# Journal of the House

## SIXTY-SEVENTH DAY

HALL OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, TOPEKA, KS, Friday, May 11, 2012, 10:00 a.m.

The House met pursuant to adjournment with Speaker O'Neal in the chair.

The roll was called with 123 members present.

Rep. LeDoux was excused on verified illness.

Rep. Weber was excused on excused absence by the Speaker.

Rep. Sloan was excused later in the day on excused absence by the Speaker.

Prayer by guest chaplain, the Rev. Steve Vaughn, Senior Pastor, Fairlawn Nazarene Church, and Chaplain of the Topeka Fire Department:

Eternal and dependable Creator of the universe, we acknowledge you as the giver of every good and perfect gift.

You are a solid rock; you give us strength. Thank you for the seasons and climates, for sowing and reaping, for color and fragrance. Thank you for the time of harvest when our labors and dreams are rewarded.

Today, bless our lawmakers. Illuminate their lives to keep them on the right paths. May the creative power of your word produce in them a stronger faith and a resolution of hope.

Keep them from discouragement; fill them with wisdom as you show them your unfailing love. Give them an attitude of openness to receive the fullness of your grace and truth.

I pray in your precious name. Amen.

The Pledge of Allegiance was led by Rep. Pottorff.

### PRESENTATION OF PETITIONS

The following petition was presented and filed:

**HP 2001,** A Petition opposing the movement called "uncorkkansas" and any kind of legislation to allow sales of alcoholic beverages in convenience stores or market, signed by Pastor Richard Haley and 28 other members of the Riverside Baptist Church in Hutchinson, Kansas.

## MESSAGE FROM THE GOVERNOR

S Sub for HB 2454; HB 2655 approved on May 10, 2012.

#### COMMUNICATIONS FROM STATE OFFICERS

From William V. Minner, Executive Director, Kansas Human Rights Commission, pursuant to K.S.A. 44-1004 (13), Annual Report Fiscal Year 2011.

From Richard Petersen-Klein, Executive Director, Kansas Racing and Gaming Commission, 2011 Annual Report.

The complete reports are kept on file and open for inspection in the office of the Chief Clerk.

#### INTRODUCTION OF ORIGINAL MOTIONS

On motion of Rep. Siegfreid, pursuant to subsection (k) of Joint Rule 4 of the Joint Rules of the Senate and House of Representatives, the rules were suspended for the purpose of considering S Sub for HB 2157; HB 2464, HB 2503; Sub HB 2689; H Sub for SB 287.

#### FINAL ACTION ON BILLS AND CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS

**HR 6032**, opposing and exposing the radical nature of United Nations Agenda 21 and its destructiveness to the principles of the founding documents of the United States of America, was considered on final action.

Call of the House was demanded.

On roll call, the vote was: Yeas 76; Nays 41; Present but not voting: 6; Absent or not voting: 2.

Yeas: Alford, Arpke, Aurand, Billinger, Boman, Bowers, Brown, Bruchman, Brunk, Calloway, Carlson, Cassidy, Collins, Crum, DeGraaf, Denning, Donohoe, Fawcett, Frownfelter, Garber, Goico, Gonzalez, Goodman, Gordon, Grange, Gregory, Grosserode, Hayzlett, Hedke, Hermanson, Hildabrand, Hoffman, C. Holmes, M. Holmes, Howell, Huebert, Kelley, Kelly, Kerschen, Kiegerl, Kinzer, Kleeb, Knox, Landwehr, Mast, McLeland, Meigs, Mesa, Montgomery, O'Brien, O'Hara, O'Neal, Osterman, Otto, Patton, Peck, Powell, Prescott, Proehl, Rhoades, Rubin, Ryckman, Scapa, Schroeder, Schwab, Schwartz, Seiwert, Shultz, Siegfreid, Smith, Suellentrop, Tyson, Vickrey, Wetta, Williams, B. Wolf.

Nays: Ballard, Bollier, Brookens, Burgess, Burroughs, Carlin, Davis, Dillmore, Feuerborn, Finney, Flaharty, D. Gatewood, S. Gatewood, Grant, Henderson, Henry, Hill, Hineman, Johnson, Kuether, Lane, Loganbill, Mah, McCray-Miller, Meier, Pauls, Peterson, Phelps, Phillips, Roth, Ruiz, Slattery, Sloan, Swanson, Tietze, Trimmer, Victors, Ward, Winn, Wolfe Moore, Worley.

Present but not voting: Bethell, Colloton, Moxley, Pottorff, Spalding, K. Wolf. Absent or not voting: LeDoux, Weber.

The resolution was adopted.

**SB 393**, AN ACT concerning education; amending K.S.A. 72-1412, 72-4417, 72-4419, 72-6444, 72-9004, 72-9005 and K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 71-201, 72-978, 72-4470a, 72-5413, 72-6409, 72-6410, 72-6413, 72-6415b, 72-6433, 72-6433d, 72-6434, 72-6435, 72-6441, 72-6449, 72-6451, 72-6455, 72-6456, 72-8814, 72-9002, 72-9003, 72-9608 and 75-2319 and repealing the existing sections; also repealing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 72-

6459, was considered on final action.

On roll call, the vote was: Yeas 84; Nays 38; Present but not voting: 0; Absent or not voting: 3.

Yeas: Alford, Arpke, Aurand, Bethell, Bollier, Boman, Bowers, Brookens, Brown, Bruchman, Brunk, Burgess, Calloway, Carlson, Cassidy, Collins, Colloton, Crum, DeGraaf, Denning, Fawcett, Garber, Goico, Gonzalez, Goodman, Gordon, Grange, Gregory, Grosserode, Hayzlett, Hedke, Hermanson, Hildabrand, Hill, Hineman, Hoffman, C. Holmes, M. Holmes, Howell, Huebert, Johnson, Kelley, Kelly, Kerschen, Kiegerl, Kinzer, Kleeb, Knox, Landwehr, Mast, McLeland, Meigs, Mesa, Montgomery, Moxley, O'Brien, O'Hara, O'Neal, Osterman, Otto, Peck, Phillips, Powell, Proehl, Rhoades, Roth, Rubin, Ryckman, Scapa, Schroeder, Schwab, Schwartz, Seiwert, Shultz, Siegfreid, Sloan, Smith, Spalding, Suellentrop, Swanson, Vickrey, B. Wolf, K. Wolf, Worley.

Nays: Ballard, Billinger, Burroughs, Carlin, Davis, Dillmore, Donohoe, Feuerborn, Finney, Flaharty, Frownfelter, D. Gatewood, S. Gatewood, Henderson, Henry, Kuether, Lane, Loganbill, Mah, McCray-Miller, Meier, Patton, Pauls, Peterson, Phelps, Pottorff, Prescott, Ruiz, Slattery, Tietze, Trimmer, Tyson, Victors, Ward, Wetta, Williams, Winn, Wolfe Moore.

Present but not voting: None.

Absent or not voting: Grant, LeDoux, Weber.

The substitute bill passed, as amended.

#### CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

MR. PRESIDENT and MR. SPEAKER: Your committee on conference on House amendments to **SB 148** submits the following report:

The Senate accedes to all House amendments to the bill, and your committee on conference further agrees to amend the bill as printed as House Substitute for Substitute for Senate Bill No. 148 (Corrected), as follows:

On page 2, in line 20, after the period by inserting "The chief engineer may reduce this required offset based on the estimated use of groundwater by the existing vegetation."; in line 29, after "of" by inserting "sand and gravel"; in line 30, after "by" by inserting "K.S.A."; also in line 30, after "82a-708b" by inserting ", and amendments thereto,"; in line 33, by striking all after "(3)"; by striking all in lines 34 through 38 and inserting "If a permit is denied, the chief engineer shall set forth all reasons for such denial.";

On page 3, in line 2, by striking the second "K.S.A."; And your committee on conference recommends the adoption of this report.

LARRY R. POWELL
DAN KERSCHEN
Jerry Williams
Conferees on part of House

MARK TADDIKEN
RUTH TEICHMAN
MARCI FRANCISCO
Conferees on part of Senate

On motion of Rep. Powell, the conference committee report on **H Sub for Sub SB 148** was adopted.

On roll call, the vote was: Yeas 122; Nays 0; Present but not voting: 0; Absent or not voting: 3.

Yeas: Alford, Arpke, Aurand, Ballard, Bethell, Billinger, Bollier, Boman, Bowers, Brookens, Brown, Bruchman, Brunk, Burgess, Burroughs, Calloway, Carlin, Carlson, Cassidy, Collins, Colloton, Crum, Davis, DeGraaf, Denning, Dillmore, Donohoe, Fawcett, Feuerborn, Finney, Flaharty, Frownfelter, Garber, D. Gatewood, S. Gatewood, Goico, Gonzalez, Goodman, Gordon, Grange, Gregory, Grosserode, Hayzlett, Hedke, Henderson, Henry, Hermanson, Hildabrand, Hill, Hineman, Hoffman, C. Holmes, M. Holmes, Howell, Huebert, Johnson, Kelley, Kelly, Kerschen, Kiegerl, Kinzer, Kleeb, Knox, Kuether, Landwehr, Lane, Loganbill, Mah, Mast, McCray-Miller, McLeland, Meier, Meigs, Mesa, Montgomery, Moxley, O'Brien, O'Hara, O'Neal, Osterman, Otto, Patton, Pauls, Peck, Peterson, Phelps, Phillips, Pottorff, Powell, Prescott, Proehl, Rhoades, Roth, Rubin, Ruiz, Ryckman, Scapa, Schroeder, Schwab, Schwartz, Seiwert, Shultz, Siegfreid, Slattery, Sloan, Smith, Spalding, Suellentrop, Swanson, Tietze, Trimmer, Tyson, Vickrey, Victors, Ward, Wetta, Williams, Winn, B. Wolf, K. Wolf, Wolfe Moore, Worley.

Nays: None.

Present but not voting: None.

Absent or not voting: Grant, LeDoux, Weber.

## CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

MR. PRESIDENT and MR. SPEAKER: Your committee on conference on House amendments to **SB 287** submits the following report:

The Senate accedes to all House amendments to the bill and your committee on conference further agrees to amend the bill, as printed as House Substitute for Senate Bill No. 287 as follows:

On page 4, in line 2, after "administrator" by inserting "and approved by the governor"; in line 4, by striking "geographic"; by striking all in lines 5 through 7 and inserting "The administrator's salary schedule for unclassified positions shall be reported to the credit union council annually."; in line 19, by striking the second "and" and inserting a comma; in line 20, before the period by inserting "and shall receive compensation in accordance with an equitable salary schedule established by the administrator and approved by the governor for all unclassified positions"; in line 25, by striking "geographic";

On page 6, following line 13, by inserting the following:

- "Sec. 4. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 9-508 is hereby amended to read as follows: 9-508. As used in this act:
- (a) "Agent" means an entity or person designated by the licensee, or by an exempt entity, to engage in the business of transmitting money on behalf of the licensee, or an exempt entity, at one or more physical locations throughout the state or through the internet:
  - (a)(b) "commissioner" means the state bank commissioner;
- (b)(c) "electronic instrument" means a card or other tangible object for the transmission or payment of money, including a stored value card or device which

contains a microprocessor chip, magnetic stripe or other means for the storage of information, that is prefunded and for which the value is decremented upon each use, but does not include a card or other tangible object that is redeemable by the issuer in goods or services;

- (e)(d) "monetary value" means a medium of exchange, whether or not redeemable in money:
- (d)(e) "money transmission" means to engage in the business of the sale or issuance of payment instruments or of receiving money or monetary value for transmission to a location within or outside the United States by wire, facsimile, electronic means or any other means:
- (e)(f) "outstanding payment instrument" means any payment instrument issued by the licensee which has been sold in the United States directly by the licensee or any money order or instrument issued by the licensee which has been sold by an agent of the licensee in the United States, which has been reported to the licensee as having been sold and which has not yet been paid by or for the licensee;
- (f)(g) "payment instrument" means any electronic or written check, draft, money order, travelers check or other electronic or written instrument or order for the transmission or payment of money, sold or issued to one or more persons, whether or not such instrument is negotiable. The term "payment instrument" does not include any credit card voucher, any letter of credit or any instrument which is redeemable by the issuer in goods or services;
  - (g)(h) "permissible investments" means:
  - (1) Cash;
- (2) eertificates of deposit or other debt obligations of a financial institution, either domestic or foreign;
- (3) bills of exchange or time drafts drawn on and accepted by a commercial bank, otherwise known as bankers' acceptances, which are eligible for purchase by member banks of the federal reserve system:
- (4) any investment bearing a rating of one of the three highest grades as defined by a nationally recognized organization that rates such securities;
- (5) investment securities that are obligations of the United States, its agencies or instrumentalities, or obligations that are guaranteed fully as to principal and interest of the United States, or any general obligations of any state, municipality or any political subdivision thereof:
- (6)—deposits in a demand or interest bearing account with a domestic federally insured depository institution, including certificates of deposit;
  - (3) debt obligations of a domestic federally insured depository institution;
- (4) any investment bearing a rating of one of the three highest grades as defined by a nationally recognized organization that rates such securities;
- (5) investment grade bonds and other legally created general obligations of a state, an agency or political subdivision of a state, the United States or an instrumentality of the United States;
- (6) obligations that a state, an agency or political subdivision of a state, the United States or an instrumentality of the United States has unconditionally agreed to purchase, insure or guarantee and that bear a rating of one of the three highest grades as defined by a nationally recognized organization that rates securities;
  - (7) shares in a money market mutual fund, interest-bearing bills or notes or bonds,

debentures or stock traded on any national securities exchange or on a national overthe-counter market, or mutual funds primarily composed of such securities or a fund composed of one or more permissible investments as set forth herein;

- (7) any demand borrowing agreement or agreements made to a corporation or a subsidiary of a corporation whose capital stock is listed on a national exchange;
- (8) receivables which are due to a licensee from its authorized such licensee's agents pursuant to a contract, which are not past due or doubtful of collection and which do not exceed in the aggregate 20% of the total required permissible investments pursuant to K.S.A. 9-513b, and amendments thereto; or
  - (9) any other investment or security device approved by the commissioner.
- (h)(i) "Person" means any individual, partnership, association, joint-stock association, trust, corporation or any other form of business enterprise-authorized to do business in this state; and
- (i)(j) "stored value" means monetary value that is evidenced by an electronic record.
- Sec. 5. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 9-509 is hereby amended to read as follows: 9-509. (a) No person shall engage in the business of selling, issuing or delivering its payment instrument, check, draft, money order, personal money order, bill of exchange, evidence of indebtedness or other instrument for the transmission or payment of money or otherwise engage in the business of money transmission with a resident of this state, or, except as provided in K.S.A. 9-510, and amendments thereto, act as agent for another in the transmission of money as a service or for a fee or other consideration, unless such person obtains a license from the commissioner.
- (b) (1) An application for a license shall be submitted—on forms prescribed by the commissioner. The application shall be accompanied by an application fee asestablished by rules and regulations adopted by the commissioner in the form and manner prescribed by the commissioner. The application shall be accompanied by nonrefundable fees established by the commissioner for the license and each agent location. Such fees shall be due annually on July 1. A license shall be renewed by filing with the commissioner a complete application and nonrefundable application fees at least 30 days prior to expiration of the license as reflected on the face of the license certificate. The commissioner shall determine the amount of such fees to provide sufficient funds to meet the budget requirements of administering and enforcing the act for each fiscal year. For the purposes of this subsection, "each agent location" means each physical location within the state where money transmission is conducted, including, but not limited to, branch offices, authorized vendor offices, delegate offices, kiosks and drop boxes.
- (2) The commissioner may require fingerprinting of any individual, officer, director, partner, member, shareholder or any other person related to the application deemed necessary by the commissioner. Such fingerprints may be submitted to the Kansas bureau of investigation and the federal bureau of investigation for a state and national criminal history record check. The fingerprints shall be used to identify the person and to determine whether the person has a record of arrests and convictions in this state or other jurisdiction. The commissioner may use information obtained from fingerprinting and the criminal history for purposes of verifying the identification of the person and in the official determination of the qualifications and fitness of the person to be issued or to maintain a license, or in the case of an applicant company, the persons

associated with the company. Whenever the commissioner requires fingerprinting, any associated costs shall be paid by the applicant or the parties to the application. If the applicant is a publicly traded corporation or a subsidiary of a publicly traded corporation, no fingerprint check shall be required.

(3) In addition, each person submitting an application shall meet the following requirements:

(1)(A) The net worth of such person shall be at all times not less than \$250,000, as shown by an audited financial statement and certified to by an owner, a partner or officer of the corporation or other entity-in a form prescribed by the commissioner and filed in the commissioner's office filed in the form and manner prescribed by the commissioner. The commissioner may require any person to file a statement at any other time upon request;

(2)(B) such person shall deposit and at all times keep on deposit with the state treasurer, or a bank in this state approved by the commissioner, cash or securities satisfactory to the commissioner in an amount not less than \$200,000. The commissioner may increase the amount of cash or securities required up to a maximum of \$500,000 upon the basis of the impaired financial condition of a person, as evidenced by a reduction in net worth, financial losses or other relevant criteria as determined by the commissioner;

(3)(C) in lieu of the deposit of cash or securities required by paragraph (2)(B), such person may give a surety bond in an amount equal to that required for the deposit of cash or securities, in a form satisfactory to the commissioner and issued by a company authorized to do business in this state, which bond shall be payable to the office of the state bank commissioner and be filed with the commissioner. The deposit of eash or securities or surety bond shall be for the protection and benefit of purchasers of money transmission services, purchasers or holders of payment instruments furnished by such person or for the protection of those for whom such person has agreed to act as agent in the transmission of monetary value and to secure the faithful performance of theobligations of such person in respect to the receipt, handling, transmission and payment of monetary value. The aggregate liability of the surety for all breaches of the conditions of the bond shall, in no event, exceed the amount of such bond. The surety on the bond shall have the right to cancel such bond upon giving 30 days' notice to the commissioner and thereafter shall be relieved of liability for any breach of conditionoccurring after the effective date of the cancellation. The commissioner or any aggrieved party may enforce claims against such deposit of eash or securities or surety bond. So long as the depositing person is not in violation of this act, such person shall be permitted to receive all interest and dividends on the deposit and shall have the right to substitute other securities satisfactory to the commissioner. If the deposit is made with a bank, any custodial fees shall be paid by such person; and

- (4)(D) such person shall submit a list to the commissioner of the names and addresses of other persons who are authorized to act as selling agents for transactions with Kansas residents.
- (c) The eommissioner shall have the authority to examine the books and records of any person operating in accordance with the provisions of this act at such person's expense to verify compliance with state and federal law deposit of cash, securities or surety bond required by this section shall be subject to:
  - (1) Payment to the commissioner for the protection and benefit of purchasers of

- money transmission services, purchasers or holders of payment instruments furnished by such person, and those for whom such person has agreed to act as agent in transmission of monetary value and to secure the faithful performance of the obligations of such person in respect to the receipt, handling, transmission and payment of monetary value; and
- (2) payment to the commissioner for satisfaction of any expenses, fines, fees or refunds due pursuant to this act, levied by the commissioner or that become lawfully due pursuant to a final judgment or order.
- (d) The aggregate liability of the surety for all breaches of the conditions of the bond, in no event, shall exceed the amount of such bond. The surety on the bond shall have the right to cancel such bond upon giving 30 days notice to the commissioner and thereafter shall be relieved of liability for any breach of condition occurring after the effective date of the cancellation. The commissioner or any aggrieved party may enforce claims against such deposit of cash or securities or surety bond. So long as the depositing person is not in violation of this act, such person shall be permitted to receive all interest and dividends on the deposit and shall have the right to substitute other securities satisfactory to the commissioner. If the deposit is made with a bank, any custodial fees shall be paid by such person.
- (e) (1) The commissioner shall have the authority to examine the books and records of any person operating in accordance with the provisions of this act, at such person's expense, to verify compliance with state and federal law.
- (2) For purposes of investigation, examination or other proceeding under this act, the commissioner may administer or cause to be administered oaths, subpoena witnesses and documents, compel the attendance of witnesses, take evidence and require the production of any document that the commissioner determines to be relevant to the inquiry.
- Sec. 6. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 9-510 is hereby amended to read as follows: 9-510. Any person complying with the provisions of this act may engage in such business A licensee may engage in the business of money transmission at one or more locations in this state and through or by means of such agents as such person may designate and appoint from time to time. A verified list of agents shall be furnished annually to the commissioner by persons operating hereunder, on a date prescribed by the commissioner. No such agent shall be required to comply with the licensing provisions of this act.
- Sec. 7. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 9-511 is hereby amended to read as follows: 9-511. This act shall not apply to banks, building and loan associations, savings and loan associations, savings banks or credit unions organized under the laws of and subject to the supervision of this state, another state or the United States, or to the government of the United States and its agencies, or to the state of Kansas and its agencies. This act also shall not apply to the distribution, transmission or payment of money as a part of the lawful practice of law, bookkeeping, accounting or real estate sales or brokerage or as an incidental and necessary part of any lawful business activity This act shall not apply to:
- (a) (1) Banks, building and loan associations, savings and loan associations, savings banks or credit unions, including agents of any of these business entities, organized under the laws of and subject to the supervision of this state, another state or the United States;

- (2) the government of the United States and its agencies, including agents of the government and its agencies; or
- (3) the state of Kansas and its agencies, including agents of the state of Kansas and its agencies.
- (b) This act also shall not apply to the distribution, transmission or payment of money as a part of the lawful practice of law, bookkeeping, accounting or real estate sales or brokerage or as an incidental and necessary part of any lawful business activity.
- Sec. 8. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 9-512 is hereby amended to read as follows: 9-512. (a) The commissioner, after notice and an opportunity for hearing, may issue an order to address any violation of this act:
- (1) Assessing a fine against any person who violates this act, or rules and regulations adopted thereto, in an amount not to exceed \$5,000 per violation;
- (2) assessing the agency's operating costs and expenses for investigating and enforcing this act;
- (3) requiring the person to pay restitution for any loss arising from the violation or requiring the person to disgorge any profits arising from the violation;
  - (4) barring the person from future application for licensure pursuant to the act; and
- (5) requiring such affirmative action as in the judgment of the commissioner which will carry out the purposes of this act.
- (b) The commissioner may enter into a consent order at any time with a person to resolve a matter arising under this act, rules and regulations adopted thereto, or an order issued pursuant to this act.
- (c) Any person who knowingly violates any provision of this act shall be guilty of a severity level 9, nonperson felony. Each transaction in violation of this act and each day that a violation continues shall be a separate offense-except that whenever a corporation shall violate any provision of this act, such violation shall be deemed to be also that of the. Whenever a corporation violates any provision of this act, such violation shall be attributed to individual directors, officers; and agents of such corporation who shall have authorized, ordered; or done performed any of the acts constituting such violation in whole or in part.
- (b)(d) A corporation and its directors, officers, and agents may each be prosecuted separately for violations of this act and the acquittal or conviction of one such director, officer or agent shall not abate the prosecution of the others.
- (e)(e) Violations of this aet also may be enjoined or the violators ousted from continuing such violations by proceedings brought by the county attorney of the proper county or by the attorney general, regardless of whether or not criminal proceedings have been instituted. Whenever it appears that a person has violated, or is likely to violate, this act, rules and regulations adopted thereunder, or an order issued pursuant to this act, then the commissioner may bring an action for injunctive relief to enjoin the violation or enforce compliance, regardless of whether or not criminal proceedings have been instituted. Any person who engages in activities that are regulated and require a license under this act shall be considered to have consented to the jurisdiction of the courts of this state for all actions arising under this act.
- Sec. 9. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 9-513 is hereby amended to read as follows: 9-513.

