2018 Kansas Statutes

- **84-8-103.** Rules for determining whether certain obligations and interests are securities or financial assets. (a) A share or similar equity interest issued by a corporation, business trust, joint stock company or similar entity is a security.
- (b) An "investment company security" is a security. "Investment company security" means a share or similar equity interest issued by an entity that is registered as an investment company under the federal investment company laws, an interest in a unit investment trust that is so registered, or a face-amount certificate issued by a face-amount certificate company that is so registered. Investment company security does not include an insurance policy or endowment policy or annuity contract issued by an insurance company.
- (c) An interest in a partnership or limited liability company is not a security unless it is dealt in or traded on securities exchanges or in securities markets, its terms expressly provide that it is a security governed by this article, or it is an investment company security. However, an interest in a partnership or limited liability company is a financial asset if it is held in a securities account.
- (d) A writing that is a security certificate is governed by this article and not by article 3, even though it also meets the requirements of that article. However, a negotiable instrument governed by article 3 is a financial asset if it is held in a securities account.
- (e) An option or similar obligation issued by a clearing corporation to its participants is not a security, but is a financial asset.
- (f) A commodity contract, as defined in K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 84-9-102(a)(15), and amendments thereto, is not a security or a financial asset.
- (g) A document of title is not a financial asset unless K.S.A. 84-8-102(a)(9)(iii), and amendments thereto, applies.

History: L. 1996, ch. 202, § 30; L. 2000, ch. 142, § 148; L. 2007, ch. 90, § 64; July 1, 2008.