Approved: 12-18-2010

#### MINUTES OF THE HOUSE CORRECTIONS AND JUVENILE JUSTICE COMMITTEE

The meeting was called to order by Chairman Pat Colloton at 1:30 p.m. on February 15, 2010, in Room 144-S of the Capitol.

All members were present except:

Representative Bob Bethell- excused

#### Committee staff present:

Sean Ostrow, Office of the Revisor of Statutes Jason Thompson, Office of the Revisor of Statutes Athena Andaya, Kansas Legislative Research Department Jerry Donaldson, Kansas Legislative Research Department Jackie Lunn, Committee Assistant

Conferees appearing before the Committee:

Others attending:

See attached list.

# HB 2604 - Allowing the court to sentence a defendant to serve time in a work release program.

Chairperson Colloton Called the meeting to order and announced to the Committee they would be working bills today. She opened the floor for consideration of HB 2604.

### Representative Moxley made a motion to move HB 2604 out favorably for passage. Representative Brookens seconded.

Chairperson Colloton called on Sean Ostrow, Office of the Revisor of Statutes, to explain the balloon on HB 2604. (Attachment 1) Mr. Ostrow stated HB 2604 is the work release bill for County Jails and since the Kansas Department of Corrections has a work release program in place they felt this bill was too open. The amendment is to distinguish between the Kansas Department of Corrections work release program and the County Jail work release program. He also stated that the work release program would only be for defendants who had committed misdemeanors. (things that you cannot go to prison for)

A discussion followed.

Representative McCray-Miller made a motion to accept the amendment on HB 2604. Representative Moxley seconded. Motion carried.

Representative Moxley made a motion to move HB 2604 out favorably as amended for passage. Representative Brookens seconded.

<u>HB 2605</u> - Clarifying the investigation fees for services rendered by the KBI and other regional forensic and scientific laboratories.

Chairperson Colloton opened the floor for the consideration of HB2605 stating the bill was for the clarification of investigation fees for services rendered by the KBI and other regional forensic and scientific labs. She then called on Sean Ostrow, Office of the Revisor of Statutes, to explain the amendments to the bill. Mr. Ostrow called the Committee's attention to the copies of two amendments. (Attachment 2) (Attachment 3) He stated the amendments would require a charge of \$400 to the KBI for lab services. It also changed the word "rendered" to "provided" and changed the names of some of the fees so they would go to the appropriate place.

A lengthy discussion followed.

the individuals appearing before the committee for editing or corrections.

### Representative Frownfelter made a motion to sunset for 3 years. Representative Spalding seconded.

The discussion continued.



#### **CONTINUATION SHEET**

Minutes of the House Corrections and Juvenile Justice Committee at 1:30 p.m. on February 15, 2010, in Room 144-S of the Capitol.

# Representative Frownfelter withdrew his motion to sunset and Representative Spalding withdrew her second.

Chairperson Colloton announced she would hold <u>HB 2605</u> for another day because of the many concerns of the Committee.

# <u>HB 2637</u> - Requiring the court to charge a \$100 fee for collection of defendant's DNA information for storage in the KBI DNA database.

Chairperson Colloton opened the floor for the consideration of <u>HB 2637</u> and called on Sean Ostrow, Office of the Revisor of Statutes, to explain the balloon. (<u>Attachment 4</u>)He stated the amendment adds language stating "unless the defendant can prove to the court that he has paid such fees in connection with a previous conviction or adjudication after the word " after the word custody (Page 2-3, line 26).

A discussion followed.

# Representative Roth made a motion to adopt the balloon. Representative Brown seconded. Motion carried.

A discussion followed with the Committee having some concerns and Chairperson Colloton announced she would hold the bill for tomorrow and instructed the Revisor to bring as balloon for tomorrow that would address the Committee's concerns.

# <u>HB 2661</u> - Further amendments to the recodification of the criminal controlled substances provisions.

Chairperson Colloton called the Committee's attention to <u>HB 2661</u> and opened the floor for consideration. She called on Jason Thompson, Office of the Revisor of Statutes, to explain the bill. Mr. Thompson stated it was technically a clean-up bill.

