Session of 2022

SENATE BILL No. 364

By Committee on Judiciary

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AN ACT concerning the rules of evidence; relating to testimony in the 1 2 form of opinion or inferences; requiring courts to allow certain persons with specialized training to testify on the issue of impairment; 3 amending K.S.A. 2021 Supp. 60-456 and repealing the existing section. 4 5 6 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:* 7 Section 1. K.S.A. 2021 Supp. 60-456 is hereby amended to read as follows: 60-456. (a) If the witness is not testifying as an expert, the 8 testimony in the form of opinions or inferences is limited to such opinions 9 10 or inferences as the judge finds: 11 (1) Are rationally based on the perception of the witness; 12 (2) are helpful to a clearer understanding of the testimony of the 13 witness; and (3) are not based on scientific, technical or other specialized 14 15 knowledge within the scope of subsection (b). (b) (1) If scientific, technical or other specialized knowledge will help 16 the trier of fact to understand the evidence or to determine a fact in issue, a 17 witness who is qualified as an expert by knowledge, skill, experience, 18 19 training or education may testify thereto in the form of an opinion or 20 otherwise if: 21 (1)(A)The testimony is based on sufficient facts or data; 22 the testimony is the product of reliable principles and methods; (2)(B)23 and 24 (3)(C) the witness has reliably applied the principles and methods to the facts of the case. 25 26 (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if qualified by 27 knowledge, skill, experience, training or education, a witness shall be 28 allowed to testify in the form of an opinion or otherwise solely on the issue 29 of impairment, but not on the issue of specific alcohol concentration level, 30 relating to the following: The results of any standardized field sobriety test, including, but 31 (A)32 not limited to, the horizontal gaze nystagmus (HGN) test administered by 33 a person who has completed training in standardized field sobriety testing. 34 A witness who has completed training in standardized field sobriety testing 35 shall be qualified to give such testimony in any case in which such 36 testimony may be relevant; or

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1 (B) whether a person was under the influence of one or more 2 impairing substances and the category of such impairing substance or 3 substances. A witness who has received training and holds a current 4 certification as a drug recognition expert shall be qualified to give such 5 testimony in any case in which such testimony may be relevant.

6 (c) Unless the judge excludes the testimony, the judge shall be 7 deemed to have made the finding requisite to<u>its</u> such testimony's 8 admission.

9 (d) Testimony in the form of opinions or inferences otherwise 10 admissible under this article is not objectionable because it embraces the 11 ultimate issue or issues to be decided by the trier of the fact.

12 Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2021 Supp. 60-456 is hereby repealed.

13 Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its 14 publication in the statute book.