  (a) If any sentence, clause, provision or section of this act or the applicability thereof to any person or circumstance shall be held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect the validity of the remainder of this act or its applicability to other persons or

- eircumstances. It shall be presumed conclusively that the legislature would have enacted the remainder of this act without the sentence, clause, provision or section held invalidly enacted or applied.
- (b)—This act shall be interpreted by the commissioner for the purpose of protecting the citizens of this state, against financial loss, who purchase payment instruments or who give money or control of their funds or credit into the custody of another person for transmission, regardless of whether the transmitter has any office, facility, agent or other physical presence in the state.
- Sec. 10. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 9-513a is hereby amended to read as follows: 9-513a. (a) The commissioner shall not issue a license unless the commissioner is of the opinion that the person will be able to and will perform its obligations to purchasers of money transmission services and purchasers, payees and holders of money orders sold by it and its agents, and that the financial responsibility, character, reputation, experience and general fitness of the person, its senior officers, directors and principal stockholders are such to warrant belief that the business will be operated efficiently, fairly and in the public interest.
- (b) The commissioner may, after notice and an opportunity for a hearing, revoke a license if the commissioner finds:
- (1) The person may be financially unable to perform its obligations or that the person has willfully failed without reasonable cause to pay or provide for payment of any of its obligations related to the person's money transmission business;
  - (2) the person no longer meets a requirement for initial granting of a license;
- (3) the person or a senior officer, director or a stockholder who owns more than 10% of the money transmission business' outstanding stock has been convicted of a crime involving fraud, dishonesty or deceit;
- (4) there has been entry of a federal or state administrative order against the person for violation of any law or any regulation applicable to the conduct of the person's money transmission business:
  - (5) a refusal by the person to permit an investigation by the commissioner;
  - (6) a failure to pay to the commissioner any fee required by this act; or
- (7) a failure to comply with any order of the commissioner. The commissioner, after notice and an opportunity for a hearing, may deny, suspend, revoke or refuse to renew a license issued pursuant to this act, or issue a cease and desist order if the commissioner finds any of the following are applicable to any person who is required to be licensed under this act or such person's agent:
- (a) The financial responsibility, character, reputation, experience and general fitness of the person, such person's senior officers, directors and principal stockholders are such to warrant the belief that the business may not be operated efficiently, fairly and in the public interest;
- (b) the person may be financially unable to perform such person's obligations or that the person has willfully failed without reasonable cause to pay or provide for payment of any of such person's obligations related to the person's money transmission business:
  - (c) the person no longer meets a requirement for initial granting of a license;
- (d) the person has filed with the commissioner any document or statement falsely representing or omitting a material fact;
  - (e) the person concealed a fact or a condition exists which would clearly have

- justified the commissioner's refusal to grant a license had the fact or condition been known to exist at the time the application for the license was made;
- (f) the person or a senior officer, director or a stockholder who owns more than 10% of the money transmission business' outstanding stock has been convicted of a crime involving fraud, dishonesty or deceit;
- (g) there has been entry of a federal or state administrative order against the person for violation of any rule and regulation applicable to the conduct of the person's money transmission business;
- (h) the person refused to permit an examination or investigation by the commissioner;
  - (i) a failure to pay to the commissioner any fee required by this act;
- (j) the person has engaged in any transaction, practice or business conduct that is fraudulent or deceptive in connection with the business of money transmission;
- (k) the person advertises, displays, distributes, broadcasts or televises any false, misleading or deceptive statement or representation with regard to rates, terms or conditions for the transmission of money;
- (l) the person fails to keep and maintain sufficient records to permit an audit to satisfactorily disclose to the commissioner the licensee's compliance with the provisions of the act;
- (m) the person has been the subject of any disciplinary action by this or any other state or federal agency;
- (n) a final judgment has been entered against the person in a civil action and the commissioner finds the conduct on which the judgment is based indicates that it would be contrary to the public interest to permit such person to be licensed; or
- (o) the person has violated any order issued by the commissioner, any provision of this act, any rule and regulation adopted thereto, or any other state or federal law applicable to money transmission.
- Sec. 11. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 9-513c is hereby amended to read as follows: 9-513c. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all information or reports obtained <u>and prepared</u> by the commissioner in the course of licensing or examining a person engaged in money transmission business shall be confidential and may not be disclosed by the commissioner except as provided in subsection (b) or (c).
- (b) The commissioner shall have the authority to share supervisory information, including reports of examinations, with other state or federal agencies having regulatory authority over the person's money transmission business and shall have the authority to conduct joint examinations with other regulatory agencies.
- (c) The commissioner may provide for the release of information to law enforcement agencies or prosecutorial agencies or offices who shall maintain the confidentiality of the information.
- (d) The commissioner may accept a report of examination or investigation from another state or federal licensing agency, in which the accepted report is an official report of the commissioner. Acceptance of an examination or investigation report does not waive any fee required by this act.
- (e) Nothing shall prohibit the commissioner from releasing to the public a list of persons licensed or their agents or from releasing aggregated financial data on such persons.
  - (e)(f) The provisions of subsection (a) shall expire on July 1, 2016, unless the

legislature acts to reauthorize such provisions. The provisions of subsection (a) shall be reviewed by the legislature prior to July 1, 2016.

- Sec. 12. K.S.A. 9-1722 is hereby amended to read as follows: 9-1722. (a) A notice of a proposed bank acquisition filed pursuant to K.S.A. 9-1721, and amendments thereto, shall contain the following information:
- (1) The identity, personal history, business background and experience of each person by whom or on whose behalf the acquisition is to be made, including such person's material business activities and affiliations during the past five years and a description of any material pending legal or administrative proceedings in which the person is a party and any criminal indictment or conviction of such person by a state or federal court;
- (2) a statement of the assets and liabilities of each person by whom or on whose behalf the acquisition is to be made, as of the end of the fiscal year for each of the five fiscal years immediately preceding the date of the notice, together with related statements of income and source and application of funds for each of the fiscal years then concluded and an interim statement of the assets and liabilities for each such person, together with related statements of income and source and application of funds, as of a date not more than 90 days prior to the date of the filing of the notice. Individuals who own 10% or more shares in a bank holding company, as defined in K.S.A. 9-519, and amendments thereto, shall file the financial information required by this paragraph;
- (3) the terms and conditions of the proposed acquisition and the manner in which the acquisition is to be made;
- (4) the identity, source and amount of the funds or other considerations used or to be used in making the acquisition and, if any part of these funds or other considerations has been or is to be borrowed or otherwise obtained for the purpose of making the acquisition, a description of the transaction, the names of the parties, and any arrangements, agreements or understandings with such persons;
- (5) any plans or proposals which any acquiring party making the acquisition may have to liquidate the bank, to sell its assets or merge it with any company or to make any other major change in its business or corporate structure or management;
- (6) the identification of any person employed, retained or to be compensated by the acquiring party or by any person on such person's behalf to make solicitations or recommendations to stockholders for the purpose of assisting in the acquisition and a brief description of the terms of such employment, retainer or arrangement for compensation;
- (7) copies of all invitations or tenders or advertisements making a tender offer to stockholders for purchase of their stock to be used in connection with the proposed acquisition; and
- (8) any additional relevant information in such forms as the department may require by specific request in connection with any particular notice.
- (b) With regard to any trust company which files a notice pursuant to this section, the commissioner may require fingerprinting of any proposed officer, director, shareholder or any other person deemed necessary by the commissioner. Such fingerprints may be submitted to the Kansas bureau of investigation and the federal bureau of investigation for a state and national criminal history record check. The fingerprints shall be used to identify the person and to determine whether the person has

- a record of arrests and convictions in this state or other jurisdiction. The commissioner may use information obtained from fingerprinting and the criminal history for purposes of verifying the identification of the person and in the official determination of the qualifications and fitness of the persons proposing to acquire the trust company. Whenever the commissioner requires fingerprinting, any associated costs shall be paid by the applicant or the parties to the application.
- (c) The commissioner may accept an application filed with the federal reserve bank or federal deposit insurance corporation in lieu of a statement filed pursuant to subsection (a). The commissioner may, in addition to such application, request additional relevant information.
- (e)(d) At the time of filing a notice of a proposed bank acquisition pursuant to K.S.A. 9-1721, and amendments thereto, or an application filed pursuant to subsection (b)(c), the applicant shall pay to the commissioner a fee in an amount established by rules and regulations adopted by the commissioner.
- Sec. 13. K.S.A. 9-1801 is hereby amended to read as follows: 9-1801. (a) No bank or trust company shall be organized or incorporated under the laws of this state, nor shall any such institution transact either a banking business or a trust business in this state, until the application for its incorporation and application for authority to do business has been submitted to and approved by the board. The board shall approve or disapprove the organization and establishment of any such institution in the city or town in which the same is sought to be located. The form for making any such application shall be prescribed by the board and any application made to the board shall contain such information as it shall require. The board may require fingerprinting of any officer, director, incorporator or any other person of the proposed trust company related to the application deemed necessary by the board. Such fingerprints may be submitted to the Kansas bureau of investigation and the federal bureau of investigation for a state and national criminal history record check. The fingerprints shall be used to identify the person and to determine whether the person has a record of arrests and convictions in this state or other jurisdiction. The commissioner may use information obtained from fingerprinting and the criminal history for purposes of verifying the identification of the person and in the official determination of the qualifications and fitness of the persons associated with the applicant trust company to be issued a charter. Whenever the board requires fingerprinting, any associated costs shall be paid by the applicant or the parties to the application. The board shall not approve any such application until it first investigates and examines such application and the applicants.
- (b) If upon the dissolution, insolvency or appointment of a receiver of any bank, trust company, national bank association, savings and loan association, savings bank or credit union, it is the opinion of the commissioner that by reason of the loss of services in the community, an emergency exists which may result in serious inconvenience or losses to the depositors or the public interest in the community, the commissioner may accept and approve an application for incorporation and application for authority to do business from applicants for the organization and establishment of a successor bank or trust company.
- Sec. 14. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 75-3135 is hereby amended to read as follows: 75-3135. (a) The bank commissioner shall receive an annual salary to be fixed by the governor with the approval of the state finance council. The bank commissioner is hereby authorized to appoint two deputy commissioners who shall be in the

- unclassified service under the Kansas civil service act and shall receive an annual salary fixed by the bank commissioner in accordance with an equitable salary schedule established by the bank commissioner and approved by the governor for all unclassified positions. The average of the salaries shall not exceed the average compensation of corresponding state regulatory positions in similar areas. The bank commissioner's salary schedule shall be reported to the state banking board annually.
- (b) (1) The deputy commissioner of the banking division shall supervise all banks and trust companies as directed by the <u>bank</u> commissioner and shall perform such other duties as may be required by the <u>bank</u> commissioner.
- (2) The deputy commissioner of the consumer and mortgage lending division shall supervise all consumer and mortgage lending functions as directed by the <u>bank</u> commissioner and shall perform such other duties as may be required by the <u>bank</u> commissioner.
- (c) If the office of the <u>bank</u> commissioner is vacant or if the <u>bank</u> commissioner is absent or unable to act, the deputy commissioner of the banking division shall be the acting bank commissioner.
- (d) (1) The deputy commissioner of the banking division shall have at least five years' experience as a state bank officer or five years' experience as a state or federal regulator.
- (2) The deputy commissioner of consumer and mortgage lending shall have at least five years' experience in consumer or mortgage lending, regulatory, legal or related experience.
- (e) The bank commissioner is also authorized to appoint or contract for, in accordance with the civil service law, such special assistants and other employees as are necessary to properly discharge the duties of the office.
- Sec. 15. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 75-3135a is hereby amended to read as follows: 75-3135a. (a) (1) Subject to the provisions of appropriation acts, the bank commissioner may appoint regional managers—and, financial examiner administrators, case managers, examiners and a business manager within the office of the state bank commissioner as determined necessary by the bank commissioner to effectively carry out the mission of the office. All regional managers and financial examiner administrators—Each regional manager, financial examiner administrator, case manager, examiner or business—manager appointed after the effective date of this act shall be in the unclassified service under the Kansas civil service act, shall have special training and qualifications for such positions, shall serve at the pleasure of the bank commissioner—and shall receive—compensation fixed by the bank commissioner and approved by the governor and shall receive compensation in accordance with an equitable salary schedule established by the bank commissioner and approved by the governor for all unclassified positions.
- (2) The average of the amount of compensation in the bank commissioner's salary schedule for such appointed positions in the unclassified service shall not exceed the average compensation of corresponding state regulatory positions in similar areas. The bank commissioner's salary schedule for unclassified positions shall be reported to the state banking board annually.
- (b) Nothing in subsection (a) shall affect the classified status of any person employed in the office of the state bank commissioner on the day immediately preceding the effective date of this act. The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to limit the powers of the bank commissioner pursuant to K.S.A. 75-2948.

and amendments thereto.

- Sec. 16. K.S.A. 50-1116 is hereby amended to read as follows: 50-1116. (a) K.S.A. 50-1116 through 50-1135, and amendments thereto, shall be known and may be cited as the Kansas credit services organization act.
- (b) Any <u>person-individual</u> licensed to practice law in this state acting within the course and scope of such <u>person's individual's</u> practice as an attorney, <u>and such individual's law firm</u>, shall be exempt from the provisions of this act.
- Sec. 17. K.S.A. 50-1117 is hereby amended to read as follows: 50-1117. Definitions as used in this act: (a) "Commissioner" means the state bank commissioner.
  - (b) "Consumer" means an individual who is a resident of this state.
- (c) "Credit services organization" means a person who engages in, or holds out to the public as willing to engage in, the business of debt management services for a fee, compensation or gain, or in the expectation of a fee, compensation or gain.
  - (d) "Debt management service" means:
- (1) Receiving or offering to receive funds from a consumer for the purpose of distributing the funds among such consumer's creditors in full or partial payment of such consumer's debts;
- (2) improving or offering to improve a consumer's credit record, history or rating; or
- (3) negotiating or offering to negotiate to defer or reduce a consumer's obligations with respect to credit extended by others.
  - (e) "Insolvent" means a person whose debts exceed their assets.
- (f) "Law firm" means a lawyer or lawyers in a law partnership, professional corporation, sole proprietorship or other association authorized to practice law; or lawyers employed in a legal services organization or the legal department of a corporation or other organization.
- (g) "Person" means any individual, corporation, partnership, association, unincorporated organization or other form of entity, however organized, including a nonprofit entity.
  - (g)(h) "Related interest" means a person:
  - (1) With respect to an individual who is:
  - (A) The spouse of the individual:
  - (B) a brother, brother-in-law, sister, sister-in-law of the individual;
- (C) an ancestor or lineal descendant of the individual or the individual's spouse;
   and
- (D) any other relative, by blood, adoption or marriage, of the individual or such individual's spouse who shares the same residence with the individual.
- (2) With respect to a corporation, partnership, association, unincorporated organization or other form of entity, however organized, including a nonprofit entity, which is:
- (A) Directly or indirectly controlling, controlled by or under common control by a person; or
  - (B) an officer or director of a person or a person performing similar functions.
- (h)(i) "Registrant" means a person who is registered by the commissioner as a credit services organization.
- (i)(j) "Trust account" means an account established by the applicant or registrant in a federally insured financial institution used to hold funds paid by consumers to a credit

services organization for disbursement to creditors of consumers that is designated as a trust account or other appropriate designation indicating the funds in the account are:

- (1) Not funds of the applicant or registrant or its owners, officers or employees; and
- (2) unavailable to creditors of the applicant or registrant.";

And by renumbering sections accordingly;

Also on page 6, in line 14, by striking all after "K.S.A."; by striking all in line 15; in line 16, by striking all before "are" and inserting "9-1722, 9-1801, 17-2204, 17-2234,17-2246, 17-2250, 17-2251, 17-2252, 17-2253, 17-2254, 17-2255, 17-2256, 17-2257, 17-2258, 17-2259, 17-2261, 17-2265, 17-2266, 17-2267, 50-1116 and 50-1117 and K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 9-508, 9-509, 9-510, 9-511, 9-512, 9-513, 9-513a, 9-513c, 75-3135 and 75-3135a";

Also on page 6, in line 18, by striking "statute book" and inserting "Kansas register"; On page 1, in the title, in line 1, by striking all after "concerning"; in line 2, by striking all before the second "and" and inserting "the powers and duties of certain state officials who regulate certain financial institutions; relating to the powers and duties of the state bank commissioner; relating to the powers and duties of the credit union administrator; amending K.S.A. 9-1722, 9-1801, 17-2204, 17-2234, 17-2246, 50-1116 and 50-1117 and K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 9-508, 9-509, 9-510, 9-511, 9-512, 9-513, 9-513a, 9-513c, 75-3135 and 75-3135a":

And your committee on conference recommends the adoption of this report.

FORREST J. KNOX RICHARD J. PROEHL BOB GRANT Conferees on part of House

RUTH TEICHMAN
TY MASTERSON
ALLEN C. SCHMIDT
Conferees on part of Senate

On motion of Rep. Knox, the conference committee report on **H Sub for SB 287** was adopted.

On roll call, the vote was: Yeas 114; Nays 8; Present but not voting: 0; Absent or not voting: 3.

Yeas: Alford, Arpke, Aurand, Ballard, Bethell, Billinger, Bollier, Boman, Bowers, Brookens, Brown, Bruchman, Brunk, Burgess, Burroughs, Calloway, Carlson, Cassidy, Collins, Colloton, Crum, Davis, DeGraaf, Denning, Donohoe, Fawcett, Feuerborn, Finney, Flaharty, Garber, D. Gatewood, Goico, Gonzalez, Goodman, Gordon, Grange, Gregory, Grosserode, Hayzlett, Hedke, Henderson, Henry, Hermanson, Hildabrand, Hill, Hineman, Hoffman, C. Holmes, M. Holmes, Howell, Huebert, Johnson, Kelley, Kelly, Kerschen, Kiegerl, Kinzer, Kleeb, Knox, Kuether, Landwehr, Lane, Loganbill, Mast, McCray-Miller, McLeland, Meier, Meigs, Mesa, Montgomery, Moxley, O'Brien, O'Hara, O'Neal, Osterman, Otto, Patton, Pauls, Peck, Peterson, Phelps, Phillips, Pottorff, Powell, Prescott, Proehl, Rhoades, Roth, Rubin, Ryckman, Scapa, Schroeder, Schwab, Schwartz, Seiwert, Shultz, Siegfreid, Slattery, Sloan, Smith, Spalding, Suellentrop, Swanson, Tietze, Trimmer, Tyson, Vickrey, Victors, Ward, Williams, B. Wolf, K. Wolf, Wolfe Moore, Worley.

Nays: Carlin, Dillmore, Frownfelter, S. Gatewood, Mah, Ruiz, Wetta, Winn.

Present but not voting: None.

Absent or not voting: Grant, LeDoux, Weber.

