person performs an insufficient amount of community service to
20 reduce to zero the portion of the fine required to be paid by the person, the
21 remaining balance of the fine shall become due on that date. All credits for
22 community service shall be subject to review and approval by the court.

23 (r) In addition to any other penalty or disposition imposed by law, for
24 any defendant sentenced to imprisonment pursuant to K.S.A. 21-4643,
25 prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6627, and amendments
26 thereto, for crimes committed on or after July 1, 2006, the court shall order
27 that the defendant be electronically monitored upon release from
28 imprisonment for the duration of the defendant's natural life and that the
29 defendant shall reimburse the state for all or part of the cost of such
30 monitoring as determined by the prisoner review board.

31 (s) *Whenever the court has released the defendant on probation*
32 *pursuant to subsection (a)(3), the defendant's supervising court services*
33 *officer, with the concurrence of the chief court services officer, may impose*
34 *the violation sanctions as provided in subsection (c)(1)(B) of K.S.A. 22-*
35 *3716, and amendments thereto, without further order of the court, unless:*

36 (1) *The court has specifically withheld this authority in its sentencing*
37 *order; or*

38 (2) *the defendant, after being apprised of the right to a revocation*
39 *hearing before the court pursuant to subsection (b) of K.S.A. 22-3716, and*
40 *amendments thereto, refuses to waive such right.*

41 (t) *Whenever the court has assigned the defendant to a community*
42 *correctional services program pursuant to subsection (a)(4), the*
43 *defendant's community corrections officer, with the concurrence of the*

1 *community corrections director, may impose the violation sanctions as*
2 *provided in subsection (c)(1)(B) of K.S.A. 22-3716, and amendments*
3 *thereto, without further order of the court unless:*

4 (1) *The court has specifically withheld this authority in its sentencing*
5 *order; or*

6 (2) *the defendant, after being apprised of the right to a revocation*
7 *hearing before the court pursuant to subsection (b) of K.S.A. 22-3716, and*
8 *amendments thereto, refuses to waive such right.*

9 Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6606 is hereby amended to read as
10 follows: 21-6606. (a) When separate sentences of imprisonment for
11 different crimes are imposed on a defendant on the same date, including
12 sentences for crimes for which suspended sentences, probation or
13 assignment to a community correctional services program have been
14 revoked, such sentences shall run concurrently or consecutively as the
15 court directs. Whenever the record is silent as to the manner in which two
16 or more sentences imposed at the same time shall be served, they shall be
17 served concurrently, except as *otherwise* provided in ~~subsections~~
18 ~~subsection (e), (d) and (e)~~**{subsections (c), (d) and (e)}**.

19 (b) Any person who is convicted and sentenced for a crime
20 committed while on probation, assignment to a community correctional
21 services program, parole or conditional release for a misdemeanor shall
22 serve the sentence concurrently with or consecutively to the term or terms
23 under which the person was on probation, assigned to a community
24 correctional services program or on parole or conditional release, as the
25 court directs.

26 ~~(c) Any person who is convicted and sentenced for a crime~~
27 ~~committed while on probation, assigned to a community correctional~~
28 ~~services program, on parole, on conditional release or on postrelease~~
29 ~~supervision for a felony shall serve the sentence consecutively to the term~~
30 ~~or terms under which the person was on probation, assigned to a~~
31 ~~community correctional services program or on parole or conditional~~
32 ~~release.~~

33 ~~(d) Any person who is convicted and sentenced for a crime~~
34 ~~committed while on release for a felony pursuant to article 28 of chapter~~
35 ~~22 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, shall serve~~
36 ~~the sentence consecutively to the term or terms under which the person~~
37 ~~was released. {Any person who is convicted and sentenced for a person~~
38 **felony committed while on probation, assigned to a community**
39 **correctional services program, on parole, on conditional release or on**
40 **postrelease supervision for a felony shall serve the sentence**
41 **consecutively to the term or terms under which the person was on**
42 **probation, assigned to a community correctional services program or**
43 **on parole or conditional release.}**

1 **{(d) Any person who is convicted and sentenced for a person**
2 **felony committed while on release for a felony pursuant to article 28 of**
3 **chapter} {22 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments**
4 **thereto, shall serve the sentence consecutively to the term or terms**
5 **under which the person was released.}**

6 ~~(e)~~ **{(e)}** (1) Any person who is convicted and sentenced for a crime
7 committed while such person is incarcerated and serving a sentence for a
8 felony in any place of incarceration shall serve the sentence consecutively
9 to the term or terms under which the person was incarcerated.

10 (2) If a person is sentenced to prison for a crime committed on or
11 after July 1, 1993, while the person was imprisoned for an offense
12 committed prior to July 1, 1993, and the person is not eligible for the
13 retroactive application of the sentencing guidelines act, the new sentence
14 shall not be aggregated with the old sentence but shall begin when the
15 person is paroled or reaches the conditional release date on the old
16 sentence, whichever is earlier. If the offender was past the offender's
17 conditional release date at the time the new offense was committed, the
18 new sentence shall not be aggregated with the old sentence but shall begin
19 when the person is ordered released by *the* prisoner review board or
20 reaches the maximum sentence date on the old sentence, whichever is
21 earlier. The new sentence shall then be served as otherwise provided by
22 law. The period of post incarceration supervision shall be based on the
23 longest term of post incarceration supervision imposed for all crimes upon
24 which sentence was imposed or until discharged from supervision by the
25 prisoner review board. The term of post incarceration supervision imposed
26 by this paragraph shall apply retroactively to crimes committed prior to
27 July 1, 2008.

28 (3) As used in this subsection, "post incarceration supervision"
29 includes parole and postrelease supervision.

30 (f) The provisions of this subsection relating to parole eligibility shall
31 be applicable to persons convicted of crimes committed prior to January 1,
32 1979, but shall be applicable to persons convicted of crimes committed on
33 or after that date only to the extent that the terms of this subsection are not
34 in conflict with the provisions of K.S.A. 22-3717, and amendments
35 thereto. In calculating the time to be served on concurrent and consecutive
36 sentences, the following rules shall apply:

37 (1) When indeterminate terms run concurrently, the shorter minimum
38 terms merge in and are satisfied by serving the longest minimum term and
39 the shorter maximum terms merge in and are satisfied by conditional
40 release or discharge on the longest maximum term if the terms are imposed
41 on the same date.

42 (2) When concurrent terms are imposed on different dates,
43 computation will be made to determine which term or terms require the

1 longest period of imprisonment to reach parole eligibility, conditional
2 release and maximum dates, and that sentence will be considered the
3 controlling sentence. The parole eligibility date may be computed and
4 projected on one sentence and the conditional release date and maximum
5 may be computed and projected from another to determine the controlling
6 sentence.

7 (3) When indeterminate terms imposed on the same date are to be
8 served consecutively, the minimum terms are added to arrive at an
9 aggregate minimum to be served equal to the sum of all minimum terms
10 and the maximum terms are added to arrive at an aggregate maximum
11 equal to the sum of all maximum terms.

12 (4) When indeterminate sentences are imposed to be served
13 consecutively to sentences previously imposed in any other court or the
14 sentencing court, the aggregated minimums and maximums shall be
15 computed from the effective date of the subsequent sentences which have
16 been imposed as consecutive. For the purpose of determining the sentence
17 begins date and the parole eligibility and conditional release dates, the
18 inmate shall be given credit on the aggregate sentence for time spent
19 imprisoned on the previous sentences, but not exceeding an amount equal
20 to the previous minimum sentence less the maximum amount of good time
21 credit that could have been earned on the minimum sentence. For the
22 purpose of computing the maximum date, the inmate shall be given credit
23 for all time spent imprisoned on the previous sentence. This method for
24 computation of the maximum sentence shall be utilized for all sentences
25 computed pursuant to this subsection after July 1, 1983.

26 Nothing in this subsection (f)(4) shall affect the authority of the
27 prisoner review board to determine the parole eligibility of inmates
28 pursuant to subsection (d) of K.S.A. 22-3717, and amendments thereto.

29 (5) When consecutive sentences are imposed which are to be served
30 consecutive to sentences for which a prisoner has been on probation,
31 assigned to a community correctional services program, on parole or on
32 conditional release, the amount of time served on probation, on assignment
33 to a community correctional services program, on parole or on conditional
34 release shall not be credited as service on the aggregate sentence in
35 determining the parole eligibility, conditional release and maximum dates,
36 except that credit shall be given for any amount of time spent in a
37 residential facility while on probation or assignment to a community
38 correctional residential services program.

39 (g) When a definite and an indefinite term run consecutively, the
40 period of the definite term is added to both the minimum and maximum of
41 the indeterminate term and both sentences are satisfied by serving the
42 indeterminate term. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to
43 crimes committed on or after July 1, 1993.

1 (h) When a defendant is sentenced in a state court and is also under
2 sentence from a federal court or other state court or is subject to sentence
3 in a federal court or other state court for an offense committed prior to the
4 defendant's sentence in a Kansas state court, the court may direct that
5 custody of the defendant may be relinquished to federal or other state
6 authorities and that such state sentences as are imposed may run
7 concurrently with any federal or other state sentence imposed.

8 Sec. 3. K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6608 is hereby amended to read as
9 follows: 21-6608. (a) The period of suspension of sentence, probation or
10 assignment to community corrections fixed by the court shall not exceed
11 two years in misdemeanor cases, subject to renewal and extension for
12 additional fixed periods of two years. Probation, suspension of sentence or
13 assignment to community corrections may be terminated by the court at
14 any time and upon such termination or upon termination by expiration of
15 the term of probation, suspension of sentence or assignment to community
16 corrections, an order to this effect shall be entered by the court.