# Representative Brookens moved to pass HB 2661 out favorably for passage. Representative Pauls seconded. Motion carried.

### HB 2505 - Release procedures and discharge of paroled inmates.

Chairperson Colloton called the Committee's attention to <u>HB 2505</u> and opened the floor for consideration. She called on Sean Ostrow, Office of the Revisor of Statutes, to give an overview of the bill. He stated that currently there is a provision that states parole from prison must be for a minimum of one year. The bill would change that one year minimum and make it at the discretion of the Parole Board.

# Representative Brown made a motion to report HB 2505 out favorably for passage. Representative Spalding seconded.

A lengthy discussion followed with several of the Committee members expressing their concerns with the bill.

### Chairperson Colloton called for a vote on the motion on the floor. Motion carried.

# <u>HB 2582</u> - Adding conspiracy and attempt to special sentencing requirement of presumptive imprisonment for second burglary offense.

Chairperson Colloton moved the Committee's attention to **HB 2582** and opened the floor for consideration.

She called on Jason Thompson, Office of the Revisor of Statutes, to explain the bill to the Committee. Mr. Thompson stated under current law if convicted of a second burglary you get presumptive imprisonment. The bill would add "conspiracy or attempt to commit burglary", also.

#### **CONTINUATION SHEET**

Minutes of the House Corrections and Juvenile Justice Committee at 1:30 p.m. on February 15, 2010, in Room 144-S of the Capitol.

A lengthy discussion followed. It was noted that this bill would have some prison bed impact but it would not be too high.

Representative Patton moved to pass HB 2582 out favorably for passage. Representative Brookens seconded. Motion carried.

HB 2453 - Enhanced penalties for certain drug crimes on or within 1,000 feet of a child care facility.

Chairperson Colloton moved the Committee's attention to HB 2453 and opened the floor for consideration.

Chairperson Colloton stated the Revisor has prepared a balloon that takes out daycare and adds in the presence of a child. She called on Sean Ostrow, Office of the Revisor of Statutes, to explain the balloon. (Attachment 5) Mr. Ostrow stated it would eliminated "Child care facility" (Page 5, lines 36 through 43), and add "Presence of a minor" means: (21) A minor is within close proximity to the illegal activity; (2) the illegal activity is conducted in a place where minors can reasonably be expected to be present; or (3) in the minor's dwelling. This definition shall not be construed as requiring that a defendant actually be aware of the presence of a minor or a minor actually be aware of illegal activity. And lastly, striking, on Page 6, line 27, part of line 28 and all of line 29 and line 30 and adding the following language "if the offender is 18 or more years of age and the controlled substance or controlled substance analog is distributed to a minor, in the presence of a minor or on or within 1,000 feet of any school property".

A discussion followed.

Representative Kinzer made a motion to pass HB 2453 out favorable as a substitute bill. Representative Frownfelter seconded.

The discussion continued.

Representing Brookens move the amendment on HB 2453, Page 5, line 21 and 22, to add language after the word dwelling, "whether minor is present in the dwelling or near. Representative Patton seconded.

A discussion followed.

Chairperson Colloton called for a vote on the Brookens amendment. Motion carried.

Chairperson Colloton announced to the Committee she would hold <u>HB 2453</u> until tomorrow when they can get the bed impact of the bill.

HB 2502 - Child witness protection act.

Chairperson Colloton moved the Committee's attention to <u>HB 2502.</u> She recognized Representative Patton to speak on the bill. Representative Patton suggested the bill be recommended to the Judicial Council.

A discussion followed.

Chairperson Colloton stated she would refer <u>HB 2502</u> to the Judicial Council for help. She adjourned the meeting at 3:10 p.m. with the next meeting scheduled for 12:30 p.m. on February 16, 2010, in room 144S.

