AN ACT concerning taxation; relating to marketplace facilitators sales and compensating use tax; requiring the collection and remittance for sales, compensating use and transient guest taxes and prepaid wireless 911 fees made on marketplace facilitator platforms; removing click-through nexus provisions; relating to income tax; providing for addition and subtraction modifications for the treatment of global intangible low-taxed income, business interest, capital contributions, FDIC premiums and business meals; expanding the expense deduction for income taxpayers and calculating the deduction amount; providing the ability to elect to itemize for individuals; exemption of unemployment compensation income attributable as a result of identity fraud; removing the line for reporting compensating use tax from individual tax returns; extending the dates when corporate tax returns are required to be filed; increasing the Kansas standard deduction; providing for an extension of the corporate net operating loss carryforward period; amending K.S.A. 79-3221, 79-3221o, 79-32,117, 79-32,119, 79-32,120, 79-32,138, 79-32,143, 79-32,143a and 79-3702 and repealing the existing sections.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

New Section 1. As used in sections 1 through 4, and amendments thereto:

(a) "Department" means the department of revenue.

(b) (1) "Marketplace facilitator" means a person, including any affiliate of the person, that:

(A) Contracts or otherwise agrees with marketplace sellers to facilitate for consideration, regardless of whether deducted as fees from the transaction, the sale of the marketplace seller's products or rooms, lodgings or accommodations through a physical or electronic marketplace operated, owned or otherwise controlled by the person; and

(B) either directly or indirectly through contracts, agreements or other arrangements with third parties, collects the payment from the purchaser and transmits all or part of the payment to the marketplace seller.
(2) A "marketplace facilitator" includes a person that provides a platform through which unaffiliated third parties offer to rent to and collect consideration from occupants for rental, for a period of less than 29 consecutive days, of rooms, lodgings, accommodations, homes, apartments, cabins or residential dwelling units that are intended to be used as a room, lodging or sleeping accommodation by one person or by two or more persons maintaining a common household, to the exclusion of all others. A person is not a marketplace facilitator with respect to the sale or charges for rooms, lodgings or sleeping accommodations, if such rooms, lodgings or sleeping accommodations are provided by a lodging establishment hotel as described in K.S.A. 36-501, and amendments thereto, and the lodging establishment hotel provides the rooms, lodgings or sleeping accommodations for occupancy under a brand belonging to such person or the person facilitates sales or charges on behalf of the lodging establishment hotel.

(3) A "marketplace facilitator" does not include:

(A) A platform or forum that exclusively provides advertising services, including listing products for sale, so long as the advertising service platform or forum does not also engage directly or indirectly through one or more affiliated persons in the activities described in section 1(b)(1)(A) or (b)(1)(B), and amendments thereto;

(B) a person whose principal activity with respect to marketplace sales is to provide payment processing services between two parties; or

(C) a derivatives clearing organization, designated contract market, foreign board of trade or swap execution facility, registered with the commodity futures trading commission, and any clearing members, futures commission merchants or brokers when using the services of the commodity futures trading commission.

(c) "Marketplace seller" means a seller that makes sales through any physical or electronic marketplace operated, owned or controlled by a marketplace facilitator.

(d) "Tax" means:

(1) The retailers' sales tax imposed under K.S.A. 79-3603, and amendments thereto;

(2) the compensating use tax imposed under K.S.A. 79-3703, and amendments thereto; or

(3) the transient guest tax imposed under K.S.A. 12-1693 or 12-1697, and amendments thereto, or any applicable city or county resolution or ordinance.

New Sec. 2. (a) (1) Any marketplace facilitator selling or facilitating the sale of property or services subject to tax in this state shall be required to collect and remit such taxes and follow all applicable procedures and requirements provided by law for the collection and remittance of such
taxes. A marketplace facilitator shall only be required to collect and remit such taxes if the following criteria are satisfied in the previous during the current or immediately preceding calendar year:

(1)(A) The marketplace facilitator makes sales of property or services otherwise subject to tax in the state in an amount exceeding $100,000; or

(2)(B) if a marketplace facilitator makes or facilitates the sale of property or services subject to tax in the state, on its own behalf or on behalf of one or more marketplace sellers, for delivery into this state in an amount exceeding $100,000.

(2) For any marketplace facilitator who satisfies the provisions of this subsection for sales in the current calendar year for the first time, such marketplace facilitator shall be required to collect and remit the tax on any sales in excess of $100,000 of cumulative gross receipts from sales in the current calendar year for delivery into this state.

(b) The department may grant a waiver from the requirements of this section if a marketplace facilitator demonstrates, to the satisfaction of the department, that substantially all of its marketplace sellers already are collecting and remitting taxes to the department. If such waiver is granted, the taxes levied shall be collectible from the marketplace seller. The department shall promulgate rules and regulations that establish:

(1) The criteria for obtaining a waiver pursuant to this section;

(2) the process and procedure for a marketplace facilitator to apply for a waiver; and

(3) the process for providing notice to an affected marketplace facilitator and marketplace seller of a waiver obtained pursuant to this subsection.

(c) Nothing in this section shall prohibit the marketplace facilitator and the marketplace seller from contractually agreeing to have the marketplace seller collect and remit all applicable taxes and fees if the marketplace seller:

(1) Has annual gross sales in the United States over $1,000,000,000, including the gross sales of any related entities, and, in the case of franchised entities, including the combined sales of all franchisees of a single franchisor;

(2) provides evidence to the marketplace facilitator that the marketplace seller is registered pursuant to K.S.A. 79-3608, and amendments thereto; and

(3) notifies the department in the manner prescribed by the department that the marketplace seller will collect and remit all applicable taxes and fees on sales through the marketplace and is liable for failure to collect or remit applicable taxes and fees on such sales.

(d) Prior to January April 1, 2022, if a marketplace facilitator sells or facilitates the sale of prepaid wireless service, the provider of such prepaid
wireless service is not liable for collection or payment of the prepaid wireless 911 fees imposed under K.S.A. 12-5371, and amendments thereto, unless such prepaid wireless provider is a marketplace seller collecting taxes under the provisions of a waiver granted in subsection (b).

(e) On and after January 1, 2022, any marketplace facilitator that is obligated to collect the taxes imposed under this act, shall also collect and remit to the department applicable prepaid wireless 911 fees imposed under K.S.A. 12-5371, and amendments thereto.

New Sec. 3. (a) Except as provided in section 2(b) or (c), and amendments thereto, a marketplace facilitator doing business in this state under section 2, and amendments thereto, shall collect and remit the taxes on all taxable sales made by the marketplace facilitator or facilitated for marketplace sellers to customers in this state, regardless of whether the marketplace seller for whom sales are facilitated has registered to collect taxes or would have been required to collect taxes if the sale had not been facilitated by the marketplace facilitator. A marketplace facilitator has the same rights and duties as a seller to collect and remit all such taxes. Marketplace facilitators and marketplace sellers may enter into agreements with each other regarding fulfillment of the requirements of this section, but the marketplace facilitator remains the party that is liable to the state for fulfilling such requirements.

(b) A marketplace facilitator shall either:

(1) Report the tax imposed pursuant to subsection (a) separately from any taxes collected on taxable sales made directly by the marketplace facilitator, or affiliates of the marketplace facilitator, to customers in this state using a separate form to be published by the department; or

(2) report the tax imposed pursuant to subsection (a) combined with any taxes collected on taxable sales made directly by the marketplace facilitator, or affiliates of the marketplace facilitator.

(c) No class action may be brought against a marketplace facilitator in any court of this state on behalf of customers arising from or in any way related to an overpayment of tax collected on sales facilitated by the marketplace facilitator, regardless of whether that claim is characterized as a tax refund claim. Nothing in this subsection affects a customer's right to seek a refund as provided under K.S.A. 79-3650, and amendments thereto.

(d) Nothing in this section affects the obligation of any consumer to remit the tax for any taxable transaction for which a marketplace facilitator or seller does not collect and remit the tax.

