The Honorable Daniel Hawkins, Chairperson  
House Committee on Health and Human Services  
Statehouse, Room 186-N  
Topeka, Kansas  66612

Dear Representative Hawkins:

SUBJECT: Fiscal Note for HB 2575 by House Committee on Health and Human Services

In accordance with KSA 75-3715a, the following fiscal note concerning HB 2575 is respectfully submitted to your committee.

HB 2575 would require any insurance carrier offering a health plan in Kansas to develop and implement a program that provides incentives for insureds participating in the health plan. The bill would require that on or after January 1, 2019, insureds be provided incentives for receiving comparable health care services from a health care organization that charges less than the average allowed amount paid by that carrier to an in-network health care entity. These services would have to be for comparable health care services. Insurers would be required to provide insureds with at least 50.0 percent of the estimated savings to the plan and the insured could direct the method to receive the incentive as cash or credits. Incentives are not required if the savings is less than $25.

The bill would also require health insurance carriers to establish publicly accessible websites that enable an insured to request and obtain information from the carrier about payments made by the carrier to in-network health care entities for comparable health care services, as well as quality data for those health care entities, to the extent available. The bill would also require health care providers to provide prospective patients with information to assist patients in determining out of pocket costs for procedures.

The Kansas Department of Health and Environment states that enactment of HB 2575 would result in reduced savings for the state in incentive reward payments. For FY 2019, the reduced savings for the state would be $90,737 from fee funds and would only reflect one-half of the fiscal year. For FY 2020, the reduced savings would be $290,357 from fee funds. These savings are calculated based upon an assumption of 7.5 percent engagement of state employees in the first year and 12.0 percent engagement state employees for the second year.
The Kansas Insurance Department states that enactment of HB 2575 could have actuarial costs and medical professional consulting costs incurred by the agency in order to make determinations of comparable health services. There would be ongoing administrative costs incurred by insurance carriers and health care providers beyond the initial start-up costs. Administrative costs would likely affect premiums charged to individuals and groups. The agency states that these costs cannot be estimated. Any fiscal effect associated with HB 2575 is not reflected in *The FY 2019 Governor’s Budget Report*.

Sincerely,

Larry L. Campbell  
Chief Budget Officer

cc:  Glenda Haverkamp, Insurance  
     Dan Thimmesch, Health & Environment