# CORRECTIONS & JUVENILE JUSTICE GUEST LIST

DATE: 2-15-10

NAME	REPRESENTING
DNO HUTCHAGS	KB1
TOB JANION	Feronico (on 1012m
Amy Boydston	KS Children's Advocacy Centers
Helen Fedigo	KS Children's Advocacy Centers Sentencing
Kendra Hanson	Hein Caw Firm
ED KWAPP	KACP /KPOA/KSA
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#### **HOUSE BILL No. 2604**

By Committee on Corrections and Juvenile Justice

2-2

AN ACT concerning crimes, criminal procedure and punishment; relating to sentencing upon the conviction of a crime; relating to work release programs; amending K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 21-4603d and repealing the existing section.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 21-4603d is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-4603d. (a) Whenever any person has been found guilty of a crime, the court may adjudge any of the following:

- (1) Commit the defendant to the custody of the secretary of corrections if the current crime of conviction is a felony and the sentence presumes imprisonment, or the sentence imposed is a dispositional departure to imprisonment; or, if confinement is for a misdemeanor, to jail for the term provided by law;
  - (2) impose the fine applicable to the offense;
- (3) release the defendant on probation if the current crime of conviction and criminal history fall within a presumptive nonprison category or through a departure for substantial and compelling reasons subject to such conditions as the court may deem appropriate. In felony cases except for violations of K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto, the court may include confinement in a county jail not to exceed 60 days, which need not be served consecutively, as a condition of an original probation sentence and up to 60 days in a county jail upon each revocation of the probation sentence, or community corrections placement;
- (4) assign the defendant to a community correctional services program as provided in K.S.A. 75-5291, and amendments thereto, or through a departure for substantial and compelling reasons subject to such conditions as the court may deem appropriate, including orders requiring full or partial restitution;
- (5) assign the defendant to a conservation camp for a period not to exceed six months as a condition of probation followed by a six-month period of follow-up through adult intensive supervision by a community correctional services program, if the offender successfully completes the conservation camp program;
  - assign the defendant to a house arrest program pursuant to K.S.A.

Attachment

21-4603b and amendments thereto:

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- (7) order the defendant to attend and satisfactorily complete an alcohol or drug education or training program as provided by subsection (3) of K.S.A. 21-4502, and amendments thereto;
- (8) order the defendant to repay the amount of any reward paid by any crime stoppers chapter, individual, corporation or public entity which materially aided in the apprehension or conviction of the defendant; repay the amount of any costs and expenses incurred by any law enforcement agency in the apprehension of the defendant, if one of the current crimes of conviction of the defendant includes escape, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3809, and amendments thereto, or aggravated escape, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3810, and amendments thereto; repay expenses incurred by a fire district, fire department or fire company responding to a fire which has been determined to be arson under K.S.A. 21-3718 or 21-3719, and amendments thereto, if the defendant is convicted of such crime; repay the amount of any public funds utilized by a law enforcement agency to purchase controlled substances from the defendant during the investigation which leads to the defendant's conviction; or repay the amount of any medical costs and expenses incurred by any law enforcement agency or county. Such repayment of the amount of any such costs and expenses incurred by a county, law enforcement agency, fire district, fire department or fire company or any public funds utilized by a law enforcement agency shall be deposited and credited to the same fund from which the public funds were credited to prior to use by the county, law enforcement agency, fire district, fire department or fire company;
- (9) order the defendant to pay the administrative fee authorized by K.S.A. 22-4529, and amendments thereto, unless waived by the court;
- (10) order the defendant to pay a domestic violence special program fee authorized by K.S.A. 20-369, and amendments thereto;
- (11) assign the defendant to a work release program, provided such work release program requires such defendant to return to confinement at the end of each day in the work release program;
- $\frac{(11)}{(12)}$  impose any appropriate combination of (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9) and, (10) and (11); or
  - (12) (13) suspend imposition of sentence in misdemeanor cases.
- (b) (1) In addition to or in lieu of any of the above, the court shall order the defendant to pay restitution, which shall include, but not be limited to, damage or loss caused by the defendant's crime, unless the court finds compelling circumstances which would render a plan of restitution unworkable. In regard to a violation of K.S.A. 21-4018, and amendments thereto, such damage or loss shall include, but not be limited to, attorney fees and costs incurred to repair the credit history or rating of the person whose personal identification documents were obtained and

other than a program at a correctional institution under the control of the secretary of corrections as defined in K.S.A. 75-5202, and amendments thereto

