84-9-508. Effectiveness of financing statement if new debtor becomes bound by security agreement. (a) Financing statement naming original debtor. Except as otherwise provided in this section, a filed financing statement naming an original debtor is effective to perfect a security interest in collateral in which a new debtor has or acquires rights to the extent that the financing statement would have been effective had the original debtor acquired rights in the collateral.

(b) **Financing statement becoming seriously misleading.** If the difference between the name of the original debtor and that of the new debtor causes a filed financing statement that is effective under subsection (a) to be seriously misleading under K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 84-9-506, and amendments thereto:

(1) The financing statement is effective to perfect a security interest in collateral acquired by the new debtor before, and within four months after, the new debtor becomes bound under K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 84-9-203(d), and amendments thereto; and

(2) the financing statement is not effective to perfect a security interest in collateral acquired by the new debtor more than four months after the new debtor becomes bound under K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 84-9-203(d), and amendments thereto, unless an initial financing statement providing the name of the new debtor is filed before the expiration of that time.

(c) **When section not applicable.** This section does not apply to collateral as to which a filed financing statement remains effective against the new debtor under K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 84-9-507(a), and amendments thereto.

History: L. 2000, ch. 142, § 79; July 1, 2001.

Revisor's Note:

Former section 84-9-508 was repealed by L. 2000, ch. 142, § 155 and the number reassigned to the current text.