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Re: Oral testimony for Education Interim Committee on Achievement

December 1st, 2021

Dear Honorable Chairwoman Williams and Members of Committee,

Thank you for the opportunity to provide testimony to you on student achievement and concerns I have about the current situation in our public schools specifically the impact it is having on our student's mental health and student achievement.

My name is Elaine Cluff. I am a mother of four children with one still school age. In May of 2020, I graduated with my degree in Elementary Education and then moved to Lenexa, Ks. and the Shawnee Mission School District. Due to this being in the middle of the pandemic and school being remote, I decided to wait a year to learn more about the school districts before looking for a teaching position and this allowed me to be home with my son. I quickly realized that I could not teach in any district in Johnson County or have my son participate in public education any longer.

On February 8th of this year, I spent the day listening to my 8th grade son and his classmates trying to come to terms with the suicide of one of their classmates. Just a few months prior, sophomores in Blue Valley were doing the same thing. At the end of October, Olathe lost 2 of their high school students within a week of one another. Over the past year, I have been to several school board meetings in Johnson County where mental health professionals explained that they are being overwhelmed with referrals and they cannot keep up. Parents have shared how their children are developing eating disorders, are harming themselves by cutting, or that their child is so full of stress and anxiety that they are scratching themselves raw. We have heard reports that there has been a substantial increase of children being admitted to the hospital for self-harm or suicide ideation. In May of this year, I asked the Shawnee Mission School District if they have followed the increase in referrals to mental health professionals, have they tracked the increase in calls to suicide hotlines, have they looked at how many students in our district and county have committed suicide? I cannot find any type of tracking on a local, county, state, or national level but we can see that there is something happening with our student's mental health which is impacting student achievement and we need to ask why.

To really understand what is happening in our schools regarding student achievement and their mental health, you must look at SEL, Deep Equity training, which go hand and hand, and the actual assignments our students are being asked to complete. In the KESA OVT Spring 2020 report, the Shawnee Mission School District stated that "the deep equity work is connected to SEL which is connected to increasing student achievement." I started the Corwin Deep Equity Training while

student teaching and could spend months talking about this topic, but I will give a brief overview. Throughout these trainings teachers are told that they are inherently racist, that students are not achieving because of their implicit and unconscious biases, and that their classrooms are equal to a police state where students must give up a piece of their identity when they enter the classroom. Teachers are told that white people are racist and oppressors, that students of color are victims, and every interaction needs to be examined through a racial lens. The training leads to the teacher using their classrooms as a platform for activism. Teachers are instructed to observe their peers to ensure they are utilizing this training in their classrooms and are required to report back to the administrators. The facilitators are trained on how to deal with their peers who do not agree with the training to get them on board or to remove them. This creates a very hostile environment for the teachers that seeps into the classroom, and many are leaving the profession because of this. Through the deep equity program, they have started affinity groups that are segregated by race. The next step in this training is to start the Youth Equity Stewardship Program which Shawnee Mission will start in the Spring of 2022.

While Social Emotional Learning has always been part of a well-rounded education, these programs have moved from learning social skills, to teaching our children what to think and how to feel. Through SEL, we are telling our students that there are specific things they should care about, have empathy for. Through SEL, we are asking our children to constantly self-reflect on their thoughts, actions, and feelings. They are also asked to complete Panorama surveys under SEL that ask very personal and intrusive questions of our students, as well, they are collecting and storing this personal data. SEL is part of Kansas State Standards, but how can you standardize emotions and behaviors? Who decides what attributes and behaviors should be taught or which are appropriate? Then we are adding on Positive Behavior Intervention Systems that use public shaming to drive positive behavior. Right now, there is a push for schools to focus more on SEL attributes than on academics with little data supporting that SEL does improve student achievement. However, it is placing undue pressure on our children to act or behave in specific ways.

Through their assignments, you can see how deep equity and SEL are being used together to promote activism in the classroom. They are asked to watch a documentary on whiteness and reflect on it. They are asked about policing in America and defunding the police. They are asked to research George Floyd, Black Lives Matter, what is racism and create projects. These are very politicized, divisive topics being pushed on our children in the classroom. So, how can our students have academic success when we are putting so much stress on them? We are sending them to school where are they are being taught that they need to worry about racism, sexism, gender inequality. Students are being told that they are privileged, or a victim based on the color of their skin or their sexuality or their gender identity. Our students are being encouraged to take a stand on these issues even if it goes against their beliefs.

