- **72-988.** Parental rights. (a) The rights of parents of exceptional children shall include, but not be limited to, the rights specified in this section.
 - (b) The parents of exceptional children shall have the right to:
- (1) Examine all records relating to such child and to participate in meetings with respect to the identification, evaluation, and educational placement of the child, and the provision of a free appropriate public education to such child, and to obtain an independent educational evaluation of the child;
- (2) written prior notice in accordance with K.S.A. 72-990, and amendments thereto, whenever an agency: (A) Proposes to initiate or change; or (B) refuses to initiate or change, the identification, evaluation, or educational placement of the child or the provision of a free appropriate public education to the child;
 - (3) receive the notice required by provision (2) in their native language, unless it clearly is not feasible to do so;
- (4) present complaints with respect to any matter relating to the identification, evaluation, or educational placement of the child, or the provision of a free appropriate public education to the child, subject to the requirements in K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-972a, and amendments thereto;
 - (5) request mediation in accordance with this act;
- (6) consent, or refuse to consent, to the evaluation, reevaluation or the initial placement of their child and to any substantial change in placement of, or a material change in services for, their child, unless a change in placement of their child is ordered pursuant to the provisions of K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-991a, and amendments thereto, or the agency can demonstrate that it has taken reasonable measures to obtain parental consent to a change in placement or services, and the child's parent has failed to respond. If the parent fails to respond to the request for parental consent to a substantial change in placement or a material change in services, the agency must maintain detailed records of written and verbal contacts with the parent and the response, if any, received from the parent;
 - (7) be members of any group that makes decisions on the educational placement of their child;
- (8) demand that their child remain in the child's current educational placement pending the outcome of a due process hearing, except as otherwise provided by federal law and this act;
- (9) subject to the requirements of this act, request a due process hearing in regard to any complaint filed in accordance with provision (4) of this subsection, or as authorized in K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 72-992a, and amendments thereto;
 - (10) appeal to the state board any adverse decision rendered by a hearing officer in a local due process hearing;
- (11) appeal to state or federal court any adverse decision rendered by a review officer in a state-level due process appeal; and
- (12) recover attorney fees, as provided in the federal law, if they are the prevailing parties in a due process hearing or court action; however, only a court shall have the authority to award attorney fees, and such fees may be reduced or denied in accordance with federal law.
- (c) The state board shall develop a model form to assist parents in filing a complaint and due process complaint notice.
- (d) The state board shall develop, and thereafter amend as necessary, and distribute for use by agencies, a notice of the rights available to the parents of exceptional children under the federal law and this act. The notice shall include a full explanation of the rights and be made available in various languages and be written so as to be easily understandable by parents.
- (e) A list of the rights available to the parents of exceptional children shall be given to the parents only one time each school year, except a copy also shall be given to the parents: (A) Upon initial referral or parental request for evaluation; (B) upon request of a parent; and (C) upon the initial filing of a complaint under subsection (b)(4).

History: L. 1999, ch. 116, § 17; L. 2005, ch. 171, § 15; July 1.