(e) The department shall solely audit the marketplace facilitator for sales made by marketplace sellers but facilitated by the marketplace facilitator, except with respect to transactions that are subject to section 2(b) or (c), and amendments thereto. The department shall not audit or otherwise assess tax against marketplace sellers for sales facilitated by a
marketplace facilitator except to the extent that the marketplace facilitator seeks relief under subsection (f) or with respect to transactions that are subject to section 2(b) or (c), and amendments thereto.

(f) A marketplace facilitator shall be relieved of liability under this section for failure to collect and remit the correct amount of tax to the extent that the error was due to incorrect or insufficient information on the nature of the product or service given to the marketplace facilitator by the marketplace seller, if the marketplace facilitator can demonstrate a reasonable effort to obtain correct and sufficient information from the marketplace seller. This subsection shall not apply if the marketplace facilitator and the marketplace seller are under common ownership and control.

(g) The department may waive penalties and interest if a marketplace facilitator seeks liability relief and the department determines that reasonable cause exists.

(h) A marketplace facilitator shall be relieved of liability under this section if it can prove, to the satisfaction of the department, that the tax levied on a sale facilitated by the marketplace facilitator was paid to the department by the marketplace seller.

New Sec. 4. A marketplace facilitator shall not be required to collect and remit any taxes from sales occurring prior to July 1, 2021.

New Sec. 5. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for any individual whose identity was fraudulently used to secure unemployment compensation, if such individual never received such compensation, such compensation shall not be considered gross income and shall not be taxable for Kansas income tax purposes after determination by the department of labor that the benefits were obtained fraudulently by another individual.

Sec. 6. K.S.A. 79-3221 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-3221. (a) All returns required by this act shall be made as nearly as practical in the same form as the corresponding form of income tax return by the United States. Unless another identifying number has been assigned to an individual by the internal revenue service for purposes of filing such individual's federal income tax return, the social security number issued to an individual, the individual's spouse, and all dependents of such individual for purposes of section 205(c)(2) (A) of the social security act shall be used as the identifying number and included on the return when filing such return.

(b) All returns shall be filed in the office of the director of taxation on or before the 15th day of the fourth month following the close of the taxable year, except as provided in subsection (c) hereof. Tentative returns may be filed before the close of the taxable year and the estimated tax computed on such return, paid, but no interest will
be paid on any overpayment of tax liability, computed on such
tentative return.

(c) (1) The director of taxation may grant a reasonable extension
of time for filing returns in accordance with rules and regulations of
the secretary of revenue. Whenever any such extension of time to file
is requested by a taxpayer and granted by the director with respect to
any tax year commencing after December 31, 1992, no penalty
authorized by K.S.A. 79-3228, and amendments thereto, shall be
imposed if 90% of the liability is paid on or before the original due
date.

(2) For any tax year commencing after December 31, 2019, any
taxpayer filing a corporate tax return shall file the return in the office of
the director of taxation:

(A) Not later than one month after the due date established under the
federal internal revenue code, including any applicable extensions granted
by the internal revenue service; and

(B) no penalty authorized by K.S.A. 79-3228, and amendments
thereto, shall be imposed if the return is filed within one month after
receiving an extension to file a tax return with the internal revenue
service. The taxpayer shall not be required to file an extension request
with the director pursuant to this subparagraph.

(d) In the case of an individual serving in the armed forces of the
United States, or serving in support of such armed forces, in an area
designated by the president of the United States by executive order as
a "combat zone" as defined under 26 U.S.C. § 112 at any time during
the period designated by the president by executive order as the
period of combatant activities in such zone for the purposes of such
section, or hospitalized as a result of injury received or sickness
incurred while serving in such an area during such time, the period of
service in such area, plus the period of continuous qualified
hospitalization attributable to such injury or sickness, and the next
180 days thereafter, shall be disregarded in determining, under article
32 of chapter 79 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments
thereto, in respect to any tax liability, including any interest, penalty,
additional amount, or addition to the tax, of such individual:

(1) Whether any of the following acts was performed within the
time prescribed therefor: (A) Filing any return of income tax; (B)
payment of any income tax or installment thereof; (C) filing a notice of
appeal with the director of taxation or the state board of tax appeals
for redetermination of a deficiency or for a review of a decision
rendered by either the director or the state board of tax appeals; (D)
allowance of a credit or refund of any income tax; (E) filing a claim for
credit or refund of any income tax; (F) bringing suit upon any such
claim for credit or refund; (G) assessment of any income tax; (H) giving or making any notice or demand for the payment of any income tax, or with respect to any liability to the state of Kansas in respect of any income tax; (I) collection, by the director of taxation or the director's agent, by warrant, levy or otherwise, of the amount of any liability in respect to any income tax; (J) bringing suit by the state of Kansas, or any officer on its behalf, in respect to any liability in respect of any income tax; and (K) any other act required or permitted under the Kansas income tax act specified in rules and regulations adopted by the secretary of revenue under this section;

(2) the amount of any credit or refund.

(e) (1) Subsection (d) shall not apply for purposes of determining the amount of interest on any overpayment of tax.

(2) If an individual is entitled to the benefits of subsection (d) with respect to any return and such return is timely filed, determined after the application of subsection (d), subsections (e)(5) and (e)(7) of K.S.A. 79-32,105(d), (e)(5) and (e)(7), and amendments thereto, shall not apply.

(f) The provisions of subsections (d) through (j) shall apply to the spouse of any individual entitled to the benefits of subsection (d). Except in the case of the combat zone designated for purposes of the Vietnam conflict, this subsection shall not cause subsections (d) through (j) to apply for any spouse for any taxable year beginning more than two years after the date designated under 26 U.S.C. § 112, and amendments thereto, as the date of termination of combatant activities in a combat zone.

(g) The period of service in the area referred to in subsection (d) shall include the period during which an individual entitled to benefits under subsection (d) is in a missing status, within the meaning of 26 U.S.C. § 6013(f)(3).

(h) (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (d), any action or proceeding authorized by K.S.A. 79-3229, and amendments thereto, as well as any other action or proceeding authorized by law in connection therewith, may be taken, begun or prosecuted. In any other case in which the secretary determines that collection of the amount of any assessment would be jeopardized by delay, the provisions of subsection (d) shall not operate to stay collection of such amount by levy or otherwise as authorized by law. There shall be excluded from any amount assessed or collected pursuant to this subsection the amount of interest, penalty, additional amount, and addition to the tax, if any, in respect of the period disregarded under subsection (d). In any case to which this subsection relates, if the secretary is required to give any notice to or make any demand
upon any person, such requirement shall be deemed to be satisfied if
the notice or demand is prepared and signed, in any case in which the
address of such person last known to the secretary is in an area for
which United States post offices under instructions of the postmaster
general are not, by reason of the combatant activities, accepting mail
for delivery at the time the notice or demand is signed. In such case
the notice or demand shall be deemed to have been given or made
upon the date it is signed.

(2) The assessment or collection of any tax under the provisions of
article 32 of chapter 79 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and
amendments thereto, or any action or proceeding by or on behalf of
the state in connection therewith, may be made, taken, begun or
prosecuted in accordance with law, without regard to the provisions of
subsection (d), unless prior to such assessment, collection, action or
proceeding it is ascertained that the person concerned is entitled to the
benefits of subsection (d).

(i) (1) Any individual who performed Desert Shield services, and
the spouse of such individual, shall be entitled to the benefits of
subsections (d) through (j) in the same manner as if such services were
services referred to in subsection (d).

(2) For purposes of this subsection, the term "Desert Shield
services" means any services in the armed forces of the United States
or in support of such armed forces if:

(A) Such services are performed in the area designated by the
president as the "Persian Gulf Desert Shield area"; and

(B) such services are performed during the period beginning on
August 2, 1990, and ending on the date on which any portion of the
area referred to in subsection (i)(2)(A) is designated by the president
as a combat zone pursuant to 26 U.S.C. § 112.