Our districts are spending 100's of thousands of dollars on deep equity training and SEL programs citing that this is the answer to increasing student achievement without providing any evidence that it is working. Instead of seeing an improvement in student achievement, we are

seeing a decline in the mental well-being of our children, and we need to address what is causing it.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide testimony on student achievement and mental health.

Sincerely,

Elaine Cluff

Attachments

 $\frac{https://resources.finalsite.net/images/v1603986120/smsdorg/thfdtjukksk1qurky9ov/ShawneeMissionSchoolDistrictOVTReportSpring2020.pdf$

https://www.smsd.org/families/diversity-and-equity

Examples of Teacher Training Sessions

SMSD 2019-2020

- IMPLICIT BIAS' relationship to setting Expectations for students: Participants will learn what Implicit Bias is and is now, how Implicit Bias helps and hurts us, how Implicit Bias is formed, how Implicit Bias impacts our expectations for students, how to recognize and manage the Influence of Implicit Bias. Mindfulness And Conscious De-Biasing.
- Lens of Differences: This workshop will help participants understand how to suspend their own vision of the world and take on the perspective of others in an effort to make sense of the differences that often are the source of conflict and divide.
- INTERSECTIONALITY OF RACE & POVERTY in EDUCATION: Some evidence suggests that the intersection of race and social class information influences (a) stereotype expression, (b) categorization, (c) impressions, (d) prejudice, and (e) discrimination, revealing common links between Blackness and low social class and Whiteness and high social class in at least the United States. This workshop will illustrate that intersectionality and how it impacts educational outcomes for students.

<u>Professional Learning Workshops - Shawnee Mission School District (smsd.org)</u>

Screen shots from Corwin Deep Equity Training for staff

FOUNDATIONAL 5 PHASES

TONE AND TRUST



- Build a climate of constructive collaboration and transcend the rhetoric of shame and blame.
- Get tools to help gather real time data about the school clim
- Learn how to engage educators in open conversations about persistent inequities.

PERSONAL CULTURE AND PERSONAL JOURNEY



- . Define cultural competence and connect it with student outcome
- Learn how lack of inclusivity in school climate can cause adults and students to bring less than their full energy and focus to the classroom
- Start action-research processes for strengthening the cultural competence of each adult in the school.

SOCIAL DOMINANCE TO SOCIAL JUSTICE



- Explore issues of privilege, power, and difference.
- Link issues of dominance to current educational inequities
- Get tools that identify inequities in the school/district and elicit strategies for addressing those inequities.

CLASSROOM IMPLICATIONS AND APPLICATIONS



- Honor professionalism and the good intentions of the team, while examining how some behaviors and beliefs may be getting in the way.
- Learn which classroom interactions are most effective in reaching the full spectrum of diverse learners using the 7 Principles of Culturally Responsive Teaching.

SYSTEMIC TRANSFORMATION/PLANNING FOR CHANGE



- Identify organizational barriers to equity and apply a three-stage model for organizational transformation.
- Get tools that help plan and implement a 3-to-5-year initiative.
- Customize an evaluation design to track student outcomes and organizational growth.