if the defendant is convicted of a misdemeanor or a felony provision of K.S.A. 21-4704(i), and amendments thereto,

i) The sentence for the violation of the felony provision of K.S.A. 8-1567, subsection (b)(3) of K.S.A. 21-3412a, subsections (b)(3) and (b)(4) of K.S.A. 21-3710, K.S.A. 21-4310 and K.S.A. 21-4318, and amendments thereto, shall be as provided by the specific mandatory sentencing requirements of that section and shall not be subject to the provisions of this section or K.S.A. 21-4707 and amendments thereto. If because of the offender's criminal history classification the offender is subject to presumptive imprisonment or if the judge departs from a presumptive probation sentence and the offender is subject to imprisonment, the provisions of this section and K.S.A. 21-4707, and amendments thereto, shall apply and the offender shall not be subject to the mandatory sentence as provided in K.S.A. 21-3710, and amendments thereto. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other section, the term of imprisonment imposed for the violation of the felony provision of K.S.A. 8-1567, subsection (b)(3) of K.S.A. 21-3412a, subsections (b)(3) and (b)(4) of K.S.A. 21-3710, K.S.A. 21-4310 and K.S.A. 21-4318, and amendments thereto, shall not be served in a state facility in the custody of the secretary of corrections, except that the term of imprisonment for felony violations of K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto, may be served in a state correctional facility designated by the secretary of corrections if the secretary determines that substance abuse treatment resources and facility capacity is available. The secretary's determination regarding the availability of treatment resources and facility capacity shall not be subject to review.

county regional forensic science center shall be deposited in the Sedgwick county general fund, the fee for services rendered or administered by the Johnson county sheriff's laboratory shall be deposited in the Johnson county general fund and the fee for services rendered or administrated by the heart of America regional computer forensics laborators shall be deposited in the general treasury account maintained by the heart of America regional computer forensics laboratory and dishursed for the following:

- (1) Providing criminalistic laboratory services:

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- (2) the purchase and maintenance of equipment for use by the center or laboratory in performing analysis; and
- -(3) education, training and scientific development of the center's or laboratory's personnel. (a) The court shall order any person convicted or diverted, or adjudicated or diverted under a preadjudication program pursuant to K.S.A. 22-2906 et seq., K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 38-2346 et seq., or 12-4414, and amendments thereto, of a misdemeanor or felony to pay a separate court cost of \$400 for every individual offense if forensic science or laboratory services or forensic computer examination services are ren dered or administered in connection with the investigation by:
  - The Kansas bureau of investigation;
  - the Sedgwick county regional forensic science center;
  - the Johnson county sheriff's laboratory;
  - (4) the heart of America regional computer forensics laboratory; or
  - the Wichita-Sedgwick county computer forensics crimes unit.
- Such fees shall be ordered if the services rendered or administered support an investigation leading to the filing of charges, regardless of whether the person is ultimately convicted, adjudicated or diverted of such specific charged offense.
- (c) Such fees shall be in addition to and not in substitution for any and all fines and penalties otherwise provided for by law for such offense.
- (d) The court shall not lessen or waive such fees unless the court has determined such person is indigent and the basis for the court's determination is reflected in the court's order.
  - The fees for services rendered or administered by:
- (1) The Kansas bureau of investigation shall be deposited in the Kansas bureau of investigation laboratory analysis fee fund;
- (2) the Sedgwick county regional forensic science center shall be deposited in the Sedgwick county general fund;
- (3) the Johnson county sheriff's laboratory shall be deposited in the Johnson county general fund; ←
- (4) the heart of America regional computer forensics laboratory shall be deposited in the general treasury account maintained by such laboratory; and

Such fees shall be deposited into the provided designated fund of the laboratory or forensic science or computer center that provided such services. Fees for services provided by: Forensic Laboratory and Materials Fee

lprovided

sheriff's laboratory

analysis fee fund

Fund

- (5) the Wichita-Sedgwick county computer forensic crimes unit shall be deposited in the Sedgwick county general fund.
- (f) Disbursements from the funds and accounts described in subsection (e) shall be made for the following:
  - (1) Forensic science or laboratory services,
- (2) forensic computer examination services;

