March 20, 2017

The Honorable Steven Johnson, Chairperson
House Committee on Taxation
Statehouse, Room 185-N
Topeka, Kansas  66612

Dear Representative Johnson:

SUBJECT: Fiscal Note for HB 2395 by House Committee on Taxation

In accordance with KSA 75-3715a, the following fiscal note concerning HB 2395 is respectfully submitted to your committee.

Under current law, individual income tax rates are set at 2.7 percent for income under $15,000 ($30,000 for married filing jointly) and at 4.6 percent for income $15,000 and over ($30,000 for married filing jointly) in tax year 2017, and the bottom rate is set to be lowered to 2.6 percent beginning in tax year 2018. HB 2395 would set the individual income tax rate at 5.0 percent for all taxpayers earning taxable income over $10,000 ($20,000 for married filing jointly) beginning in tax year 2017 and in all future tax years. No individual income taxes would be paid for all taxable income under $10,000 ($20,000 for married filing jointly) and the low-income exclusion would be eliminated after tax year 2016. The bill would eliminate the automatic income tax rate reduction procedure that has the potential to reduce individual income tax rates beginning in tax year 2021.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Estimated State Fiscal Effect</th>
<th>FY 2018 SGF</th>
<th>FY 2018 All Funds</th>
<th>FY 2019 SGF</th>
<th>FY 2019 All Funds</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Revenue</td>
<td>($82,800,000)</td>
<td>($82,800,000)</td>
<td>($64,400,000)</td>
<td>($64,400,000)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expenditure</td>
<td>$24,777</td>
<td>$24,777</td>
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<td>FTE Pos.</td>
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</table>

The Department of Revenue estimates that HB 2395 would decrease State General Fund revenues by $82.8 million in FY 2018 and by $64.4 million in FY 2019. The Department of Revenue indicates that State General Fund estimates for FY 2018 and FY 2019 are based on the November 2016 Consensus Revenue Estimate. The bill is retroactive and the fiscal effect is based on adjusting the individual income tax rates beginning on January 1, 2017. The estimate for FY 2018 includes 100.0 percent of tax year 2017 tax liability and 30.0 percent of tax year
2018 tax liability. The estimate for FY 2019 includes 70.0 percent of tax year 2018 tax liability and 30.0 percent of tax year 2019 tax liability.

The Department of Revenue indicates that the bill would require $24,777 from the State General Fund in FY 2018 to implement the bill and to modify the automated tax system. The required programming for this bill by itself would be performed by existing staff of the Department of Revenue. However, if the combined effect of implementing this bill and other enacted legislation exceeds the Department’s programming resources, or if the time for implementing the changes is too short, additional expenditures for outside contract programmer services beyond the Department’s current budget may be required.

The Department of Administration indicates that adjusting state income tax collections has the potential to have a fiscal effect on the amount of revenue collected from its debt setoff program. This program intercepts individual income tax refunds and homestead tax refunds and applies those amounts to debts owed to state agencies, municipalities, district courts, and state agencies in other states. Debts include, but are not limited to child support, taxes, educational expenses, fines, services provided to the debtor, and court ordered restitution. As the dollar amounts of refunds are increased, the amount available for possible debt setoffs is also increased. However, the Department is unable to make an estimate of the amount of debt setoffs that will be intercepted as a result of the bill. Any fiscal effect associated with HB 2395 is not reflected in The FY 2018 Governor’s Budget Report.

Sincerely,

Shawn Sullivan,
Director of the Budget

cc: Lynn Robinson, Department of Revenue
    Colleen Becker, Department of Administration