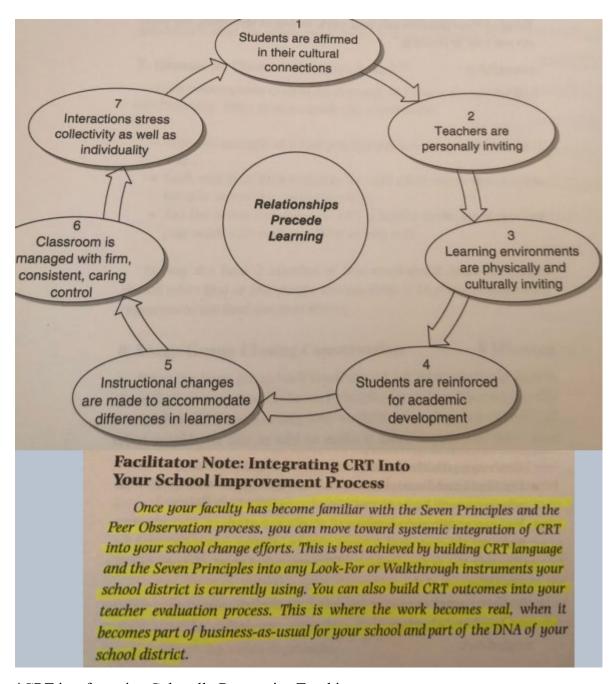
Systemic Gaps

The dynamics of dominance show up in our day-to-day lives, in our relationships, at home, in our neighborhoods, on the bus, in classrooms, streets and hallways. We can learn how to identify bullying, oppressive language, and insensitive jokes. We can put a name to these behaviors using the dynamics and we can learn how to respond in the moment we are oppressed in ways that might promote healing. But what about the forms of oppression and social dominance that are harder to see? Some forms of oppression are harder to see because we've gotten used to them. Many of us play out the roles of oppressor and victim without being fully conscious because the oppression itself is ingrained in the systems of our society. Our legal systems, our school systems, economic system, health care system etc. have deep historic and ongoing biases that serve certain people very well and others very poorly.





Who has attended a potlatch?	Who has traveled overseas at least twice?	Who speaks and understands two or more languages?	Who has hosted or recently met someone from another country?	Who is wearing something made in a foreign country?
Who has relatives living in another country?	Who has attended Bon O Dori?	Who has read a book by Alice Walker?	Who knows dances from 3 different cultures?	Who has lived on a farm?
Who has participated in the bone game?	Who has been to both Canada and Mexico?	Put Your Name Here	Who makes good Italian food?	Who has a Spanish surname?
Who has lived in more than 5 states?	Who can name 3 Motown hits?	Who has been to Lucia Bride Festival? Who knows why the Ethiopian New Year is on a different date?		Who has participated in a Seder celebration?
Who has worked for a woman supervisor?	Who is a first- generation immigrant to the U.S.?	Who comes from a family of seven or more children?	Who has attended a Cinco de Mayo celebration?	Who can name at least 10 American Indian tribes or nations?



*CRT is referencing Culturally Responsive Teaching

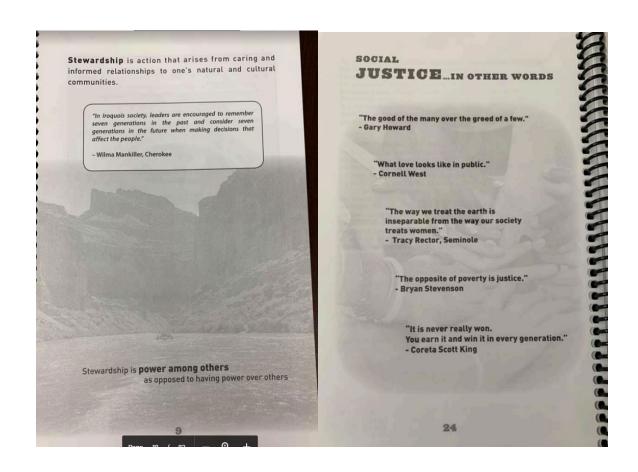
Leading with the heart — an arts-based curriculum to build student leadership, resiliency, and advocacy.

Through the 5 Phases of YES, students will gain the skills, training, and empowerment necessary to help recognize educational disparities and become active contributors to bottom-up school improvement efforts. They will be trained to facilitate professional development for their schools, recognize how to stop bullying driven by inequity, and how to positively impact their community's understanding and acceptance of all citizens. When implemented with Deep Equity, YES empowers students to form intergenerational teams with adult equity leaders.

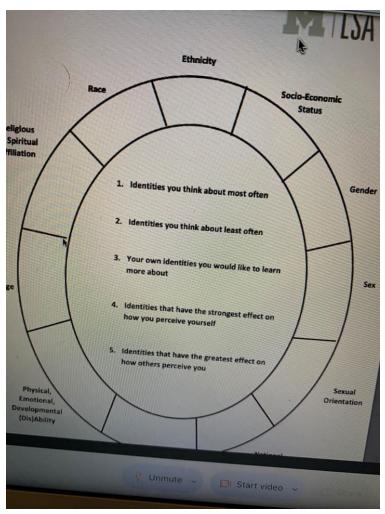


GATHERING 2 SOCIAL DOMINANCE TO SOCIAL JUSTICE

Today is about understanding how social dominance (power over others) shows up in our personal experiences, our relationships, and in our schools and institutions. Through sharing our personal stories, we will gain a deeper understanding of how we are impacted by and can perpetuate the dynamics of social dominance. We will also come to see that when we can recognize oppression and name it, we are more prepared to act as stewards working towards social justice.