(j) For purposes of subsection (d), the term "qualified
hospitalization" means:

(1) Any hospitalization outside the United States; and

(2) any hospitalization inside the United States, except that not
more than five years of hospitalization may be taken into account
under this subsection. This subsection shall not apply for purposes of
applying subsections (d) through (j) with respect to the spouse of an
individual entitled to the benefits of subsection (d).

Sec. 7. K.S.A. 79-3221o is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-
3221o.—(a) In order to raise awareness of liabilities of use taxes levied in
article 37 of chapter 79 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments-
thereto, for purchases of tangible personal property made outside this state
to be consumed within this state, and to increase compliance with such-
provisions of law, The director of taxation is hereby directed to not
include a line for the remittance of sales tax on out-of-state and
internet purchases where the tax was not paid on individual tax returns
for tax years beginning on or after July 1, 2016.
(b) The director shall include the following information in the income-
tax form instructions:
(1) An explanation of an individual's obligation to pay use tax on
items purchased from mail order, internet or other sellers that do not
collect state and local sales and use taxes on the items; and
(2) a method to help an individual determine the amount of use tax
the individual owes. The method may include a table that gives the
average amounts of use tax payable by taxpayers in various income-
ranges.
(c) No penalties or interest shall be applied with respect to any taxes
remitted pursuant to the provisions of this section.
Sec. 8. K.S.A. 79-32,117 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-
32,117. (a) The Kansas adjusted gross income of an individual means
such individual's federal adjusted gross income for the taxable year,
with the modifications specified in this section.
(b) There shall be added to federal adjusted gross income:
(i) Interest income less any related expenses directly incurred in
the purchase of state or political subdivision obligations, to the extent
that the same is not included in federal adjusted gross income, on
obligations of any state or political subdivision thereof, but to the
extent that interest income on obligations of this state or a political
subdivision thereof issued prior to January 1, 1988, is specifically
exempt from income tax under the laws of this state authorizing the
issuance of such obligations, it shall be excluded from computation of
Kansas adjusted gross income whether or not included in federal
adjusted gross income. Interest income on obligations of this state or a
political subdivision thereof issued after December 31, 1987, shall be
excluded from computation of Kansas adjusted gross income whether
or not included in federal adjusted gross income.
(ii) Taxes on or measured by income or fees or payments in lieu of
income taxes imposed by this state or any other taxing jurisdiction to
the extent deductible in determining federal adjusted gross income
and not credited against federal income tax. This paragraph shall not
apply to taxes imposed under the provisions of K.S.A. 79-1107 or 79-
1108, and amendments thereto, for privilege tax year 1995, and all
such years thereafter.
(iii) The federal net operating loss deduction, except that the
federal net operating loss deduction shall not be added to an
individual's federal adjusted gross income for tax years beginning
after December 31, 2016.
(iv) Federal income tax refunds received by the taxpayer if the
deduction of the taxes being refunded resulted in a tax benefit for
Kansas income tax purposes during a prior taxable year. Such refunds
shall be included in income in the year actually received regardless of
the method of accounting used by the taxpayer. For purposes hereof, a
tax benefit shall be deemed to have resulted if the amount of the tax
had been deducted in determining income subject to a Kansas income
tax for a prior year regardless of the rate of taxation applied in such
prior year to the Kansas taxable income, but only that portion of the
refund shall be included as bears the same proportion to the total
refund received as the federal taxes deducted in the year to which such
refund is attributable bears to the total federal income taxes paid for
such year. For purposes of the foregoing sentence, federal taxes shall
be considered to have been deducted only to the extent such deduction
does not reduce Kansas taxable income below zero.

(v) The amount of any depreciation deduction or business
expense deduction claimed on the taxpayer's federal income tax
return for any capital expenditure in making any building or facility
accessible to the handicapped, for which expenditure the taxpayer
claimed the credit allowed by K.S.A. 79-32,177, and amendments
thereto.

(vi) Any amount of designated employee contributions picked up
by an employer pursuant to K.S.A. 12-5005, 20-2603, 74-4919 and 74-
4965, and amendments thereto.

(vii) The amount of any charitable contribution made to the
extent the same is claimed as the basis for the credit allowed pursuant
to K.S.A. 79-32,196, and amendments thereto.

(viii) The amount of any costs incurred for improvements to a
swine facility, claimed for deduction in determining federal adjusted
gross income, to the extent the same is claimed as the basis for any
credit allowed pursuant to K.S.A. 79-32,204, and amendments thereto.

(ix) The amount of any ad valorem taxes and assessments paid
and the amount of any costs incurred for habitat management or
construction and maintenance of improvements on real property,
claimed for deduction in determining federal adjusted gross income,
to the extent the same is claimed as the basis for any credit allowed
pursuant to K.S.A. 79-32,203, and amendments thereto.

(x) Amounts received as nonqualified withdrawals, as defined by
K.S.A. 75-643, and amendments thereto, if, at the time of contribution
to a family postsecondary education savings account, such amounts
were subtracted from the federal adjusted gross income pursuant to
K.S.A. 79-32,117(c)(xv), and amendments thereto, or if such amounts
are not already included in the federal adjusted gross income.
(xi) The amount of any contribution made to the same extent the same is claimed as the basis for the credit allowed pursuant to K.S.A. 74-50,154, and amendments thereto.

(xii) For taxable years commencing after December 31, 2004, amounts received as withdrawals not in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 74-50,204, and amendments thereto, if, at the time of contribution to an individual development account, such amounts were subtracted from the federal adjusted gross income pursuant to subsection (c)(xiii), or if such amounts are not already included in the federal adjusted gross income.

(xiii) The amount of any expenditures claimed for deduction in determining federal adjusted gross income, to the extent the same is claimed as the basis for any credit allowed pursuant to K.S.A. 79-32,217 through 79-32,220 or 79-32,222, and amendments thereto.

(xiv) The amount of any amortization deduction claimed in determining federal adjusted gross income to the extent the same is claimed for deduction pursuant to K.S.A. 79-32,221, and amendments thereto.


(xvii) The amount of any amortization deduction claimed in determining federal adjusted gross income to the extent the same is claimed for deduction pursuant to K.S.A. 79-32,256, and amendments thereto.

(xviii) For taxable years commencing after December 31, 2006, the amount of any ad valorem or property taxes and assessments paid to a state other than Kansas or local government located in a state other than Kansas by a taxpayer who resides in a state other than Kansas, when the law of such state does not allow a resident of Kansas who earns income in such other state to claim a deduction for ad valorem or property taxes or assessments paid to a political subdivision of the state of Kansas in determining taxable income for income tax purposes in such other state, to the extent that such taxes and assessments are claimed as an itemized deduction for federal income tax purposes.
(xix) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012, and ending before January 1, 2017, the amount of any: (1) Loss from business as determined under the federal internal revenue code and reported from schedule C and on line 12 of the taxpayer's form 1040 federal individual income tax return; (2) loss from rental real estate, royalties, partnerships, S corporations, except those with wholly owned subsidiaries subject to the Kansas privilege tax, estates, trusts, residual interest in real estate mortgage investment conduits and net farm rental as determined under the federal internal revenue code and reported from schedule E and on line 17 of the taxpayer's form 1040 federal individual income tax return; and (3) farm loss as determined under the federal internal revenue code and reported from schedule F and on line 18 of the taxpayer's form 1040 federal income tax return; all to the extent deducted or subtracted in determining the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income. For purposes of this subsection, references to the federal form 1040 and federal schedule C, schedule E, and schedule F, shall be to such form and schedules as they existed for tax year 2011, and as revised thereafter by the internal revenue service.

(xx) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012, and ending before January 1, 2017, the amount of any deduction for self-employment taxes under section 164(f) of the federal internal revenue code as in effect on January 1, 2012, and amendments thereto, in determining the federal adjusted gross income of an individual taxpayer, to the extent the deduction is attributable to income reported on schedule C, E or F and on line 12, 17 or 18 of the taxpayer's form 1040 federal income tax return.

