Session of 2021

SENATE BILL No. 3

By Joint Committee on Corrections and Juvenile Justice Oversight

12-31

AN ACT concerning crimes, punishment and criminal procedure; relating to diversion agreements; creating a certified drug abuse treatment program for people on diversion; providing for supervision by court services or community corrections; amending K.S.A. 22-2907, 75-5291 and 75-52,144 and K.S.A. 2020 Supp. 22-2909 and repealing the existing sections.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

New Section 1. (a) There is hereby established a certified drug abuse treatment program for certain persons who enter into a diversion agreement in lieu of further criminal proceedings on and after July 1, 2021. Placement of divertees in a certified drug abuse treatment program pursuant to a diversion agreement shall be limited to placement of adults, on a complaint alleging a felony violation of K.S.A. 2020 Supp. 21-5706, and amendments thereto, whose offense is classified in grid blocks 5-C, 5-D, 5-E, 5-F, 5-G, 5-H or 5-I of the sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes who have no felony conviction of K.S.A. 65-4142, 65-4159, 65-4161, 65-4163 or 65-4164, prior to their repeal, K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 21-36a03, 21-36a05 or 21-36a16, prior to their transfer, or K.S.A. 2020 Supp. 21-5703, 21-5705 or 21-5716, and amendments thereto, or any substantially similar offense from another jurisdiction.

- (b) As part of the consideration of whether or not to allow diversion to the defendant, a divertee who meets the requirements of subsection (a) shall be subject to:
- (1) A drug abuse assessment that shall include a clinical interview with a mental health professional and a recommendation concerning drug abuse treatment for the divertee; and
- (2) a standardized criminal risk-need assessment specified by the Kansas sentencing commission.
- (c) The diversion agreement shall require the divertee to comply with and participate in a certified drug abuse treatment program if the divertee meets the assessment criteria set by the Kansas sentencing commission. The term of treatment shall not exceed 18 months.
- (d) Divertees who are committed to a certified drug abuse treatment program pursuant to subsection (c) may be supervised by community correctional services or court services pursuant to a memorandum of

Proposed Amendments to Senate Bill No. 3 Senate Committee on Judiciary Prepared by: Jason Thompson Office of Revisor of Statutes SB 3

understanding entered into pursuant to K.S.A. 22-2907, and amendments thereto.

- (e) (1) Divertees in a certified drug abuse treatment program shall be discharged from the program if the divertee:
 - (A) Is convicted of a new felony; or
- (B) has a pattern of intentional conduct that demonstrates the divertee's refusal to comply with or participate in the treatment program in the opinion of the county or district attorney.
- (2) Divertees who are discharged from such program pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be subject to the revocation provisions of the divertee's diversion agreement.
 - (f) For the purposes of this section:
- (1) "Mental health professional" includes licensed social workers, persons licensed to practice medicine and surgery, licensed psychologists, licensed professional counselors or registered alcohol and other drug abuse counselors licensed or certified as addiction counselors who have been certified by the secretary of corrections to treat persons pursuant to K.S.A. 2020 Supp. 75-52,144, and amendments thereto.
- (2) "Divertee" means a person who has entered into a diversion agreement pursuant to K.S.A. 22-2909, and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 2. K.S.A. 22-2907 is hereby amended to read as follows: 22-2907. (+)(a) After a complaint has been filed charging a defendant with commission of a crime and prior to conviction thereof, and after the district attorney has considered the factors listed in K.S.A. 22-2908, if it appears to the district attorney that diversion of the defendant would be in the interests of justice and of benefit to the defendant and the community, the district attorney may propose a diversion agreement to the defendant. The terms of each diversion agreement shall be established by the district attorney in accordance with K.S.A. 22-2909, and amendments thereto.
- $\frac{(2)}{(b)}$ Each district attorney shall adopt written policies and guidelines for the implementation of a diversion program in accordance with this act. Such policies and guidelines shall provide for a diversion conference and other procedures in those cases where the district attorney elects to offer diversion in lieu of further criminal proceedings on the complaint.
- (3)(c) Each defendant shall be informed in writing of the diversion program and the policies and guidelines adopted by the district attorney. The district attorney may require any defendant requesting diversion to provide information regarding prior criminal charges, education, work experience and training, family, residence in the community, medical history, including any psychiatric or psychological treatment or counseling, and other information relating to the diversion program. In all cases, the defendant shall be present and shall have the right to be

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represented by counsel at the diversion conference with the district attorney.

- (d) (1) A county or district attorney may enter into a memorandum of understanding with the chief judge of a judicial district or community correctional services to assist with supervision and monitoring of persons who have entered into a diversion agreement. The county or district attorney shall retain authority over whether a defendant is given the option to enter into a diversion agreement and whether the defendant's diversion agreement will be revoked.
- (2) A memorandum of understanding shall include provisions related to:
- (A) Determining the level of supervision needed for a defendant;
- (B) use of a criminal risk-need assessment; and
- (C) payment of costs for supervision.
- (3) When a person who has entered into a diversion agreement is supervised pursuant to a memorandum of understanding under this subsection, the person shall pay a supervision fee in the amount established in K.S.A. 2020 Supp. 21-6607(c)(3)(A) for misdemeanor or felony post-conviction supervision, as appropriate for the crime charged. The diversion supervision fee imposed by this paragraph shall be charged and collected by the district court. The clerk of the district court shall remit all moneys received under this paragraph from diversion supervision fees to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury and credit such amounts as follows: To the state general fund, a sum equal to 41.67% of such remittance; and to the correctional supervision fund, a sum equal to 58.33% of such remittance. The diversion supervision fee specified by this paragraph may be reduced or waived by the supervision officer.
- (4) When a person who has entered into a diversion agreement is supervised pursuant to a memorandum of understanding under this subsection, the person shall pay the actual costs of any urinalysis testing required as a term of supervision. Payments for urinalysis testing shall be remitted to the county treasurer for deposit in the county general fund. The costs of urinalysis testing may be reduced or waived by the county or district attorney.
- (5) The office of judicial administration may develop guidelines regarding the content of a memorandum of understanding between a county or district attorney and the chief judge of a judicial district and the administration of a supervision program operating pursuant to such memorandum of understanding.
 - Sec. 3. K.S.A. 2020 Supp. 22-2909 is hereby amended to read as

(B) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, expenditures from the correctional supervision fund of moneys received under this paragraph from diversion supervision fees shall be made to community correctional services in a proportional amount to the number of divertees assigned to supervision and monitoring by community correctional services. Annually, on or before July 1, the chief justice of the Kansas supreme court, or a person or persons designated by the chief justice, shall determine and certify the amount of funds received under this paragraph from diversion supervision fees and which shall be expended to community correctional services in the next fiscal year. The chief justice shall certify such amount to the director of accounts and reports and shall transmit a copy of such certification to the director of the budget and the director of legislative research. Upon receipt of each such certification, the director of accounts and reports shall transfer the amount certified from the correctional supervision fund to the community corrections account of the state general fund of the department of corrections.

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