Homework Examples from Shawnee Mission Northwest High School





ELA 3: Tuesday 9/22

Dozens of shell casing littered 33rd and Benton yesterday after reports of a drive by shooting. Three adults and a toddler were in the vehicle. Two adults are in critical condition, and the toddler was killed.



Why do you believe the crime is so high? What connections can you make to current events? Reflect.

VIOLENCE IN KANSAS

CRIME IS SKYROCKETING! IN 2019, THE KC METRO RECORDED 225 HOMICIDES. AS OF TODAY, WE ARE SITTING AT 210 FOR 2020.

As a response to the increasing violence in KC, a special task force was sent by the Department of Justice for supporting unsolved homicides and non-fatal shooting investigations; any outside help will not be used for regular policing or patrol activities—and solely to clear unsolved murders and shootings.

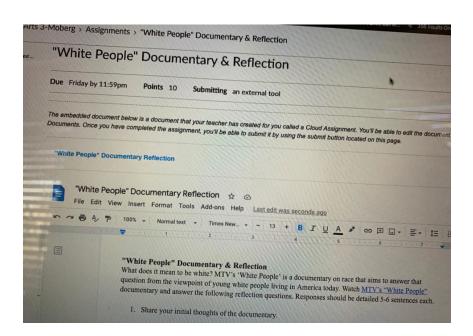
Operation LeGend

66

We don't have to defund police departments. We have to make sure they meet minimum basic standards of decency.

Joe Biden US presidential candidate





Description

Article link

In a 300 word response, properly embedding at least 2 quotes, and using MelCON respond to <u>one</u> of the following prompts:

Do you support the decriminalization of marijuana? Why or why not?

Do you support the assertion that the criminalization of marijuana has been especially damaging to communities of color

dystopian | dis'tōpēən |

adjective

relating to or denoting an imagined place or state in which everything is unpleasant or bad, typically a totalitarian or environmentally degraded one: the dystopian future of a society bereft of reason | the utopian dream that became a dystopian nightmare.

noun

a person who advocates or describes an imagined place or state in which everything is unpleasant or bad: a lot of things those dystopians feared did not come true.

Policing in America

Submit Assignment

Due Thursday by 11:59pm Points 30 Submitting a file upload

- · What is community policing? How could its implementation in US cities help the police regain public trust?
- What does "defund the police" mean? Do you agree or disagree with the relocation of some police spending into other community organizations?

In addition to the in-class articles, videos, and discussion, find an article from a reputable news source to help you answer ONE of the above questions; sorry, no Wiki.

Your MelCON paragraph must include:

2 embedded quotes with in-text citations

a Works Cited citation

Background Information Jigsaw Links

- Topic 1: Black Lives Matter Website
- Topic 2: What is Racism?
- Topic 3: George Floyd Protests
- Topic 4: Interview with Author
- Topic 5: Policing in America
- Topic 6: Is the Hate U Give Based on a True Story?
- Topic 7: Blue Lives Matter Wiki/Website

Read the information sheet that you are given. Then, assign a groufollowing tasks (put each group member's name next to their task):

- A- Summary Bullet Points:
- B- Key Words/Concepts:
- · C- Identifying Importance:
- D- Text-to-world Connections:

If a group member does not do their part, DO NOT do it for them. You being able to complete your own part.

1) Summary Bullet Points: Summarize your information in five bulle straight from the sheet-- put the information in your own words. Makunderstand your points.

SHAWNEE MISSION SCHOOL DISTRICT SMSD AFFINITY GROUPS (SAG)



WHAT ARE AFFINITY GROUPS?

In accordance with **Board Policy AC**, The Shawnee Mission School District (SMSD) is supporting the establishment of affinity groups, which are assemblies of underrepresented individuals (e.g. LGBTQ+, Hispanic, African American, Jewish, Muslim, etc.) who share common interests, backgrounds, and experiences and who come together to support each other and the district. These affinity groups are intended to support our underrepresented staff, students and the Shawnee Mission School District.