17 (b) The district court having jurisdiction of the offender may parole
18 any misdemeanant sentenced to confinement in the county jail. The period
19 of such parole shall be fixed by the court and shall not exceed two years
20 and shall be terminated in the manner provided for termination of
21 suspended sentence and probation.

22 (c) For all crimes committed on or after July 1, 1993, the duration of
23 probation in felony cases sentenced for the following severity levels on the
24 sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes and the sentencing
25 guidelines grid for drug crimes is as follows:

26 (1) For nondrug crimes the recommended duration of probation is:

27 (A) 36 months for crimes in crime severity levels 1 through 5; and

28 (B) 24 months for crimes in crime severity levels 6 and 7;

29 (2) for drug crimes the recommended duration of probation is 36
30 months for crimes in crime severity levels 1 and 2 committed prior to July
31 1, 2012, and crimes in crime severity levels 1, 2 and 3 committed on or
32 after July 1, 2012;

33 (3) except as provided further, in felony cases sentenced at severity
34 levels 9 and 10 on the sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes,
35 severity level 4 on the sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes
36 committed prior to July 1, 2012, and severity level 5 of the sentencing
37 guidelines grid for drug crimes committed on or after July 1, 2012, if a
38 nonprison sanction is imposed, the court shall order the defendant to serve
39 a period of probation of up to 12 months in length;

40 (4) in felony cases sentenced at severity level 8 on the sentencing
41 guidelines grid for nondrug crimes, severity level 3 on the sentencing
42 guidelines grid for drug crimes committed prior to July 1, 2012, and
43 severity level 4 of the sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes

1 committed on or after July 1, 2012, and felony cases sentenced pursuant to
2 K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6824, and amendments thereto, if a nonprison
3 sanction is imposed, the court shall order the defendant to serve a period of
4 probation, or assignment to a community correctional services program, as
5 provided under K.S.A. 75-5291 et seq., and amendments thereto, of up to
6 18 months in length;

7 (5) if the court finds and sets forth with particularity the reasons for
8 finding that the safety of the members of the public will be jeopardized or
9 that the welfare of the inmate will not be served by the length of the
10 probation terms provided in subsections (c)(3) and (c)(4), the court may
11 impose a longer period of probation. Such an increase shall not be
12 considered a departure and shall not be subject to appeal;

13 (6) except as provided in subsections (c)(7) and (c)(8), the total
14 period in all cases shall not exceed 60 months, or the maximum period of
15 the prison sentence that could be imposed whichever is longer. Nonprison
16 sentences may be terminated by the court at any time;

17 (7) if the defendant is convicted of nonsupport of a child, the period
18 may be continued as long as the responsibility for support continues. If the
19 defendant is ordered to pay full or partial restitution, the period may be
20 continued as long as the amount of restitution ordered has not been paid;
21 and

22 (8) the court may modify or extend the offender's period of
23 supervision, pursuant to a modification hearing and a judicial finding of
24 necessity. Such extensions may be made for a maximum period of five
25 years or the maximum period of the prison sentence that could be imposed,
26 whichever is longer, inclusive of the original supervision term.

27 *(d) In addition to the provisions of subsection (a), a defendant who*
28 *has a risk assessment of low risk, has paid all restitution and has been*
29 *compliant with the terms of probation, assignment to a community*
30 *correctional services program, suspension of sentence or nonprison*
31 *sanction for a period of 12 months shall be eligible for discharge from*
32 *such period of supervision by the court. The court shall grant such*
33 *discharge unless the court finds substantial and compelling reasons for*
34 *denial of such discharge.*

35 Sec. 4. K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6821 is hereby amended to read as
36 follows: 21-6821. (a) The secretary of corrections is hereby authorized to
37 adopt rules and regulations providing for a system of good time
38 calculations. Such rules and regulations shall provide circumstances upon
39 which an inmate may earn good time credits and for the forfeiture of
40 earned credits. Such circumstances may include factors related to program
41 and work participation and conduct and the inmate's willingness to
42 examine and confront past behavioral patterns that resulted in the
43 commission of the inmate's crimes.

1 (b) For purposes of determining release of an inmate, the following
2 shall apply with regard to good time calculations:

3 (1) Good behavior by inmates is the expected norm and negative
4 behavior will be punished; and

5 (2) the amount of good time which can be earned by an inmate and
6 subtracted from any sentence is limited to:

7 (A) For a crime committed on or after July 1, 1993, an amount equal
8 to 15% of the prison part of the sentence;

9 (B) for a nondrug severity level 7 through 10 crime committed on or
10 after January 1, 2008, an amount equal to 20% of the prison part of the
11 sentence; or

12 (C) for a drug severity level 3 or 4 crime committed on or after
13 January 1, 2008, but prior to July 1, 2012, or a drug severity level 4 or 5
14 crime committed on or after July 1, 2012, an amount equal to 20% of the
15 prison part of the sentence.

16 (c) *The postrelease supervision term of a person sentenced to a term*
17 *of imprisonment that includes a sentence for a sexually violent crime as*
18 *defined in K.S.A. 22-3717, and amendments thereto, a sexually motivated*
19 *crime in which the offender has been ordered to register pursuant to*
20 *subsection (d)(1)(D)(vii) of K.S.A. 22-3717, and amendments thereto,*
21 *electronic solicitation, K.S.A. 21-3523, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2012*
22 *Supp. 21-5509, and amendments thereto, or unlawful sexual relations,*
23 *K.S.A. 21-3520, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5512, and*
24 *amendments thereto, shall have any time which is earned and subtracted*
25 *from the prison part of the such sentence of any inmate and any other*
26 *consecutive or concurrent sentence pursuant to good time calculation shall*
27 *be added to such inmate's postrelease supervision term.*

28 (d) An inmate shall not be awarded good time credits pursuant to this
29 section for any review period established by the secretary of corrections in
30 which a court finds that the inmate has done any of the following while in
31 the custody of the secretary of corrections:

32 (1) Filed a false or malicious action or claim with the court;

33 (2) brought an action or claim with the court solely or primarily for
34 delay or harassment;

35 (3) testified falsely or otherwise submitted false evidence or
36 information to the court;

37 (4) attempted to create or obtain a false affidavit, testimony or
38 evidence; or

39 (5) abused the discovery process in any judicial action or proceeding.

40 (e) (1) For purposes of determining release of an inmate who is
41 serving only a sentence for a nondrug severity level 4 through 10 crime or
42 a drug severity level 3 or 4 crime committed on or after January 1, 2008,
43 but prior to July 1, 2012, or an inmate who is serving only a sentence for a

1 nondrug severity level 4 through 10 crime or a drug severity level 4 or 5
2 crime committed on or after July 1, 2012, the secretary of corrections is
3 hereby authorized to adopt rules and regulations regarding program credit
4 calculations. Such rules and regulations shall provide circumstances upon
5 which an inmate may earn program credits and for the forfeiture of earned
6 credits and such circumstances may include factors substantially related to
7 program participation and conduct. In addition to any good time credits
8 earned and retained, the following shall apply with regard to program
9 credit calculations:

10 (A) A system shall be developed whereby program credits may be
11 earned by inmates for the successful completion of requirements for a
12 general education diploma, a technical or vocational training program, a
13 substance abuse treatment program or any other program designated by the
14 secretary which has been shown to reduce offender's risk after release; and

15 (B) the amount of time which can be earned and retained by an
16 inmate for the successful completion of programs and subtracted from any
17 sentence is limited to not more than 60 days.

18 (2) Any time which is earned and subtracted from the prison part of
19 the sentence of any inmate pursuant to program credit calculation shall *not*
20 be added to such inmate's postrelease supervision term, if applicable,
21 *except that the postrelease supervision term of a person sentenced to a*
22 *term of imprisonment that includes a sentence for a sexually violent crime*
23 *as defined in K.S.A. 22-3717, and amendments thereto, a sexually*
24 *motivated crime in which the offender has been ordered to register*
25 *pursuant to subsection (d)(1)(D)(vii) of K.S.A. 22-3717, and amendments*
26 *thereto, electronic solicitation, K.S.A. 21-3523, prior to its repeal, or*
27 *K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5509, and amendments thereto, or unlawful sexual*
28 *relations, K.S.A. 21-3520, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-*
29 *5512, and amendments thereto, shall have any time which is earned and*
30 *subtracted from the prison part of such sentence and any other*
31 *consecutive or concurrent sentence pursuant to program credit calculation*
32 *added to such inmate's postrelease supervision term.*

33 (3) When separate sentences of imprisonment for different crimes are
34 imposed on a defendant on the same date, a defendant shall only be
35 eligible for program credits if such crimes are a nondrug severity level 4
36 through 10, a drug severity level 3 or 4 committed prior to July 1, 2012, or
37 a drug severity level 4 or 5 committed on or after July 1, 2012.

38 (4) Program credits shall not be earned by any offender successfully
39 completing a sex offender treatment program.

40 (5) The secretary of corrections shall report to the Kansas sentencing
41 commission and the Kansas reentry policy council the data on the program
42 credit calculations.