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- (3) purchase and maintenance of laboratory equipment and supplies;
  - (4) education, training and scientific development of personnel; and
- 9 (5) from the Kansas bureau of investigation lab analysis fee fund, the 10 destruction of seized property and chemicals as described in K.S.A. 22-11 2512 and 60-4117, and amendments thereto.
  - Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 28-176 is hereby repealed.
- 13 Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its 14 publication in the statute book.

be retained by the Sedgwick county sheriff. All funds retained by the sheriff pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be credited to a special fund of the sheriff's office.

county regional forensic science center shall be deposited in the Sedgwick county general fund, the fee for services rendered or administered by the Johnson county sheriff's laboratory shall be deposited in the Johnson county general fund and the fee for services rendered or administered by the heart of America regional computer forensics laboratory shall be deposited in the general treasury account maintained by the heart of America regional computer forensics laboratory and disbursed for the following:

—(1) Providing criminalistic laboratory services;

- (2)—the purchase and maintenance of equipment for use by the center or laboratory in performing analysis; and
- (3) education, training and scientific development of the center's or laboratory's personnel. (a) The court shall order any person convicted or diverted, or adjudicated or diverted under a preadjudication program pursuant to K.S.A. 22-2906 et seq., K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 38-2346 et seq., or 12-4414, and amendments thereto, of a misdemeanor or felony to pay a separate court cost of \$400 for every individual offense if forensic science or laboratory services or forensic computer examination services are rendered or administered in connection with the investigation by:
  - (1) The Kansas bureau of investigation;
  - (2) the Sedgwick county regional forensic science center;
  - (3) the Johnson county sheriff's laboratory;
  - (4) the heart of America regional computer forensics laboratory; or
  - (5) the Wichita-Sedgwick county computer forensics crimes unit.
- (b) Such fees shall be ordered if the services rendered or administered support an investigation leading to the filing of charges, regardless of whether the person is ultimately convicted, adjudicated or diverted of such specific charged offense.
- (c) Such fees shall be in addition to and not in substitution for any and all fines and penalties otherwise provided for by law for such offense.
- (d) The court shall not lessen or waive such fees unless the court has determined such person is indigent and the basis for the court's determination is reflected in the court's order.
  - (e) The fees for services rendered or administered by:
- (1) The Kansas bureau of investigation shall be deposited in the Kansas bureau of investigation laboratory analysis fee fund;
- (2) the Sedgwick county regional forensic science center shall be deposited in the Sedgwick county general fund;
- (3) the Johnson county sheriff's laboratory shall be deposited in the Johnson county general fund;
- (4) the heart of America regional computer forensics laboratory shall be deposited in the general treasury account maintained by such laboratory; and

contained in chapters 21, 41 or 65 of the Kansas Statues Annotated, and amendments thereto, or a violation of KSA 8-1567, and amendments thereto

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#### **HOUSE BILL No. 2637**

By Committee on Corrections and Juvenile Justice

2-3

AN ACT concerning court fees; relating to fees for the Kansas bureau of investigations DNA database; amending K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 75-724 and repealing the existing section.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 75-724 is hereby amended to read as follows: 75-724. (a) Any person required to submit a sample pursuant to subsection (e) of K.S.A. 21-2511, and amendments thereto, upon conviction or adjudication shall pay a separate court cost of \$100 as a Kansas bureau of investigation DNA database fee. convicted or adjudicated of an offense that, pursuant to K.S.A. 21-2511, and amendments thereto, requires submission of a DNA sample upon arrest, charging or placement in custody, shall pay a separate court cost of \$100 as a Kansas bureau of investigation DNA database fee for every individual offense upon conviction or adjudication.

(b) The court shall order such fees regardless of whether the person's DNA sample was already on file with the Kansas bureau of investigation at the time such person was arrested, charged or placed in custody.

(c) The court shall not lessen or waive such fees unless the court has determined such person is indigent and the basis for the court's determination is reflected in the court's order.