HOW WILL THE GROUPS BE STRUCTURED?

These groups will exist at the desire of students or staff members of a school feeder pattern. Members of advisory groups will govern themselves. A district administrator will be assigned to support each affinity group.





HOW CAN AN AFFINITY GROUP BE FORMED?

A group consisting of at least 5 people can identify themselves as an affinity group. An email sent to the Coordinator of Diversity, Equity, & Inclusion to document the group's formation will constitute an affinity group formation. Groups formed will be listed on the SMSD website for others to know whom to contact for joining.

https://sites.google.com/scusd.edu/antiracistclassroom/home

What and Why:

Racial Affinity Groups offer a structure of inquiry and can address many needs. They support us in exploring what has been forbidden, forgotten, and unhealed. For example, in Racial Affinity Groups, white people can discover together their group identity. They can cultivate racial solidarity and compassion and support each other in sitting with the discomfort, confusion, and numbness that often accompany white racial awakening. They can also discern white privilege and its impact without the aid of or dependence on People of Color (POC). White people who have formed Racial Affinity Groups report that they recognized their collective commonality and shared history, as well as the impact that their privilege has had on other races and on each Racial Affinity Group member.

While many POC may not need an affinity group to help them relate to their racial group membership, they may need to explore the diversity that exists among POC and across POC without having the distraction of having to educate white people on whiteness and its harm. A habitual focus on white people can distract POC from knowing themselves as a diverse body. Exploring this tender territory in a Racial Affinity Group can be a wholesome alternative to expecting white people at large, who often are not aware of being racial beings, to relieve the intense distress experienced by POC.

In a Racial Affinity Group, whether for POC or for whites, we have the opportunity to share our experiences and histories, examine our impulses, reinterpret meaning, and see clearly our role in racial harming and healing. Such groups support us in being more vulnerable and in grieving the ignorance, shame, and disgrace that often accommodate racial inquiry.

A Racial Affinity Group brings us into clear intention and is a critical step in developing, from the inside out, racial intimacy, literacy, and skillfulness. To separate into same-race groups, in this sense, is not intended to divide us but rather to leverage the fact that, in relative reality, we are racially divided. In a Racial Affinity Group, we use separation to more deeply understand this conditioning.

Racial Affinity Groups are fundamental to transforming habits of harm and to healing racism. Regardless of how you identify racially, no one is exempt from the need to intimately examine racial conditioning.

Excerpted and adapted from Mindful of Race: Transforming Racism from the Inside Out (King, 2018).

Racial Affinity Groups can be self-forming and completely voluntary.

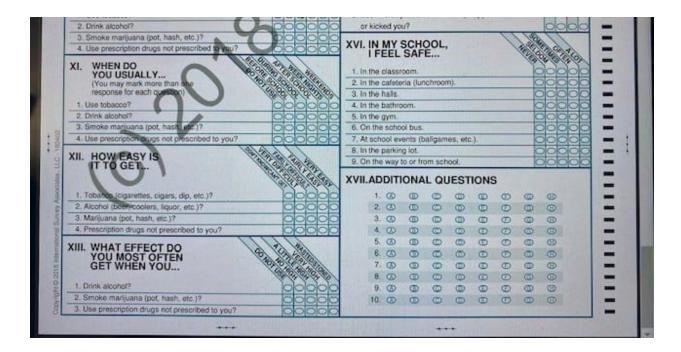
WHAT ARE RACIAL AFFINITY GROUPS?

