## 2020 Kansas Statutes

- 66-1257. Same; definitions. As used in the renewable energy standards act:
- (a) "Affected utility" means any electric public utility, as defined in K.S.A. 66-101a, and amendments thereto, but does not include any portion of any municipally owned or operated electric utility.
- (b) "Commission" means the state corporation commission.
- (c) "Peak demand" means the demand imposed by the affected utility's retail load in the state.
- (d) "Renewable energy resources" means net renewable generation capacity from:
- (1) Wind;
- (2) solar thermal sources;
- (3) photovoltaic cells and panels;
- (4) dedicated crops grown for energy production;
- (5) cellulosic agricultural residues;
- (6) plant residues:
- (7) methane from landfills or from wastewater treatment;
- (8) clean and untreated wood products such as pallets;
- (9) (A) existing hydropower;
- (B) new hydropower;
- (10) fuel cells using hydrogen produced by one of the above-named renewable energy resources; and
- (11) energy storage that is connected to any renewable generation by means of energy storage equipment including, but not limited to, batteries, fly wheels, compressed air storage and pumped hydro.

History: L. 2009, ch. 141, § 2; L. 2012, ch. 101, § 3; L. 2015, ch. 75, § 2; Jan. 1, 2016.