43 Sec. 5. K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 22-3716 is hereby amended to read as

1 follows: 22-3716. (a) At any time during probation, assignment to a
2 community correctional services program, suspension of sentence or
3 pursuant to subsection ~~(d)~~(e) for defendants who committed a crime prior
4 to July 1, 1993, and at any time during which a defendant is serving a
5 nonprison sanction for a crime committed on or after July 1, 1993, or
6 pursuant to subsection ~~(d)~~(e), the court may issue a warrant for the arrest
7 of a defendant for violation of any of the conditions of release or
8 assignment, a notice to appear to answer to a charge of violation or a
9 violation of the defendant's nonprison sanction. The notice shall be
10 personally served upon the defendant. The warrant shall authorize all
11 officers named in the warrant to return the defendant to the custody of the
12 court or to any certified detention facility designated by the court. Any
13 court services officer or community correctional services officer may
14 arrest the defendant without a warrant or may deputize any other officer
15 with power of arrest to do so by giving the officer a written or verbal
16 statement setting forth that the defendant has, in the judgment of the court
17 services officer or community correctional services officer, violated the
18 conditions of the defendant's release or a nonprison sanction. A written
19 statement delivered to the official in charge of a county jail or other place
20 of detention shall be sufficient warrant for the detention of the defendant.
21 After making an arrest, the court services officer or community
22 correctional services officer shall present to the detaining authorities a
23 similar statement of the circumstances of violation. Provisions regarding
24 release on bail of persons charged with a crime shall be applicable to
25 defendants arrested under these provisions.

26 (b) (1) Upon arrest and detention pursuant to subsection (a), the court
27 services officer or community correctional services officer shall
28 immediately notify the court and shall submit in writing a report showing
29 in what manner the defendant has violated the conditions of release or
30 assignment or a nonprison sanction.

31 ~~(2) Thereupon, or upon an arrest by warrant as provided in this~~
32 ~~section, Unless the defendant, after being apprised of the right to a~~
33 ~~hearing by the supervising court services or community correctional~~
34 ~~services officer, waives such hearing, the court shall cause the defendant to~~
35 ~~be brought before it without unnecessary delay for a hearing on the~~
36 ~~violation charged. The hearing shall be in open court and the state shall~~
37 ~~have the burden of establishing the violation. The defendant shall have the~~
38 ~~right to be represented by counsel and shall be informed by the judge that,~~
39 ~~if the defendant is financially unable to obtain counsel, an attorney will be~~
40 ~~appointed to represent the defendant. The defendant shall have the right to~~
41 ~~present the testimony of witnesses and other evidence on the defendant's~~
42 ~~behalf. Relevant written statements made under oath may be admitted and~~
43 ~~considered by the court along with other evidence presented at the hearing.~~

1 (3)(A) *Except as otherwise provided, if the original crime of*
2 *conviction was a felony and a violation is established, the court may*
3 *impose the violation sanctions as provided in subsection (c)(1).*

4 (B) *Except as otherwise provided, if the original crime of conviction*
5 *was a misdemeanor and a violation is established, the court may continue*
6 *or revoke the probation, assignment to a community correctional services*
7 *program, suspension of sentence or nonprison sanction and may require*
8 *the defendant to serve the sentence imposed, or any lesser sentence, and, if*
9 *imposition of sentence was suspended, may impose any sentence which*
10 *might originally have been imposed.*

11 (4) *Except as otherwise provided, if the defendant waives the right to*
12 *a hearing and the sentencing court has not specifically withheld the*
13 *authority from court services or community correctional services to*
14 *impose sanctions, the following sanctions may be imposed without further*
15 *order of the court:*

16 (A) *If the defendant was on probation at the time of the violation, the*
17 *defendant's supervising court services officer, with the concurrence of the*
18 *chief court services officer, may impose the violation sanctions as provided*
19 *in subsection (c)(1)(B); and*

20 (B) *if the defendant was assigned to a community correctional*
21 *services program at the time of the violation, the defendant's community*
22 *corrections officer, with the concurrence of the community corrections*
23 *director, may impose the violation sanctions as provided in subsection (c)*
24 *(1)(B).*

25 (c) (1) ~~Except as otherwise provided, if the violation is established,~~
26 ~~the court may~~ *the following violation sanctions may be imposed:*

27 (A) ~~Continue or revoke~~ *Continuation or modification of the release*
28 *conditions of the probation, assignment to a community correctional*
29 *services program, suspension of sentence or nonprison sanction and may*
30 ~~require the defendant to serve the sentence imposed, or any lesser~~
31 ~~sentence, and, if imposition of sentence was suspended, may impose any~~
32 ~~sentence which might originally have been imposed.;~~

33 (B) *an intermediate sanction of confinement in jail for a total of not*
34 *more than six days per month in any three separate months during the*
35 *period of release supervision. The six days per month confinement may*
36 *only be imposed as two-day or three-day consecutive periods, not to*
37 *exceed 18 days of total confinement;*

38 (C) *if the violator already has at least one intermediate sanction*
39 *imposed pursuant to subsection (c)(1)(B) related to the felony crime for*
40 *which the original supervision was imposed, remanding the defendant to*
41 *the custody of the secretary of corrections for a period of 120 days, subject*
42 *to a reduction of up to 60 days in the discretion of the secretary;*

43 (D) *if the violator already has at least one sanction imposed pursuant*

1 to subsection (c)(1)(C) related to the felony crime for which the original
2 supervision was imposed, remanding the defendant to the custody of the
3 secretary of corrections for a period of 180 days, subject to a reduction of
4 up to 90 days in the discretion of the secretary; or

5 (E) if the violator already has at least one sanction imposed pursuant
6 to subsection (c)(1)(D) related to the felony crime for which the original
7 supervision was imposed, revocation of the probation, assignment to a
8 community corrections services program, suspension of sentence or
9 nonprison sanction and requiring such violator to serve the sentence
10 imposed, or any lesser sentence and, if imposition of sentence was
11 suspended, imposition of any sentence which might originally have been
12 imposed.

13 (2) Except as otherwise provided, no offender for whom a violation
14 of conditions of release or assignment or a nonprison sanction has been
15 established as provided in this section shall be required to serve any time
16 for the sentence imposed or which might originally have been imposed in
17 a state facility in the custody of the secretary of corrections for such
18 violation, unless such person has already at least one prior assignment to a
19 community correctional services program related to the crime for which
20 the original sentence was imposed, ~~except these provisions shall not apply~~
21 ~~to offenders who violate a condition of release or assignment or a~~
22 ~~nonprison sanction by committing a new misdemeanor or felony offense.~~

23 (3) The provisions of this subsection (c)(2) shall not apply to adult
24 felony offenders as described in subsection (a)(3) of K.S.A. 75-5291, and
25 amendments thereto.

26 (4) The court may require an offender for whom a violation of
27 conditions of release or assignment or a nonprison sanction has been
28 established as provided in this section to serve any time for the sentence
29 imposed or which might originally have been imposed in a state facility in
30 the custody of the secretary of corrections without a prior assignment to a
31 community correctional services program if the court finds and sets forth
32 with particularity the reasons for finding that the safety of the members of
33 the public will be jeopardized or that the welfare of the inmate will not be
34 served by such assignment to a community correctional services program.

35 (5) ~~{(A)}~~ When a new ~~{nonperson}~~ felony is committed while the
36 offender is on probation or assignment to a community correctional
37 services program, the new sentence shall be imposed ~~{either concurrently~~
38 ~~or consecutively}~~ pursuant to the ~~consecutive sentencing requirements~~
39 ~~{provisions}~~ of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6606, and amendments thereto, and
40 the court may sentence the offender to imprisonment for the new
41 conviction, even when the new crime of conviction otherwise presumes a
42 nonprison sentence. In this event, imposition of a prison sentence for the
43 new crime does not constitute a departure.

1 **{(B) When a new person felony is committed while the offender is**
2 **on probation, assignment to a community correctional services**
3 **program,} {parole, conditional release or postrelease supervision for a**
4 **felony, a new sentence shall be imposed consecutively pursuant to the**
5 **provisions of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6606, and amendments thereto,**
6 **and the court may sentence the offender to imprisonment for the new**
7 **conviction, even when the new crime of conviction otherwise presumes**
8 **a nonprison sentence. In this event, imposition of a prison sentence for**
9 **the new crime does not constitute a departure.}**

10 (6) *Except as provided in subsection (f), upon completion of a*
11 *violation sanction imposed pursuant to subsection (c)(1)(C) or (c)(1)(D)*
12 *such offender shall be returned to community correctional services*
13 *supervision.*

14 (7) *A violation sanction imposed pursuant to subsection (c)(1)(B), (c)*
15 *(1)(C) or (c)(1)(D) shall not be longer than the amount of time remaining*
16 *on the defendant's underlying prison sentence.*

17 (8) *If the offender commits a new felony or misdemeanor or absconds*
18 *from supervision while the offender is on probation, assignment to a*
19 *community correctional services program, suspension of sentence or*
20 *nonprison sanction, the court may impose any of the sanctions provided in*
21 *subsection (c)(1).*

22 (9) *The court may revoke the probation, assignment to a community*
23 *correctional services program, suspension of sentence or nonprison*
24 *sanction of an offender pursuant to (c)(1)(E) without having previously*
25 *imposed a sanction pursuant to (c)(1)(B), (c)(1)(C) or (c)(1)(D) if the*
26 *court finds and sets forth with particularity the reasons for finding that the*
27 *safety of members of the public will be jeopardized or that the welfare of*
28 *the offender will not be served by such sanction.*

29 ~~(e)~~(d) A defendant who is on probation, assigned to a community
30 correctional services program, under suspension of sentence or serving a
31 nonprison sanction and for whose return a warrant has been issued by the
32 court shall be considered a fugitive from justice if it is found that the
33 warrant cannot be served. If it appears that the defendant has violated the
34 provisions of the defendant's release or assignment or a nonprison
35 sanction, the court shall determine whether the time from the issuing of the
36 warrant to the date of the defendant's arrest, or any part of it, shall be
37 counted as time served on probation, assignment to a community
38 correctional services program, suspended sentence or pursuant to a
39 nonprison sanction.