Racial Affinity Groups **Racial Affinity Group** ARE Are NOT A time for White folx to do the following without harming Racist or segregationist and/or re-traumatizing BIPOC: Embrace, excavate, and reckon with their Whiteness, A replacement for including their privilege and power. doing mixed-race Examine how to center the voices and experiences of racial equity work BIPOC A time for White folx to A time for BIPOC to take care of themselves and one avoid discussion about race by focusing on another while doing the following in the absence of other identities Whiteness: Unpack racism, internalized oppression, and A time for White folx to racialized trauma rely on BIPOC to Discuss the impact of White Supremacy Culture and educate or coddle the pressure of assimilation them

Panorama Surveys Actual Questions

-St	Irveys CORRECT:	INCORRECT: VX	60	May not	be used without written permission from F	Pride Surveys.
-1	PERSONAL AND F	AMILY INFORMATIO	N			
	. Ethnic Origin:	3. Age:	4. Grade:	5. Do you live with	7. Do your parents have a job?	
	O White	10 years old or less	0.6	O both parents	Father	Mother
	O African American	O 11 years old	07	O mother only	Yes, full-time	0
HS III	O Hispanic/Latino	O 12 years old	08	O father only	O Yes, part-time	0
	Asian/Pacific Islander	O 13 years old	09	mother & stepfather	O No	0
	Native American Mixed Origin	14 years old 15 years old	O 10	of father & stepmother other	8. What is the educational level of father?	mother?
	O Other	16 years old	0 12	6. Do you have a job?		mother?
+ = 2	Sex:	17 years old	U 12	Yes, full-time	 Some high school High school graduate 	2
	O Male	O 18 years old		O Yes, part-time	O Some college	
	O Female	19 years old or more		O No	O College graduate	2
	I. STUDENT INFORMATION 1. Do you make good grades? 2. Do you get into trouble at so 3. Do you take part in school so 4. Do you take part in school so 6. Do you take part in communias scouts, rec. teams, youth 6. Do you attend church, syna 7. Do your parents talk with you tobacco, alcohol and drug us 9. Have you skipped school with permission in the past year 10. Does your school set clear school?	chool? ports teams? ctivities such as band, nity activities such n clubs, etc.? gogue, etc.? u about the problems of se? uhout your parents' ?		13. Do your parents punish: 14. Have you been in trouble 15. Do you take part in gang 16. Have you thought about 17. Do your friends use alco 18. Do your friends use alco 19. Do your friends use pres to them? 21. Have you had 5 or more breezers on liquor within.	you when you break the miles? I with the price? I activities? I	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
threat 12. Do yo III. WIT YEA	ening other students at scho ur parents set clear rules for THIN THE PAST AR HOW OFTEN VE YOU	ol? 00	000	when NOT at school in to V. HOW MUCH DO PEOPLE RISK H THEMSELVES P	or protection or as a weapon the past year? YOU THINK ARMING HYSICALLY	00
1. Used	tobacco (cigarettes, cigars,	19, etc.)?	000	OR IN OTHER W	AYS IF THEY	2343A3A
2. Drunk	alcohol (beer, coolers, liquo	r, etc.)?	000	1. Smoke one or more pack	ks of cigarettes per day?	10000
DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY NAMED IN	ed marijuana (pot, hash, etc	CONTRACTOR OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN 2 IS NOT	000		e pen, e-liquid rig, (JUUL, N2,	
4. Used cocaine (crack, etc.)		Joytech etc.) excluding n		0000		
- F - 180004.080	inhalants (glue, gas, etc.)?	00000	Course Street Course	3. Have five or more drinks	TO SECURE A SECURE A SECURITION OF THE SECURITIO	
	hallucinogens (PCP, LSD, e		000	(beer, coolers, liquor) on		0000
	heroin (opiates)?	00000	000	4. Take one or two drinks o		
	steroids?	00000		(beer, coolers, liquor) ne		0000
Charles and the second	ecstasy IMDMA, Molly)?	00000		5. Smoke marijuana once o		0000
ACCORDING TO STREET, S	meth (crystal, ice, crank, etc				nat are not prescribed to them?	0000
11 Used you (prescription drugs not presc such as Bitalin, Xanax or Ox	ribed to yContin)?	900	VI. DURING THE PA		The second
Market Co.	over-the-counter drugs (to g		000	Harrison registration of the control	erette, vape pen, e-liquid rig, (JUUL,	
13, 0590	synthetic marijuana (K2, Sp	ce, etc.) r COCOCO				00
IV. HO	IV. HOW DO YOU FEEL ABOUT SOMEONE YOUR N2, Joytech etc.) excluding marijuana products? 3. Did you drink one or more drinks of an alcoholic beverage?					00
	E HAVING ONE OR		Have you used marijuan		00	
	COHOLIC BEVERAC			S. Have you used margoan	ion drugs not prescribed to you?	00
			A STATE OF	6. Have you used over the	counter drugs (to get high)?	00
O Neither approve nor disapprove O Strongly disapprove			March L			00
O Somewhat disapprove O Don't know or can't say 7, Have you used inhalants (glue, gas, etc.)?						TOWN STATE OF
			000	00000000	OOOOOO ISER	IALI
PLEASE	DO NOT WRITE IN THIS A	HEA DOGGGG	0000			THE RESERVE THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED

VII AT WHAT AGE	XIV. VEHICLE SAFETY
VII. AT WHAT AGE DID YOU FIRST	1998
\$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	During the past 30 days, how many times
	did you drive a car or other vehicle when
000000	you had been drinking alcohol?
Smoke marijuana (pot, hash, etc.)? Use cocaine (crack, etc.)?	During the past 30 days, how many times did you ride in a car or other vehicle driven by someone
5. Use inhalants (glue, gas, etc.)?	who had been drinking alcohol?
6. Use hallucinogens (PCP, LSD, etc.)?	3. How often do you wear a seatbelt when driving a car?
7. Use heroin (opiates)?	Never O Sometimes Always
8. Use steroids?	Seldom O Most of the time O I don't drive
9. Use ecstasy (MDMA)?	How often do you wear a seat belt when riding in a car drawn by
10. Use meth (crystal, ice, crank, etc.)?	someone else?
11. Use prescription drugs not prescribed to you?	○ Nover ○ Sometimes ○ Always
12. Use over-the-counter drugs (to get high)?	Seldom Most of the time
VIII. HOW WRONG DO YOUR PARENTS FEEL IT WOULD BE FOR YOU TO	XV. WHILE AT SCHOOL HAVE YOU(Past Year) 1. Used the Internet or a cell phone to threaten
1. Smoke tobacco?	or embarrass someone else by posting mann
Have one or two drinks of an alcoholic	messages or photos of them?
beverage nearly every day?	2. Been threatened or embarrasted by someone
3. Smoke marijuana?	using the Integret or a deli phone to post mean
Use prescription drugs not prescribed to you?	messages of photos of your
IX. HOW WRONG DO YOUR	3. Carried a handgun?
FRIENDS FEEL IT WOULD BE	4. Carried a knife, club gaether weapon?
FOR YOU TO	5. Threatened a student with a handgun, knife or club?
10/0/0/0/	Threatened to hurt a student by
1. Smoke tobacco?	hitting slateing or kicking?
Have one or two drinks of an alcoholic	7 Hurl a student by using a handgun, knife or club?
beverage nearly every day?	8. Print a student by hitting, slapping or kicking?
3. Smoke marijuana?	2. Been threatened or embarrasted by someone
Use prescription drugs not prescribed to you?	using the Internet or a bell phone to post mean
	messages of photos of your
X. HOW WRONG DO YOUR	3. Carried a handgur?
FRIENDS FEEL IT WOULD BE	Carried a knife, club carether weapon?
FOR YOU TO	5. Threatened a student with a handgun, knile or club?
1. Smoke tobacco?	6. Thentened to hurt a student by
2. Have one or two drinks of an alcoholic	hitting/slapping or kicking?
beverage nearly every day?	7 klun a student by using a handgun, knife or club?
3. Smoke manjuana?	8. Phat a student by hitting, slapping or kicking?
Use prescription drugs not prescribed to you?	Been threatened with a handgun, knife or club
THE PARTY OF THE P	by a student?
C. WHERE DO	10. Had a student threaten to hit, slap or kick you?
YOU USUALLY	11. Been afraid a student may hurt you?
(You may mark more than one response for each question)	12. Been hurt by a student using a handgun, knife or club?
1. Use tobacco?	
2. Drink alcohol?	13. Been hurt by a student who hit, slapped or kicked you?
3. Smoke marijuana (pot, hash, etc.)?	or kicked you?
4. Use prescription drugs not prescribed to you?	XVI. IN MY SCHOOL,
at one breambour arings not prescribes a 14th	I FEEL SAFE
XI. WHEN DO	1. In the classroom.
YOU USUALLY (You may mark more than one	2. In the caleteria (lunchroom).
response for each question	3. In the halls.
1. Use tobacco?	4. In the bathroom.
2. Drink alcohol?	5. In the gym.
3. Smoke marijuana (pot, hash, ptc.)?	6. On the school bus.
4. Use prescription drugs not prescribed to you?	7. At school events (ballgames, etc.).
(4) 4)	8. In the parking lot.
XII. HOW EASY IS	9. On the way to or from school.
	XVII.ADDITIONAL QUESTIONS