(b) (d) Such fees shall be in addition to and not in substitution for any and all fines and penalties otherwise provided for by law for such offense.

(e) (e) Disbursements from the Kansas bureau of investigation DNA database fee deposited into the DNA database fee fund of the Kansas bureau of investigation shall be made for the following:

(1) Providing DNA laboratory services:

(2) the purchase and maintenance of equipment for use by the laboratory in performing DNA analysis; and

(3) education, training and scientific development of Kansas bureau of investigation personnel regarding DNA analysis.

(d) (f) Expenditures from the DNA database fee fund shall be made upon warrants of the director of accounts and reports issued pursuant to vouchers approved by the attorney general or by a person or persons

, unless the defendant can prove to the court that he has paid such fees in connection with a previous conviction or adjudication.

and which is an immediate chemical intermediary used or likely to be used in the manufacture of a controlled substance, the control of which is necessary to prevent, curtail or limit manufacture.

- (h) "Isomer" means all enantiomers and diastereomers.
- (i) "Manufacture" means the production, preparation, propagation, compounding, conversion or processing of a controlled substance either directly or indirectly or by extraction from substances of natural origin or independently by means of chemical synthesis or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis and includes any packaging or repackaging of the substance or labeling or relabeling of its container. "Manufacture" does not include the preparation or compounding of a controlled substance by an individual for the individual's own lawful use or the preparation, compounding, packaging or labeling of a controlled substance:
- (1) By a practitioner or the practitioner's agent pursuant to a lawful order of a practitioner as an incident to the practitioner's administering or dispensing of a controlled substance in the course of the practitioner's professional practice; or
- (2) by a practitioner or by the practitioner's authorized agent under such practitioner's supervision for the purpose of or as an incident to research, teaching or chemical analysis or by a pharmacist or medical care facility as an incident to dispensing of a controlled substance.
- (j) "Marijuana" means all parts of all varieties of the plant Cannabis whether growing or not, the seeds thereof, the resin extracted from any part of the plant and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture or preparation of the plant, its seeds or resin. "Marijuana" does not include the mature stalks of the plant, fiber produced from the stalks, oil or cake made from the seeds of the plant, any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture or preparation of the mature stalks, except the resin extracted therefrom, fiber, oil or cake or the sterilized seed of the plant which is incapable of germination.
- (k) "Narcotic drug" means any of the following whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of vegetable origin or independently by means of chemical synthesis or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis:
- (1) Opium and opiate and any salt, compound, derivative or preparation of opium or opiate;
- (2) any salt, compound, isomer, derivative or preparation thereof which is chemically equivalent or identical with any of the substances referred to in paragraph (1) but not including the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium;
  - (3) opium poppy and poppy straw;
- (4) coca leaves and any salt, compound, derivative or preparation of coca leaves and any salt, compound, isomer, derivative or preparation

(k) "Minor" means a person under 18 years of age.

thereof which is chemically equivalent or identical with any of these substances, but not including decocainized coca leaves or extractions of coca leaves which do not contain cocaine or ecgonine.

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- (l) "Opiate" means any substance having an addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability similar to morphine or being capable of conversion into a drug having addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability. "Opiate" does not include, unless specifically designated as controlled under K.S.A. 65-4102, and amendments thereto, the dextrorotatory isomer of 3-methoxy-n-methylmorphinan and its salts (dextromethorphan). "Opiate" does include its racemic and levorotatory forms.
- (m) "Opium poppy" means the plant of the species Papaver somniferum l. except its seeds.
- (n) "Person" means individual, corporation, government or governmental subdivision or agency, business trust, estate, trust, partnership, association or any other legal entity.
- (o) "Poppy straw" means all parts, except the seeds, of the opium poppy, after mowing.
- (p) "Possession" means having joint or exclusive control over an item with knowledge of and intent to have such control or knowingly keeping some item in a place where the person has some measure of access and right of control.
- (q) "School property" means property upon which is located a structure used by a unified school district or an accredited nonpublic school for student instruction or attendance or extracurricular activities of pupils enrolled in kindergarten or any of the grades one through 12. This definition shall not be construed as requiring that school be in session or that classes are actually being held at the time of the offense or that ehildren must be present within the structure or on the property during the time of any alleged criminal act. If the structure or property meets the above definition, the actual use of that structure or property at the time alleged shall not be a defense to the crime charged or the sentence imposed.
- (r) "Simulated controlled substance" means any product which identifies itself by a common name or slang term associated with a controlled substance and which indicates on its label or accompanying promotional material that the product simulates the effect of a controlled substance.
- (s) "Child care facility" means any facility or home licensed or registered, or required to be licensed or registered, pursuant to article 5 of chapter 65 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto. This definition shall not be construed as requiring that children must be present within the facility or home during the time of any alleged criminal act. If the facility or home meets the above definition, the actual use of that facility or home at the time alleged shall not be a defense to the crime charged or the sentence imposed.