## EXPLANATION OF VOTE

Mr. Speaker: I vote no on **H Sub for SB 287**. While I'm sure this bill contains much that is good law, I fail to understand how this body can approve raises for two categories of state employee and tell the rest of them to go pound sand. - Ann Mah

#### CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

MR. PRESIDENT and MR. SPEAKER: Your committee on conference on Senate amendments to **HB 2464** submits the following report:

The House accedes to all Senate amendments to the bill, and your committee on conference further agrees to amend the bill as printed with Senate Committee amendments, as follows:

On page 4, following line 3, by inserting:

- "Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5905 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-5905. (a) Interference with the judicial process is:
- (1) Communicating with any judicial officer in relation to any matter which is or may be brought before such judge, magistrate, master or juror with intent <u>to</u> improperly to influence such officer:
- (2) committing any of the following acts, with intent to influence, impede or obstruct the finding, decision, ruling, order, judgment or decree of such judicial officer or prosecutor on any matter then pending before the officer or prosecutor:
- (A) Communicating in any manner a threat of violence to any judicial officer or any prosecutor:
- (B) harassing a judicial officer or a prosecutor by repeated vituperative communication; or
- (C) picketing, parading or demonstrating near such officer's or prosecutor's residence or place of abode;
- (3) picketing, parading or demonstrating in or near a building housing a judicial officer or a prosecutor with intent to impede or obstruct the finding, decision, ruling, order, judgment or decree of such judicial officer or prosecutor on any matter then pending before the officer or prosecutor:
- (4) knowingly accepting or agreeing to accept anything of value as consideration for a promise:
- (A) Not to initiate or aid in the prosecution of a person who has committed a crime; or
  - (B) to conceal or destroy evidence of a crime; or
  - (5) knowingly or intentionally in any criminal proceeding or investigation:
- (A) Inducing a witness or informant to withhold or unreasonably delay in producing any testimony, information, document or thing;
- (B) withholding or unreasonably delaying in producing any testimony, information, document or thing after a court orders the production of such testimony, information, document or thing;
  - (C) altering, damaging, removing or destroying any record, document or thing,

with the intent to prevent it from being produced or used as evidence; or

- (D) making, presenting or using a false record, document or thing with the intent that the record, document or thing, material to such criminal proceeding or investigation, appear in evidence to mislead a justice, judge, magistrate, master or law enforcement officer; or
  - (5) (6) when performed by a person summoned or sworn as a juror in any case:
- (A) Intentionally soliciting, accepting or agreeing to accept from another any benefit as consideration to wrongfully give a verdict for or against any party in any proceeding, civil or criminal;
- (B) intentionally promising or agreeing to wrongfully give a verdict for or against any party in any proceeding, civil or criminal; or
- (C) knowingly receiving any evidence or information from anyone in relation to any matter or cause for the trial of which such juror has been or will be sworn, without the authority of the court or officer before whom such juror has been summoned, and without immediately disclosing the same to such court or officer.
  - (b) Interference with the judicial process as defined in:
  - (1) Subsection (a)(1) is a severity level 9, nonperson felony;
  - (2) subsection (a)(2) and (a)(3) is a class A nonperson misdemeanor;
  - (3) subsection (a)(4) is a:
  - (A) Severity level 8, nonperson felony if the crime is a felony; or
  - (B) class A nonperson misdemeanor if the crime is a misdemeanor;
  - (4) subsection (a)(5) is a:
  - (A) Severity level 8, nonperson felony if the matter or case involves a felony; or
  - (B) class A nonperson misdemeanor if the matter or case involves a misdemeanor;
  - $\frac{(4)(5)}{(4)(5)}$  subsection  $\frac{(a)(5)(A)}{(a)(6)(A)}$  is a severity level 7, nonperson felony; and
- $\frac{(5)}{(6)}$  subsection  $\frac{(a)(5)(B)}{(a)(5)(C)}$  or  $\frac{(a)(6)(B)}{(a)(6)(C)}$  is a severity level 9, nonperson felony.
- (c) Nothing in this section shall limit or prevent the exercise by any court of this state of its power to punish for contempt.";

And by renumbering sections accordingly;

On page 4, in line 4, before "22-3212" by inserting "21-5905 and"; also in line 4, by striking "is" and inserting "are":

On page 1, in the title, in line 1, after "concerning" by inserting "crimes, punishment and"; in line 2, after "depictions;" by inserting "interference with judicial process;"; also in line 2, before "22-3212" by inserting "21-5905 and"; in line 3, by striking "section" and inserting "sections";

And your committee on conference recommends the adoption of this report.

THOMAS C. OWENS
JEFF KING
DAVID HALEY
Conferees on part of Senate

Lance Kinzer
Joe Patton
Janice L. Pauls
Conferees on part of House

On motion of Rep. Kinzer, the conference committee report on **HB 2464** was adopted.

On roll call, the vote was: Yeas 122; Nays 0; Present but not voting: 0; Absent or not voting: 3.

Yeas: Alford, Arpke, Aurand, Ballard, Bethell, Billinger, Bollier, Boman, Bowers, Brookens, Brown, Bruchman, Brunk, Burgess, Burroughs, Calloway, Carlin, Carlson, Cassidy, Collins, Colloton, Crum, Davis, DeGraaf, Denning, Dillmore, Donohoe, Fawcett, Feuerborn, Finney, Flaharty, Frownfelter, Garber, D. Gatewood, S. Gatewood, Goico, Gonzalez, Goodman, Gordon, Grange, Gregory, Grosserode, Hayzlett, Hedke, Henderson, Henry, Hermanson, Hildabrand, Hill, Hineman, Hoffman, C. Holmes, M. Holmes, Howell, Huebert, Johnson, Kelley, Kelly, Kerschen, Kiegerl, Kinzer, Kleeb, Knox, Kuether, Landwehr, Lane, Loganbill, Mah, Mast, McCray-Miller, McLeland, Meier, Meigs, Mesa, Montgomery, Moxley, O'Brien, O'Hara, O'Neal, Osterman, Otto, Patton, Pauls, Peck, Peterson, Phelps, Phillips, Pottorff, Powell, Prescott, Proehl, Rhoades, Roth, Rubin, Ruiz, Ryckman, Scapa, Schroeder, Schwab, Schwartz, Seiwert, Shultz, Siegfreid, Slattery, Sloan, Smith, Spalding, Suellentrop, Swanson, Tietze, Trimmer, Tyson, Vickrey, Victors, Ward, Wetta, Williams, Winn, B. Wolf, K. Wolf, Wolfe Moore, Worley.

Nays: None.

Present but not voting: None.

Absent or not voting: Grant, LeDoux, Weber.

#### CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

MR. PRESIDENT and MR. SPEAKER: Your committee on conference on Senate amendments to **HB 2503** submits the following report:

The House accedes to all Senate amendments to the bill, and your committee on conference further agrees to amend the bill as printed with Senate Committee amendments, as follows:

On page 5, following line 40, by inserting:

- "Sec. 5. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 2-907 is hereby amended to read as follows: 2-907. The Kansas poultry improvement association of Manhattan, Kan. Kansas, whose articles of incorporation are recorded in the office of the secretary of state, is hereby designated and declared to be the official state agency for the state of Kansas, for the purpose of carrying out the national poultry improvement plan. The Kansas poultry improvement association shall cooperate with the United States department of agriculture, Kansas state university of agriculture and applied science, Kansas department of agriculture and the Kansas livestock animal health commissioner for the purpose of promoting the poultry industry and its allied branches and shall supervise and administer the national improvement plan in this state.
- Sec. 6. K.S.A. 2-909 is hereby amended to read as follows: 2-909. As used in the poultry disease control act, except where the context clearly requires a different meaning, the following words and phrases shall have the meaning ascribed thereto.
- (a) "Commissioner" means the <u>livestoek animal health</u> commissioner of the <u>state of Kansas department of agriculture</u>.
  - (b) "Fowl typhoid" means a disease of poultry caused by salmonella gallinarum.
- (c) "Hatchery" means a premises with equipment which is operated or controlled by a person for the production of baby poultry.

- (d) "Person" means any individual, partnership, firm or corporation.
- (e) "Plan" means the national poultry improvement plan contained in sections 145.1 to through 145.54, inclusive, of title 9 of the code of federal regulations and the auxiliary provisions thereto which are contained in sections 147.1 to through 147.48, inclusive, of title 9 of the code of federal regulations, and any amendments or supplements to such plan or provisions thereto.
- (f) "Poultry" means any domesticated birds which are bred for the primary purpose of producing eggs or meat or of being exhibited and which may include chickens, turkeys, waterfowl and game birds, but which shall not include doves or pigeons.
  - (g) "Pullorum" means a disease of poultry caused by salmonella pullorum.
- Sec. 7. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 32-951 is hereby amended to read as follows: 32-951. (a) Except as provided further, a game breeder permit is required to engage in the business of raising and selling game birds, game animals, furbearing animals or such other wildlife as required by rules and regulations adopted by the secretary in accordance with K.S.A. 32-805, and amendments thereto.
- (b) Any person who desires to engage in the business described in subsection (a) may apply to the secretary for a game breeder permit. The application shall give the name and residence of the applicant, the description of the premises, the number and kind of birds or animals which it is proposed to propagate and any other information required by the secretary. The fee prescribed pursuant to K.S.A. 32-988, and amendments thereto, shall accompany the application.
- (c) If the secretary determines that the application is made in good faith and that the premises are suitable for engaging in the business described in subsection (a), the secretary may issue such permit. The permit shall expire on June 30 of each year.
- (d) Game breeders shall make such reports of their activities to the secretary as required by rules and regulations adopted by the secretary in accordance with K.S.A. 32-805, and amendments thereto. In addition to any other penalty prescribed by law, failure to make such reports or to comply with the laws of the state of Kansas or rules and regulations of the secretary shall be grounds for the secretary to refuse to issue, refuse to renew, suspend or revoke such permit.
- (e) The secretary shall adopt, in accordance with K.S.A. 32-805, and amendments thereto, such rules and regulations as necessary to implement the provisions of this section.
- (f) Any person who is engaged in the business of raising domesticated deer shall not be required to have a game breeder permit as required by this section. As used in this section, "domesticated deer" means any member of the family cervidae which was legally obtained and is being sold or raised in a confined area for: (1) Breeding stock; for (2) any carcass, skin or part of such animal; for (3) exhibition; or for (4) companionship.
- (g) The secretary, on a quarterly basis, shall transmit to the <u>livestock animal health</u> commissioner a current list of persons issued a game breeder permit issued pursuant to this section who are raising or selling any member of the family cervidae.
- (h) Any person holding a game breeder permit from the secretary is hereby authorized to recapture any game bird that such game breeder is permitted to raise or sell whenever any such game bird has escaped from confinement for any reason. The authorized area for such recapture is hereby limited to a one-quarter mile radius of the game breeder's operation from which the escape from confinement occurred, provided

the game breeder has the prior approval of the owner of the land upon which the recapture will occur and has notified the department prior to the recapture.

- Sec. 8. K.S.A. 47-122a is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-122a. (a) Whenever the owner or the owner's authorized agent allows any livestock to run at large, in violation of K.S.A. 47-122, and amendments thereto, and such livestock remains on the property of another person, the sheriff of the county in which such livestock are running at large, at the request of such person upon whose property the livestock are running at large may take such livestock into custody and retain them in a secure holding area.
- (b) The county sheriff shall give notice to the owner or the owner's authorized agent within 24 hours after taking such livestock into custody that the owner or the owner's authorized agent has 10 days within which to claim such livestock and to pay all actual costs for taking up, keeping and feeding of such livestock.
- (c) If the owner or the owner's authorized agent fails to claim the livestock and to pay all actual costs within the ten-day period, the county sheriff shall cause the livestock to be delivered to a public livestock market or to a secure holding area approved by the <a href="livestock">livestock</a> animal health commissioner. If the livestock is delivered to the market, the county sheriff shall cause such livestock to be sold at such market to the highest bidder for cash. Livestock held in a secure holding area other than a livestock market shall be advertised by the county sheriff in the official county newspaper and sold to the highest bidder for cash.
- (d) The county sheriff shall pay out of the proceeds from the sale of such livestock, all actual costs for taking up, keeping and feeding of such livestock. Any proceeds remaining in the hands of the sheriff after payment of all actual costs, shall be paid to the owner of the livestock or the owner's authorized agent. If the owner or the owner's authorized agent is not known or cannot be located, the proceeds remaining after the payment of actual costs shall be paid to the county treasurer of the county in which the livestock were running at large. Such funds shall be deposited by the county treasurer in the county's special stray fund provided for in K.S.A. 47-239, and amendments thereto.
- (e) In counties having a consolidated law enforcement department, the provisions of this section relating to sheriffs shall be deemed to refer to such department.
- Sec. 9. K.S.A. 47-230 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-230. (a) Any person may take up any stray found upon his such person's premises; or upon any public thoroughfare adjoining thereto, and he. Within 24 hours after taking up the stray, such person shall report such the taking up to the sheriff of the county in which the stray is taken up within twenty-four (24) hours after the taking up of such stray. In giving such notice, the taker-up shall describe said stray to the sheriff by stating the kind. The report shall include a description of the stray, including the type of animal, color, weight, size, sex and, age, the marks, brands or other distinguishing features—of the animal, if any there may be, the place where the animal is kept and the address of the taker-up such person who took up the stray. The sheriff upon being given such notice shall shall then notify the state livestock animal health commissioner and the owners of all registered brands found on said animal health commissioner and the livestock animal health commissioner or his, or the commissioner's duly authorized representatives find and establish the ownership of said animal owner of the stray, a

record to that effect shall be kept, and said animal shall be then released to the established owner: Provided, That said owner has paid all costs accrued in said stray proceeding and has paid to the taker-up reasonable compensation for keeping and feeding said stray, as determined and agreed to by both the sheriff and the state-livestock commissioner or his authorized representative, together with the cost for any damage which said stray may have caused.

- (b) Subject to the agreement of both the sheriff and the animal health commissioner, or the commissioner's duly authorized representative, the stray shall be released to the established owner upon payment of:
- (1) All costs accrued in the stray proceeding, including the cost for any damage which the stray may have caused while in the sheriff's control; and
- (2) reasonable compensation to the person taking up the stray for the costs of keeping and feeding such stray, including the cost for any damage which the stray may have caused
- Sec. 10. K.S.A. 47-239 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-239. (a) The notice for the sale of the stray shall be published for one (+) issue in a publication or publications having general circulation in the area where said such stray was taken up, which. Such notice shall describe the stray animal by stating the kind of animal, sex, age; and brands. The notice shall not contain any statement as to the color of the stray animal, or as to any marks or other distinguishing features; and it shall not contain the name or address of the taker-up of such animal person who took up such stray. Out of the proceeds from the sale of said stray animal such stray, the sheriff shall pay the taker-up of such animal person who took up such stray, reasonable compensation for his keeping and feeding of the same, and the stray. The sheriff also shall pay all costs of the stray proceedings. Any proceeds remaining in the hands of the sheriff after payment of feeding and sale costs, shall be paid by him the sheriff to the treasurer of the county in which the stray animal was taken up. Such funds shall be placed by the county treasurer in a special stray fund.
- (b) At any time prior to the expiration to six (6) months following the date of such deposit with the county treasurer, a claimant may appear before the sheriff and submit evidence of ownership of said stray animal\_such stray. If such evidence is acceptable and satisfactory to the sheriff and to the state livestock\_animal\_health commissioner or his the commissioner's authorized representative, for purpose of establishing ownership of said stray animal\_such stray, the sheriff shall direct the county treasurer to disburse the remainder of the proceeds from the sale of said stray animal to said\_such stray to the claimant.
- (c) Upon the expiration of a period of six (6) months following the receipt of deposit of proceeds from the sale of any stray animal, without any such directive having been received from the sheriff, the county treasurer shall pay the remaining proceeds to the livestock animal health commissioner to be remitted, deposited and credited as provided by K.S.A. 47-417a, and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 11. K.S.A. 47-414 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-414. As used in this act, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:
- (a) "Person" means every natural person, firm, copartnership, association or corporation;
  - (b) "livestock" means cattle, sheep, horses, mules or asses;
  - (c) "brand" means any permanent identifying mark upon the surface of any

livestock, except upon horns and hoofs, made by any acid, chemical, a hot iron or cryogenic branding; and, also in the case of sheep shall include the identifying marks made by paint or tar;

- (d) "commissioner" means the <u>livestock\_animal health</u> commissioner<u>of the Kansas department of agriculture</u>;
- (e) "board" means the animal health board, created in K.S.A. 74-4001, and amendments thereto;
- (f) "cryogenic branding" means a brand produced by application of extreme cold temperature.
- Sec. 12. K.S.A. 47-414a is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-414a. (a) Whenever in any statutes of this state the terms "livestock commissioner," "livestock brand commissioner" or "brand commissioner" are used, or the term "commissioner" is used to refer to the livestock brand commissioner, such terms shall be construed to mean the livestock animal health commissioner appointed by the Kansas animal health board secretary of agriculture pursuant to K.S.A. 75-1901 74-5,119, and amendments thereto.
- (b) Whenever the term "board" is used in the acts contained in K.S.A. 47-414 to through 47-433, inclusive, and any acts amendatory thereof and amendments thereto, such term shall be construed to mean the Kansas animal health board created in K.S.A. 74-4001, and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 13. K.S.A. 47-416 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-416. It shall be the duty of the <a href="https://linear.nimal.ne.gov/linear.nimal.ne.gov/linear.nimal.ne.gov/linear.nimal.ne.gov/linear.nimal.ne.gov/linear.nimal.ne.gov/linear.nimal.ne.gov/linear.nimal.ne.gov/linear.nimal.ne.gov/linear.nimal.ne.gov/linear.nimal.ne.gov/linear.nimal.ne.gov/linear.nimal.ne.gov/linear.ne.gov/linear.nimal.ne.gov/linear.ne.gov/

The commissioner may appoint an assistant commissioner in charge of brands and brand inspectors, special investigators, examiners, deputy assistants and employees necessary to carry out the provisions of the acts contained in article 4 of chapter 47 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and any acts amendatory thereof amendments thereto, subject to approval of the board.

- Sec. 14. K.S.A. 47-416a is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-416a. Each special investigator, appointed by the <a href="https://livestock.nimal.health">https://livestock.nimal.health</a> commissioner, pursuant to K.S.A. 47-416a and amendments theretoa shall have the authority to make arrests, conduct searches and seizures and carry firearms while investigating violations of the provisions of article 4 of chapter 47 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated and <a href="https://example.net.alto.health.net.">https://example.net.alto.health.net
- Sec. 15. K.S.A. 47-417 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-417. (a) Any person may adopt a brand for the purpose of branding livestock in accordance with authorized rules and regulations of the livestock animal health commissioner of the Kansas animal health department department of agriculture division of animal health. Such person shall have the exclusive right to use such brand in this state, after

registering such brand with the livestock animal health commissioner.

- (b) Any person desiring to register a livestock brand shall forward to the commissioner a facsimile of such brand and shall accompany the same with the registration fee in the amount provided under this section. Each person making application for the registering of an available livestock brand which is available shall be issued a certificate of brand title which. Such brand title shall be valid for a period ending four years subsequent to the next April 1, following date of issuance.
- (c) For the purpose of revising the brand records, the <a href="livestoek">livestoek</a> animal health commissioner shall collect a renewal fee in the amount provided under this section on all brands upon which <a href="the">the</a> recording period expires. Any person submitting such renewal fee shall be entitled to a renewal of registration of such person's livestock brand for a five-year period from the date of expiration of registration of such person's livestock brand as shown by such person's last certificate of brand title.
- (d) The livestock brand of any person whose registration expires and who fails to pay such renewal fee within a grace period of 60 days after expiration of the registration period shall be placed in a delinquency status. The use of a delinquent brand shall be unlawful. If the owner of any delinquent registered brand the registration of which has expired fails to renew registration of such brand within 120 days after such brand became delinquent, such failure shall constitute an abandonment of all claim to any property right in such brand.
- (e) Upon the expiration of such delinquency period without any request for renewal and required remittance from the last record owner of a brand; or such owner's heirs, legatees or assigns, and with the termination of property rights by abandonment, the <a href="https://livestock\_animal\_health">https://livestock\_animal\_health</a> commissioner is authorized to receive and accept an application for such brand to the same extent as if such brand had never been issued to anyone as a registered brand.
- (f) The livestock animal health commissioner shall determine annually the amount of funds which will be required for the purposes for which the brand registration and renewal fees are charged and collected and shall fix and adjust from time to time each such fee in such reasonable amount as may be necessary for such purposes, except that in no case shall either the brand registration fee or the renewal fee exceed \$55. The amounts of the brand registration fee and the renewal fee in effect on the day preceding the effective date of this act shall continue in effect until the livestock animal health commissioner fixes different amounts for such fees under this section.
- Sec. 16. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 47-417a is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-417a. (a) The <a href="https://linear.com/lin
- (b) The <u>livestock animal health</u> commissioner shall remit all moneys received under the statutes contained in article 4 of chapter 47 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, except K.S.A. 47-434 through 47-445, and amendments thereto, to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall

deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the livestock brand fee fund. All expenditures from such fund shall be made in accordance with appropriation acts upon warrants of the director of accounts and reports issued pursuant to vouchers approved by the <a href="https://livestock\_animal\_health">health</a> commissioner or by a person or persons designated by the commissioner.

- Sec. 17. K.S.A. 47-418a is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-418a. Any person who willfully brands or causes to be branded any cattle in any manner other than as required or authorized by K.S.A. 47-418, and amendments thereto, or as required by the laws of this state and the rules and regulations of the livestock animal health commissioner, or any person who falsely brands or causes to be falsely branded any cattle in such a manner as to incorrectly designate the disease control identification or ownership of livestock, shall be deemed guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
- Sec. 18. K.S.A. 47-420 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-420. (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to use any brand for branding any livestock unless such brand has been duly registered in the office of the livestock animal health commissioner at Topeka, except: (1) The use of a single numeral digit (0 to 9), zero to nine, in conjunction with the registered brand of the owner may be used; for the purpose of determining the age of the branded animal, such number to be applied at least six inches from such registered brand; (2) the use of serial numbers in conjunction with the registered brand of the owner may be used for the purpose of identifying individual animals, such numbers to be applied at least six inches from the registered brand: (3) the use of numbers in conjunction with the registered brand of the owner may be used for the purpose of identifying herds of the same owner for feeding or experimental purposes, such numbers to be applied at least six inches from the registered brand; and (4) the use of a digital system of branding livestock may be used for the purpose of identifying animals in a licensed feedlot. Such feedlot brand may be used in conjunction with the registered brand of the owner, such brand to be applied at least six inches from such registered brand or may be used on animals which are not branded with a registered brand of the owner, subject to conditions, limitations and requirements applicable to the use of a feedlot brand as prescribed in K.S.A. 47-446, and amendments thereto. The age, serial, herd or feedlot brand shall not be construed as a part of the registered brand, and the use of such numeral or numerals in conjunction with a registered brand shall not be unlawful. Before any person uses any such serial or herd brand in conjunction with a registered brand, such person shall first obtain a permit from the <del>livestock</del> animal health commissioner authorizing such use.
- (b) The <a href="https://linear.com/linear.c
- Sec. 19. K.S.A. 47-422 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-422. Any brand recorded with the Kansas animal health board registered with the animal health commissioner of the Kansas department of agriculture in compliance with the requirements of this act shall be the property of the person causing such record to be made and. Such brand shall be subject to sale, assignment, transfer, devise, and descent as other personal property. Instruments of writing evidencing the sale, assignment or

transfer of such brand shall be recorded by the <a href="livestoek\_animal\_health">livestoek\_animal\_health</a> commissioner, and. The fee for recording such instruments of writing shall be \$15. Such instruments shall have the same force and effect as recorded instruments affecting real estate, and. A certified copy of the record of any such instrument may be introduced in evidence the same as is now provided for certified copies of instruments affecting real estate. Any brand recorded with the Kansas animal health department department of agriculture division of animal health shall not be used by any person other than the recorded owner. Any person violating any provision of this section shall be guilty of a class C misdemeanor.