40 ~~(d)~~(e) The court shall have 30 days following the date probation,
41 assignment to a community correctional service program, suspension of
42 sentence or a nonprison sanction was to end to issue a warrant for the
43 arrest or notice to appear for the defendant to answer a charge of a

1 violation of the conditions of probation, assignment to a community
2 correctional service program, suspension of sentence or a nonprison
3 sanction.

4 ~~(e) (f) Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the~~
5 ~~contrary, For crimes committed on and after July 1, 2013, an offender~~
6 ~~whose nonprison sanction is revoked pursuant to subsection (c) and a term~~
7 ~~of imprisonment imposed pursuant to either the sentencing guidelines grid~~
8 ~~for nondrug or drug crimes or whose underlying prison term expires while~~
9 ~~-serving a sanction pursuant to subsection (c)(1)(C) or (c)(1)(D) shall not~~
10 ~~serve a period of postrelease supervision upon the completion of the prison~~
11 ~~portion of that the underlying sentence. The provisions of this subsection~~
12 ~~shall not apply to offenders sentenced to a nonprison sanction pursuant to a~~
13 ~~dispositional departure, whose offense falls within a border box of either~~
14 ~~the sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug or drug crimes, offenders~~
15 ~~sentenced for a "sexually violent crime" or a "sexually motivated crime" as~~
16 ~~defined by K.S.A. 22-3717, and amendments thereto, offenders sentenced~~
17 ~~pursuant to K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6804, and amendments thereto, wherein~~
18 ~~the sentence is presumptive imprisonment but a nonprison sanction may be~~
19 ~~imposed without a departure or offenders whose nonprison sanction was~~
20 ~~revoked as a result of a conviction for a new misdemeanor or felony~~
21 ~~offense. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to offenders who~~
22 ~~are serving or are to begin serving a sentence for any other felony offense~~
23 ~~that is not excluded from postrelease supervision by this subsection on the~~
24 ~~effective date of this subsection. The provisions of this subsection shall be~~
25 ~~applied retroactively. The department of corrections shall conduct a review~~
26 ~~of all persons who are in the custody of the department as a result of only a~~
27 ~~revocation of a nonprison sanction. On or before September 1, 2000, the~~
28 ~~department shall have discharged from postrelease supervision those~~
29 ~~offenders as required by this subsection.~~

30 ~~(f)(g)~~ Offenders who have been sentenced pursuant to K.S.A. 2012
31 Supp. 21-6824, and amendments thereto, and who subsequently violate a
32 condition of the drug and alcohol abuse treatment program shall be subject
33 to an additional nonprison sanction for any such subsequent violation.
34 Such nonprison sanctions shall include, but not be limited to, up to 60 days
35 in a county jail, fines, community service, intensified treatment, house
36 arrest and electronic monitoring.

37 Sec. 6. K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 22-3717 is hereby amended to read as
38 follows: 22-3717. (a) Except as otherwise provided by this section; K.S.A.
39 1993 Supp. 21-4628, prior to its repeal; K.S.A. 21-4635 through 21-4638,
40 prior to their repeal; K.S.A. 21-4624, prior to its repeal; K.S.A. 21-4642,
41 prior to its repeal; K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6617, 21-6620, 21-6623, 21-
42 6624, 21-6625 and 21-6626, and amendments thereto; and K.S.A. 8-1567,
43 and amendments thereto; an inmate, including an inmate sentenced

1 pursuant to K.S.A. 21-4618, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-
2 6707, and amendments thereto, shall be eligible for parole after serving the
3 entire minimum sentence imposed by the court, less good time credits.

4 (b) (1) Except as provided by K.S.A. 21-4635 through 21-4638, prior
5 to their repeal, and K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6620, 21-6623, 21-6624 and 21-
6 6625, and amendments thereto, an inmate sentenced to imprisonment for
7 the crime of capital murder, or an inmate sentenced for the crime of
8 murder in the first degree based upon a finding of premeditated murder,
9 committed on or after July 1, 1994, shall be eligible for parole after
10 serving 25 years of confinement, without deduction of any good time
11 credits.

12 (2) Except as provided by subsection (b)(1) or (b)(4), K.S.A. 1993
13 Supp. 21-4628, prior to its repeal, K.S.A. 21-4635 through 21-4638, prior
14 to their repeal, and K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6620, 21-6623, 21-6624 and 21-
15 6625, and amendments thereto, an inmate sentenced to imprisonment for
16 an off-grid offense committed on or after July 1, 1993, but prior to July 1,
17 1999, shall be eligible for parole after serving 15 years of confinement,
18 without deduction of any good time credits and an inmate sentenced to
19 imprisonment for an off-grid offense committed on or after July 1, 1999,
20 shall be eligible for parole after serving 20 years of confinement without
21 deduction of any good time credits.

22 (3) Except as provided by K.S.A. 1993 Supp. 21-4628, prior to its
23 repeal, an inmate sentenced for a class A felony committed before July 1,
24 1993, including an inmate sentenced pursuant to K.S.A. 21-4618, prior to
25 its repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6707, and amendments thereto, shall
26 be eligible for parole after serving 15 years of confinement, without
27 deduction of any good time credits.

28 (4) An inmate sentenced to imprisonment for a violation of
29 subsection (a) of K.S.A. 21-3402, prior to its repeal, committed on or after
30 July 1, 1996, but prior to July 1, 1999, shall be eligible for parole after
31 serving 10 years of confinement without deduction of any good time
32 credits.

33 (5) An inmate sentenced to imprisonment pursuant to K.S.A. 21-
34 4643, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6627, and amendments
35 thereto, committed on or after July 1, 2006, shall be eligible for parole
36 after serving the mandatory term of imprisonment without deduction of
37 any good time credits.

38 (c) (1) Except as provided in subsection (e), if an inmate is sentenced
39 to imprisonment for more than one crime and the sentences run
40 consecutively, the inmate shall be eligible for parole after serving the total
41 of:

42 (A) The aggregate minimum sentences, as determined pursuant to
43 K.S.A. 21-4608, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6606, and

1 amendments thereto, less good time credits for those crimes which are not
2 class A felonies; and

3 (B) an additional 15 years, without deduction of good time credits,
4 for each crime which is a class A felony.

5 (2) If an inmate is sentenced to imprisonment pursuant to K.S.A. 21-
6 4643, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6627, and amendments
7 thereto, for crimes committed on or after July 1, 2006, the inmate shall be
8 eligible for parole after serving the mandatory term of imprisonment.

9 (d) (1) Persons sentenced for crimes, other than off-grid crimes,
10 committed on or after July 1, 1993, or persons subject to subparagraph
11 (G), will not be eligible for parole, but will be released to a mandatory
12 period of postrelease supervision upon completion of the prison portion of
13 their sentence as follows:

14 (A) Except as provided in subparagraphs (D) and (E), persons
15 sentenced for nondrug severity levels 1 through 4 crimes, drug severity
16 levels 1 and 2 crimes committed on or after July 1, 1993, but prior to July
17 1, 2012, and drug severity levels 1, 2 and 3 crimes committed on or after
18 July 1, 2012, must serve 36 months, ~~plus the amount of good time and
19 program credit earned and retained pursuant to K.S.A. 21-4722, prior to its
20 repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6821, and amendments thereto,~~ on
21 postrelease supervision.

22 (B) Except as provided in subparagraphs (D) and (E), persons
23 sentenced for nondrug severity levels 5 and 6 crimes, drug severity level 3
24 crimes committed on or after July 1, 1993, but prior to July 1, 2012, and
25 drug severity level 4 crimes committed on or after July 1, 2012, must serve
26 24 months, ~~plus the amount of good time and program credit earned and
27 retained pursuant to K.S.A. 21-4722, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2012
28 Supp. 21-6821, and amendments thereto,~~ on postrelease supervision.

29 (C) Except as provided in subparagraphs (D) and (E), persons
30 sentenced for nondrug severity levels 7 through 10 crimes, drug severity
31 level 4 crimes committed on or after July 1, 1993, but prior to July 1,
32 2012, and drug severity level 5 crimes committed on or after July 1, 2012,
33 must serve 12 months, ~~plus the amount of good time and program credit
34 earned and retained pursuant to K.S.A. 21-4722, prior to its repeal, or
35 K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6821, and amendments thereto,~~ on postrelease
36 supervision.

37 (D) *Persons sentenced to a term of imprisonment that includes a*
38 *sentence for a sexually violent crime as defined in K.S.A. 22-3717, and*
39 *amendments thereto, a sexually motivated crime in which the offender has*
40 *been ordered to register pursuant to subsection (d)(1)(D)(vii) of K.S.A. 22-*
41 *3717, and amendments thereto, electronic solicitation, K.S.A. 21-3523,*
42 *prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5509, and amendments*
43 *thereto, or unlawful sexual relations, K.S.A. 21-3520, prior to its repeal,*

1 *or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5512, and amendments thereto, shall serve the*
2 *period of postrelease supervision as provided in subsections (d)(1)(A), (d)*
3 *(1)(B) or (d)(1)(C) plus the amount of good time and program credit*
4 *earned and retained pursuant to K.S.A. 21-4722, prior to its repeal, or*
5 *K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6821, and amendments thereto, on postrelease*
6 *supervision.*

7 (i) ~~If the sentencing judge shall impose the postrelease supervision~~
8 ~~period provided in subparagraph (d)(1)(A), (d)(1)(B) or (d)(1)(C), unless~~
9 ~~the judge finds substantial and compelling reasons to impose a departure~~
10 ~~based upon a finding that the current crime of conviction was sexually~~
11 ~~motivated. In that event, departure may be imposed to extend the~~
12 ~~postrelease supervision to a period of up to 60 months.~~

13 (ii) If the sentencing judge departs from the presumptive postrelease
14 supervision period, the judge shall state on the record at the time of
15 sentencing the substantial and compelling reasons for the departure.
16 Departures in this section are subject to appeal pursuant to K.S.A. 21-
17 4721, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6820, and amendments
18 thereto.