(xxi) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012, and ending before January 1, 2017, the amount of any deduction for pension, profit sharing, and annuity plans of self-employed individuals under section 62(a)(6) of the federal internal revenue code as in effect on January 1, 2012, and amendments thereto, in determining the federal adjusted gross income of an individual taxpayer.

(xxii) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012, and ending before January 1, 2017, the amount of any deduction for health insurance under section 162(l) of the federal internal revenue code as in effect on January 1, 2012, and amendments thereto, in determining the federal adjusted gross income of an individual taxpayer.

(xxiii) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012, and ending before January 1, 2017, the amount of any deduction for domestic production activities under section 199 of the federal internal revenue code as in effect on January 1, 2012, and amendments thereto, in determining the federal adjusted gross income of an individual taxpayer.
taxpayer.

(xxiv) For taxable years commencing after December 31, 2013, that portion of the amount of any expenditure deduction claimed in determining federal adjusted gross income for expenses paid for medical care of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse or dependents when such expenses were paid or incurred for an abortion, or for a health benefit plan, as defined in K.S.A. 65-6731, and amendments thereto, for the purchase of an optional rider for coverage of abortion in accordance with K.S.A. 2020 Supp. 40-2,190, and amendments thereto, to the extent that such taxes and assessments are claimed as an itemized deduction for federal income tax purposes.

(xxv) For taxable years commencing after December 31, 2013, that portion of the amount of any expenditure deduction claimed in determining federal adjusted gross income for expenses paid by a taxpayer for health care when such expenses were paid or incurred for abortion coverage, a health benefit plan, as defined in K.S.A. 65-6731, and amendments thereto, when such expenses were paid or incurred for abortion coverage or amounts contributed to health savings accounts for such taxpayer's employees for the purchase of an optional rider for coverage of abortion in accordance with K.S.A. 2020 Supp. 40-2,190, and amendments thereto, to the extent that such taxes and assessments are claimed as a deduction for federal income tax purposes.

(xxvi) For all taxable years beginning after December 31, 2016, the amount of any charitable contribution made to the extent the same is claimed as the basis for the credit allowed pursuant to K.S.A. 72-99a07, and amendments thereto, and is also claimed as an itemized deduction for federal income tax purposes.

(xxvii) For all taxable years commencing after December 31, 2020, the amount deducted by reason of a carryforward of disallowed business interest pursuant to section 163(j) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986, as in effect on January 1, 2018.

(c) There shall be subtracted from federal adjusted gross income:

(i) Interest or dividend income on obligations or securities of any authority, commission or instrumentality of the United States and its possessions less any related expenses directly incurred in the purchase of such obligations or securities, to the extent included in federal adjusted gross income but exempt from state income taxes under the laws of the United States.

(ii) Any amounts received which are included in federal adjusted gross income but which are specifically exempt from Kansas income taxation under the laws of the state of Kansas.

(iii) The portion of any gain or loss from the sale or other
disposition of property having a higher adjusted basis for Kansas
income tax purposes than for federal income tax purposes on the date
such property was sold or disposed of in a transaction in which gain or
loss was recognized for purposes of federal income tax that does not
exceed such difference in basis, but if a gain is considered a long-term
capital gain for federal income tax purposes, the modification shall be
limited to that portion of such gain which is included in federal
adjusted gross income.

(iv) The amount necessary to prevent the taxation under this act
of any annuity or other amount of income or gain which was properly
included in income or gain and was taxed under the laws of this state
for a taxable year prior to the effective date of this act, as amended, to
the taxpayer, or to a decedent by reason of whose death the taxpayer
acquired the right to receive the income or gain, or to a trust or estate
from which the taxpayer received the income or gain.

(v) The amount of any refund or credit for overpayment of taxes
on or measured by income or fees or payments in lieu of income taxes
imposed by this state, or any taxing jurisdiction, to the extent included
in gross income for federal income tax purposes.

(vi) Accumulation distributions received by a taxpayer as a
beneficiary of a trust to the extent that the same are included in
federal adjusted gross income.

(vii) Amounts received as annuities under the federal civil service
retirement system from the civil service retirement and disability fund
and other amounts received as retirement benefits in whatever form
which were earned for being employed by the federal government or
for service in the armed forces of the United States.

(viii) Amounts received by retired railroad employees as a
supplemental annuity under the provisions of 45 U.S.C. §§ 228b(a)
and 228c(a)(1) et seq.

(ix) Amounts received by retired employees of a city and by
retired employees of any board of such city as retirement allowances
pursuant to K.S.A. 13-14,106, and amendments thereto, or pursuant
to any charter ordinance exempting a city from the provisions of
K.S.A. 13-14,106, and amendments thereto.

(x) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1976, the
amount of the federal tentative jobs tax credit disallowance under the
provisions of 26 U.S.C. § 280C. For taxable years ending after
December 31, 1978, the amount of the targeted jobs tax credit and
work incentive credit disallowances under 26 U.S.C. § 280C.

(xi) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1986,
dividend income on stock issued by Kansas venture capital, inc.

(xii) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1989,
amounts received by retired employees of a board of public utilities as
pension and retirement benefits pursuant to K.S.A. 13-1246, 13-1246a
and 13-1249, and amendments thereto.
(xiii) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004,
amounts contributed to and the amount of income earned on
contributions deposited to an individual development account under
K.S.A. 74-50,201 et seq., and amendments thereto.
(xiv) For all taxable years commencing after December 31, 1996,
that portion of any income of a bank organized under the laws of this
state or any other state, a national banking association organized
under the laws of the United States, an association organized under
the savings and loan code of this state or any other state, or a federal
savings association organized under the laws of the United States, for
which an election as an S corporation under subchapter S of the
federal internal revenue code is in effect, which accrues to the
taxpayer who is a stockholder of such corporation and which is not
distributed to the stockholders as dividends of the corporation. For
taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012, and ending before
January 1, 2017, the amount of modification under this subsection
shall exclude the portion of income or loss reported on schedule E and
included on line 17 of the taxpayer's form 1040 federal individual
income tax return.
(xv) For all taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, the
cumulative amounts not exceeding $3,000, or $6,000 for a married
couple filing a joint return, for each designated beneficiary that are
contributed to: (1) A family postsecondary education savings account
established under the Kansas postsecondary education savings
program or a qualified tuition program established and maintained by
another state or agency or instrumentality thereof pursuant to section
529 of the internal revenue code of 1986, as amended, for the purpose
of paying the qualified higher education expenses of a designated
beneficiary; or (2) an achieving a better life experience (ABLE)
account established under the Kansas ABLE savings program or a
qualified ABLE program established and maintained by another state
or agency or instrumentality thereof pursuant to section 529A of the
internal revenue code of 1986, as amended, for the purpose of saving
private funds to support an individual with a disability. The terms and
phrases used in this paragraph shall have the meaning respectively
ascribed thereto by the provisions of K.S.A. 75-643 and 75-652, and
amendments thereto, and the provisions of such sections are hereby
incorporated by reference for all purposes thereof.
(xvi) For all taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004,
amounts received by taxpayers who are or were members of the
armed forces of the United States, including service in the Kansas army and air national guard, as a recruitment, sign up or retention bonus received by such taxpayer as an incentive to join, enlist or remain in the armed services of the United States, including service in the Kansas army and air national guard, and amounts received for repayment of educational or student loans incurred by or obligated to such taxpayer and received by such taxpayer as a result of such taxpayer's service in the armed forces of the United States, including service in the Kansas army and air national guard.

(xvii) For all taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, amounts received by taxpayers who are eligible members of the Kansas army and air national guard as a reimbursement pursuant to K.S.A. 48-281, and amendments thereto, and amounts received for death benefits pursuant to K.S.A. 48-282, and amendments thereto, or pursuant to section 1 or section 2 of chapter 207 of the 2005 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, to the extent that such death benefits are included in federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer.