Compared to what the school says the questions are like

English:

This school year (2019-2020) the Shawnee Mission School District is utilizing the Panorama Social-Emotional Learning survey to assess student's perseverance, grit, determination, school culture and student-teacher relationships. The Panorama Social-Emotional survey takes approximately 30 to 45 minutes to complete and will be administered once each semester. Parents must opt their student(s) in by signing into Skyward and completing a consent form. Survey data will be reviewed at the district and classroom level to determine areas of strength, as well as areas where more instruction and/or support is needed. Once survey results are returned, parents/guardians are welcome to see and discuss the results with their students' teachers, social workers, and counselors. Sample survey questions can be found here and here.

We encourage you to visit the Kansas State Department of Education (KSDE) website to learn more about how Social Emotional Learning benefits your child and their environment: https://www.panoramassessment-and-Instruction. All data is maintained by SMSD and will remain confidential! For more information about the Panorama SEL survey, visit https://www.panoramaed.com/social-emotional-learning

Please log in to Skyward and complete the consent form by or before March 6, 2020. For more information about Panorama in SMSD, please contact your student's school and/or follow this <u>link</u>. Thank you.



Panorama and the Shawnee Mission School District

What is Panorama?

Panorama is an assessment that is used to measure social-emotional learning in students who are in grades 3-12. These are skills that are key for success in school and life. Over 1,000 schools and districts use the Panorama Social Emotional Learning Survey to measure students' social and emotional skills.

What social-emotional skills are being measured?

In the Shawnee Mission School District, the following skills are being measured: grit, growth mindset, self-management, school climate and teacher-student relationships. Sample questions can be found here and here.

How often does my student take the Panorama survey?

Students take the survey two times per year, once a semester. This allows your student's school to monitor trends and provide help and support.

How will I know the results of my student's Panorama survey?

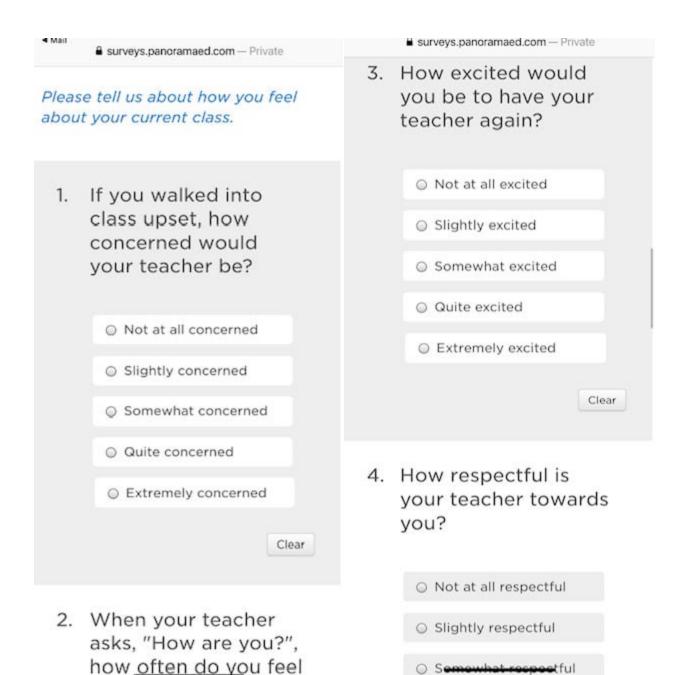
Once results are returned, parents will be notified and are encouraged to contact their student's school to see and discuss survey results.

Are Panorama results part of my student's report card or transcript?

Panorama results are used to support your student's social-emotional growth and to help schools set social-emotional learning goals. The results are not part of a student's grade card or transcript.

What if I'm concerned about my student's Panorama results?

Talk with your student's teacher, social worker and/or school counselor. Ask them what they observe in your student and what can be done to provide help and support. Your school will also have information about community resources for further support if needed.



school?