19 (iii) In determining whether substantial and compelling reasons exist,
20 the court shall consider:

21 (a) Written briefs or oral arguments submitted by either the defendant
22 or the state;

23 (b) any evidence received during the proceeding;

24 (c) the presentence report, the victim's impact statement and any
25 psychological evaluation as ordered by the court pursuant to subsection (e)
26 of K.S.A. 21-4714, prior to its repeal, or subsection (e) of K.S.A. 2012
27 Supp. 21-6813, and amendments thereto; and

28 (d) any other evidence the court finds trustworthy and reliable.

29 (iv) The sentencing judge may order that a psychological evaluation
30 be prepared and the recommended programming be completed by the
31 offender. The department of corrections or the prisoner review board shall
32 ensure that court ordered sex offender treatment be carried out.

33 (v) In carrying out the provisions of subparagraph (d)(1)(D), the court
34 shall refer to K.S.A. 21-4718, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-
35 6817, and amendments thereto.

36 (vi) Upon petition *and payment of any restitution ordered pursuant to*
37 *K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6604, and amendments thereto*, the prisoner review
38 board may provide for early discharge from the postrelease supervision
39 period *imposed pursuant to subsection (d)(1)(D)(i)* upon completion of
40 court ordered programs and completion of the presumptive postrelease
41 supervision period, as determined by the crime of conviction, pursuant to
42 subparagraph (d)(1)(A), (d)(1)(B) or (d)(1)(C). Early discharge from
43 postrelease supervision is at the discretion of the board.

1 (vii) Persons convicted of crimes deemed sexually violent or sexually
2 motivated shall be registered according to the offender registration act,
3 K.S.A. 22-4901 through 22-4910, and amendments thereto.

4 (viii) Persons convicted of K.S.A. 21-3510 or 21-3511, prior to their
5 repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5508, and amendments thereto, shall be
6 required to participate in a treatment program for sex offenders during the
7 postrelease supervision period.

8 (2) *Persons serving a period of postrelease supervision pursuant to*
9 *subsections (d)(1)(A), (d)(1)(B) or (d)(1)(C) may petition the prisoner*
10 *review board for early discharge. Upon payment of restitution, the*
11 *prisoner review board may provide for early discharge.*

12 (3) *Persons serving a period of incarceration for a supervision*
13 *violation shall not have the period of postrelease supervision modified*
14 *until such person is released and returned to postrelease supervision.*

15 (4) *Offenders whose crime of conviction was committed on or after*
16 *July 1, 2013, and whose probation, assignment to a community*
17 *correctional services program, suspension of sentence or nonprison*
18 *sanction is revoked pursuant to subsection (c) of K.S.A. 22-3716, and*
19 *amendments thereto, or whose underlying prison term expires while*
20 *-serving a sanction pursuant to subsection (c)(1)(C) or (c)(1)(D) of K.S.A.*
21 *22-3716, and amendments thereto, shall serve a period of postrelease*
22 *supervision upon the completion of the underlying prison term.*

23 (E) The period of postrelease supervision provided in subparagraphs
24 (A) and (B) may be reduced by up to 12 months and the period of
25 postrelease supervision provided in subparagraph (C) may be reduced by
26 up to six months based on the offender's compliance with conditions of
27 supervision and overall performance while on postrelease supervision. The
28 reduction in the supervision period shall be on an earned basis pursuant to
29 rules and regulations adopted by the secretary of corrections.

30 (F) In cases where sentences for crimes from more than one severity
31 level have been imposed, the offender shall serve the longest period of
32 postrelease supervision as provided by this section available for any crime
33 upon which sentence was imposed irrespective of the severity level of the
34 crime. Supervision periods will not aggregate.

35 (G) Except as provided in subsection (u), persons convicted of a
36 sexually violent crime committed on or after July 1, 2006, and who are
37 released from prison, shall be released to a mandatory period of
38 postrelease supervision for the duration of the person's natural life.

39 ~~(2)(5)~~ As used in this subsection, "sexually violent crime" means:

40 (A) Rape, K.S.A. 21-3502, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp.
41 21-5503, and amendments thereto;

42 (B) indecent liberties with a child, K.S.A. 21-3503, prior to its repeal,
43 or subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5506, and amendments thereto;

1 (C) aggravated indecent liberties with a child, K.S.A. 21-3504, prior
2 to its repeal, or subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5506, and
3 amendments thereto;

4 (D) criminal sodomy, subsection (a)(2) and (a)(3) of K.S.A. 21-3505,
5 prior to its repeal, or subsection (a)(3) and (a)(4) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-
6 5504, and amendments thereto;

7 (E) aggravated criminal sodomy, K.S.A. 21-3506, prior to its repeal,
8 or subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5504, and amendments thereto;

9 (F) indecent solicitation of a child, K.S.A. 21-3510, prior to its repeal,
10 or subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5508, and amendments thereto;

11 (G) aggravated indecent solicitation of a child, K.S.A. 21-3511, prior
12 to its repeal, or subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5508, and
13 amendments thereto;

14 (H) sexual exploitation of a child, K.S.A. 21-3516, prior to its repeal,
15 or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5510, and amendments thereto;

16 (I) aggravated sexual battery, K.S.A. 21-3518, prior to its repeal, or
17 subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5505, and amendments thereto;

18 (J) aggravated incest, K.S.A. 21-3603, prior to its repeal, or
19 subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5604, and amendments thereto; or

20 (K) an attempt, conspiracy or criminal solicitation, as defined in
21 K.S.A. 21-3301, 21-3302 or 21-3303, prior to their repeal, or K.S.A. 2012
22 Supp. 21-5301, 21-5302 or 21-5303, and amendments thereto, of a
23 sexually violent crime as defined in this section.

24 (3) As used in this subsection, "sexually motivated" means that one of
25 the purposes for which the defendant committed the crime was for the
26 purpose of the defendant's sexual gratification.

27 (e) If an inmate is sentenced to imprisonment for a crime committed
28 while on parole or conditional release, the inmate shall be eligible for
29 parole as provided by subsection (c), except that the prisoner review board
30 may postpone the inmate's parole eligibility date by assessing a penalty not
31 exceeding the period of time which could have been assessed if the
32 inmate's parole or conditional release had been violated for reasons other
33 than conviction of a crime.

34 (f) If a person is sentenced to prison for a crime committed on or after
35 July 1, 1993, while on probation, parole, conditional release or in a
36 community corrections program, for a crime committed prior to July 1,
37 1993, and the person is not eligible for retroactive application of the
38 sentencing guidelines and amendments thereto pursuant to K.S.A. 21-
39 4724, prior to its repeal, the new sentence shall not be aggregated with the
40 old sentence, but shall begin when the person is paroled or reaches the
41 conditional release date on the old sentence. If the offender was past the
42 offender's conditional release date at the time the new offense was
43 committed, the new sentence shall not be aggregated with the old sentence

1 but shall begin when the person is ordered released by the prisoner review
2 board or reaches the maximum sentence expiration date on the old
3 sentence, whichever is earlier. The new sentence shall then be served as
4 otherwise provided by law. The period of postrelease supervision shall be
5 based on the new sentence, except that those offenders whose old sentence
6 is a term of imprisonment for life, imposed pursuant to K.S.A. 1993 Supp.
7 21-4628, prior to its repeal, or an indeterminate sentence with a maximum
8 term of life imprisonment, for which there is no conditional release or
9 maximum sentence expiration date, shall remain on postrelease
10 supervision for life or until discharged from supervision by the prisoner
11 review board.

12 (g) Subject to the provisions of this section, the prisoner review board
13 may release on parole those persons confined in institutions who are
14 eligible for parole when: (1) The board believes that the inmate should be
15 released for hospitalization, deportation or to answer the warrant or other
16 process of a court and is of the opinion that there is reasonable probability
17 that the inmate can be released without detriment to the community or to
18 the inmate; or (2) the secretary of corrections has reported to the board in
19 writing that the inmate has satisfactorily completed the programs required
20 by any agreement entered under K.S.A. 75-5210a, and amendments
21 thereto, or any revision of such agreement, and the board believes that the
22 inmate is able and willing to fulfill the obligations of a law abiding citizen
23 and is of the opinion that there is reasonable probability that the inmate
24 can be released without detriment to the community or to the inmate.
25 Parole shall not be granted as an award of clemency and shall not be
26 considered a reduction of sentence or a pardon.