- Sec. 20. K.S.A. 47-428 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-428. The <a href="livestock">livestock</a> animal health commissioner and the commissioner's deputies or assistants are hereby authorized to enter upon any private lands to make any inspections necessary for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this act or any of the provisions of article 4 of chapter 47 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated or any, and amendments thereto. The commissioner and the commissioner's deputies or assistants may accept proof of ownership of livestock from any person in possession of animals bearing the recorded brands of another party as sufficient to exclude and exempt such animals from being classified as stray animals under the provisions of this act.
- Sec. 21. K.S.A. 47-429 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-429. All moneys received from the sale of branded stray livestock shall be paid to the state livestock animal health commissioner, regardless of the provisions of notwithstanding article 2 of chapter 47 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated and acts amendatory, and amendments thereto, or any other provision of law relating to the disposition of the moneys received from the sale of branded stray animals. The commissioner or the commissioner's deputies are hereby authorized and directed to receive and receipt for all moneys received from the sale of branded stray livestock and shall pay the same to the state treasurer; and. The state treasurer shall credit the such amount so paid to the livestock brand fee fund.
- Sec. 22. K.S.A. 47-432 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-432. There is hereby created a livestock brand emergency revolving fund for the use of the state <a href="livestock animal health">livestock animal health</a> commissioner for the purpose of paying expenses and costs of establishing the ownership of livestock which are mingled as a result of sudden or extreme storm conditions or other unforeseen occurrences.
- Sec. 23. K.S.A. 47-433 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-433. The livestock brand emergency revolving fund may be used to provide for the compensation, subsistence and travel of emergency livestock brand inspectors and other necessary temporary employees and to provide for such transactions which demand immediate attention. Emergency livestock brand inspectors and other needed personnel may be employed by the livestock animal health commissioner, Kansas animal health department, department of agriculture division of animal health or by the assistant commissioner in charge of brands, on a temporary basis for services in the establishment of the ownership of livestock which may have been mingled as a result of sudden or extreme storm conditions; or other unforeseen occurrences. Personnel employed under this act shall be in the unclassified service and shall be exempt from the provisions of subsection (b) of K.S.A. 75-2935, and amendments thereto, requirements of the civil service law and processing by the division of personnel services of the department of administration. Such revolving fund shall not be used to

pay any regular employees, or for current accounts, which are payable monthly. Advanced payments may be made from such revolving fund by the commissioner or assistant commissioner for subsistence and travel of employees and for other necessary emergency purposes when deemed necessary. A settlement, based on an approved accounting for any advance payments, shall be completed prior to the certification to the director of accounts and reports for payment of any compensation earned. The assistant commissioner shall comply with supplemental procedures as the controller may require, but payments for services, subsistence and travel from the livestock brand emergency revolving fund shall be made by voucher method, showing periods of time worked.

- Sec. 24. K.S.A. 47-434 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-434. As used in this act:
  - (a) "Commissioner" means the state <u>livestock animal health</u> commissioner;
- (b) "brand inspection area" means any county which has been designated as such by the board of county commissioners of such county in the manner provided by K.S.A. 47-435, and amendments thereto;
- (c) "resident owner of cattle " means any resident of a county who has owned one or more head of cattle at any time during the 12 preceding months;
- (d) "brand inspection" means the inspection of brands, marks; and other identifying characteristics of cattle or sheep, or both, for the purpose of determining the ownership thereof; and
  - (e) "person" means any individual, firm, association, partnership or corporation.
- Sec. 25. K.S.A. 47-435 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-435. (a) Whenever a petition is submitted to the board of county commissioners, signed by not less than 51% of the resident owners of cattle, as determined by an enumeration taken and verified for this purpose by a qualified elector of the county, requesting that the county be designated a brand inspection area, it shall be the duty of the board of county commissioners, within 10 days after receipt of such petition, to make a determination as to the sufficiency of the qualifications and numbers of signers. If such petition is found sufficient the board shall adopt a resolution declaring the county a brand inspection area, and shall immediately file a certified copy of such resolution with the livestock animal health commissioner. In every case, the date of filing of the certified copy of the resolution of the board of county commissioners declaring the county a brand inspection area with the commissioner shall be the date the county shall qualify as a brand inspection area.
- (b) Any and all counties which have been so designated as a brand inspection area, and which are adjacent to and contiguous with other counties so designated, shall be and constitute a part of a basic brand inspection area. From and after the effective date of this act, the counties of Hamilton, Kearny and Wichita shall be and are hereby designated and declared to be a part of a basic brand inspection area. Such basic brand inspection area shall be subject to enlargement by the addition of other contiguous counties.
- (c) Whenever a petition is submitted to the board of county commissioners, signed by not less than 51% of the resident owners of cattle, as determined by an enumeration taken and verified for this purpose by a qualified elector of the county, requesting that the county no longer be designated a brand inspection area and that its status as a brand inspection area be terminated, it shall be the duty of the board of county

commissioners, within 10 days after receipt of such petition, to make a determination as to the sufficiency of the qualifications and numbers of signers. If such petition is found sufficient the board shall adopt a resolution declaring that the county is no longer a brand inspection area; and shall immediately file a certified copy of such resolution with the <a href="https://linearchy.org/l

- Sec. 26. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 47-437 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-437. (a) The <a href="https://linear.com/linea
- (b) When the <a href="livestoek\_animal\_health">livestoek\_animal\_health</a> commissioner determines that the fees collected under this section are yielding more than is required for the purposes for which such fees are collected, the commissioner may reduce such fees for such period as the commissioner deems justified. In the event the <a href="livestoek\_animal\_health">livestoek\_animal\_health</a> commissioner, after reducing such fees, finds that sufficient revenues are not being produced by the reduced fees to properly administer and enforce this act and acts of which this section is amendatory or supplemental, the commissioner may increase such fees to such rate as will, in the commissioner's judgment, produce sufficient revenue for the purposes provided in this section, but not exceeding \$.75 per head on cattle and not to exceed \$.05 per head on sheep.
- (c) The livestoek animal health commissioner shall remit all moneys received under K.S.A. 47-434 through 47-445, and amendments thereto, to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the county option brand fee fund, except any amounts received for brand inspection services of livestock outside of a county option area. All expenditures from such fund shall be made in accordance with appropriation acts upon warrants of the director of accounts and reports issued pursuant to vouchers approved by the livestock animal health commissioner or by a person or persons designated by the commissioner. All amounts received for inspection of livestock outside of a county option area shall be deposited to the credit of the livestock brand fee fund.
- Sec. 27. K.S.A. 47-441 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-441. It shall be unlawful for any person in any brand inspection area, including the owner of cattle, the shipper, motor carrier, railroad company, other carrier or corporation, or the agent or servant of any such person, carrier or corporation, to move, drive, ship or transport, in any manner, any cattle from any point in a brand inspection area, to any point outside

such area other than another brand inspection area, unless such cattle shall have first have been inspected for brands by the state livestock animal health commissioner, the commissioner's inspectors or examiners, or some person deputized by the commissioner to perform such inspection, unless such cattle are accompanied by a brand inspection The livestock animal health commissioner and the commissioner's inspectors and deputies may give permission for such movement of cattle without inspection when: (1) There is no change of ownership involved; or (2) shipment of such cattle is to a market where Kansas brand inspection is maintained. No such inspection shall be required in any case where any such cattle are being moved from a feedlot the operator of which has been licensed pursuant to K.S.A. 47-1503, and amendments thereto. It shall be unlawful for any motor carrier, railroad company or other carrier transporting any cattle from any brand inspection area to any market to permit the owner, the shipper or the party in charge of cattle to change the billing from consignation point to a point other than to a market where Kansas brand inspection is maintained, unless such carrier has or first secures an authorized brand inspection certificate for such cattle.

- Sec. 28. K.S.A. 47-442 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-442. (a) It shall be unlawful for any person in any brand inspection area to move any cattle within such area unless such cattle have been first inspected for brands by the livestock animal health commissioner or the commissioner's inspectors or deputies except that cattle may be moved without such inspection when: (1) Cattle are moved to a market where Kansas brand inspection is maintained; or (2) cattle are moved from a feedlot the operator of which has been licensed pursuant to K.S.A. 47-1503, and amendments thereto, except that when any such cattle are moved to any such feedlot the same cattle shall be inspected at the time they enter such feedlot. The livestock commissioner shall have the authority
- (b) In any case where as a result of a natural or man-made disaster cattle have strayed or have become mixed, the animal health commissioner shall have the authority to conduct a one time brand inspection of the cattle in any such feedlot.
- (c) Any person who purchases cattle from within a brand inspection area without receiving a bill of sale and a brand inspection certificate shall be deemed as counseling, aiding and abetting the seller in the unlawful sale of such livestock.
- Sec. 29. K.S.A. 47-446 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-446. Feedlot brands may be lawfully applied to livestock which livestock are not branded with a registered brand of the owner and which are in the custody of, and upon the premises of, a feedlot operator licensed under the provisions of article 15 of chapter 47 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and acts amendatory thereof or supplemental amendments thereto, subject to the following conditions, limitations and requirements: (1) Such feedlot brand shall not be construed as evidence of ownership identification; (2) livestock which are branded with a feedlot brand shall be held by the licensed feedlot operator under quarantine upon said feed lot such feedlot premises until (a) either released by said such feedlot operator for movement to slaughter or (b) released by the livestock animal health commissioner; or his such commissioner's authorized representative, by issuance of a permit authorizing such livestock to be moved from the feedlot premises for grazing purposes; Any such permit, if issued, shall be subject to the requirement that only shall be issued if such livestock, have been branded with a registered brand of the owner of the livestock before release from licensed feedlot

premises, shall be branded with a registered brand of the owner of the livestoek.

Sec. 30. K.S.A. 47-448 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-448. The <a href="https://linear.com/linear.co

The <u>livestock\_animal\_health</u> commissioner may set and charge fees for brand inspection of animals subject to any reciprocity agreement, and. Such fees shall not be limited by or subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 47-417a or 47-437, and amendments thereto, or any other law prescribing fees for brand inspection.

- Sec. 31. K.S.A. 47-605 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-605. For the purpose of this act, the <u>livestoek\_animal health</u> commissioner is hereby authorized and empowered to administer oaths and affirmations.
- Sec. 32. K.S.A. 47-607 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-607. (a) It shall be unlawful for any person or persons to bring, drive or transport any cattle, calves, sheep, swine, horses, mules, goats, domesticated deer, as defined in K.S.A. 47-1001, and amendments thereto, any creature of the ratite family that is not indigenous to this state, including, but not limited to, ostriches, emus and rheas, or any other animal that may be used in the preparation of meat or meat products into the state of Kansas, without first having caused such animal or animals to be inspected and passed under certificate of health as required by the livestock animal health commissioner of this state.
- (b) All shipments and movements of livestock into the state of Kansas upon a public highway shall be accompanied by any such certificates of health or permits required by the <a href="livestock">livestock</a> animal health commissioner shall prescribe, by rules and regulations, procedure whereby certificates of health and other required statements and declarations may be submitted to the commissioner at the time of shipment.
- (c) The <u>livestock animal health</u> commissioner is authorized to issue a special quarantine on such conditions as the commissioner deems necessary to prevent the spread of infectious and contagious diseases in the state of Kansas and on the condition that, if any such livestock upon inspection by an authorized veterinarian are found not to be free and clear of infectious and contagious diseases, <u>the same such livestock</u> shall be: (1) Forthwith
- (1) Disposed of by the owner or possessor thereof either by: (A) Sale at a public market for immediate slaughter; (B) delivery at a licensed disposal plant; or (C) return to place of origin; or
- (2)\_held by the owner or possessor thereof under quarantine of and subject to the orders and rules and regulations of the livestock animal health commissioner.
- Sec. 33. K.S.A. 47-607a is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-607a. When the <a href="https://livestock\_animal\_health">https://livestock\_animal\_health</a> commissioner of this state determines that a special permit is required to move any or all kinds or species of livestock into or through the state of Kansas, the <a href="https://livestock\_animal\_health">hit in the state of Kansas</a>, the <a href="https://livestock\_animal\_health">hit in the state of Kansas</a>, firm, corporation, railway, aerial or motor transportation company, or individual owner of a truck, or the agents thereof, shall ship, trail, permit to cross the state line or in any manner transport any class of livestock into the state of Kansas from any other area, state or states designated by the <a href="https://livestock\_animal\_health">hit in the state of Kansas from any other area, state or states designated by the <a href="https://livestock\_animal\_health">hit in the state of Kansas from any other area, state or states designated by the <a href="https://livestock\_animal\_health">hit in the state of Kansas from any other area, state or states designated by the <a href="https://livestock\_animal\_health">hit in the state of Kansas from any other area, state or states designated by the <a href="https://livestock\_animal\_health">hit in the state of Kansas from any other area, state or states designated by the <a href="https://livestock\_animal\_health">hit in the state of Kansas from any other area, state or states designated by the <a href="https://livestock\_animal\_health">hit in the state of Kansas from any other area, state or states designated by the <a href="https://livestock\_animal\_health">hit in the state of Kansas from any other area, state or states designated by the <a href="https://livestock\_animal\_health">hit in the state of Kansas from any other area, state or states designated by the <a href="https://livestock\_animal\_health">hit in the state of Kansas from any other area, state or states designated by the <a href="https://livestock\_anim

without first obtaining a special permit, by wire, letter or telephone, from the livestock animal health commissioner at Topeka, Kansas. Such special permit or the authorized permit number of such special permit shall accompany such shipment of livestock into the state of Kansas.

- Sec. 34. K.S.A. 47-607d is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-607d. The <a href="https://livestock\_animal\_health">https://livestock\_animal\_health</a> commissioner may adopt such rules and regulations as necessary to carry out the purposes of this act.
- Sec. 35. K.S.A. 47-608 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-608. The <a href="https://livestock\_animal\_health">https://livestock\_animal\_health</a> commissioner is hereby authorized and directed to cooperate with the secretary of agriculture of the United States, or any officer or authority of the general government, in the suppression and extirpation of contagious diseases among domestic animals and in the enforcement and execution of all acts of congress to prevent the importation and exportation of diseased animals and the spread of infectious or contagious diseases among domestic animals.
- Sec. 36. K.S.A. 47-610 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-610. The state <a href="livestock">livestock</a> animal health commissioner is hereby directed to protect the health of domestic animals of the state from all contagious or infectious diseases and for this purpose is hereby authorized and empowered to establish, maintain and enforce such quarantine, sanitary and other regulations as necessary. If the <a href="livestock\_animal health">livestock\_animal health</a> commissioner requires the assistance of technical knowledge, experience or skill to carry out the duties of the <a href="livestock\_animal health">livestock\_animal health</a> commissioner may command the services of any competent veterinarian or may call upon the dean of the college of veterinary medicine, Kansas state university at Manhattan, Kansas, for that purpose. In case the dean of the college of veterinary medicine, Kansas state university is called, the dean shall receive actual and necessary expenses in the performance of such duties as full compensation for such services. If any other veterinarian is employed, such veterinarian shall receive such actual and necessary expenses and reasonable compensation for such services.
- Sec. 37. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 47-611 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-611. (a) When the <u>animal health</u> commissioner determines that a quarantine and other regulations are necessary to prevent the spread among domestic animals of any contagious or infectious disease, the commissioner shall notify the governor of such determination, and the governor shall issue a proclamation announcing the boundary of such quarantine and the orders and rules and regulations prescribed by the commissioner, which Such proclamation shall be published in the Kansas register, except that the commissioner, if the area affected by the quarantine is limited in extent, may dispense with the proclamation of the governor and give such notice as the commissioner shall deem sufficient to make the quarantine effective.
- (b) Upon a determination by the governor that a quarantine or other regulations are necessary to prevent the spread among domestic animals of any contagious or infectious disease, the governor shall direct the commissioner to establish a quarantine pursuant to this section.
- (c) The governor may require and direct the cooperation and assistance of any state agency in enforcing such quarantine or other regulations pursuant to subsection (a) or (b).
- (d) The commissioner shall establish such quarantine immediately and shall give and enforce such directions, rules and regulations as to separating, isolating, handling

and treating, feeding and caring for such diseased animals, animals exposed to the disease and animals within the quarantine which have not been immediately exposed, as the commissioner deems necessary to prevent those classes of animals from coming into contact with one another.

- (e) The <u>livestock\_animal health</u> commissioner or the commissioner's designee is hereby authorized and empowered to enter any grounds and premises to carry out the provisions of this act.
- Sec. 38. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 47-612 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-612. Whenever the livestock animal health commissioner determines that certain animals within the state are capable of communicating infectious or contagious disease, the commissioner may issue an order to the sheriff of the county or to any agent, inspector or authorized representative of the livestock animal health commissioner in which such animals are found, commanding such individuals to take into custody and keep such animals subject to such quarantine regulations as the livestock animal health commissioner may prescribe, until such time as the commissioner directs such person to deliver such animals to their owner or owners or to the agent of the owner or owners. Before any animals are delivered, there shall be paid by the owner of such animals shall pay to the livestock animal health commissioner all the fees, costs and expenses of taking, detaining and holding and caring for the animals. In case such fees, costs and expenses are not paid at the time fixed by the livestock animal health commissioner, the officer having custody of such animals shall advertise, in the same manner as provided by law in case of sale of personal property on execution, that the officer will sell such animals or such portion of such animals as may be necessary to pay such fees, costs and expenses, together with the costs and expenses of such sale. At the time and place advertised the officer shall sell as many of the animals as may be necessary to pay for such fees, costs and expenses and the costs and expenses of such sale. Upon such sale the officer shall without delay pay to the owner any amount received in excess of the fees, costs and expenses, including, but not limited to, legal fees of such officer. Any officer performing any of the duties directed in this section or any other section of this act shall receive the same compensation for such services as is prescribed by law for similar services. In case such fees, costs and expenses cannot be collected by sale of such animals, such fees, costs and expenses shall be paid by the state of Kansas unless payment or indemnity for the costs of taking into custody, keeping and selling such animals may be obtained from the United States government.
- Sec. 39. K.S.A. 47-613 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-613. The sheriff to whom the existence of any contagious or infectious disease of domestic animals is reported shall proceed without delay to the place where such domestic animal or animals are and examine the same, and shall report immediately the result of such examination to the <a href="https://livestock.animal.health">https://livestock.animal.health</a> commissioner. The sheriff shall enforce such temporary quarantine regulations as the <a href="https://livestock.animal.health">https://livestock.animal.health</a> commissioner provides and orders suitable permanent quarantine rules and regulations. No sheriff who takes or detains such animals under the provisions of this act shall be liable to the owner or owners of such animals for any damages by reason of such taking or detention or by reason of the performance of any other duties directed by law.
- Sec. 40. K.S.A. 47-616 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-616. When any animal or animals are killed under the provisions of this act by order of the

commissioner, the owner of such animal or animals shall be paid for such animal or animals such proportion of the appraised value as fixed by the appraisement as provided by law. The right of indemnity on account of animals killed by order of the commissioner under the provisions of this act shall not extend to: (a) To Animals killed on account of rabies; (b) to the owner of animals which have been brought into the state in a diseased condition, or from a state, country, territory or district in which the disease with which the animal is infected or to which it has been exposed exists; (c) to any animal which has been brought into the state in violation of any law or quarantine regulations thereof, or the owner of which has violated any of the provisions of this act or disregarded any rule and regulation or order of the <a href="https://livestock\_animal\_health.commissioner">https://livestock\_animal\_health.commissioner</a>; (d) to-any animal which came into the possession of the claimant with the claimant's knowledge that such animal was diseased or was suspected of being diseased or of having been exposed to any contagious or infectious disease; nor or (e) to any animal belonging to the United States.