(xviii) For the taxable year beginning after December 31, 2006, amounts received as benefits under the federal social security act which are included in federal adjusted gross income of a taxpayer with federal adjusted gross income of $50,000 or less, whether such taxpayer's filing status is single, head of household, married filing separate or married filing jointly; and for all taxable years beginning after December 31, 2007, amounts received as benefits under the federal social security act which are included in federal adjusted gross income of a taxpayer with federal adjusted gross income of $75,000 or less, whether such taxpayer's filing status is single, head of household, married filing separate or married filing jointly.

(xix) Amounts received by retired employees of Washburn university as retirement and pension benefits under the university's retirement plan.

(xx) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012, and ending before January 1, 2017, the amount of any: (1) Net profit from business as determined under the federal internal revenue code and reported from schedule C and on line 12 of the taxpayer's form 1040 federal individual income tax return; (2) net income, not including guaranteed payments as defined in section 707(c) of the federal internal revenue code and as reported to the taxpayer from federal schedule K-1, (form 1065-B), in box 9, code F or as reported to the taxpayer from federal schedule K-1, (form 1065) in box 4, from rental real estate, royalties, partnerships, S corporations, estates, trusts, residual interest in real estate mortgage investment conduits and net farm rental as determined under the federal internal revenue code
and reported from schedule E and on line 17 of the taxpayer's form
1040 federal individual income tax return; and (3) net farm profit as
determined under the federal internal revenue code and reported
from schedule F and on line 18 of the taxpayer's form 1040 federal
income tax return; all to the extent included in the taxpayer's federal
adjusted gross income. For purposes of this subsection, references to
the federal form 1040 and federal schedule C, schedule E, and
schedule F, shall be to such form and schedules as they existed for tax
year 2011 and as revised thereafter by the internal revenue service.

(xxi) For all taxable years beginning after December 31, 2013,
amounts equal to the unreimbursed travel, lodging and medical
expenditures directly incurred by a taxpayer while living, or a
dependent of the taxpayer while living, for the donation of one or
more human organs of the taxpayer, or a dependent of the taxpayer, to
another person for human organ transplantation. The expenses may
be claimed as a subtraction modification provided for in this section to
the extent the expenses are not already subtracted from the taxpayer's
federal adjusted gross income. In no circumstances shall the
subtraction modification provided for in this section for any
individual, or a dependent, exceed $5,000. As used in this section,
"human organ" means all or part of a liver, pancreas, kidney,
intestine, lung or bone marrow. The provisions of this paragraph shall
take effect on the day the secretary of revenue certifies to the director
of the budget that the cost for the department of revenue of
modifications to the automated tax system for the purpose of
implementing this paragraph will not exceed $20,000.

(xxii) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012, and
ending before January 1, 2017, the amount of net gain from the sale
of: (1) Cattle and horses, regardless of age, held by the taxpayer for
draft, breeding, dairy or sporting purposes, and held by such taxpayer
for 24 months or more from the date of acquisition; and (2) other
livestock, regardless of age, held by the taxpayer for draft, breeding,
dairy or sporting purposes, and held by such taxpayer for 12 months
or more from the date of acquisition. The subtraction from federal
adjusted gross income shall be limited to the amount of the additions
recognized under the provisions of subsection (b)(xix) attributable to
the business in which the livestock sold had been used. As used in this
paragraph, the term "livestock" shall not include poultry.

(xxiii) For all taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012,
amounts received under either the Overland Park, Kansas police
department retirement plan or the Overland Park, Kansas fire
department retirement plan, both as established by the city of
Overland Park, pursuant to the city's home rule authority.
(xxiv) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2013, and ending before January 1, 2017, the net gain from the sale from Christmas trees grown in Kansas and held by the taxpayer for six years or more.

(xxv) For all taxable years commencing after December 31, 2020, 100% of global intangible low-taxed income under section 951A of the federal internal revenue code of 1986, before any deductions allowed under section 250(a)(1)(B) of such code.

(xxvi) For all taxable years commencing after December 31, 2020, the amount disallowed as a deduction pursuant to section 163(j) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986, as in effect on January 1, 2018.

(xxvii) For taxable years commencing after December 31, 2020, the amount disallowed as a deduction pursuant to section 274 of the federal internal revenue code of 1986 for meal expenditures shall be allowed to the extent such expense was deductible for determining federal income tax and was allowed and in effect on December 31, 2017.

(d) There shall be added to or subtracted from federal adjusted gross income the taxpayer's share, as beneficiary of an estate or trust, of the Kansas fiduciary adjustment determined under K.S.A. 79-32,135, and amendments thereto.

(e) The amount of modifications required to be made under this section by a partner which relates to items of income, gain, loss, deduction or credit of a partnership shall be determined under K.S.A. 79-32,131, and amendments thereto, to the extent that such items affect federal adjusted gross income of the partner.

(f) No taxpayer shall be assessed penalties and interest from the underpayment of taxes due to changes to this section that became law on July 1, 2017, so long as such underpayment is rectified on or before April 17, 2018.

Sec. 9. K.S.A. 79-32,119 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-32,119. (a) The Kansas standard deduction of an individual, including a husband and wife who are either both residents or who file a joint return as if both were residents, shall be equal to the sum of the standard deduction amount allowed pursuant to this section, and the additional standard deduction amount allowed pursuant to this section for each such deduction allowable to such individual or to such husband and wife under the federal internal revenue code. For tax year 1998 through tax year 2012, the standard deduction amount shall be as follows: Single individual filing status, $3,000; married filing status, $6,000; and head of household filing status, $4,500.

(b) For tax year 1998, and all tax years thereafter, the additional standard deduction amount shall be as follows: Single individual and head of household filing status, $850; and married filing status, $700.
(c) (1) For tax year 2013, and all tax years thereafter through tax year 2020, the standard deduction amount of an individual, including husband and wife who are either both residents or who file a joint return as if both were residents, shall be as follows: Single individual filing status, $3,000; married filing status, $7,500; and head of household filing status, $5,500.

(2) For tax year 2021, and all tax years thereafter, the standard deduction amount of an individual, including husband and wife who are either both residents or who file a joint return as if both were residents, shall be as follows: Single individual filing status, $3,500; married filing status, $8,000; and head of household filing status, $6,000.

(d) For purposes of the foregoing this section, the federal standard deduction allowable to a husband and wife filing separate Kansas income tax returns shall be determined on the basis that separate federal returns were filed, and the federal standard deduction of a husband and wife filing a joint Kansas income tax return shall be determined on the basis that a joint federal income tax return was filed.

Sec. 10. K.S.A. 79-32,120 is hereby amended to read as follows:

79-32,120. (a) (1) (A) For all tax years prior to tax year 2021, if federal taxable income of an individual is determined by itemizing deductions from such individual’s federal adjusted gross income, such individual may elect to deduct the Kansas itemized deduction in lieu of the Kansas standard deduction.

(B) For tax year 2021, and all tax years thereafter, an individual may elect to deduct the Kansas itemized deduction in lieu of the Kansas standard deduction, regardless of whether or not such individual’s federal taxable income is determined by itemizing deductions from such individual’s federal adjusted gross income.

(2) For the tax year commencing on January 1, 2013, the Kansas itemized deduction of an individual means 70% of the total amount of deductions from federal adjusted gross income, other than federal deductions for personal exemptions, as provided in the federal internal-revenue code with the modifications specified in this section.

(3) For the tax year commencing on January 1, 2014, the Kansas itemized deduction of an individual means 65% of the total amount of deductions from federal adjusted gross income, other than federal deductions for personal exemptions, as provided in the federal internal-revenue code with the modifications specified in this section.