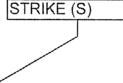
(r) "Presence of a minor" means: (1) A minor is within close proximity to the illegal activity; (2) the illegal activity is conducted in a place where minors can reasonably be expected to be present; or (3) in the minor's dwelling. This definition shall not be construed as requiring that a defendant actually be aware of the

presence of a minor or a

minor actually be aware

of the illegal activity.

minors





Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 21-36a05 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-36a05. (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to cultivate, distribute or possess with the intent to distribute any of the following controlled substances or controlled substance analogs thereof:

- (1) Opiates, opium or narcotic drugs, or any stimulant designated in subsection (d)(1), (d)(3) or (f)(1) of K.S.A. 65-4107, and amendments thereto;
- (2) any depressant designated in subsection (e) of K.S.A. 65-4105, subsection (e) of K.S.A. 65-4107, subsection (b) or (c) of K.S.A. 65-4109 or subsection (b) of K.S.A. 65-4111, and amendments thereto;
- (3) any stimulant designated in subsection (f) of K.S.A. 65-4105, subsection (d)(2), (d)(4) or (f)(2) of K.S.A. 65-4107 or subsection (e) of K.S.A. 65-4109, and amendments thereto;
- (4) any hallucinogenic drug designated in subsection (d) of K.S.A. 65-4105, subsection (g) of K.S.A. 65-4107 or subsection (g) of K.S.A. 65-4109, and amendments thereto;
- (5) any substance designated in subsection (g) of K.S.A. 65-4105 and subsection (c), (d), (e), (f) or (g) of K.S.A. 65-4111, and amendments thereto; or
- (6) any anabolic steroids as defined in subsection (f) of K.S.A. 65-4109, and amendments thereto.
- (b) It shall be unlawful for any person to distribute or possess with the intent to distribute a controlled substance or a controlled substance analog designated in K.S.A. 65-4113, and amendments thereto.
- (c) (1) Violation of subsection (a) is a drug severity level 3 felony, except that:
- (A) Violation of subsection (a) on or within 1,000 feet of any school property is a drug severity level 2 felony if that person is 18 or more years of age and the violation occurs on or within 1,000 feet of any child care facility or school property;
- (B) violation of subsection (a)(1) is a drug severity level 2 felony if that person has one prior conviction under subsection (a)(1), under K.S.A. 65-4161 prior to its repeal, or under a substantially similar offense from another jurisdiction; and
- (C) violation of subsection (a)(1) is a drug severity level 1 felony if that person has two prior convictions under subsection (a)(1), under K.S.A. 65-4161 prior to its repeal, or under a substantially similar offense from another jurisdiction.
- (2) Violation of subsection (b) is a class A nonperson misdemeanor, except that, violation of subsection (b) is a drug severity level 4 felony if the substance was distributed to or possessed with the intent to distribute to a child under 18 years of age.
  - (d) It shall not be a defense to charges arising under this section that

if the offender is 18 or more years of age and the controlled substance or controlled substance analog is distributed or possessed with the intent to distribute to a minor, in the presence of a minor or on or within 1,000 feet of any school property.

minor

the defendant was acting in an agency relationship on behalf of any other party in a transaction involving a controlled substance.