- Sec. 41. K.S.A. 47-618 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-618. The animal health commissioner shall have power to call upon any sheriff, undersheriff or deputy sheriff to execute his the commissioner's orders, and. Such officers shall obey the orders of said the commissioner, and for performing such services shall receive mileage and fees as is now provided for service in process in civil actions; and in addition thereto shall receive. For killing and disposing of diseased animals, in accordance with the rules prescribed by the <del>livestock</del> animal health commissioner, such officers shall receive the following fees: (1) For the first animal, not to exceed five dollars (\$5); \$5: (2) for each additional animal, not to exceed two dollars (\$2) \$2; but in no case shall the amount exceed the actual cost of doing such work; and. Such fees shall be paid by the board of county commissioners of the county in which the services are rendered. Any such officer may arrest on view and take before any judge of a court of competent jurisdiction of the county any person found violating the provisions of this act, and such officer shall immediately notify the county or district attorney of such arrest, and he such county or district attorney shall prosecute the person so offending according to law.
- Sec. 42. K.S.A. 47-619 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-619. The owner or owners of any stockyards doing business in this state, When requested by the livestock animal health commissioner, the owner or owners of any stockyards doing business in this state shall keep constantly in their employ a competent inspector of livestock appointed by the commissioner whose compensation shall be fixed and duties prescribed by the livestock animal health commissioner. The livestock animal health commissioner shall prescribe that portion of the compensation which shall be paid by the owner or owners of the stockyards. It shall be the duty of such inspector to work in conjunction with the United States government authorities to prohibit and prevent any stock affected with any contagious or infectious disease to be driven or shipped out of any such stockyards except to some licensed rendering establishment.
- Sec. 43. K.S.A. 47-620 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-620. Whenever the state <a href="livestoek\_animal\_health">livestoek\_animal\_health</a> commissioner has good reason to believe that any contagious or infectious disease has become epidemic in certain localities in other states, territories or countries, or that there are conditions which render domestic animals from such infected districts liable to convey such disease, the <a href="livestoek\_animal\_health">livestoek\_animal\_health</a> commissioner shall publish an order prohibiting the entrance of any livestock of

the kind diseased into the state from such infected district.

- Sec. 44. K.S.A. 47-622 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-622. It shall be the duty of the owner or person in charge of any domestic animal or animals who discovers, or has reason to believe that any domestic animal owned by such person or in such person's charge or keeping is affected with any contagious or infectious disease, to immediately report such fact or belief to the <a href="livestoek\_animal health">livestoek\_animal health</a> commissioner. It shall be the duty of any person who discovers the existence of any such contagious or infectious disease among the domestic animals of any person to <a href="limeter-immediately">limeter-immediately</a> report this information at once to the <a href="livestoek">livestoek</a> animal health commissioner.
- Sec. 45. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 47-624 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-624. (a) In addition to any other penalty provided by law, any person who has in such person's possession any domestic animal affected with any contagious or infectious disease, knowing such animal to be so affected, who may incur a civil penalty imposed under subsection (b) if such person:
  - (1) Permits such animal to run at large; or who
- (2) keeps such animal where other domestic animals, not affected with or previously exposed to such disease, may be exposed to such contagious or infectious disease; or who
- (3) sells, ships, drives, trades or gives away such diseased and infected animal or animals which have been exposed to such infection or contagion, except by sale, trade or gift to a regularly licensed disposal plant; or who
- (4) moves or drives any domestic animal in violation of the rules and regulations, directions or orders establishing and regulating quarantine may incur a civil penalty imposed under subsection (b) in the amount of not less than \$250 nor more than \$1,000 for each such violation and, in the case of a continuing violation, every day such violation continues shall be deemed a separate violation.
- (b) Any owner of any domestic animal which has been affected with or exposed to any contagious or infectious disease may dispose of the same after such owner obtains from the livestock animal health commissioner a bill of health for such animal.
- (b) (c) Any duly authorized agent of the commissioner, upon a finding that any person, or agent or employee thereof, has violated any of the provisions stated above of subsection (a), may impose a civil penalty upon such person as provided in this section. Such penalty shall be an amount not less than \$250 nor more than \$1,000 for each such violation and in the case of a continuing violation, every day such violation continues shall be deemed a separate violation.
- (e) (d) No civil penalty shall be imposed pursuant to this section except upon the written order of the duly authorized agent of the commissioner to the person who committed the violation. Such order shall state the violation, the penalty to be imposed and the right of the person to appeal to the commissioner. Any such person, within 20 days after notification, may make written request to the commissioner for a hearing in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act. The commissioner shall affirm, reverse or modify the order and shall specify the reasons therefor
- (d) (e) Any person aggrieved by an order of the commissioner made under this section may appeal such order to the district court in the manner provided by the Kansas judicial review act.
  - (e) (f) Any civil penalty recovered pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be

remitted to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the state general fund.

- Sec. 46. K.S.A. 47-626 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-626. The state <a href="livestock\_animal\_health">livestock\_animal\_health</a> commissioner may employ such persons and purchase such supplies, appliances and materials as may be necessary to carry into full effect all the orders given by the <a href="livestock\_animal\_health">livestock\_animal\_health</a> commissioner as provided by law. No labor shall be employed and no material or supplies purchased by the <a href="livestock\_animal\_health">livestock\_animal\_health</a> commissioner except such additional labor, material and supplies as may be necessary to carry into effect the quarantine and other regulations prescribed by the commissioner. The director of accounts and reports shall draw warrants upon the treasurer of state for the necessary amount upon vouchers properly verified by the person performing such labor or furnishing such material and approved by the <a href="livestock\_animal\_health\_commissioner">livestock\_animal\_health\_commissioner</a>.
- Sec. 47. K.S.A. 47-627 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-627. If the <a href="https://linear.nimal.health">https://linear.nimal.health</a> commissioner finds the disease known as the itch or mange existing among domestic animals, the <a href="https://linear.nimal.health">https://linear.nimal.health</a> commissioner shall order all animals so affected to be properly treated as the commissioner deems necessary.
- Sec. 48. K.S.A. 47-629 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-629. It shall be unlawful for any person to inject any virulent hog cholera virus into any hog; in the state of Kansas; unless such person first obtains a permit from the livestoek animal health commissioner authorizing such injection. A permit to inject virulent hog cholera virus may be issued by the livestoek animal health commissioner upon application to the livestoek animal health commissioner upon a form provided by the livestoek animal health commissioner. Such permit shall be issued only to persons who are sufficiently informed as to qualify to safely handle and use such virus; and. Such permit shall state such the conditions, limitations and regulations as the livestoek animal health commissioner deems necessary for the protection of the health of the domestic animals of this state from infectious or contagious diseases. Such permit shall be issued for a definite period which duration shall be fixed by the livestoek animal health commissioner as the livestoek animal health commissioner deems necessary to prevent the spread of infectious or contagious diseases. The permit holder shall comply with the requirements of such permit.
- Sec. 49. K.S.A. 47-629a is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-629a. It shall be unlawful for any person to sell or offer for sale virulent hog cholera virus to another unless the vendor is: (1) A manufacturer thereof; or (2) a distributor of veterinarian supplies, authorized by the <a href="https://livestock.animal.health">https://livestock.animal.health</a> commissioner to handle and sell such virus; or (3) a veterinarian licensed under the Kansas veterinary practice act.
- Sec. 50. K.S.A. 47-629b is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-629b. It shall be unlawful for any person to sell; or offer for sale; any virulent hog cholera virus to another unless the purchaser is: (1) A holder of a permit from the <u>livestock animal health</u> commissioner, currently in effect, authorizing such person to inject virulent hog cholera virus; or (2) a distributor of veterinarian supplies authorized by the <u>livestock animal health</u> commissioner to handle and sell such virus.
- Sec. 51. K.S.A. 47-629c is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-629c. Any person who violates any provision of this act, or any provision of a permit to inject virulent hog cholera virus issued by the <a href="https://livestock.nimal.nealth">https://livestock.nimal.nealth</a> commissioner, and any

person who fails to comply with any provision of this act or any provision of such a permit, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined in a sum of not less than \$25 or more than \$500 or shall be imprisoned in the county jail for not more than six months, or both.

- Sec. 52. K.S.A. 47-631 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-631. (a) The <a href="https://livestock\_animal\_health">https://livestock\_animal\_health</a> commissioner deems it necessary, shall formulate and announce the rules under which the tuberculin test for tuberculosis in domestic animals shall be applied <a href="https://ann.and.com/animals-shall-be-applied-animals-shall-be-applied-animals-shal
- (1) No tuberculin shall be used other than that furnished by the United States government;
- (2) no person other than one indicated for that purpose by the <u>livestock animal</u> <u>health</u> commissioner shall inject any tuberculin into any animal in this state; <u>and</u>
- (3) all charts giving the temperature and conditions existing at the time the animal was tested, accompanied by a history and description of the animal, shall be submitted, immediately after the test is made, to the state <a href="livestock">livestock</a> animal health commissioner; who shall thereupon. The animal health commissioner shall then render an opinion a decision thereon, which decision shall be final and shall be recorded in the office of the livestock animal health commissioner.
- (b) The state <u>livestock animal health</u> commissioner shall <u>at once immediately</u> apply the quarantine and other regulations issued under the provisions of this act to animals found infected with tuberculosis.
- Sec. 53. K.S.A. 47-632 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-632. Whenever the <a href="https://linear.com/
- Sec. 54. K.S.A. 47-632a is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-632a. The <a href="https://livestock\_animal\_health">https://livestock\_animal\_health</a> commissioner shall not be required to examine the records in the county where condemned animals are situated to determine names and rights of lien claimants or mortgagees.
- Sec. 55. K.S.A. 47-633a is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-633a. The livestock animal health commissioner may order the condemnation of an entire herd of domestic animals when tuberculosis of any animal within such herd has been diagnosed. In such event, the livestock animal health commissioner shall indemnify the owner of such herd in an amount not to exceed fifty percent (50%) 50% of the difference between the salvage value and the appraised value of the animals in the condemned herd. Such payment by the commissioner shall be from funds appropriated therefor, but in no event shall such payment exceed the sum of four hundred dollars (\$400) \$400 per head for registered bovine animals, the sum of two hundred dollars (\$200) \$200 per head for grade bovine animals. Such compensation shall not be paid,

and the premises from which the herd was taken shall not be restocked, until such premises have been cleaned and disinfected and, subsequent thereto, have been inspected and approved by the <a href="https://linear.commissioner.commissioner">https://linear.commissioner</a>, authorized representative. Appraisals of animals condemned shall be made by the <a href="https://linear.commissioner">his or her the commissioner</a>'s authorized representative, and by the owner. If <a href="mailto:said\_such">said\_such</a> appraisers cannot agree, a disinterested third party, who has knowledge of livestock values in such locality, shall be selected as an arbitrator by the commissioner and the owner, at the expense of the owner. The determination of values by <a href="mailto:said\_such">said\_such</a> arbitrator shall be final.

- Sec. 56. K.S.A. 47-634 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-634. The disinfection of the premises where a diseased animal or animals coming within the provisions of this act have been kept shall be under the supervision of the livestoek animal health commissioner, or the designee of the livestoek animal health commissioner. The livestoek animal health commissioner, in addition, shall designate the materials to be used and the method of their application. The cost of such material together with the necessary labor of disinfecting shall be paid by the owner of such animals. Except for disinfection, the premises shall be kept in quarantine until such time as the livestoek animal health commissioner may determine.
- Sec. 57. K.S.A. 47-635 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-635. The provisions of this act shall be construed to include all contagious or infectious diseases among all kinds of domestic animals, including, but not limited to, horses, mules, asses, cattle, sheep, goats, llamas, swine, dogs, cats, poultry, birds, nonhuman primates, ferrets, domesticated deer, as defined in K.S.A. 47-1001, and amendments thereto, all creatures of the ratite family, including, but not limited to, ostriches, emus and rheas and exotic animals as defined by rules and regulations in 9 C.F.R. 1.1, pursuant to 7 U.S.C. § 2131 et seq. The state livestock animal health commissioner is given the same power over any domestic animal afflicted with rabies as is conferred upon the livestock animal health commissioner in relation to other diseases of domestic animals.
- Sec. 58. K.S.A. 47-646a is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-646a. It shall be lawful for any authorized representative of the <a href="livestoek\_animal\_health">livestoek\_animal\_health</a> commissioner, any sheriff, any city marshal or any law enforcement officer at any time to kill any dog which may be found unconfined in violation of any rabies quarantine or other quarantine order issued by the state <a href="livestoek\_animal\_health">livestoek\_animal\_health</a> commissioner or issued by the secretary of health and environment.
- Sec. 59. K.S.A. 47-650 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-650. Upon the presentation to the state <a href="livestoek\_animal\_health">livestoek\_animal\_health</a> commissioner of a petition signed by 50 farmers who are resident taxpayers of any county in this state asking that they be permitted to establish a county hog cholera-control organization in their county, such commissioner shall notify in writing the president of Kansas state university; and the inspector in charge of the office of the United States department of agriculture, animal plant health inspection service, veterinary services, that a meeting will be held at the county seat of the county at a certain date and hour to perfect the organization prayed for in the petition. All persons attending such meeting shall proceed to perfect the establishment of the \_\_\_\_\_\_ county hog cholera-control organization by choosing a president, vice-president, secretary and treasurer and one farmer from each township in the county, who shall, in connection with such officers, shall constitute the executive board of the \_\_\_\_\_\_ county hog cholera-control organization.

- Sec. 60. K.S.A. 47-651 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-651. Upon the completion of the establishment of such organization, the state <a href="livestoek\_animal\_health">livestoek\_animal\_health</a> commissioner <a href="shall">shall</a>, upon the recommendation of the executive board, <a href="shall">shall</a> appoint a competent person as deputy state <a href="livestoek\_animal\_health">livestoek\_animal\_health</a> commissioner for the county. Such county deputy <a href="livestoek\_animal\_health">livestoek\_animal\_health</a> commissioner shall perform all services and discharge all duties in the county hog cholera control work in exact conformity with the rules and regulations promulgated by the <a href="livestoek\_animal\_health">livestoek\_animal\_health</a> commissioner.
- Sec. 61. K.S.A. 47-653 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-653. The county deputy livestoek animal health commissioner shall receive a reasonable compensation, to be determined by the state livestoek animal health commissioner, in an amount not to exceed \$100 per month and necessary travel expenses while absent from home in the discharge of the duties of such position.
- Sec. 62. K.S.A. 47-653a is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-653a. It shall be unlawful for any person to sell or to use hog cholera vaccines in the state of Kansas unless the hog cholera vaccine is first approved by the state <a href="https://livestock\_animal\_health">https://livestock\_animal\_health</a> commissioner.
- Sec. 63. K.S.A. 47-653b is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-653b. The state <a href="https://livestock\_animal\_health">https://livestock\_animal\_health</a> commissioner is hereby authorized and empowered to adopt rules and regulations designating which hog cholera vaccines may be sold or used in this state.
- Sec. 64. K.S.A. 47-653d is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-653d. In order to prevent the spread of hog cholera, and to reduce the danger of the spread thereof, the <a href="livestoek\_animal\_health">livestoek\_animal\_health</a> commissioner, or the authorized representative of the <a href="livestoek\_animal\_health">livestoek\_animal\_health</a> commissioner, may destroy or require the destruction of any swine which the <a href="livestoek\_animal\_health">livestoek\_animal\_health</a> commissioner has determined to be affected with or exposed to hog cholera. Prior to such destruction there shall be an appraisal of the value of any swine, which shall be made jointly by the owner of such swine and the <a href="livestoek\_animal\_health">livestoek\_animal\_health</a> commissioner, or the authorized representative of the <a href="livestoek\_animal\_health">livestoek\_animal\_health</a> commissioner. If the appraisers cannot agree, a disinterested third party who has knowledge of livestock values in such locality shall be selected by the commissioner and the owner, at the expense of the owner, as an arbitrator. The arbitrator's determination of the value of such swine shall be final.
- Sec. 65. K.S.A. 47-653e is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-653e. The owner or custodian of such swine, immediately after the determination of its appraised value, shall cause such swine to be disposed of in the manner directed by the <a href="https://livestoek\_animal\_health">health</a> commissioner or the authorized representative of the <a href="https://livestoek\_animal\_health">health</a> commissioner. Any owner or custodian of swine who fails to dispose of swine as directed by the <a href="https://livestoek\_animal\_health">hivestoek\_animal\_health</a> commissioner, upon conviction, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished in the manner provided in K.S.A. 47-607c, and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 66. K.S.A. 47-653f is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-653f. On presentation to the <a href="https://linear.com

swine which have been brought or moved into Kansas in violation of the import regulations of this state, and indemnity shall not be paid on any swine which have been allowed to mingle with swine so brought or moved into Kansas.

Indemnification payments shall be made from legislative appropriations for such purpose to the <a href="https://linear.ni.org/li

- Sec. 67. K.S.A. 47-653g is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-653g. The <a href="livestock">livestock</a> animal health commissioner is hereby authorized to cooperate with any department, agency or officer of the federal government in the control and eradication of hog cholera, including the sharing in the payment of indemnities for swine destroyed pursuant to this act.
- Sec. 68. K.S.A. 47-653h is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-653h. Any motor vehicle used in the hauling or transporting of swine from the premises where diseased or exposed swine have been under hog cholera quarantine to a destination where such swine are to be slaughtered, including a licensed disposal plant, shall be thoroughly cleaned and disinfected after unloading such swine. Such cleaning and disinfection shall be made under the supervision of the <a href="https://livestock\_animal\_health.commissioner">https://livestock\_animal\_health.commissioner</a>, and with a disinfectant which has been approved by the <a href="https://livestock\_animal\_health.commissioner">https://livestock\_animal\_health.commissioner</a>.
- Sec. 69. K.S.A. 47-654 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-654. It shall be unlawful for any person to ship into Kansas or offer for sale in Kansas any food for livestock contained in sacks which have not been first thoroughly disinfected or fumigated in accordance with the requirements of the <a href="https://livestock\_animal\_health.commissioner">https://livestock\_animal\_health.commissioner</a>. It shall be unlawful for any person to offer for sale in Kansas any food for livestock manufactured within the state that is contained in sacks which have not been first thoroughly disinfected or fumigated in accordance with the requirements of the <a href="https://livestock-animal-health.commissioner">https://livestock-animal-health.commissioner</a>.
- Sec. 70. K.S.A. 47-655 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-655. It shall be unlawful for any person to sell or offer for sale any old or secondhand sacks until the same such sacks have been thoroughly disinfected or fumigated as required by the livestock animal health commissioner.
- Sec. 71. K.S.A. 47-657 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-657. (a) The state <a href="livestock">livestock</a> animal health commissioner, whenever the commissioner deems it necessary, shall formulate and announce the rules under which approved test for brucellosis in cattle shall be applied and for all proceedings subsequent to such application:
- (1) No person or laboratory other than those indicated for that purpose by the livestock animal health commissioner shall test cattle for brucellosis;
- (2) all charts showing result of test and conditions existing at the time of test, together with a history and description of cattle, shall be submitted to the livestock animal health commissioner immediately upon completion of test and the livestock animal health commissioner shall render an opinion thereon, which, Such decision shall be final, and shall be recorded in the office of the livestock animal health commissioner.
- (b) The <u>livestoek\_animal health</u> commissioner may at once apply the quarantine and other regulations issued under the provisions of law to animals found infected with

brucellosis.

- Sec. 72. K.S.A. 47-658a is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-658a. Whenever the state livestock commissioner shall have decided animal health commissioner determines that any domestic animal is affected with brucellosis, he or his authorized representatives the animal health commissioner or the authorized representative of the animal health commissioner, may proceed at once to identify such reactor animal by causing said such reactor animal to be branded with the letter "B" on the left jaw by hot iron: *Provided*, The livestock animal health commissioner may approve the use of other methods for the identification of brucellosis reactors.
- Sec. 73. K.S.A. 47-658b is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-658b. Any animal determined to be a reactor animal to brucellosis shall be sold for slaughter within fifteen (15) 15 days after being properly identified. Such animal being shipped to be sold for slaughter shall be accompanied by an official shipping permit issued by the livestock animal health commissioner or his the authorized representative of the animal health commissioner. Under unusual circumstances, the livestock animal health commissioner may extend the period for sale for slaughter up to a maximum of an additional thirty (30) 30 days following the proper identification of such reactor.
- Sec. 74. K.S.A. 47-660 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-660. The secretary of agriculture of the United States, authorized officers of the bureau of animal industry of such department, the state livestock animal health commissioner of Kansas and the authorized deputies of such officials shall have free access to enter upon the premises of any and all persons who own or are in possession of domestic animals and free access to inspect and examine all such domestic animals which are:
  - (a) Which are Affected with any infectious or contagious disease; or
- (b) which are suspected or reported to be affected with any infectious or contagious disease;  $\Theta$
- (c) which are located within any area which has been designated as a tuberculosis modified accredited area or brucellosis modified accredited area by the secretary of agriculture of the United States, or by an officer or authority under the United States department of agriculture, animal plant health inspection service, veterinary services or by the state livestock animal health commissioner; or
- (d) which are within a herd that has been designated as accredited tuberculosis free or accredited brucellosis free; or
- (e) which are located upon the premises of an owner who has a herd of domestic animals which has been accredited as tuberculosis free or brucellosis free.
- Sec. 75. K.S.A. 47-666 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-666. Whenever the <a href="livestoek\_animal\_health">livestoek\_animal\_health</a> commissioner has decided that any swine is affected with vesicular exanthema and that it is necessary to order the animals killed in order to prevent the spread of such disease in Kansas, the <a href="livestoek\_animal\_health">livestoek\_animal\_health</a> commissioner shall proceed with the appraisement, condemnation and killing of <a href="the-same\_such\_swine">the-same\_such\_swine</a> as authorized under K.S.A. 47-614 and 47-615, and amendments to such sections thereto. The owner of such diseased animals which have been so killed and disposed of shall be entitled to receive from the state of Kansas <a href="https://same.neceived.nih.gov/">1/3</a> of the difference between the appraised value of the animals and the salvage proceeds, if any, received by the owner from the destruction and disposal of such animals.

The livestock animal health commissioner shall draw a voucher upon the director of accounts and reports of the state of Kansas in favor of the owner of such diseased

animals for the amount of indemnity for which such owner is entitled, and the director of accounts and reports is hereby authorized and directed to accept such vouchers so drawn by the state <a href="https://livestoek\_animal\_health">https://livestoek\_animal\_health</a> commissioner, such amounts to be paid for out of the funds appropriated for such purposes.