27 (h) The prisoner review board shall hold a parole hearing at least the
28 month prior to the month an inmate will be eligible for parole under
29 subsections (a), (b) and (c). At least one month preceding the parole
30 hearing, the county or district attorney of the county where the inmate was
31 convicted shall give written notice of the time and place of the public
32 comment sessions for the inmate to any victim of the inmate's crime who
33 is alive and whose address is known to the county or district attorney or, if
34 the victim is deceased, to the victim's family if the family's address is
35 known to the county or district attorney. Except as otherwise provided,
36 failure to notify pursuant to this section shall not be a reason to postpone a
37 parole hearing. In the case of any inmate convicted of an off-grid felony or
38 a class A felony, the secretary of corrections shall give written notice of the
39 time and place of the public comment session for such inmate at least one
40 month preceding the public comment session to any victim of such
41 inmate's crime or the victim's family pursuant to K.S.A. 74-7338, and
42 amendments thereto. If notification is not given to such victim or such
43 victim's family in the case of any inmate convicted of an off-grid felony or

1 a class A felony, the board shall postpone a decision on parole of the
2 inmate to a time at least 30 days after notification is given as provided in
3 this section. Nothing in this section shall create a cause of action against
4 the state or an employee of the state acting within the scope of the
5 employee's employment as a result of the failure to notify pursuant to this
6 section. If granted parole, the inmate may be released on parole on the date
7 specified by the board, but not earlier than the date the inmate is eligible
8 for parole under subsections (a), (b) and (c). At each parole hearing and, if
9 parole is not granted, at such intervals thereafter as it determines
10 appropriate, the board shall consider: (1) Whether the inmate has
11 satisfactorily completed the programs required by any agreement entered
12 under K.S.A. 75-5210a, and amendments thereto, or any revision of such
13 agreement; and (2) all pertinent information regarding such inmate,
14 including, but not limited to, the circumstances of the offense of the
15 inmate; the presentence report; the previous social history and criminal
16 record of the inmate; the conduct, employment, and attitude of the inmate
17 in prison; the reports of such physical and mental examinations as have
18 been made, including, but not limited to, risk factors revealed by any risk
19 assessment of the inmate; comments of the victim and the victim's family
20 including in person comments, contemporaneous comments and
21 prerecorded comments made by any technological means; comments of
22 the public; official comments; any recommendation by the staff of the
23 facility where the inmate is incarcerated; proportionality of the time the
24 inmate has served to the sentence a person would receive under the Kansas
25 sentencing guidelines for the conduct that resulted in the inmate's
26 incarceration; and capacity of state correctional institutions.

27 (i) In those cases involving inmates sentenced for a crime committed
28 after July 1, 1993, the prisoner review board will review the inmate's
29 proposed release plan. The board may schedule a hearing if they desire.
30 The board may impose any condition they deem necessary to insure public
31 safety, aid in the reintegration of the inmate into the community, or items
32 not completed under the agreement entered into under K.S.A. 75-5210a,
33 and amendments thereto. The board may not advance or delay an inmate's
34 release date. Every inmate while on postrelease supervision shall remain in
35 the legal custody of the secretary of corrections and is subject to the orders
36 of the secretary.

37 (j) (1) Before ordering the parole of any inmate, the prisoner review
38 board shall have the inmate appear either in person or via a video
39 conferencing format and shall interview the inmate unless impractical
40 because of the inmate's physical or mental condition or absence from the
41 institution. Every inmate while on parole shall remain in the legal custody
42 of the secretary of corrections and is subject to the orders of the secretary.
43 Whenever the board formally considers placing an inmate on parole and

1 no agreement has been entered into with the inmate under K.S.A. 75-
2 5210a, and amendments thereto, the board shall notify the inmate in
3 writing of the reasons for not granting parole. If an agreement has been
4 entered under K.S.A. 75-5210a, and amendments thereto, and the inmate
5 has not satisfactorily completed the programs specified in the agreement,
6 or any revision of such agreement, the board shall notify the inmate in
7 writing of the specific programs the inmate must satisfactorily complete
8 before parole will be granted. If parole is not granted only because of a
9 failure to satisfactorily complete such programs, the board shall grant
10 parole upon the secretary's certification that the inmate has successfully
11 completed such programs. If an agreement has been entered under K.S.A.
12 75-5210a, and amendments thereto, and the secretary of corrections has
13 reported to the board in writing that the inmate has satisfactorily
14 completed the programs required by such agreement, or any revision
15 thereof, the board shall not require further program participation.
16 However, if the board determines that other pertinent information
17 regarding the inmate warrants the inmate's not being released on parole,
18 the board shall state in writing the reasons for not granting the parole. If
19 parole is denied for an inmate sentenced for a crime other than a class A or
20 class B felony or an off-grid felony, the board shall hold another parole
21 hearing for the inmate not later than one year after the denial unless the
22 board finds that it is not reasonable to expect that parole would be granted
23 at a hearing if held in the next three years or during the interim period of a
24 deferral. In such case, the board may defer subsequent parole hearings for
25 up to three years but any such deferral by the board shall require the board
26 to state the basis for its findings. If parole is denied for an inmate
27 sentenced for a class A or class B felony or an off-grid felony, the board
28 shall hold another parole hearing for the inmate not later than three years
29 after the denial unless the board finds that it is not reasonable to expect
30 that parole would be granted at a hearing if held in the next 10 years or
31 during the interim period of a deferral. In such case, the board may defer
32 subsequent parole hearings for up to 10 years, but any such deferral shall
33 require the board to state the basis for its findings.

34 (2) Inmates sentenced for a class A or class B felony who have not
35 had a board hearing in the five years prior to July 1, 2010, shall have such
36 inmates' cases reviewed by the board on or before July 1, 2012. Such
37 review shall begin with the inmates with the oldest deferral date and
38 progress to the most recent. Such review shall be done utilizing existing
39 resources unless the board determines that such resources are insufficient.
40 If the board determines that such resources are insufficient, then the
41 provisions of this paragraph are subject to appropriations therefor.

42 (k) (1) Parolees and persons on postrelease supervision shall be
43 assigned, upon release, to the appropriate level of supervision pursuant to

1 the criteria established by the secretary of corrections.

2 (2) Parolees and persons on postrelease supervision are, and shall
3 agree in writing to be, subject to search or seizure by a parole officer or a
4 department of corrections enforcement, apprehension and investigation
5 officer, at any time of the day or night, with or without a search warrant
6 and with or without cause. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to
7 authorize such officers to conduct arbitrary or capricious searches or
8 searches for the sole purpose of harassment.

9 (3) Parolees and persons on postrelease supervision are, and shall
10 agree in writing to be, subject to search or seizure by any law enforcement
11 officer based on reasonable suspicion of the person violating conditions of
12 parole or postrelease supervision or reasonable suspicion of criminal
13 activity. Any law enforcement officer who conducts such a search shall
14 submit a written report to the appropriate parole officer no later than the
15 close of the next business day after such search. The written report shall
16 include the facts leading to such search, the scope of such search and any
17 findings resulting from such search.

18 (l) The prisoner review board shall promulgate rules and regulations
19 in accordance with K.S.A. 77-415 et seq., and amendments thereto, not
20 inconsistent with the law and as it may deem proper or necessary, with
21 respect to the conduct of parole hearings, postrelease supervision reviews,
22 revocation hearings, orders of restitution, reimbursement of expenditures
23 by the state board of indigents' defense services and other conditions to be
24 imposed upon parolees or releasees. Whenever an order for parole or
25 postrelease supervision is issued it shall recite the conditions thereof.

26 (m) Whenever the prisoner review board orders the parole of an
27 inmate or establishes conditions for an inmate placed on postrelease
28 supervision, the board:

29 (1) Unless it finds compelling circumstances which would render a
30 plan of payment unworkable, shall order as a condition of parole or
31 postrelease supervision that the parolee or the person on postrelease
32 supervision pay any transportation expenses resulting from returning the
33 parolee or the person on postrelease supervision to this state to answer
34 criminal charges or a warrant for a violation of a condition of probation,
35 assignment to a community correctional services program, parole,
36 conditional release or postrelease supervision;

37 (2) to the extent practicable, shall order as a condition of parole or
38 postrelease supervision that the parolee or the person on postrelease
39 supervision make progress towards or successfully complete the
40 equivalent of a secondary education if the inmate has not previously
41 completed such educational equivalent and is capable of doing so;

42 (3) may order that the parolee or person on postrelease supervision
43 perform community or public service work for local governmental

1 agencies, private corporations organized not-for-profit or charitable or
2 social service organizations performing services for the community;

3 (4) may order the parolee or person on postrelease supervision to pay
4 the administrative fee imposed pursuant to K.S.A. 22-4529, and
5 amendments thereto, unless the board finds compelling circumstances
6 which would render payment unworkable;

7 (5) unless it finds compelling circumstances which would render a
8 plan of payment unworkable, shall order that the parolee or person on
9 postrelease supervision reimburse the state for all or part of the
10 expenditures by the state board of indigents' defense services to provide
11 counsel and other defense services to the person. In determining the
12 amount and method of payment of such sum, the prisoner review board
13 shall take account of the financial resources of the person and the nature of
14 the burden that the payment of such sum will impose. Such amount shall
15 not exceed the amount claimed by appointed counsel on the payment
16 voucher for indigents' defense services or the amount prescribed by the
17 board of indigents' defense services reimbursement tables as provided in
18 K.S.A. 22-4522, and amendments thereto, whichever is less, minus any
19 previous payments for such services;

20 (6) shall order that the parolee or person on postrelease supervision
21 agree in writing to be subject to search or seizure by a parole officer or a
22 department of corrections enforcement, apprehension and investigation
23 officer, at any time of the day or night, with or without a search warrant
24 and with or without cause. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to
25 authorize such officers to conduct arbitrary or capricious searches or
26 searches for the sole purpose of harassment; and

27 (7) shall order that the parolee or person on postrelease supervision
28 agree in writing to be subject to search or seizure by any law enforcement
29 officer based on reasonable suspicion of the person violating conditions of
30 parole or postrelease supervision or reasonable suspicion of criminal
31 activity.