(4) For the tax years commencing on and after January 1, 2015, and ending before January 1, 2018, the Kansas itemized deduction of an individual means the following deductions from federal adjusted gross income, other than federal deductions for personal exemptions,
as provided in the federal internal revenue code with the modifications specified in this section: (A) 100% of charitable contributions that qualify as charitable contributions allowable as deductions in section 170 of the federal internal revenue code; (B) 50% of the amount of qualified residence interest as provided in section 163(h) of the federal internal revenue code; and (C) 50% of the amount of taxes on real and personal property as provided in section 164(a) of the federal internal revenue code.

(5) For the tax year commencing on and after January 1, 2018, and ending before January 1, 2019, the Kansas itemized deduction of an individual means the following deductions from federal adjusted gross income, other than federal deductions for personal exemptions, as provided in the federal internal revenue code with the modifications specified in this section: (A) 100% of charitable contributions that qualify as charitable contributions allowable as deductions in section 170 of the federal internal revenue code; (B) 50% of expenses for medical care allowable as deductions in section 213 of the federal internal revenue code; (C) 50% of the amount of qualified residence interest as provided in section 163(h) of the federal internal revenue code; and (D) 50% of the amount of taxes on real and personal property as provided in section 164(a) of the federal internal revenue code.

(6) For the tax year commencing on and after January 1, 2019, and ending before January 1, 2020, the Kansas itemized deduction of an individual means the following deductions from federal adjusted gross income, other than federal deductions for personal exemptions, as provided in the federal internal revenue code with the modifications specified in this section: (A) 100% of charitable contributions that qualify as charitable contributions allowable as deductions in section 170 of the federal internal revenue code; (B) 75% of expenses for medical care allowable as deductions in section 213 of the federal internal revenue code; (C) 75% of the amount of qualified residence interest as provided in section 163(h) of the federal internal revenue code; and (D) 75% of the amount of taxes on real and personal property as provided in section 164(a) of the federal internal revenue code.

(7) For the tax years commencing on and after January 1, 2020, the Kansas itemized deduction of an individual means the following deductions from federal adjusted gross income, other than federal deductions for personal exemptions, as provided in the federal internal revenue code with the modifications specified in this section: (A) 100% of charitable contributions that qualify as charitable contributions allowable as deductions in section 170 of the federal internal revenue code; (B) 75% of expenses for medical care allowable as deductions in section 213 of the federal internal revenue code; (C) 75% of the amount of qualified residence interest as provided in section 163(h) of the federal internal revenue code; and (D) 75% of the amount of taxes on real and personal property as provided in section 164(a) of the federal internal revenue code.
internal revenue code; (B) 100% of expenses for medical care allowable as deductions in section 213 of the federal internal revenue code; (C) 100% of the amount of qualified residence interest as provided in section 163(h) of the federal internal revenue code; and (D) 100% of the amount of taxes on real and personal property as provided in section 164(a) of the federal internal revenue code.

(b) The total amount of deductions from federal adjusted gross income shall be reduced by the total amount of income taxes imposed by or paid to this state or any other taxing jurisdiction to the extent that the same are deducted in determining the federal itemized deductions and by the amount of all depreciation deductions claimed for any real or tangible personal property upon which the deduction allowed by K.S.A. 79-32,221, 79-32,227, 79-32,232, 79-32,237, 79-32,249, 79-32,250, 79-32,255 or 79-32,256, and amendments thereto, is or has been claimed.

Sec. 11. K.S.A. 79-32,138 is hereby amended to read as follows:

79-32,138. (a) Kansas taxable income of a corporation taxable under this act shall be the corporation's federal taxable income for the taxable year with the modifications specified in this section, except that in determination of such federal taxable income for all taxable years commencing after December 31, 2020, section 118 of the federal internal revenue code of 1986 shall be applied as in effect on December 21, 2017.

(b) There shall be added to federal taxable income:

(i) The same modifications as are set forth in K.S.A. 79-32,117(b), and amendments thereto, with respect to resident individuals, except subsections (b)(xix), (b)(xx), (b)(xxi), (b)(xxii) and (b)(xxiii);


(iii) the amount of any charitable contribution deduction claimed for any contribution or gift to or for the use of any racially segregated educational institution;

(iv) for taxable years commencing December 31, 2013, that portion of the amount of any expenditure deduction claimed in determining federal adjusted gross income for expenses paid by a taxpayer for health care when such expenses were paid or incurred for abortion coverage, a health benefit plan, as defined in K.S.A. 65-6731, and amendments thereto, when such expenses were paid or incurred for abortion coverage or amounts contributed to health savings accounts for such taxpayer's employees for the purchase of an optional rider for coverage of abortion in accordance with K.S.A. 2020 Supp. 40-2,190, and amendments thereto;
(v) the amount of any charitable contribution deduction claimed for any contribution or gift made to a scholarship granting organization to the extent the same is claimed as the basis for the credit allowed pursuant to K.S.A. 72-4357, and amendments thereto; and

(vi) the federal net operating loss deduction; and

(vii) for all taxable years commencing after December 31, 2020, the amount of any deduction claimed under section 250(a)(1)(B) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986.

(c) There shall be subtracted from federal taxable income:

(i) The same modifications as are set forth in K.S.A. 79-32,117(c), and amendments thereto, with respect to resident individuals, except subsection (c)(xx);

(ii) the federal income tax liability for any taxable year commencing prior to December 31, 1971, for which a Kansas return was filed after reduction for all credits thereon, except credits for payments on estimates of federal income tax, credits for gasoline and lubricating oil tax, and for foreign tax credits if, on the Kansas income tax return for such prior year, the federal income tax deduction was computed on the basis of the federal income tax paid in such prior year, rather than as accrued. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the deduction for federal income tax liability for any year shall not exceed that portion of the total federal income tax liability for such year which bears the same ratio to the total federal income tax liability for such year as the Kansas taxable income, as computed before any deductions for federal income taxes and after application of subsections (d) and (e) of this section as existing for such year, bears to the federal taxable income for the same year;


(iv) for all taxable years commencing after December 31, 1987, the amount included in federal taxable income pursuant to the provisions of section 78 of the internal revenue code; and

(v) for all taxable years commencing after December 31, 1987, 80% of dividends from corporations incorporated outside of the United States or the District of Columbia which are included in federal taxable income. As used in this paragraph, "dividends" includes amounts included in income under section 965 of the federal internal revenue code of 1986, net of the deduction permitted by section 965(c) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986. For all taxable years commencing after December 31, 2020, this paragraph does not apply to amounts excluded from income pursuant to K.S.A. 79-32,117(c)(xxv), and amendments
thereto, or amounts added back pursuant to K.S.A. 79-32,138(b)(vii), and
amendments thereto; and

(vi) for all taxable years commencing after December 31, 2020, the
amount disallowed as a deduction pursuant to section 162(r) of the federal
internal revenue code of 1986, as in effect on January 1, 2018.

(d) If any corporation derives all of its income from sources
within Kansas in any taxable year commencing after December 31, 1979, its Kansas taxable income shall be the sum resulting after
application of subsections (a) through (c) hereof. Otherwise, such
corporation's Kansas taxable income in any such taxable year, after
excluding any refunds of federal income tax and before the deduction
of federal income taxes provided by subsection (c)(ii) shall be allocated
as provided in K.S.A. 79-3271 to K.S.A. through 79-3293, inclusive, and
amendments thereto, plus any refund of federal income tax as
determined under K.S.A. 79-32,117(b)(iv), and amendments thereto,
and minus the deduction for federal income taxes as provided by
subsection (c)(ii) shall be such corporation's Kansas taxable income.

(e) A corporation may make an election with respect to its first
taxable year commencing after December 31, 1982, whereby no
addition modifications as provided for in subsection (b)(ii) and
subtraction modifications as provided for in subsection (c)(iii) as those
subsections existed prior to their amendment by this act, shall be
required to be made for such taxable year.