- Sec. 76. K.S.A. 47-667 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-667. As used in this act, unless the context otherwise requires: (a) "Commissioner" means the livestock animal health commissioner appointed by the Kansas animal health board pursuant to K.S.A. 75-1901 secretary of agriculture pursuant to K.S.A. 74-5,119, and amendments thereto.
- (b) "SPF" swine means specific pathogen free swine, which conform to the regulations and health standards prescribed by the commissioner.
  - (c) "Person" means any individual, partnership, firm, association or corporation.
- Sec. 77. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 47-672 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-672. (a) The <a href="https://linear.com/linea
- (b) All moneys received by the <u>livestock animal health</u> commissioner for fees under this section shall be remitted to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the animal disease control fund, which is hereby created. All expenditures from the animal disease control fund shall be made in accordance with appropriations acts upon warrants of the director of accounts and reports issued pursuant to vouchers approved by the <u>livestock animal health</u> commissioner or by a person or persons designated by the <u>livestock animal health</u> commissioner.
- Sec. 78. K.S.A. 47-673 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-673. (a) The <a href="https://livestock\_animal\_health">https://livestock\_animal\_health</a> commissioner is hereby authorized to take control of any pseudorabies infected herd of swine from the owner. A pseudorabies infected herd of swine is a herd that has been determined to be infected with pseudorabies virus by official pseudorabies testing procedures conducted at approved veterinary diagnostic laboratories from adequate samples collected from the herd by an accredited veterinarian.
- (b) For any such herd, the <a href="https://livestoek\_animal\_health">health</a> commissioner shall develop and monitor a mandatory infected herd plan to eradicate the virus from the owner's premises. If, in the opinion of the <a href="https://livestoek\_animal\_health">health</a> commissioner, sufficient progress toward pseudorabies free status, as defined in the state-federal-industry pseudorabies eradication program as in effect on the effective date of this act, is not being made, the <a href="https://livestoek\_animal\_health">health</a> commissioner shall order the depopulation of such herd.
  - (c) Whenever any swine are depopulated under provisions of this act by order of

the <u>livestock\_animal health</u> commissioner, the owner of such swine shall be paid for such swine in an amount determined by the <u>livestock\_animal health</u> commissioner from funds appropriated for such purpose by the legislature.

- (d) The <u>livestock\_animal health</u> commissioner may adopt rules and regulations as necessary to carry out the purposes of this act.
- Sec. 79. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 47-674 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-674. (a) The <u>livestock animal health</u> commissioner is authorized to cooperate with the United States department of agriculture, other state governmental officials, tribal officials and representatives of private industry, and subject to the provisions of subsection (d), to promulgate rules and regulations, to define premises where animals are located and to develop and implement a voluntary premises registration and animal identification and tracking system for Kansas.
- (b) In the development of such system, the <u>livestock animal health</u> commissioner shall ensure that:
- (1) The requirements are consistent with the federal program and with the United States animal identification plan;
- (2) the costs and paperwork requirements are minimized for the registrant and the state; and
- (3) the program is not duplicative of or in conflict with proposed federal requirements.
- (c) The <u>livestock\_animal health</u> commissioner is authorized to prepare for the implementation of a premises registration program for Kansas prior to implementation of a national animal identification or premises registration system. Such acts in preparation shall include, but not be limited to, public hearings, educational meetings, development of proposed rules and regulations and cooperative development with the department of agriculture of a proposal regarding infrastructure necessary for such implementation.
- (d) If; the United States department of agriculture issues proposed or final uniform methods and rules or regulations for the implementation of a voluntary national animal identification and tracking system or premises registration system, or the congress of the United States enacts requirements for a voluntary national animal identification and tracking system or premises registration system, the <a href="livestock\_animal\_health\_commissioner">livestock\_animal\_health\_commissioner</a> is authorized to promulgate such rules and regulations as may be reasonably necessary to implement voluntary premises registration and the national animal identification and tracking system to the extent authorized by federal requirements.
- (e) Subject to appropriations therefor, the <u>livestock animal health</u> commissioner is authorized to hire, in accordance with the civil service act, not more than two employees for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this section.
- (f) The <u>livestock animal health</u> commissioner is authorized to enter into agreements with federal agencies or officials, other state agencies or officials, tribal officials or the owner of animals or such owner's authorized agent to coordinate efforts and share records and data systems pursuant to law to maximize the efficiency and effectiveness of this section.
- (g) Any data or records provided or obtained pursuant to this section to an official of the Kansas department of agriculture division of animal health department shall be considered confidential by the Kansas department of agriculture division of animal

health department and shall not be disclosed to the public. The provisions of subsection (b) of K.S.A. 45-229, and amendments thereto, shall not apply to the provisions of this subsection.

- (h) Any federal financial aid or assistance, grants, gifts, bequests, money or aid of any kind for premises registration or animal identification and tracking in Kansas, shall be remitted to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the premises registration and animal identification fund, which fund is hereby created. All expenditures from such fund shall be made in accordance with appropriations acts upon warrants of the director of accounts and reports issued pursuant to vouchers approved by the livestock animal health commissioner or by a person designated by the livestock animal health commissioner and shall be used solely for the administration of the voluntary premises registration or animal identification and tracking system.
- (i) The livestock animal health commissioner shall form study groups representing the various animal species to be affected by the provisions of this section. Each such study group shall include representatives for each such specie selected by the livestock animal health commissioner and shall include assistance from the secretary of agriculture or the secretary's designees. Each such study group shall make recommendations to the livestock animal health commissioner regarding the development of premises registration, animal identification and tracking for purposes of such systems, appropriations and fees necessary in administration of the program, enforcement provisions necessary in administration of the program and other issues related to the administration of the program.
- (j) The livestock commissioner shall prepare a report and present such report to the legislature by February 1, 2006, on the status of the state and federal voluntary-premises registration and animal identification and tracking systems. Such report shall include the recommendations of the livestock commissioner, appropriations and feesnecessary in administration of the system, enforcement provisions necessary in administration of the system and any other recommendation deemed necessary by the livestock commissioner to carry out the provisions of this section.
- Sec. 80. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 47-816 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-816. As used in the Kansas veterinary practice act:
- (a) "Animal" means any mammalian animal other than human and any fowl, bird, amphibian, fish or reptile, wild or domestic, living or dead.
  - (b) "Board" means the state board of veterinary examiners.
- (c) "Companion animal" means any dog, cat or other domesticated animal possessed by a person for purposes of companionship, security, hunting, herding or providing assistance in relation to a physical disability but shall exclude any animal raised on a farm or ranch and used or intended for use as food.
- (d) "Clock hour of continuing education" means 60 minutes of participation in a continuing education program or activity which meets the minimum standards for continuing education according to rules and regulations adopted by the board.
  - (e) "Direct supervision" means the supervising licensed veterinarian:
  - (1) Is on the veterinary premises or in the same general area in a field setting;
  - (2) is quickly and easily available;
  - (3) examines the animal prior to delegating any veterinary practice activity to the

supervisee and performs any additional examination of the animal required by good veterinary practice; and

- (4) delegates only those veterinary practice activities which are consistent with rules and regulations of the board regarding employee supervision.
- (f) "Licensed veterinarian" means a veterinarian who is validly and currently licensed to practice veterinary medicine in this state.
  - (g) "Indirect supervision" means that the supervising licensed veterinarian:
- (1) Is not on the veterinary premises or in the same general area in a field setting, but has examined the animal and provided either written or documented oral instructions or a written protocol for treatment of the animal patient, except that in an emergency, the supervising licensed veterinarian may provide oral instructions prior to examining the animal and subsequently examine the animal and document the instruction in writing;
- (2) delegates only those veterinary practice tasks which are consistent with the rules and regulations of the board regarding employee supervision; and
  - (3) the animal being treated is not anesthetized as defined in rules and regulations.
  - (h) "Practice of veterinary medicine" means any of the following:
- (1) To diagnose, treat, correct, change, relieve, or prevent animal disease, deformity, defect, injury or other physical or mental condition; including the prescription or administration of any drug, medicine, biologic, apparatus, application, anesthesia or other therapeutic or diagnostic substance or technique on any animal, including, but not limited to, acupuncture, surgical or dental operations, animal psychology, animal chiropractic, theriogenology, surgery, including cosmetic surgery, any manual, mechanical, biological or chemical procedure for testing for pregnancy or for correcting sterility or infertility or to render service or recommendations with regard to any of the above and all other branches of veterinary medicine.
- (2) To represent, directly or indirectly, publicly or privately, an ability and willingness to do any act described in paragraph (1).
- (3) To use any title, words, abbreviation or letters in a manner or under circumstances which induce the belief that the person using them is qualified to do any act described in paragraph (1). Such use shall be *prima facie* evidence of the intention to represent oneself as engaged in the practice of veterinary medicine.
- (4) To collect blood or other samples for the purpose of diagnosing disease or conditions. This shall not apply to unlicensed personnel employed by the United States department of agriculture, the Kansas animal health department or the Kansas department of agriculture who are engaged in such personnel's official duties.
- (5) To apply principles of environmental sanitation, food inspection, environmental pollution control, animal nutrition, zoonotic disease control and disaster medicine in the promotion and protection of public health in the performance of any veterinary service or procedure.
- (i) "School of veterinary medicine" means any veterinary college or division of a university or college that offers the degree of doctor of veterinary medicine or its equivalent, which conforms to the standards required for accreditation by the American veterinary medical association and which is recognized and approved by the board.
- (j) "Veterinarian" means a person who has received a doctor of veterinary medicine degree or the equivalent from a school of veterinary medicine.
  - (k) "Veterinary premises" means any premises or facility where the practice of

veterinary medicine occurs, including, but not limited to, a mobile clinic, outpatient clinic, satellite clinic or veterinary hospital or clinic, but shall not include the premises of a veterinary client, research facility, a federal military base, Kansas state university college of veterinary medicine or any premises wherein the practice of veterinary medicine occurs no more than three times per year as a public service outreach of a registered veterinary premises.

- (l) "Graduate veterinary technician" means a person who has graduated from an American veterinary medical association accredited school approved by the board.
- (m) "Registered veterinary technician" means a person who is a graduate veterinary technician, has passed the examinations required by the board for registration and is registered by the board.
  - (n) "Veterinary-client-patient relationship" means:
- (1) The veterinarian has assumed the responsibility for making medical judgments regarding the health of the animal or animals and the need for medical treatment, and the client, owner or other caretaker has agreed to follow the instruction of the veterinarian;
- (2) there is sufficient knowledge of the animal or animals by the veterinarian to initiate at least a general or preliminary diagnosis of the medical condition of the animal or animals. This means that the veterinarian has recently seen or is personally acquainted with the keeping and care of the animal or animals by virtue of an examination of the animal or animals, or by medically appropriate and timely visits to the premises where the animal or animals are kept, or both; and
- (3) the practicing veterinarian is readily available for followup in case of adverse reactions or failure of the regimen of therapy.
- (o) "Veterinary prescription drugs" means such prescription items as defined by 21 U.S.C. See. § 353, as in effect on July 1, 2001.
- (p) "Veterinary corporation" means a professional corporation of licensed veterinarians incorporated under the professional corporation act of Kansas, cited at K.S.A. 17-2706 *et seq.*, and amendments thereto.
- (q) "Veterinary partnership" means a partnership pursuant to the Kansas uniform partnership act, cited at K.S.A. 56a-101 *et seq.*, and amendments thereto, formed by licensed veterinarians engaged in the practice of veterinary medicine.
- (r) "Person" means any individual, corporation, partnership, association or other entity.
- Sec. 81. K.S.A. 47-1001 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-1001. As used in this act, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:
- (a) "Commissioner" means the <u>livestock animal health</u> commissioner of the state of Kansas.
- (b) "Livestock" means and includes cattle, swine, sheep, goats, horses, mules, domesticated deer, all creatures of the ratite family that are not indigenous to this state, including, but not limited to, ostriches, emus and rheas, and any other animal as deemed necessary by the commissioner established through rules and regulations.
- (c) "Person" means and includes any individual, partnership, corporation or association.
- (d) "Producer" means any person engaged in the business of breeding, grazing or feeding livestock.
  - (e) "Consignor" means any person who ships or delivers to any public livestock

market livestock for handling, sale or resale at a public livestock market.

- (f) "Public livestock market" means any place, establishment or facility commonly known as a "livestock market," "livestock auction market," "sales ring," "stockyard," "community sale" as such term is used in article 10 of chapter 47 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, which includes any business conducted or operated for compensation or profit as a public market for livestock, consisting of pens, or other enclosures, and their appurtenances, in which livestock are received, held, sold or kept for sale or shipment except that this term shall not apply to any livestock market where federal veterinary inspection is regularly maintained.
- (g) "Public livestock market operator" means any person who, in this state, receives on consignment, or solicits from the producer or consignor thereof, or holds in trust or custody for another, any livestock for sale or exchange, on behalf of such producer or consignor at a public livestock market, or sells, or offer for sale, at a public livestock market, for the account of the producer or consignor thereof, any livestock or directly or indirectly owns, conducts or operates a public livestock market. The term "public livestock market operator" shall not be construed to include any packer or agent of a packer who receives or purchases livestock for prompt slaughter.
- (h) "Packer" means any person engaged in the business of buying livestock for purposes of slaughter, or of manufacturing or preparing meats or meat food products for sale or shipment, or of manufacturing or preparing livestock products for sale or shipment, or of marketing meats, meat food products, livestock products, dairy products, poultry or poultry products.
- (i) "Board" means any three members of the Kansas animal health board designated by the chairperson of the Kansas animal health board for each particular hearing. The chairperson may be included in such designation.
- (j) "Dealer" as used in article 10 of chapter 47 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, to which this act is amendatory and supplemental and amendments thereto, shall have the same meaning as the term "public livestock market operator."
- (k) "Domesticated deer" means any member of the family cervidae which was legally obtained and is being sold or raised in a confined area for breeding stock; for any carcass, skin or part of such animal; for exhibition; or for companionship.
- (l) "Occasional livestock sale" means livestock auctions or sales, that receive on consignment, or solicits from the producer or consignor thereof, or holds in trust or custody for another, any livestock for sale or exchange, on behalf of such producer or consignor at such auction or sale, or sells, or offers for sale, at such auction or sale, for the account of the producer or consignor thereof, any livestock or directly or indirectly owns, conducts or operates such auction or sale and such auctions or sales are held 12 or less times per year.
- (m) "Electronic auction" means a live audio-visual broadcast of an actual auction where livestock are offered for sale and shall include auctions conducted by satellite communications and over the internet.
- Sec. 82. K.S.A. 47-1001d is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-1001d. (a) The <a href="livestoek\_animal\_health">livestoek\_animal\_health</a> commissioner, through rules and regulations, may exempt occasional livestock sales or issue a license for such occasional livestock sales at a fee of not more than \$100 without a hearing.
- (b) All livestock consigned and delivered on the premises of any licensed occasional livestock sale, before being offered for sale, shall be inspected by a licensed

veterinarian who shall visually examine each animal consigned to such sale, for the purpose of determining its condition of health and freedom of clinical signs of infectious or contagious animal diseases that are determined to be reportable by the <a href="https://linearian.nimal.

- (c) Licensed occasional livestock sales shall not: (1) Collect a fee per head pursuant to K.S.A. 47-1011, and amendments thereto; (2) collect an inspection fee per head pursuant to K.S.A. 47-1008, and amendments thereto; or (3) be required to furnish a bond in the manner required by K.S.A. 47-1002, and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 83. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 47-1001e is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-1001e. (a) Each livestock market operator shall pay annually, on or before June 30, a renewal market license fee in an amount set by the Kansas animal health board and adopted by rules and regulations of the commissioner of not more than \$250 to the commissioner for each public livestock market operated by such operator, which payment shall constitute a renewal until June 30 of the following year. The renewal market license fee established by this section on the day preceding the effective date of this act shall continue in effect until a different renewal market license fee is set as provided under this section.
- (b) Any person who owns or operates an electronic auction which is simulcast into the state of Kansas and at which livestock located in the state of Kansas are offered for sale, shall apply to the <a href="https://livestock\_animal\_health">https://livestock\_animal\_health</a> commissioner for an electronic auction license. A license shall be granted to such person upon a showing that such person meets the bond requirements, as established in K.S.A. 47-1002, and amendments thereto, and has paid an annual fee in an amount set by the Kansas animal health board and adopted by rules and regulations of the commissioner of not more than \$250. Any such license shall expire on June 30 of each year.
- Sec. 84. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 47-1008 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-1008. (a) Livestock shall not be offered for sale or sold at any licensed public livestock market if such livestock:
- (1) Is infected with a disease that permanently renders the livestock unfit for human consumption;
  - (2) has severe neoplasia:
  - (3) has severe actinomycosis;
  - (4) is unable to rise to its feet by itself; or
- (5) has an obviously fractured long bone or other fractures or dislocation of a joint that renders the livestock unable to bear weight on the affected limb without that limb collapsing.
- (b) If, in the judgment of an accredited veterinarian, the livestock consigned and delivered on the premises of any licensed public livestock market is in any of the conditions described in subsection (a), such veterinarian shall euthanize humanely the livestock or direct the consignor to immediately remove the livestock from the premises of the public livestock market. All expenses incurred for euthanasia and disposal of the livestock under the provisions of this subsection shall be the responsibility of the consignor. Collection of expenses shall not be the responsibility of the consignee.
- (c) All livestock consigned and delivered on the premises of any licensed public livestock market, before being offered for sale, shall be inspected by a veterinarian authorized by the commissioner who shall visually examine or test, or both, each

animal consigned to such market, for the purpose of determining its condition of health and freedom of clinical signs of infectious or contagious animal diseases that are determined to be reportable by the livestoek animal health commissioner. Such regulatory veterinary services shall be contracted for by the livestock animal health commissioner who shall select an accredited veterinarian for each public livestock market. The public livestock market operator, for each public livestock market, shall submit to the livestock animal health commissioner a list of accredited veterinarians to be considered for the position or positions. Such veterinarian shall be authorized to make all required examinations and tests, and to issue certificates of inspection at the public livestock market where such veterinarian serves. All livestock sold, resold, exchanged or transferred, or offered for sale or exchange at a livestock market shall be treated as may be necessary to prevent the spread of contagious or infectious diseases. A certificate of inspection, on a form to be approved by the commissioner, shall be issued to the purchaser by the inspector. For the visual inspection of livestock offered for sale, there shall be collected by the market operator from the consignor a fee which shall be determined by negotiation between the market operator and the market veterinarian but shall not be less than \$.07 per head, except that no fee for inspection shall be collected unless the inspection actually has been made. If the charges per head collected on all livestock inspected at a livestock market on any sales day do not amount to a minimum per diem of \$40 or any amount greater than \$40 negotiated by the operator, the market operator shall be required to supply sufficient funds to provide such amount. Any amount lesser or greater than the \$40 amount specified, shall be determined by negotiation between the market operator and the market veterinarian. A copy of any agreement or contract shall be on file with the commissioner. Payments for veterinary services rendered under a contract as provided in this section shall be paid from the veterinary inspection fee fund, and for such services rendered prior to the end of a fiscal year, payment may be made within 90 days after the end of the fiscal year.

- (d) Livestock market operators shall pay amounts received and amounts due under this section to the livestock animal health commissioner. The commissioner shall remit all such amounts received to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the veterinary inspection fee fund. All expenditures from such fund shall be made in accordance with appropriation acts upon warrants of the director of accounts and reports issued pursuant to vouchers approved by the commissioner or by a person or persons designated by such commissioner.
- (e) The <a href="livestock\_animal\_health">livestock\_animal\_health</a> commissioner shall promulgate rules and regulations as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this section, including, but not limited to, rules and regulations designating any disease as a disease that renders livestock or the carcasses thereof permanently unfit for human consumption. The <a href="livestock\_animal\_health">livestock\_animal\_health</a> commissioner shall promulgate all such rules and regulations in accordance with existing antemortem inspection regulations promulgated by the United States department of agriculture food safety and inspection service, as in effect on July 1, 1997.
- (f) All livestock sold by a licensed electronic auction, before being delivered to an out-of-state buyer, shall have a health certificate issued by a licensed, accredited veterinarian. Kansas buyers shall be furnished a health certificate upon request.