32 (n) If the court which sentenced an inmate specified at the time of
33 sentencing the amount and the recipient of any restitution ordered as a
34 condition of parole or postrelease supervision, the prisoner review board
35 shall order as a condition of parole or postrelease supervision that the
36 inmate pay restitution in the amount and manner provided in the journal
37 entry unless the board finds compelling circumstances which would render
38 a plan of restitution unworkable.

39 (o) Whenever the prisoner review board grants the parole of an
40 inmate, the board, within 14 days of the date of the decision to grant
41 parole, shall give written notice of the decision to the county or district
42 attorney of the county where the inmate was sentenced.

43 (p) When an inmate is to be released on postrelease supervision, the

1 secretary, within 30 days prior to release, shall provide the county or
 2 district attorney of the county where the inmate was sentenced written
 3 notice of the release date.

4 (q) Inmates shall be released on postrelease supervision upon the
 5 termination of the prison portion of their sentence. Time served while on
 6 postrelease supervision will vest.

7 (r) An inmate who is allocated regular good time credits as provided
 8 in K.S.A. 22-3725, and amendments thereto, may receive meritorious
 9 good time credits in increments of not more than 90 days per meritorious
 10 act. These credits may be awarded by the secretary of corrections when an
 11 inmate has acted in a heroic or outstanding manner in coming to the
 12 assistance of another person in a life threatening situation, preventing
 13 injury or death to a person, preventing the destruction of property or taking
 14 actions which result in a financial savings to the state.

15 (s) The provisions of subsections (d)(1)(A), (d)(1)(B), (d)(1)(C) and
 16 (d)(1)(E) shall be applied retroactively as provided in subsection (t).

17 (t) For offenders sentenced prior to ~~May 25, 2000~~ July 1, 2013, who
 18 are eligible for modification of their postrelease supervision obligation, the
 19 department of corrections shall modify the period of postrelease
 20 supervision as provided for by this section:

21 (1) *On or before September 1, 2013, for offenders convicted of:*

22 (A) Severity levels 9 and 10 crimes on the sentencing guidelines grid
 23 for nondrug crimes ~~and~~;

24 (B) *severity level 4 crimes on the sentencing guidelines grid for drug*
 25 *crimes committed prior to July 1, 2012; and*

26 (C) *severity level 5 crimes on the sentencing guidelines grid for drug*
 27 *crimes ~~on or before September 1, 2000~~ committed on and after July 1,*
 28 *2012;*

29 (2) *on or before November 1, 2013, for offenders convicted of:*

30 (A) Severity levels 6, 7 and 8 crimes on the sentencing guidelines grid
 31 for nondrug crimes;

32 (B) *level 3 crimes on the sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes*
 33 *committed prior to July 1, 2012; and*

34 (C) *level 4 crimes on the sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes*
 35 *committed on or after July 1, 2012 ~~on or before November 1, 2000~~; and*

36 (3) *on or before January 1, 2014, for offenders convicted of:*

37 (A) Severity levels 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 ~~and 6~~ crimes on the sentencing
 38 guidelines grid for nondrug crimes ~~and~~;

39 (B) *severity level 3 levels 1 and 2 crimes on the sentencing guidelines*
 40 *grid for drug crimes committed at any time; and*

41 (C) *severity level 3 crimes on the sentencing guidelines grid for drug*
 42 *crimes ~~on or before January 1, 2001~~ committed on or after July 1, 2012.*

43 (u) An inmate sentenced to imprisonment pursuant to K.S.A. 21-

1 4643, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6627, and amendments
2 thereto, for crimes committed on or after July 1, 2006, shall be placed on
3 parole for life and shall not be discharged from supervision by the prisoner
4 review board. When the board orders the parole of an inmate pursuant to
5 this subsection, the board shall order as a condition of parole that the
6 inmate be electronically monitored for the duration of the inmate's natural
7 life.

8 (v) Whenever the prisoner review board orders a person to be
9 electronically monitored pursuant to this section, or the court orders a
10 person to be electronically monitored pursuant to subsection (r) of K.S.A.
11 2012 Supp. 21-6604, and amendments thereto, the board shall order the
12 person to reimburse the state for all or part of the cost of such monitoring.
13 In determining the amount and method of payment of such sum, the board
14 shall take account of the financial resources of the person and the nature of
15 the burden that the payment of such sum will impose.

16 (w) (1) On and after July 1, 2012, for any inmate who is a sex
17 offender, as defined in K.S.A. 22-4902, and amendments thereto,
18 whenever the prisoner review board orders the parole of such inmate or
19 establishes conditions for such inmate placed on postrelease supervision,
20 such inmate shall agree in writing to not possess pornographic materials.

21 (A) As used in this subsection, "pornographic materials" means: Any
22 obscene material or performance depicting sexual conduct, sexual contact
23 or a sexual performance; and any visual depiction of sexually explicit
24 conduct.

25 (B) As used in this subsection, all other terms have the meanings
26 provided by K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5510, and amendments thereto.

27 (2) The provisions of this subsection shall be applied retroactively to
28 every sex offender, as defined in K.S.A. 22-4902, and amendments
29 thereto, who is on parole or postrelease supervision on July 1, 2012. The
30 prisoner review board shall obtain the written agreement required by this
31 subsection from such offenders as soon as practicable.

32 Sec. 7. K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 75-5217 is hereby amended to read as
33 follows: 75-5217. (a) At any time during release on parole, conditional
34 release or postrelease supervision, the secretary of corrections may issue a
35 warrant for the arrest of a released inmate for violation of any of the
36 conditions of release, or a notice to appear to answer to a charge of
37 violation. Such notice shall be served personally upon the released inmate.
38 The warrant shall authorize any law enforcement officer to arrest and
39 deliver the released inmate to a place as provided by subsection (g). Any
40 parole officer may arrest such released inmate without a warrant, or may
41 deputize any other officer with power of arrest to do so by giving such
42 officer a written or verbal arrest and detain order setting forth that the
43 released inmate, in the judgment of the parole officer, has violated the

1 conditions of the inmate's release. A written arrest and detain order
2 delivered to the official in charge of the institution or place to which the
3 released inmate is brought for detention shall be sufficient warrant for
4 detaining the inmate. After making an arrest the parole officer shall present
5 to the detaining authorities a similar arrest and detain order and statement
6 of the circumstances of violation. Pending a hearing, as provided in this
7 section, upon any charge of violation the released inmate shall remain
8 incarcerated in the institution or place to which the inmate is taken for
9 detention.

10 (b) Upon such arrest and detention, the parole officer shall notify the
11 secretary of corrections, or the secretary's designee, within five days and
12 shall submit in writing a report showing in what manner the released
13 inmate had violated the conditions of release. After such notification is
14 given to the secretary of corrections, or upon an arrest by warrant as herein
15 provided, and the finding of probable cause pursuant to procedures
16 established by the secretary of a violation of the released inmate's
17 conditions of release, the secretary or the secretary's designee may cause
18 the released inmate to be brought before the prisoner review board, its
19 designee or designees, for a hearing on the violation charged, under such
20 rules and regulations as the board may adopt, or may dismiss the charges
21 that the released inmate has violated the conditions of release and order the
22 released inmate to remain on parole, conditional release or post release
23 supervision. It is within the discretion of the board whether such hearing
24 requires the released inmate to appear personally before the board when
25 such inmate's violation results from a conviction for a new felony or
26 misdemeanor. An offender under determinative sentencing whose violation
27 does not result from a conviction of a new felony or misdemeanor may
28 waive the right to a final revocation hearing before the board under such
29 conditions and terms as may be prescribed by rules and regulations
30 promulgated by the secretary of corrections. Relevant written statements
31 made under oath shall be admitted and considered by the board, its
32 designee or designees, along with other evidence presented at the hearing.
33 If the violation is established to the satisfaction of the board, the board
34 may continue or revoke the parole or conditional release, or enter such
35 other order as the board may see fit. The revocation of release of inmates
36 who are on a specified period of postrelease supervision shall be for a six-
37 month period of confinement from the date of the revocation hearing
38 before the board or the effective date of waiver of such hearing by the
39 offender pursuant to rules and regulations promulgated by the board, if the
40 violation does not result from a conviction for a new felony or
41 misdemeanor. Such period of confinement may be reduced by not more
42 than three months based on the inmate's conduct, work and program
43 participation during the incarceration period. The reduction in the

1 incarceration period shall be on an earned basis pursuant to rules and
2 regulations adopted by the secretary of corrections.

3 (c) If the violation results from a conviction for a new felony, upon
4 revocation, the inmate shall serve ~~the entire~~ *a period of confinement, to be*
5 *determined by the prisoner review board, which shall not exceed the*
6 remaining balance of the period of postrelease supervision, even if the new
7 conviction did not result in the imposition of a new term of imprisonment.

8 (d) If the violation results from a conviction for a new misdemeanor,
9 upon revocation, the inmate shall serve a period of confinement, to be
10 determined by the prisoner review board, which shall not exceed the
11 remaining balance of the period of postrelease supervision.

12 (e) In the event the released inmate reaches conditional release date
13 as provided by K.S.A. 22-3718, and amendments thereto, after a finding of
14 probable cause, pursuant to procedures established by the secretary of
15 corrections of a violation of the released inmate's conditions of release, but
16 prior to a hearing before the prisoner review board, the secretary of
17 corrections shall be authorized to detain the inmate until the hearing by the
18 board. The secretary shall then enforce the order issued by the board.

19 (f) If the secretary of corrections issues a warrant for the arrest of a
20 released inmate for violation of any of the conditions of release and the
21 released inmate is subsequently arrested in the state of Kansas, either
22 pursuant to the warrant issued by the secretary of corrections or for any
23 other reason, the released inmate's sentence shall not be credited with the
24 period of time from the date of the issuance of the secretary's warrant to
25 the date of the released inmate's arrest.