Sec. 12. K.S.A. 79-32,143 is hereby amended to read as follows:

79-32,143. (a) (1) (A) For net operating losses incurred in taxable years
beginning after December 31, 1987, prior to January 1, 2018, a net
operating loss deduction shall be allowed in the same manner that it is
allowed under the federal internal revenue code, except that such net
operating loss may only be carried forward to each of the 10 taxable
years following the taxable year of the net operating loss.

(B) For net operating losses incurred in taxable years beginning
after December 31, 2017, a net operating loss deduction shall be allowed
in the same manner that it is allowed under the federal internal revenue
code, except that such net operating loss deduction may only be carried
forward.

(2) For net operating farm losses, as defined by subsection (i) of
section 172 of the federal internal revenue code, incurred in taxable
years beginning after December 31, 1999, a net operating loss
deduction shall be allowed in the same manner that it is allowed under
the federal internal revenue code except that such net operating loss
may be carried forward to each of the 10 taxable years following the
taxable year of the net operating loss.

(3) The amount of the net operating loss that may be carried back
or forward for Kansas income tax purposes shall be that portion of the federal net operating loss allocated to Kansas under this act in the taxable year that the net operating loss is sustained.

(b) The amount of the loss to be carried back or forward will be the federal net operating loss after: (1) All modifications required under this act applicable to the net loss in the year the loss was incurred; and (2) after apportionment as to source in the case of corporations, nonresident individuals for losses incurred in taxable years beginning prior to January 1, 1978, and nonresident estates and trusts in the same manner that income for such corporations, nonresident individuals, estates and trusts is required to be apportioned.

(c) If a net operating loss was incurred in a taxable year beginning prior to January 1, 1988, the amount of the net operating loss that may be carried back and carried forward and the period for which it may be carried back and carried forward shall be determined under the provisions of the Kansas income tax laws which were in effect during the year that such net operating loss was incurred.

(d) If any portion of a net operating loss described in subsections (a) and (b) is not utilized prior to the final year of the carryforward period provided in subsection (a), a refund shall be allowable in such final year in an amount equal to the refund which would have been allowable in the taxable year the loss was incurred by utilizing the three year carryback provided under K.S.A. 79-32,143, as in effect on December 31, 1987, multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the unused portion of such net operating loss in the final year, and the denominator of which is the amount of such net operating loss which could have been carried back to the three years immediately preceding the year in which the loss was incurred. In no event may such fraction exceed one.

(e) Notwithstanding any other provisions of the Kansas income tax act, the net operating loss as computed under subsections (a), (b) and (c) of this section shall be allowed in full in determining Kansas taxable income or at the option of the taxpayer allowed in full in determining Kansas adjusted gross income.

(f) No refund of income tax which results from a net operating farm loss carry back shall be allowed in an amount exceeding $1,500 in any year. Any overpayment in excess of $1,500 may be carried forward to any year or years after the year of the loss and may be claimed as a credit against the tax. The refundable portion of such credit shall not exceed $1,500 in any year.

(g) For tax year 2013, and all tax years thereafter, a net operating loss allowed by this section shall only be available to taxpayers subject
Sec. 13. K.S.A. 79-32,143a is hereby amended to read as follows:

79-32,143a. (a) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2011, a taxpayer may elect to take an expense deduction from Kansas net income before expensing or recapture allocated or apportioned to this state for the cost of the following property placed in service in this state during the taxable year: (1) Tangible property eligible for depreciation under the modified accelerated cost recovery system in section 168 of the internal revenue code, as amended, but not including residential rental property, nonresidential real property, any railroad grading or tunnel bore or any other property with an applicable recovery period in excess of 25 years as defined under section 168(c) or (g) of the internal revenue code, as amended; and (2) computer software as defined in section 197(e)(3)(B) of the internal revenue code, as amended, and as described in section 197(e)(3)(A)(i) of the internal revenue code, as amended, to which section 167 of the internal revenue code, as amended, applies. If such election is made, the amount of expense deduction for such cost shall equal the difference between the depreciable cost of such property for federal income tax purposes and the sum of the amount of bonus depreciation being claimed for such property pursuant to section 168(k) and the amount of expensing deduction being claimed for such property pursuant to section 179 of the internal revenue code, as amended, for federal income tax purposes in such tax year, but without regard to any expense deduction being claimed for such property under section 168(b)(1), (2), or (3) or (g) of the internal revenue code, as amended, and the applicable recovery period for such property as defined under section 168(c) or (g) of the internal revenue code, as amended. This election shall be made by the due date of the original return, including any extensions, and may be made only for the taxable year in which the property is placed in service, and once made, shall be irrevocable. If the section 179 expense deduction election has been made for federal income tax purposes for any asset, the applicable factor to be utilized is in the IRC § 168(b)(1) column of the table provided in subsection (f) for the applicable recovery period of the respective assets.

(b) If the amount of expense deduction calculated pursuant to subsection (a) exceeds the taxpayer's Kansas net income before expensing or recapture allocated or apportioned to this state, such
excess amount shall be treated as a Kansas net operating loss as provided in K.S.A. 79-32,143, and amendments thereto.

(c) If the property for which an expense deduction is taken pursuant to subsection (a) is subsequently sold during the applicable recovery period for such property as defined under section 168(c) of the internal revenue code, as amended, and in a manner that would cause recapture of any previously taken expense or depreciation deductions for federal income tax purposes, or if the situs of such property is otherwise changed such that the property is relocated outside the state of Kansas during such applicable recovery period, then the expense deduction determined pursuant to subsection (a) shall be subject to recapture and treated as Kansas taxable income allocated to this state. The amount of recapture shall be the Kansas expense deduction determined pursuant to subsection (a) multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of years remaining in the applicable recovery period for such property as defined under section 168(c) or (g) of the internal revenue code, as amended, after such property is sold or removed from the state including the year of such disposition, and the denominator of which is the total number of years in such applicable recovery period.

(d) The situs of tangible property for purposes of claiming and recapture of the expense deduction shall be the physical location of such property. If such property is mobile, the situs shall be the physical location of the business operations from where such property is used or based. The situs of computer software shall be apportioned to Kansas based on the fraction, the numerator of which is the number of the taxpayer's users located in Kansas of licenses for such computer software used in the active conduct of the taxpayer's business operations, and the denominator of which is the total number of the taxpayer's users of the licenses for such computer software used in the active conduct of the taxpayer's business operations everywhere.

(e) Any member of a unitary group filing a combined report may elect to take an expense deduction pursuant to subsection (a) for an investment in property made by any member of the combined group, provided that the amount calculated pursuant to subsection (a) may only be deducted from the Kansas net income before expensing or recapture allocated to or apportioned to this state by such member making the election.

(f) The following table shall be used in determining the expense deduction calculated pursuant to subsection (a):

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*Not Applicable

(h) (1) For tax year 2013, the deduction allowed by this section shall only be available to taxpayers subject to the income tax on corporations imposed pursuant to subsection (c) of K.S.A. 79-32,110(c), and amendments thereto, and used only to determine such taxpayer's corporate income tax liability.

(2) For tax years 2014, and all tax years thereafter through 2020, the deduction allowed by this section shall only be available to taxpayers subject to the income tax on corporations imposed pursuant to subsection (c) of K.S.A. 79-32,110(c), and amendments thereto, or the privilege tax imposed upon any national banking association, state bank, savings bank, trust company or savings and loan association pursuant to article 11 of chapter 79 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, and used only to determine such taxpayer's corporate income or privilege tax liability.

(i) For tax year 2021, and all tax years thereafter, the deduction allowed by this section shall be available to all taxpayers subject to the income tax imposed pursuant to K.S.A. 79-32,110, and amendments thereto, or the privilege tax imposed upon any national banking association, state bank, savings bank, trust company or savings and loan association pursuant to article 11 of chapter 79 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, and used only to determine such taxpayer's income or privilege tax liability.