- Sec. 85. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 47-1011a is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-1011a. (a) The public livestock market operator shall collect from the consignor of cattle sold at a public livestock market, where brand inspection of such cattle is requested, by the public livestock market operator, as a brand inspection fee, in addition to amounts specified in K.S.A. 47-1011, and amendments thereto, a sum of not more than \$.40 per head on all such cattle. Such amount shall be determined by the livestock animal health commissioner. If a public livestock market operator requests brand inspection at a public livestock market pursuant to this section, the public livestock market operator shall contract with the livestock animal health commissioner to perform such brand inspection services.
- (b) Where cattle consigned to, or sold at, such public livestock market originate in, and have brand inspection clearance from a county option brand inspection area, operating under K.S.A. 47-434 through 47-445, and amendments thereto, such livestock brand inspection fee under this section shall not be required.
- (c) The public livestock market operator shall pay all amounts received under this section to the <del>livestock</del> animal health commissioner.
- (d) The <u>livestock animal health</u> commissioner shall remit all amounts received under this section to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the livestock market brand inspection fee fund. All expenditures from such fund shall be made in accordance with appropriation acts upon warrants of the director of accounts and reports issued pursuant to vouchers approved by the <u>livestock animal health</u> commissioner or by a person or persons designated by the commissioner.
- Sec. 86. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 47-1201 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-1201. As used in this act, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:
- (a) "Commissioner" means the <u>livestock animal health</u> commissioner of the state of Kansas.
  - (b) "Person" means any individual, partnership, firm, corporation or association.
- (c) "Disposal plant" means a place of business or a location where the carcasses of domestic animals or packing house refuse is purchased, received or unloaded and where such carcasses or refuse are processed for the purpose of obtaining the hide, skin, grease, residue, or any other byproduct from the animal or refuse, in any way whatsoever.
- (d) "Substation" means a concentration site equipped with at least one storage building and operated and maintained for the temporary deposit or storage of the carcasses of domestic animals pending final delivery of the carcasses to the disposal plant.
- (e) "Place of transfer" means a reloading site, authorized for use in direct transferring of carcasses of domestic animals from vehicles making original pickup or loading to a line vehicle for the transportation of the carcasses to the disposal plant.
- (f) "Carcasses of domestic animals" means bodies, or any part or portion thereof, of dead domestic animals not slaughtered for human food.
- Sec. 87. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 47-1218 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-1218. (a) All moneys received by the <u>livestock\_animal\_health</u> commissioner under article 12 of chapter 47 of Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, shall be

- remitted to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the animal disease control fund
- (b) On July 1, 1986, the director of accounts and reports shall transfer all moneys in the animal health department fee fund to the animal disease control fund. On July 1, 1986, all liabilities of the animal health department fee fund are hereby imposed upon the animal disease control fund, and the animal health department fee fund is hereby abolished.
- Sec. 88. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 47-1302 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-1302. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b) or (e), it shall be unlawful for any person, firm, partnership or corporation to feed garbage to animals.
- (b) Any person, firm, partnership or corporation who on the effective date of this act is registered as a garbage feeding operator may continue to feed garbage to animals through October 31, 2001, if such garbage has been heated to a temperature of 212 degrees Fahrenheit (boiling point) for at least 30 minutes as provided by rules and regulations promulgated by the state livestock commissioner.
- (e) Nothing in this section shall prohibit an individual from feeding such individual's own animals only the garbage obtained from such individual's own household
- Sec. 89. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 47-1303 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-1303. (a) It shall be unlawful for the governing body of any city, or any official or employee of a city, to enter into any contract or agreement for the collection or disposal of garbage unless such contract or agreement requires a disposal of garbage in accordance with rules and regulations of the state livestock animal health commissioner, when disposed of by other means.
- (b) It shall be unlawful for any person to give, sell or transfer garbage to another person, if such person knows that such other person is commercially feeding the garbage to a cloven hoofed animal.
- Sec. 90. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 47-1304 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-1304. The state <a href="https://livestock\_animal\_health">health</a> commissioner is hereby authorized to promulgate and enforce all rules and regulations deemed necessary to carry out the provisions of K.S.A. 47-1301 through 47-1307, and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 91. K.S.A. 47-1501 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-1501. As used in this act:
- (a)\_\_-"Feedlot" means: (1) A livestock feedlot, or feed yard, having more than 1,000 head of livestock at one time during the licensed year; or (2) any other livestock feedlot whose operator elects to come under this act.
- (b) "Feed yard feeding" means the feeding of livestock in lots or pens which are not used normally for raising crops and in which no vegetation, intended for livestock feed, is growing.
  - (c) "Livestock" means cattle, swine, sheep and horses.
- (d) "Operator" means the owner, or the person having charge or control, of a feedlot.
- (e) "Person" means an individual, a corporation, a group of individuals, joint venturers, a partnership or any other business entity.
  - (f) "Commissioner" means the state livestock animal health commissioner.

- (g) "Board" means the Kansas animal health board.
- Sec. 92. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 47-1503 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-1503. (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to operate a feedlot within the state of Kansas without having first obtained a license from the <a href="https://livestoek\_animal\_health.commissioner.org/">https://livestoek\_animal\_health.commissioner.org/</a> authorizing and permitting such operation.
- (b) An operator of any feedlot in the state of Kansas, or a person desiring to operate a feedlot in the state of Kansas, shall obtain, from the <u>livestock\_animal\_health\_commissioner</u>, a license to operate a feedlot, unless exempted therefrom. The owner or operator of any livestock feedlot, with a capacity of less than 1,000 head of livestock, may apply for and obtain a license for feedlot operations, if such owner or operator chooses and elects to come under the terms and provisions of this act, but the licensing for operations at a capacity of less than 1,000 head shall not be required.
- (c) Application for a livestock feedlot license shall be filed with the livestock animal health commissioner, on a form prescribed and furnished by the commissioner. Upon the filing of such an application and payment of the required fees, the commissioner shall issue a livestock feedlot license to such applicant, provided the application discloses information assuring the commissioner that the operation of such feedlot will be conducted in accordance with the standards set forth elsewhere in this act, and with rules and regulations adopted by the commissioner.
- (d) Feedlot licenses shall be issued for the term of one year, to expire on June 30 following the date of issuance. Feedlot licenses may be continued in force by annual renewal or extension of such license with the payment of an annual license fee, and with continued compliance by the operator with the provisions of this act, and aets amendatory of the provisions thereof and supplemental thereto, and rules and regulations adopted hereunder.
- (e) Each cattle feedlot operator, who shall be granted a license, shall pay a fee in an amount set by the Kansas animal health board and adopted by rules and regulations of the commissioner for such license and for annual renewal thereof, in accordance with and subject to the following schedule of maximum fees:

Feedlot capacity	Maximum fee
Under 1,000 head	\$75
1,000 to 2,999 head	\$350
3,000 to 5,999 head	\$650
6,000 to 9,999 head	\$750
10,000 to 17,999 head	
18,000 to 29,999 head	
30,000 to 49,999 head	
50,000 to 99,999 head	
100,000 head and over	

The fees established by this subsection on the day preceding the effective date of this act shall continue in effect until different fees are set as provided under this subsection.

(f) For the purposes of this subsection, "animal unit" means the number of swine weighing more than 55 pounds multiplied by 0.4; plus the number of swine weighing 55 pounds or less multiplied by 0.1; plus the number of sheep or lambs multiplied by 0.1; plus the number of goats multiplied by 0.1. Each swine, sheep and goat feedlot operator, who shall be granted a license, shall pay a fee in an amount set by the Kansas animal health board and adopted by rules and regulations of the commissioner for such

license and for annual renewal thereof, in accordance with and subject to the following schedule of maximum fees:

Feedlot capacity	Maximum fee
300 to 999 Animal units	\$75
1,000 to 2,999 Animal units	\$350
3,000 to 5,999 Animal units	\$650
6,000 to 9,999 Animal units	\$750
10,000 to 17,999 Animal units	\$1,100
18,000 to 29,999 Animal units	\$1,500
30,000 to 49,999 Animal units	\$1,650
50,000 to 99,999 Animal units	\$1,800
100,000 Animal units and over	\$2,000

- (g) If an original feedlot license expires within six months after date of issuance, only 50% of the applicable license fee shall be required. An application for feedlot license shall not be approved, nor shall a license be issued to any applicant unless the application is accompanied by the applicable license fee under the schedule of fees in this section. Each licensed feedlot operator shall pay an annual license fee in accordance with the schedule of fees in this section and, upon payment of such fee and a showing of compliance with other requirements, shall be entitled to a renewal or extension of such operator's license for the ensuing license year.
- (h) The <u>livestock animal health</u> commissioner shall remit all moneys received by or for the commissioner under article 15 of chapter 47 of Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the animal disease control fund.
- Sec. 93. K.S.A. 47-1506 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-1506. (a) The animal health commissioner shall have the power to: (1) Receive applications for feedlot licenses; (2) issue licenses to qualifying applicants; (3) make and enforce reasonable regulations pertaining to the operation of feedlots, within the framework of the standards set forth in this act, and acts amendatory and supplemental thereto; (4) make rules of procedure for the administration and enforcement of this act; and (5) determine adequateness of the compliance with the requirements fixed in standards prescribed in this act.
- (b) The commissioner shall have the duty to: (1) Prepare, design and have printed application forms which shall be available to feedlot operators and to applicants for such a license. Such forms shall provide for answers and statements by applicants, to disclose whether such applicants can, and are capable of complying with standards of operation set forth in this act, and as set forth in the regulations made by such commissioner under authority of this act; (2) keep, maintain and compile all necessary records; and (3) undertake and carry through research studies, investigations and surveys which are needed and required for the proper administration of this act.
- (c) The commissioner shall have the power to call upon the university of Kansas and Kansas state university for aid and assistance in conducting such research studies and surveys.
- (d) The commissioner, or authorized agents or employees, are authorized to investigate all complaints concerning the operation of feedlots within the state of

Kansas when an operator of such a feedlot is charged with any violations of the provisions of this act. The commissioner shall have the power to enter upon feedlot premises and to investigate the methods of operation of all such feedlots.

- (e) The commissioner shall have the power and the duty to suspend or revoke the license of any feedlot operator; after a hearing; and after an administrative determination that such an operator has violated, or has failed to comply with any of the provisions of this act, or any regulation adopted thereunder. The commissioner shall have the power and duty to reinstate any such suspended or revoked licenses, upon a satisfactory and acceptable showing and assurance that such feedlot operator conducted feedlot operations in conformity with, and in compliance with, the provisions of this act and regulations adopted thereunder, and that such conformity and compliance will be continuous. A feedlot license shall not be suspended or revoked by the commissioner, until charges have been submitted, in writing, concerning alleged violations, and until the licensee shall have been given an opportunity to be heard in such licensee's defense in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act.
- Sec. 94. K.S.A. 47-1511 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-1511. Upon request of the <a href="https://linear.com/li
- Sec. 95. K.S.A. 47-1701 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-1701. As used in the Kansas pet animal act, unless the context otherwise requires:
- (a) "Adequate feeding" means supplying, at suitable intervals (not to exceed 24 hours), of a quantity of wholesome foodstuff; suitable for the animal species and age, and sufficient to maintain a reasonable level of nutrition in each animal.
- (b) "Adequate watering" means a supply of clean, fresh, potable water, supplied in a sanitary manner and either continuously accessible to each animal or supplied at intervals suitable for the animal species, not to exceed intervals of 12 hours.
  - (c) "Ambient temperature" means the temperature surrounding the animal.
- (d) (1) "Animal" means any live dog, cat, rabbit, rodent, nonhuman primate, bird or other warm-blooded vertebrate or any fish, snake or other cold-blooded vertebrate.
- (2) Animal does not include horses, cattle, sheep, goats, swine, ratites, domesticated deer or domestic fowl.
  - (e) "Animal breeder" means any person who operates animal breeder premises.
- (f) "Animal breeder premises" means any premises where all or part of six or more litters of dogs or cats, or both, or 30 or more dogs or cats, or both, are sold, or offered or maintained for sale, primarily at wholesale for resale to another.
- (g) "Animal shelter" or "pound" means a facility which is used or designed for use to house, contain, impound or harbor any seized stray, homeless, relinquished or abandoned animal or a person who acts as an animal rescuer, or who collects and cares for unwanted animals or offers them for adoption. Animal shelter or pound also includes a facility of an individual or organization, profit or nonprofit, maintaining 20 or more dogs or cats, or both, for the purpose of collecting, accumulating, amassing or

maintaining the animals or offering the animals for adoption.

- (h) "Cat" means an animal which is wholly or in part of the species Felis domesticus.
- (i) "Commissioner" means the <u>livestock\_animal health</u> commissioner appointed by the <del>Kansas animal health board secretary of agriculture</del>.
- (j) "Dog" means any animal which is wholly or in part of the species *Canis familiaris*, but does not include any greyhound, as defined by K.S.A. 74-8802, and amendments thereto.
- (k) "Animal control officer" means any person employed by, contracted with or appointed by the state, or any political subdivision thereof, for the purpose of aiding in the enforcement of this law, or any other law or ordinance relating to the licensing or permitting of animals, control of animals or seizure and impoundment of animals, and includes any state, county or municipal law enforcement officer, dog warden, constable or other employee, whose duties in whole or in part include assignments which involve the seizure or taking into custody of any animal.
- (I) "Euthanasia" means the humane destruction of an animal, which may be accomplished by any of those methods provided for in K.S.A. 47-1718, and amendments thereto.
- (m) "Hobby breeder premises" means any premises where all or part of 3, 4 or 5 litters of dogs or cats, or both, are produced for sale or sold, offered or maintained for sale. This provision applies only if the total number of dogs or cats, or both, sold, offered or maintained for sale is less than 30 individual animals.
  - (n) "Hobby breeder" means any person who operates a hobby breeder premises.
- (o) "Housing facility" means any room, building or area used to contain a primary enclosure or enclosures.
- (p) "Kennel operator" means any person who operates an establishment where four or more dogs or cats, or both, are maintained in any one week for boarding, training or similar purposes for a fee or compensation.
  - (g) "Kennel operator premises" means the facility of a kennel operator.
  - (r) "License year" or "permit year" means the 12-month period ending on June 30.
- (s) "Person" means any individual, association, partnership, corporation or other entity.
- (t) (1) "Pet shop" means any premises where there are sold, or offered or maintained for sale, at retail and not for resale to another:
- (A) Any dogs or cats, or both; or (B) any other animals except those which are produced and raised on such premises and are sold, or offered or maintained for sale, by a person who resides on such premises.
- (2) Pet shop does not include: (A) Any pound or animal shelter; (B) any premises where only fish are sold, or offered or maintained for sale; or (C) any animal distributor premises, hobby breeder premises, retail breeder premises or animal breeder premises.
- (3) Nothing in this section prohibits inspection of those premises which sell only fish to verify that only fish are being sold.
  - (u) "Pet shop operator" means any person who operates a pet shop.
- (v) "Primary enclosure" means any structure used or designed for use to restrict any animal to a limited amount of space, such as a room, pen, cage, compartment or hutch.
- (w) "Research facility" means any place, laboratory or institution, except an elementary school, secondary school, college or university, at which any scientific test,

experiment or investigation involving the use of any living animal is carried out, conducted or attempted.

- (x) "Sale," "sell" and "sold" include transfers by sale or exchange. Maintaining animals for sale is presumed whenever 20 or more dogs or cats, or both, are maintained by any person.
- (y) "Sanitize" means to make physically clean and to remove and destroy, to a practical minimum, agents injurious to health, at such intervals as necessary.
- (z) "Animal distributor" means any person who operates an animal distributor premises.
- (aa) "Animal distributor premises" means the premises of any person engaged in the business of buying for resale dogs or cats, or both, as a principal or agent, or who holds such distributor's self out to be so engaged.
- (bb) "Out-of-state distributor" means any person residing in a state other than Kansas, who is engaged in the business of buying for resale dogs or cats, or both, within the state of Kansas, as a principal or agent.
- (cc) "Food animals" means rodents, rabbits, reptiles, fish or amphibians that are sold or offered or maintained for sale for the sole purpose of being consumed as food by other animals.
  - (dd) (1) "Adequate veterinary medical care" means:
- (A) A documented program of disease control and prevention, euthanasia and routine veterinary care shall be established and maintained under the supervision of a licensed veterinarian, on a form provided by the commissioner, and shall include a documented on-site visit to the premises by the veterinarian at least once a year; and
- (B) that diseased, ill, injured, lame or blind animals shall be provided with veterinary care as is needed for the health and well-being of the animal.
- (2) As used in the Kansas pet animal act, "adequate veterinary medical care" shall not apply to United States department of agriculture licensed animal breeders or animal distributors.
- (ee) "Ratites" means all creatures of the ratite family that are not indigenous to this state, including, but not limited to, ostriches, emus and rheas.
  - (ff) "Retail breeder" means any person who operates a retail breeder premises.
- (gg) "Retail breeder premises" means any premises where all or part of six or more litters or 30 or more dogs or cats, or both, are sold, or offered or maintained for sale, primarily at retail and not for resale to another.
  - (hh) "Retail" means any transaction where the animal is sold to the final consumer.
- (ii) "Wholesale" means any transaction where the animal is sold for the purpose of resale to another.
- Sec. 96. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 47-1706a is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-1706a. (a) When an animal is seized or impounded pursuant to K.S.A. 47-1706, 47-1707 or 47-1715, and amendments thereto, the owner or person who was in possession of the animal at the time such animal was seized or impounded may post a cash or security bond as provided in this section which shall prevent the sale, placement or euthanasia of the animal. Such cash or security bond shall be in an amount sufficient to pay for the animal's care and keeping for a period of at least 30 days, commencing on the date which the animal was seized or impounded. Any such security bond or any security bond as provided in subsection (b) shall be approved by the Kansas animal health department department of agriculture division of animal health.

- (b) Such bond shall be filed with the Kansas animal health department of agriculture division of animal health and shall be posted on or before the date of the disposition hearing or within ten\_10 days after the animal is seized or impounded, whichever is earlier. At the end of the time for which expenses are covered by the bond if the owner or person who was in possession of the animal at the time it was seized or impounded desires to prevent disposition of the animal, such owner or person shall post a new cash or security bond prior to the previous bond's expiration. At the end of the time for which expenses are covered by the bond, the animal may be sold, placed or euthanized.
- (c) The authority seizing or impounding an animal shall give notice by delivering a copy of this section to a person residing on the property where the animal was seized or by posting a copy at the place where the animal was seized.
- (d) Nothing in this section shall prevent the euthanasia at any time of an animal seized or impounded which is determined by a licensed veterinarian to be diseased or disabled beyond recovery for any useful purpose.
- (e) This act is supplemental to and shall become a part of the Kansas pet animal act. Sec. 97. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 47-1709 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-1709. (a) The commissioner or the commissioner's authorized, trained representatives shall make an inspection of the premises for which an application for an original license or permit is made under K.S.A. 47-1701 *et seq.*, and amendments thereto, before issuance of such license or permit. The application for a license shall conclusively be deemed to be the consent of the applicant to the right of entry and inspection of the premises sought to be licensed or permitted by the commissioner or the commissioner's authorized, trained representatives at reasonable times with the owner or owner's representative present. Refusal of such entry and inspection shall be grounds for denial of the license or permit. Notice need not be given to any person prior to inspection.
- (b) The commissioner or the commissioner's authorized, trained representatives may make an inspection of each premises for which a license or permit has been issued under K.S.A. 47-1701 et seq., and amendments thereto. If such premises are premises of a person licensed or permitted under public law 91-579 (7 U.S.C. § 2131 et seq.), such premises may be inspected at least once each year. Otherwise, the premises may be inspected at least twice each year. The acceptance of a license or permit shall conclusively be deemed to be the consent of the licensee or permittee to the right of entry and inspection of the licensed or permitted premises by the commissioner or the commissioner's authorized, trained representatives at reasonable times with the owner or owner's representative present. Refusal of such entry and inspection shall be grounds for suspension or revocation of the license or permit. Notice need not be given to any person prior to inspection.
- (c) The commissioner or the commissioner's authorized, trained representatives shall make inspections of the premises of a person required to be licensed or permitted under K.S.A. 47-1701 *et seq.*, and amendments thereto, upon a determination by the commissioner that there are reasonable grounds to believe that the person is violating the provisions of K.S.A 47-1701 *et seq.*, and amendments thereto, or rules and regulations adopted thereunder or that there are grounds for suspension or revocation of such person's license or permit.
- (d) Any complaint filed with the commissioner shall be confidential and shall not be released to any person other than employees of the commissioner as necessary to

carry out the duties of their employment.

- (e) Any person making inspections under this section shall be trained by the commissioner in reasonable standards of animal care.
- (f) The commissioner may request a licensed veterinarian to assist in any inspection or investigation made by the commissioner or the commissioner's authorized representative under this section.
- (g) Any person acting as the commissioner's authorized representative for purposes of making inspections and conducting investigations under this section who knowingly falsifies the results or findings of any inspection or investigation or who intentionally fails or refuses to make an inspection or conduct an investigation pursuant to this section shall be guilty of a class A nonperson misdemeanor.
- (h) No person shall act as the commissioner's authorized representative for the purposes of making inspections and conducting investigations under this section if such person has a beneficial interest in a person required to be licensed or permitted pursuant to K.S.A. 47-1701 *et seq.*, and amendments thereto.
- (i) Records of inspections pursuant to this section shall be maintained in the office of the Kansas animal health department department of agriculture division of animal health. Records of a deficiency or violation shall not be maintained for longer than three years after the deficiency or violation is remedied.
- (j) The commissioner shall, in consultation with Kansas state university college of veterinary medicine: (1) Continue procedures to provide for pet animal training or updated training for authorized trained representatives who inspect premises under the pet animal act and to allow the owners of such facilities licensed or permitted under the pet animal act to attend and participate at the training workshops for the authorized trained representatives; and (2) make available to such owners and other interested persons an inspection handbook describing the duties and responsibilities of such authorized trained representatives.
- Sec. 98. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 47-1721 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-1721. (a) Each application for issuance or renewal of a license or permit required under K.S.A. 47-1701 *et seq.*, and amendments thereto, shall be accompanied by the fee prescribed by the commissioner under this section. Such fees shall be as follows:
- (1) Except as provided in paragraph (5) or (6), for a license for premises of a person licensed under public law 91-579 (7 U.S.C. § 2131 *et seq.*), an amount not to exceed \$200:
- (2) except as provided in paragraph (5) or (6), for a license for any other premises, an amount not to exceed \$405;
  - (3) for a temporary closing permit, an amount not to exceed \$95;
  - (4) for an out-of-state distributor permit, an amount not to exceed \$675;
- (5) for a hobby breeder license or a kennel operator license an amount not to exceed \$95:
- (6) for a license for an animal shelter or a pound, an amount not to exceed \$300; and
- (7) a late fee of \$70 shall be assessed to any person whose permit or license renewal is more than 45 days! late.
- (b) The commissioner shall determine annually the amount necessary to carry out and enforce K.S.A. 47-1701 *et seq.*, and amendments thereto, for the next ensuing fiscal year and shall fix by rules and regulations the license and permit fees for such year at

the amount necessary for that purpose, subject to the limitations of this section. In fixing such fees, the commissioner may establish categories of licenses and permits, based upon the type of license or permit, size of the licensed or permitted business or activity and the premises where such business or activity is conducted, and may establish different fees for each such category. The fees in effect immediately prior to the effective date of this act shall continue in effect until different fees are fixed by the commissioner as provided by this subsection.