26 If a released inmate for whom a warrant has been issued by the
27 secretary of corrections for violation of the conditions of release is
28 subsequently arrested in another state, and the released inmate has been
29 authorized as a condition of such inmate's release to reside in or travel to
30 the state in which the released inmate was arrested, and the released
31 inmate has not absconded from supervision, the released inmate's sentence
32 shall not be credited with the period of time from the date of the issuance
33 of the warrant to the date of the released inmate's arrest. If the released
34 inmate for whom a warrant has been issued by the secretary of corrections
35 for violation of the conditions of release is subsequently arrested in
36 another state for reasons other than the secretary's warrant and the released
37 inmate does not have authorization to be in the other state or if authorized
38 to be in the other state has been charged by the secretary with having
39 absconded from supervision, the released inmate's sentence shall not be
40 credited with the period of time from the date of the issuance of the
41 warrant by the secretary to the date the released inmate is first available to
42 be returned to the state of Kansas. If the released inmate for whom a
43 warrant has been issued by the secretary of corrections for violation of a

1 condition of release is subsequently arrested in another state pursuant only
2 to the secretary's warrant, the released inmate's sentence shall not be
3 credited with the period of time from the date of the issuance of the
4 secretary's warrant to the date of the released inmate's arrest, regardless of
5 whether the released inmate's presence in the other state was authorized or
6 the released inmate had absconded from supervision.

7 The secretary may issue a warrant for the arrest of a released inmate for
8 violation of any of the conditions of release and may direct that all
9 reasonable means to serve the warrant and detain such released inmate be
10 employed including, but not limited to, notifying the federal bureau of
11 investigation of such violation and issuance of warrant and requesting
12 from the federal bureau of investigation any pertinent information it may
13 possess concerning the whereabouts of the released inmate.

14 (g) Law enforcement officers shall execute warrants issued by the
15 secretary of corrections, and shall deliver the inmate named in the warrant
16 to the jail used by the county where the inmate is arrested unless some
17 other place is designated by the secretary, in the same manner as for the
18 execution of any arrest warrant.

19 (h) For the purposes of this section, an inmate or released inmate is
20 an individual under the supervision of the secretary of corrections,
21 including, but not limited to, an individual on parole, conditional release,
22 postrelease supervision, probation granted by another state or an individual
23 supervised under any interstate compact in accordance with the provisions
24 of the uniform act for out-of-state parolee supervision, K.S.A. 22-4101 et
25 seq., and amendments thereto.

26 Sec. 8. K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 74-9101 is hereby amended to read as
27 follows: 74-9101. (a) There is hereby established the Kansas sentencing
28 commission.

29 (b) The commission shall:

30 (1) Develop a sentencing guideline model or grid based on fairness
31 and equity and shall provide a mechanism for linking justice and
32 corrections policies. The sentencing guideline model or grid shall establish
33 rational and consistent sentencing standards which reduce sentence
34 disparity, to include, but not be limited to, racial and regional biases which
35 may exist under current sentencing practices. The guidelines shall specify
36 the circumstances under which imprisonment of an offender is appropriate
37 and a presumed sentence for offenders for whom imprisonment is
38 appropriate, based on each appropriate combination of reasonable offense
39 and offender characteristics. In developing its recommended sentencing
40 guidelines, the commission shall take into substantial consideration current
41 sentencing and release practices and correctional resources, including, but
42 not limited to, the capacities of local and state correctional facilities. In its
43 report, the commission shall make recommendations regarding whether

1 there is a continued need for and what is the projected role of, if any, the
2 prisoner review board and whether the policy of allocating good time
3 credits for the purpose of determining an inmate's eligibility for parole or
4 conditional release should be continued;

5 (2) consult with and advise the legislature with reference to the
6 implementation, management, monitoring, maintenance and operations of
7 the sentencing guidelines system;

8 (3) direct implementation of the sentencing guidelines system;

9 (4) assist in the process of training judges, county and district
10 attorneys, court services officers, state parole officers, correctional
11 officers, law enforcement officials and other criminal justice groups. For
12 these purposes, the sentencing commission shall develop an
13 implementation policy and shall construct an implementation manual for
14 use in its training activities;

15 (5) receive presentence reports and journal entries for all persons who
16 are sentenced for crimes committed on or after July 1, 1993, to develop
17 post-implementation monitoring procedures and reporting methods to
18 evaluate guideline sentences. In developing the evaluative criteria, the
19 commission shall take into consideration rational and consistent
20 sentencing standards which reduce sentence disparity to include, but not be
21 limited to, racial and regional biases;

22 (6) advise and consult with the secretary of corrections and members
23 of the legislature in developing a mechanism to link guidelines sentence
24 practices with correctional resources and policies, including but not
25 limited to the capacities of local and state correctional facilities. Such
26 linkage shall include a review and determination of the impact of the
27 sentencing guidelines on the state's prison population, review of
28 corrections programs and a study of ways to more effectively utilize
29 correction dollars and to reduce prison population;

30 (7) make recommendations relating to modification to the sentencing
31 guidelines as provided in K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6822, and amendments
32 thereto;

33 (8) prepare and submit fiscal impact and correctional resource
34 statement as provided in K.S.A. 74-9106, and amendments thereto;

35 (9) make recommendations to those responsible for developing a
36 working philosophy of sentencing guideline consistency and rationality;

37 (10) develop prosecuting standards and guidelines to govern the
38 conduct of prosecutors when charging persons with crimes and when
39 engaging in plea bargaining;

40 (11) analyze problems in criminal justice, identify alternative
41 solutions and make recommendations for improvements in criminal law,
42 prosecution, community and correctional placement, programs, release
43 procedures and related matters including study and recommendations

1 concerning the statutory definition of crimes and criminal penalties and
2 review of proposed criminal law changes;

3 (12) perform such other criminal justice studies or tasks as may be
4 assigned by the governor or specifically requested by the legislature,
5 department of corrections, the chief justice or the attorney general;

6 (13) develop a program plan which includes involvement of business
7 and industry in the public or other social or fraternal organizations for
8 admitting back into the mainstream those offenders who demonstrate both
9 the desire and ability to reconstruct their lives during their incarceration or
10 during conditional release;

11 (14) appoint a task force to make recommendations concerning the
12 consolidation of probation, parole and community corrections services;

13 (15) produce official inmate population projections annually on or
14 before six weeks following the date of receipt of the data from the
15 department of corrections. When the commission's projections indicate
16 that the inmate population will exceed available prison capacity within two
17 years of the date of the projection, the commission shall identify and
18 analyze the impact of specific options for: (A) Reducing the number of
19 prison admissions; or (B) adjusting sentence lengths for specific groups of
20 offenders. Options for reducing the number of prison admissions shall
21 include, but not be limited to, possible modification of both sentencing
22 grids to include presumptive intermediate dispositions for certain
23 categories of offenders. Intermediate sanction dispositions shall include,
24 but not be limited to: Intensive supervision; short-term jail sentences;
25 halfway houses; community-based work release; electronic monitoring and
26 house arrest; substance abuse treatment; and pre-revocation incarceration.
27 Intermediate sanction options shall include, but not be limited to,
28 mechanisms to explicitly target offenders that would otherwise be placed
29 in prison. Analysis of each option shall include an assessment of such
30 options impact on the overall size of the prison population, the effect on
31 public safety and costs. In preparing the assessment, the commission shall
32 review the experience of other states and shall review available research
33 regarding the effectiveness of such option. The commission's findings
34 relative to each sentencing policy option shall be presented to the governor
35 and the joint committee on corrections and juvenile justice oversight no
36 later than November 1;

37 (16) at the request of the governor or the joint committee on
38 corrections and juvenile justice oversight, initiate and complete an analysis
39 of other sentencing policy adjustments not otherwise evaluated by the
40 commission;

41 (17) develop information relating to the number of offenders on
42 postrelease supervision and subject to electronic monitoring for the
43 duration of the person's natural life;

1 (18) determine the effect the mandatory sentencing established in
2 K.S.A. 21-4642 and 21-4643, prior to their repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp.
3 21-6626 and 21-6627, and amendments thereto, would have on the number
4 of offenders civilly committed to a treatment facility as a sexually violent
5 predator as provided pursuant to K.S.A. 59-29a01 et seq., and amendments
6 thereto;

7 (19) assume the designation and functions of the state statistical
8 analysis center. All criminal justice agencies, as defined in subsection (c)
9 of K.S.A. 22-4701, and amendments thereto, and the juvenile justice
10 authority shall provide any data or information, including juvenile offender
11 information, requested by the commission to facilitate the function of the
12 state statistical analysis center; and

13 (20) subject to the provisions of appropriation acts and the
14 availability of funds therefor, produce official juvenile correctional facility
15 population projections annually on or before November 1, not more than
16 six weeks following the receipt of the data from the juvenile justice
17 authority and develop bed impacts regarding legislation that may affect
18 juvenile correctional facility population.

19 *(21) be authorized to make statewide supervision and placement*
20 *cutoff decisions based upon the risk levels and needs of the offender. The*
21 *commission shall periodically review data and make recommended*
22 *changes.*

23 **(22) determine the impact and effectiveness of supervision and**
24 **sanctions for felony offenders regarding recidivism and prison and**
25 **community-based supervision populations.**

26 Sec. 9. K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6604, 21-6604a, 21-6604b, 21-6606,
27 21-6608, 21-6821, 22-3716, 22-3717, 74-9101 and 75-5217 are hereby
28 repealed.

29 Sec. 10. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its
30 publication in the statute book.