Sec. 14. K.S.A. 79-3702 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-3702. For the purposes of this act: (a) "Purchase price" means the consideration paid or given or contracted to be paid or given by any person to the seller of an article of tangible personal property for the article purchased. The term shall include "Purchase price" includes, in addition to the consideration paid or given or contracted to be paid or given, the actual cost of transportation from the place where the article was purchased to the person using the same in this state. If a cash discount is allowed and taken on the sale—it, such cash discount shall be deducted in arriving at the purchase price.

(b) The meaning ascribed to words and phrases in K.S.A. 79-3602, and amendments thereto, insofar as is practicable, shall be applicable herein unless otherwise provided. The provisions of K.S.A. 79-3601 through 79-3625, inclusive, 79-3650, K.S.A. 79-3693 and 79-3694, and amendments thereto, relating to enforcement, collection and administration, insofar as practicable, shall have full force and effect with respect to taxes imposed under the provisions of this act.

(c) "Use" means the exercise within this state by any person of any right or power over tangible personal property incident to the ownership of that property, except that it shall not include processing, or the sale of the property in the regular course of business, and except storage as
hereinafter defined.

(d) "Storage" means any keeping or retaining in this state for any purpose except sale in the regular course of business or subsequent use solely outside this state of tangible personal property purchased from a retailer.

(e) "Storage" and "use" do not include the keeping, retaining or exercising of any right or power over tangible personal property shipped or brought into this state for the purpose of subsequently transporting it outside the state for use thereafter solely outside the state, or for the purpose of being processed, fabricated, or manufactured into, attached to or incorporated into, other tangible personal property to be transported outside the state and thereafter used solely outside the state.

(f) "Property used in processing" means: (1) Any tangible personal property which, when used in fabrication, compounding, manufacturing or germination, becomes an integral part of the new article resulting from such fabrication, compounding, manufacturing, or germination, and intended to be sold ultimately at retail; and (2) fuel which is consumed in creating power, heat, or steam for processing or for generating electric current.

(g) "Retailer" means every person engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property for use within the meaning of this act, except that, when in the opinion of the director it is necessary for the efficient administration of this act to regard any salesperson, representatives, truckers, peddlers or canvassers as the agents of the dealers, distributors, supervisors, employers or persons under whom they operate or from whom they obtain the tangible personal property sold by them, irrespective of whether they are making sales on their own behalf or on behalf of such dealers, distributors, supervisors, employers, or persons, the director may so regard them and may regard the dealers, distributors, supervisors, employers, or persons as retailers for the purposes of this act.

(h) (1) "Retailer doing business in this state" or any like term, means:
(A) Any retailer maintaining in this state, permanently, temporarily, directly or indirectly through a subsidiary, agent or representative, an office, distribution house, sales house, warehouse or other place of business;
(B) Any retailer utilizing an employee, independent contractor, agent, representative, salesperson, canvasser, solicitor or other person operating in this state either permanently or temporarily, for the purpose of selling, delivering, installing, assembling, servicing, repairing, soliciting sales or the taking of orders for tangible personal property;
(C) Any retailer, including a contractor, repair person or other service provider, who enters this state to perform services that are enumerated in K.S.A. 79-3603, and amendments thereto, and who is required to secure a
retailer's sales tax registration certificate before performing those services;
(D) any retailer deriving rental receipts from a lease of tangible personal property situated in this state;
(E) any person regularly maintaining a stock of tangible personal property in this state for sale in the normal course of business; and
(F) any retailer who has any other contact with this state that would allow this state to require the retailer to collect and remit tax under the provisions of the constitution and laws of the United States; and
(G) (i) for any retailer that does not satisfy any of the requirements contained in subparagraphs (A) through (F), such retailer shall be a retailer doing business in this state, if:
   (a) For the period beginning on January 1, 2021, through June 30, 2021, the retailer had in excess of $100,000 of cumulative gross receipts from sales by the retailer to customers in this state; or
   (b) during the current or immediately preceding calendar year, the retailer had in excess of $100,000 of cumulative gross receipts from sales by the retailer to customers in this state.
   (ii) (a) For any retailer who satisfies the provisions of subparagraph (G)(i), such retailer shall not be required to collect and remit any taxes from sales occurring prior to July 1, 2021.
   (b) For any retailer who satisfies the provisions of subparagraph (G)(i)(b) for sales in the current calendar year for the first time, such retailer shall be required to collect and remit the tax on any sales in excess of $100,000 of cumulative gross receipts from sales in the current calendar year by the retailer to customers in this state.
(2) A retailer shall be presumed to be doing business in this state if any of the following occur:
   (A) Any person, other than a common carrier acting in its capacity as such, that has nexus with the state sufficient to require such person to collect and remit taxes under the provisions of the constitution and laws of the United States if such person were making taxable retail sales of tangible personal property or services in this state and such person:
      (i) (A) Sells the same or a substantially similar line of products as the retailer and does so under the same or a substantially similar business name;
      (iii)(B) maintains a distribution house, sales house, warehouse or similar place of business in Kansas that delivers or facilitates the sale or delivery of property sold by the retailer to consumers;
      (iii)(C) uses trademarks, service marks; or trade names in the state that are the same or substantially similar to those used by the retailer;
      (iv)(D) delivers, installs, assembles or performs maintenance services for the retailer's customers within the state;
      (v)(E) facilitates the retailer's delivery of property to customers in the
state by allowing the retailer's customers to pick up property sold by the
retailer at an office, distribution facility, warehouse, storage place or
similar place of business maintained by the person in the state;

  (vi)(F) has a franchisee or licensee operating under its trade name if
the franchisee or the licensee is required to collect the tax under the
Kansas retailers' sales tax act; or

  (vii)(G) conducts any other activities in the state that are significantly
associated with the retailer's ability to establish and maintain a market in
the state for the retailer's sales.

(B) Any affiliated person conducting activities in this state described
in subparagraph (A) or (C) has nexus with this state sufficient to require
such person to collect and remit taxes under the provisions of the
constitution and laws of the United States if such person were making
taxable retail sales of tangible personal property or services in this state.

(C) The retailer enters into an agreement with one or more residents
of this state under which the resident, for a commission or other
consideration, directly or indirectly refers potential customers, whether by
a link or an internet website, by telemarketing, by an in-person oral
presentation, or otherwise, to the retailer, if the cumulative gross receipts
from sales by the retailer to customers in the state who are referred to the
retailer by all residents with this type of agreement with the retailer is in
excess of $10,000 during the preceding 12 months. This presumption may
be rebutted by submitting proof that the residents with whom the retailer
has an agreement did not engage in any activity within the state that was
significantly associated with the retailer's ability to establish or maintain
the retailer's market in the state during the preceding 12 months. Such
proof may consist of sworn written statements from all of the residents
with whom the retailer has an agreement stating that they did not engage in
any solicitation in the state on behalf of the retailer during the preceding
year, provided that such statements were provided and obtained in good
faith. This subparagraph shall take effect 90 days after the enactment of
this statute and shall apply to sales made and uses occurring on or after the
effective date of this subparagraph and without regard to the date the
retailer and the resident entered into the agreement described in this
subparagraph. The term "preceding 12 months" as used in this
subparagraph includes the 12 months commencing prior to the effective
date of this subparagraph.

(D) The presumptions in subparagraphs (A) and (B) may be rebutted
by demonstrating that the activities of the person or affiliated person in the
state are not significantly associated with the retailer's ability to establish
or maintain a market in this state for the retailer's sales:

(3) The processing of orders electronically, by fax, telephone, the
internet or other electronic ordering process; does not relieve a retailer of
responsibility for collection of the tax from the purchaser if the retailer is doing business in this state pursuant to this section.

(i) "Director" means the director of taxation.

(j) As used in this section, "affiliated person" means any person that is a member of the same "controlled group of corporations" as defined in section 1563(a) of the federal internal revenue code as the retailer or any other entity that, notwithstanding its form of organization, bears the same ownership relationship to the retailer as a corporation that is a member of the same "controlled group of corporations" as defined in section 1563(a) of the federal internal revenue code.


Sec. 7. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.