- Sec. 3. K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 21-36a10 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-36a10. (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to advertise, market, label, distribute or possess with the intent to distribute:
- (1) Any product containing ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, red phosphorus, lithium metal, sodium metal, iodine, anhydrous ammonia, pressurized ammonia or phenylpropanolamine or their salts, isomers or salts of isomers if the person knows or reasonably should know that the purchaser will use the product to manufacture a controlled substance; or
- (2) any product containing ephedrine, pseudoephedrine or phenylpropanolamine, or their salts, isomers or salts of isomers for indication of stimulation, mental alertness, weight loss, appetite control, energy or other indications not approved pursuant to the pertinent federal overthe-counter drug final monograph or tentative final monograph or approved new drug application.
- (b) It shall be unlawful for any person to market, distribute or manufacture with intent to distribute any drug paraphernalia, knowing or under circumstances where one reasonably should know that it will be used to manufacture or distribute a controlled substance in violation of K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 21-36a01 through 21-36a17, and amendments thereto.
- (c) It shall be unlawful for any person to distribute, possess with intent to distribute or manufacture with intent to distribute any drug paraphernalia, knowing or under circumstances where one reasonably should know, that it will be used as such in violation of K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 21-36a01 through 21-36a17, and amendments thereto, except subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 21-36a06, and amendments thereto.
- (d) It shall be unlawful for any person to distribute, possess with intent to distribute or manufacture with intent to distribute any drug paraphernalia, knowing, or under circumstances where one reasonably should know, that it will be used as such in violation of subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 21-36a06, and amendments thereto.
  - (e) (1) Violation of subsection (a) is a drug severity level 2 felony;
  - (2) violation of subsection (b) is a drug severity level 4 felony;
- (3) violation of subsection (c) is a severity level 9, nonperson felony, except that violation of subsection (c) is a drug severity level 4 felony if that person:
- (A) Distributes or causes drug paraphernalia to be distributed to a person child under 18 years of age; or
- (B) is 18 or more years of age and distributes or causes drug paraphernalia to be distributed on or within 1,000 feet of any child care facility or school property;
  - (4) violation of subsection (d) is a class A nonperson misdemeanor,

the offender is 18 or more years of age and distributes or causes drug paraphernalia to be distributed to a minor, in the presence of a minor or on or within 1,000 feet of any school property;



(A) Distributes or causes drug paraphernalia to be distributed to a person child under 18 years of age; or

- (B) is 18 or more years of age and distributes or causes drug paraphernalia to be distributed on or within 1,000 feet of any child care facility or school property.
- (f) For persons arrested and charged under subsection (a), bail shall be at least \$50,000 cash or surety, unless the court determines, on the record, that the defendant is not likely to re-offend, the court imposes pretrial supervision or the defendant agrees to participate in a licensed or certified drug treatment program.
- (g) As used in this section, "or under circumstances where one reasonably should know" that an item will be used in violation of this section, shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
- (1) Actual knowledge from prior experience or statements by customers;
  - (2) inappropriate or impractical design for alleged legitimate use;
- (3) receipt of packaging material, advertising information or other manufacturer supplied information regarding the item's use as drug paraphernalia; or
- (4) receipt of a written warning from a law enforcement or prosecutorial agency having jurisdiction that the item has been previously determined to have been designed specifically for use as drug paraphernalia.
- Sec. 4. K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 21-36a13 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-36a13. (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to distribute, possess with the intent to distribute, or manufacture with the intent to distribute any simulated controlled substance.
- (b) It shall be unlawful for any person to use or possess with intent to use any simulated controlled substance.
- (c) (1) Violation of subsection (a) is a nondrug severity level 9, non-person felony, except that violation of subsection (a) is a nondrug severity level 7, nonperson felony if that person is 18 or more years of age and the violation occurs on or within 1,000 feet of any child care facility or school property;
- (2) violation of subsection (b) is a class A nonperson misdemeanor Sec. 5. K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 21-36a01, 21-36a05, 21-36a10 and 21 36a13 are hereby repealed.
- Sec. 6. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.

the offender is 18 or more years of age and distributes or causes drug paraphernalia to be distributed to a minor, in the presence of a minor or on or within 1,000 feet of any school property

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