- (c) If a licensee, permittee or applicant for a license or permit requests an inspection of the premises of such licensee, permittee or applicant, the commissioner shall assess the costs of such inspection, as established by rules and regulations of the commissioner, to such licensee, permittee or applicant.
  - (d) No fee or assessment required pursuant to this section shall be refundable.
- (e) The commissioner shall remit all moneys received by or for the commissioner under this section to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the animal dealers fee fund, which is hereby created in the state treasury. Moneys in the animal dealers fee fund may be expended only to administer and enforce K.S.A. 47-1701 *et seq.*, and amendments thereto. All expenditures from the animal dealers fee fund shall be made in accordance with appropriation acts upon warrants of the director of accounts and reports issued pursuant to vouchers approved by the Kansas <u>livestock animal health</u> commissioner or the commissioner's designee.
- (f) Premises required to be licensed under the Kansas pet animal act shall not be required to pay for more than one license. If more than one operation is ongoing at the premises, each operation shall comply with the applicable statutes and rules and regulations pertaining to such operation.
- (g) Except as provided further, when a premises required to be licensed or permitted under the Kansas pet animal act applies for an initial license or permit, the commissioner shall prorate to the nearest whole month the license or permit fee established in subsection (a). The commissioner shall have discretion to determine whether the application is an initial application or an application for a premises which has been doing business but is not licensed or permitted. If the commissioner determines the premises has been doing business without a license or permit, the commissioner is not required to prorate the fee.
- (h) This section shall be part of and supplemental to K.S.A. 47-1701 et seq., and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 99. K.S.A. 47-1725 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-1725. (a) There is hereby created the Kansas pet animal advisory board, consisting of 10 members. Members shall be appointed by the governor as follows:
  - (1) One member shall be a representative of a licensed animal shelter or pound;
  - (2) one member shall be an employee of a licensed research facility;
  - (3) one member shall be a licensed animal breeder;
  - (4) one member shall be a licensed retail breeder;
  - (5) one member shall be a licensed pet shop operator;
- (6) one member shall be a licensed veterinarian and shall be selected from a list of three names presented to the governor by the Kansas veterinary medical association;
  - (7) one member shall be a private citizen with no link to the industry;

- (8) one member shall be a licensed animal distributor;
- (9) one member shall be a licensed hobby breeder; and
- (10) one member shall be a licensed kennel operator.
- (b) Of the members first appointed to the board, the governor shall designate three whose terms shall expire June 30, 1992; three whose terms shall expire June 30, 1993; and three whose terms shall expire June 30, 1994. After the expiration of such terms, each member shall be appointed for a term of three years and until a successor is appointed and qualified.
- (c) A vacancy on the board of a member shall be filled for the unexpired term by appointment by the governor.
- (d) The board shall meet at least once every calendar quarter regularly or at such other times as the chairperson or a majority of the board members determine. A majority of the members shall constitute a quorum for conducting board business.
  - (e) The members of the board shall annually elect a chairperson.
  - (f) The board shall have the following duties, authorities and powers:
- (1) To advise the Kansas <u>livestock animal health</u> commissioner on hiring a director to implement the Kansas pet animal act;
  - (2) to review the status of the Kansas pet animal act;
  - (3) to make recommendations on changes to the Kansas pet animal act; and
- (4) to make recommendations concerning the rules and regulations for the Kansas pet animal act.
- (g) Board members who are required to be licensed, except retail breeders, shall be affiliated with or a member of an organized pet animal association which is representative of the position such person will hold on the board.
- (h) Upon the effective date of this act, the governor shall appoint a licensed kennel operator. When the current board members' terms expire, the governor shall appoint persons or representatives in accordance with this section.
- Sec. 100. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 47-1731 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-1731. (a) No dog or cat may be transferred to the permanent custody of a prospective owner by a pound or animal shelter, as defined by K.S.A. 47-1701, and amendments thereto, or by a humane society, unless:
- (1) Such dog or cat has been surgically spayed or neutered before the physical transfer of the animal occurs; or
- (2) the prospective owner signs an agreement to have the dog or cat spayed or neutered and deposits with the pound or animal shelter funds not less than the lowest nor more than the highest cost of spaying or neutering in the community. Any funds deposited pursuant to such an agreement shall be refunded to such person upon presentation of a written statement signed by a licensed veterinarian that the dog or cat has been spayed or neutered. If such person does not reclaim the deposit within six months after receiving custody of the animal, the pound or animal shelter shall keep the deposit and may reclaim the unspayed or unneutered animal.
- (b) No person shall spay or neuter any dog or cat for or on behalf of a pound or animal shelter unless such person is a licensed veterinarian or a student currently enrolled in the college of veterinary medicine, Kansas state university, who has completed at least two years of study in the veterinary medical curriculum and is participating in a spay or neuter program and as part of the curriculum under the direct supervision of a licensed veterinarian. Students shall only spay or neuter any dog or cat

that belongs to the pound or animal shelter, and shall not spay or neuter any dog or cat that belongs to a member or of the public. No pound or animal shelter shall designate the veterinarian which a person must use, or a list from which a person must select a veterinarian, to spay or neuter a dog or cat transferred by such person from such pound or animal shelter. Any premises located in the state of Kansas where the spaying, neutering or any other practice of veterinary medicine occurs shall register such premises with the board of veterinary examiners.

- (c) With the written approval of the <u>livestock animal health</u> commissioner, any pound or shelter may use an innovative spay or neuter program not precisely meeting the requirements of subsection (a)(2), if the pound or shelter can prove to the commissioner that it is actively enforcing the spaying and neutering requirements set forth in this statute.
- (d) Nothing in this section shall be construed to require sterilization of a dog or cat which is being held by a pound or animal shelter and which may be claimed by its rightful owner within the holding period established in K.S.A. 47-1710, and amendments thereto.
- (e) The <u>livestock\_animal\_health</u> commissioner shall promulgate rules and regulations as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.
- Sec. 101. K.S.A. 47-1735 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-1735. (a) A licensee, permittee or applicant for a license or permit shall not interfere with, hinder, threaten or abuse, including verbal abuse, any representative or employee of the animal health department who is carrying out such representative's or employee's duties under the provisions of the Kansas pet animal act.
  - (b) This section shall be part of and supplemental to the Kansas pet animal act. Sec. 102. K.S.A. 47-1804 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-1804. As used
- in this act, unless the context otherwise requires:
- (a) "Commissioner" means the <u>livestock animal health</u> commissioner of the state of Kansas.
- (b) "Livestock" means cattle, swine, horses, sheep, goats, poultry, all creatures of the ratite family that are not indigenous to this state, including, but not limited to ostriches, emus and rheas and domesticated deer.
- (c) (1) "Livestock dealer" means any person engaged in the business of buying or selling livestock in commerce, either on that person's own account or as the employee or agent of the seller or purchaser, or any person engaged in the business of buying or selling livestock in commerce on a commission basis and shall include any person who buys or sells livestock with the use of a video.
- (2) "Livestock dealer" does not include any person who buys or sells livestock as part of that person's own breeding, feeding or dairy operation, nor any person who receives livestock exclusively for immediate slaughter.
- (d) (1) "Person" means any individual, partnership, corporation, company, firm or association.
- (2) "Person" does not include any public livestock market operator licensed under K.S.A. 47-1001 *et seq.*, and amendments thereto, or any feedlot operator licensed under K.S.A. 47-1501 *et seq.*, and amendments thereto.
- (e) "Domesticated deer" means any member of the family cervidae which was legally obtained and is being sold or raised in a confined area for: (1) Breeding stock; for (2) any carcass, skin or part of such animal; for (3) exhibition; or for (4)

companionship.

- Sec. 103. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 47-1805 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-1805. (a) Any person operating as a livestock dealer in Kansas shall register with the Kansas animal health department department of agriculture division of animal health. Registration shall be made on an application form approved by the livestock animal health commissioner. The application shall be accompanied by the livestock dealer registration fee or renewal fee fixed by the commissioner under subsection (b). If an application for registration or renewal of registration is denied by the commissioner or withdrawn by the applicant, the fee shall not be refunded. Unless renewed under this section, each registration shall expire on the June 30 following the date of issuance.
- (b) The <a href="livestoek\_animal health">livestoek\_animal health</a> commissioner shall determine annually the amount of funds which will be required for the administration and enforcement of this section and K.S.A. 47-1806, and amendments thereto, and shall fix and adjust from time to time a livestock dealer registration fee and a renewal fee in such reasonable amounts as may be necessary for such purposes, except that in no case shall either the livestock dealer registration fee or the renewal fee exceed \$75.
- (c) The <u>livestock animal health</u> commissioner shall remit all moneys received by or for the commissioner under this section to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the animal disease control fund.
- Sec. 104. K.S.A. 47-1808 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-1808. (a) Except if bonded under the packers and stockyards act, 1921, as amended and supplemented, 7 U.S.C. § 181 et seq., every livestock dealer required to be registered pursuant to K.S.A. 47-1805, and amendments thereto, upon notification by the livestock animal health commissioner of the amount of bond required, shall file with the livestock animal health commissioner a bond with good corporate surety qualified under the laws of the state of Kansas in a sum computed by dividing the dollar value of livestock sold during the preceding business year, or the substantial part of that business year, in which the livestock dealer did business, by the actual number of days on which livestock was sold. The divisor, the number of days on which livestock was sold, shall not exceed 130. The amount of bond coverage must be the next multiple of \$5,000 above the amount so determined. When the computation exceeds \$75,000, the amount of bond coverage need not exceed \$75,000 plus 10% of the excess over \$75,000, raised to the next \$5,000 multiple. In cases where a business operation is being commenced, an estimated amount of business to be transacted during the next 12 months may be used subject to adjustment later, if indicated. In no event shall the bond be for an amount less than \$10,000.
- (b) The bond shall be in favor of the state of Kansas for the benefit of all persons interested, their legal representatives, attorneys or assigns and shall be conditioned on the faithful performance of all the registrant's duties as a livestock dealer. Any person injured by the breach of any obligation of the livestock dealer may commence suit on the bond in any court of competent jurisdiction to recover damages that the person has sustained, but any suit commenced shall either be a class action or shall join as parties plaintiff or parties defendant or other persons who may be affected by such suit on the bond. No bond shall be eancelled canceled by the surety on less than 30 days' notice by mail to the livestock animal health commissioner and the principal except that no such

notice shall be required for cancellation of any bond by reason of nonpayment of the premium thereon. The liability of the surety on the bond may continue for each successive registration period the bond covers. The total liability of the surety shall be limited to the amount stated on the current bond or on an appropriate rider or endorsement to the current bond. It is the intent of this statute that the bonds be nonaccumulative, that stacking of bonds not occur in excess of the face value of the current bond.

- (c) Whenever the <a href="https://linear.com
- (d) In all actions hereafter commenced in which judgment is rendered against any surety company on any surety bond furnished under the provisions of this section, if it appears from the evidence that the surety company has refused without just cause to pay the loss upon demand, the court shall allow the plaintiff a reasonable sum as attorney fees to be recovered and collected as a part of the costs. When a tender is made by the surety company before the commencement of the action in which judgment is rendered and the amount recovered is not in excess of the tender, no such costs shall be allowed.
- (e) Any person violating or failing to comply with the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
- (f) This section shall be part of and supplemental to article 18 of chapter 47 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 105. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 47-1809 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-1809. (a) As used in this section, "feral swine" means any untamed or undomesticated hog, boar or pig; swine whose reversion from the domesticated state to the wild state is apparent; or an otherwise freely roaming swine having no visible tags, markings or characteristics indicating that such swine is from a domestic herd, and reasonable inquiry within the area does not identify an owner.
  - (b) No person shall import, transport or possess live feral swine in this state.
- (c) No person shall intentionally or knowingly release any hog, boar, pig or swine to live in a wild or feral state upon public or private land.
- (d) No person shall engage in, sponsor, instigate, assist or profit from the release, killing, wounding or attempted killing or wounding of feral swine for the purpose of sport, pleasure, amusement or production of a trophy.
- (e) Violation of subsection (b) or (c) may result in a civil penalty in the amount of not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$5,000 for each such violation. In the case of a continuing violation, every day such violation continues shall be deemed a separate violation.
- (f) Violation of subsection (d) may result in a civil penalty of not less than \$250 nor more than \$2,500 for each such violation.
  - (g) Any duly authorized agent of the livestock animal health commissioner, upon a

finding that any person, or agent or employee thereof, has violated any of the provisions stated above, may impose a civil penalty upon such person as provided in this section.

- (h) No civil penalty shall be imposed pursuant to this section except upon the written order of the duly authorized agent of the livestock animal health commissioner to the person who committed the violation. Such order shall state the violation, the penalty to be imposed and the right of the person to appeal to the commissioner. Any such person, within 20 days after notification, may make written request to the commissioner for a hearing in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act. The commissioner shall affirm, reverse or modify the order and shall specify the reasons therefor.
- (i) Any person aggrieved by an order of the commissioner made under this section may appeal such order to the district court in the manner provided by the Kansas judicial review act.
- (j) Any civil penalty recovered pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be remitted to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the state general fund.
- (k) The <u>livestock\_animal health</u> commissioner, or the authorized representative of the <u>livestock\_animal health</u> commissioner, may destroy or require the destruction of any feral swine upon discovery of such swine.
- (l) The provisions of this section shall not be construed to prevent owners or legal occupants of land, the employees of such owners or legal occupants or persons designated by such owners or legal occupants from killing any feral swine when found on their premises or when destroying property. Such designees shall have a permit issued by the <a href="livestock">livestock</a> animal health commissioner in their possession at the time of the killing of the feral swine.
- (m) The <u>livestock animal health</u> commissioner may adopt rules and regulations to carry out the provisions of this section.
- Sec. 106. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 47-1831 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-1831. (a) The <del>livestock</del> animal health commissioner is hereby authorized to:
- (1) Register original veterinary certificates of inspection for livestock, as defined in K.S.A. 47-1001, and amendments thereto; and
- (2) provide official calfhood vaccination tags. Such tags shall not exceed \$.25 for each tag.
- (b) The commissioner shall determine annually tag fee and shall fix such fee by rules and regulations.
- (c) The commissioner shall remit all moneys received by or for the commissioner under this section to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the animal disease control fund.
- Sec. 107. K.S.A. 47-1832 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-1832. The <a href="https://livestoek\_animal\_health">https://livestoek\_animal\_health</a> commissioner is hereby authorized to establish rules and regulations on disease control programs for and on the sale and importation into Kansas of farm animals and exotic animals. As used in this section "farm animals" and "exotic animal" means the definitions given by rules and regulations in 9 C.F.R. § 1.1, pursuant

to 7 U.S.C. § 2131 et seq.

- Sec. 108. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 47-2101 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-2101. (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to engage in the business of raising domesticated deer unless such person has obtained from the <a href="livestoek\_animal\_health">livestoek\_animal\_health</a> commissioner a domesticated deer permit. Application for such permit shall be made in writing on a form provided by the commissioner. The permit period shall be for the permit year ending on June 30 following the issuance date.
- (b) Each application for issuance or renewal of a permit shall be accompanied by a fee of not more than \$150 as established by the commissioner in rules and regulations.
- (c) The <u>livestock animal health</u> commissioner shall adopt any rules and regulations necessary to enforce this section.
- (d) Any person who fails to obtain a permit as prescribed in section (a) shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine not exceeding \$150. Continued operation, after a conviction, shall constitute a separate offense for each day of operation.
- (e) The commissioner may refuse to issue or renew or may suspend or revoke any permit for any one of the following reasons:
- (1) Material misstatement in the application for the original permit or in the application for any renewal of a permit;
- (2) the conviction of any crime, an essential element of which is misstatement, fraud or dishonesty, or relating to the theft of or cruelty to animals;
  - (3) substantial misrepresentation;
- (4) the person who is issued a permit is found to be adding to such person's herd by poaching or illegally obtaining deer;
  - (5) willful disregard to any rule or regulation adopted under this section.
- (f) Any refusal to issue or renew a permit and any suspension or revocation of a permit under this section shall be in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act and shall be subject to review in accordance with the Kansas judicial review act.
- (g) Domesticated deer shall be identified through implantation of microchips, ear tags, ear tattoos, ear notches or any other permanent identification on such deer as to identify such deer as domesticated deer. Any person who receives a permit issued pursuant to subsection (a) shall keep records of the deer herd pursuant to rules and regulations.
- (h) The <u>livestock\_animal health</u> commissioner shall inspect any premises where a domesticated deer herd has been issued a permit upon receipt of a written, signed complaint that such premises is not being operated, managed or maintained in accordance with rules and regulations.
- (i) The <u>livestock animal health</u> commissioner, on a quarterly basis, shall transmit to the secretary of wildlife and parks a current list of persons issued a permit pursuant to this section.
- (j) All moneys received under this section shall be remitted to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the animal disease control fund.
  - (k) As used in this section:
  - (1) "Deer" means any member of the family cervidae.

- (2) "Domesticated deer" means any member of the family cervidae which was legally obtained and is being sold or raised in a confined area for: (1) Breeding stock; for (2) any carcass, skin or part of such animal; for (3) exhibition; or for (4) companionship.
- Sec. 109. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 48-3502 is hereby amended to read as follows: 48-3502. (a) There is hereby established the Kansas national bio and agro defense facility interagency working group.
- (b) The working group shall consist of the following members *ex officio*: The secretary of health and environment, the secretary of commerce or designee, the secretary of administration or designee, the secretary of agriculture or designee, the <a href="https://linearch.nih.google
- (c) The secretary of health and environment shall serve as chairperson of the working group, and the working group may elect a vice-chairperson from among the members of the working group.
- (d) All appointments of designees must be made and submitted to the Kansas bioscience authority no more than 30 days after enactment of this act.
- Sec. 110. K.S.A. 65-171i is hereby amended to read as follows: 65-171i. Nothing in this act shall be construed as limiting the authority of the state <u>livestock animal health</u> commissioner in matters concerning the administration of the law concerning feedlots (\_K.S.A. 47-1501 *et seq.*), and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 111. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 65-5721 is hereby amended to read as follows: 65-5721. (a) There is hereby established the commission on emergency planning and response.
- (b) The membership of the commission on emergency planning and response shall consist of the agency head or secretary or a designated person of authority from the following agencies:
  - (1) The fire marshal:
  - (2) the department of health and environment;
  - (3) the department of transportation;
  - (4) the Kansas highway patrol;
  - (5) the adjutant general;
  - (6) the department of commerce;
  - (7) the Kansas bureau of investigation;
  - (8) the Kansas department of agriculture; and
- (9) the Kansas animal health department department of agriculture division of animal health.
- (c) In addition, the membership of the commission on emergency planning and response shall also consist of 18 members appointed by the governor as follows:
  - (1) One individual shall be representative of counties;
  - (2) one individual selected to represent cities;
- (3) three individuals selected to represent businesses and industries, one of which represents broadcasting;
  - (4) one individual selected to represent agriculture, crop or livestock;

- (5) one individual selected to represent transportation, trucking or rail;
- (6) one individual selected to represent energy;
- (7) one individual selected to represent law enforcement officers;
- (8) one individual selected to represent fire fighters;
- (9) one individual selected to represent county emergency managers;
- (10) one individual selected to represent emergency medical services;
- (11) one individual selected to represent public works services;
- (12) one individual selected to represent hospitals;
- (13) one individual selected to represent public health;
- (14) one individual selected to represent the tribes of Kansas;
- (15) one individual selected to represent individuals with disabilities; and
- (16) one individual selected to represent the seven regional homeland security councils.
- (d) A designee of the adjutant general shall serve as the secretary of the commission on emergency planning and response. The adjutant general shall provide staff support for the commission on emergency planning and response.
- (e) Of the members first appointed to the commission on emergency planning and response by the governor, one representative of cities, one representative of counties, and one representative of business and industry shall serve a term of two years, and the remainder of the members appointed by the governor shall serve terms of three years. Thereafter, members appointed pursuant to subsection (c) shall serve terms of four years and until the successor has been appointed. Any vacancy in the office of an appointed member shall be filled for the unexpired term by appointment by the governor.
- (f) A chairperson shall be elected annually by the members of the commission. A vice-chairperson shall be designated by the chairperson to serve in the absence of the chairperson.
- (g) For attending meetings of such commission, or attending a subcommittee meeting thereof authorized by such commission, those members of the commission appointed by the governor shall be paid compensation, subsistence allowances, mileage and other expenses as provided in K.S.A. 75-3223, and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 112. K.S.A. 66-1319 is hereby amended to read as follows: 66-1319. (a) Members of the Kansas highway patrol shall exercise the power and authority of the superintendent of the Kansas highway patrol in the execution of the duties imposed upon the superintendent by this act to the extent that the exercise of such power and authority is delegated to such members by the superintendent or is prescribed by law. In enforcing the laws referred to in K.S.A. 66-1318, and amendments thereto, members of the highway patrol are authorized and empowered to inspect any motor vehicle required by law to comply with any of such laws and rules and regulations relating thereto. Except as otherwise provided in K.S.A. 8-1910, and amendments thereto, whenever any member of the highway patrol shall determine that any vehicle is not properly registered under or not in compliance with any of such laws, such member of the highway patrol may require such vehicle to be driven to the nearest motor carrier inspection station, if there is one within five miles, and if not, to another suitable place, and remain there until the driver thereof has complied with any or all of such laws. Any driver of a vehicle who fails or refuses to drive such vehicle to the nearest inspection station or other suitable place when so directed by a member of the highway patrol shall be

deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.

- (b) The superintendent of the Kansas highway patrol or any other member thereof designated by the superintendent may issue any license, permit, registration or certificate required under any of such laws when so directed by law or by the head of the agency administering such laws.
- (c) The superintendent of the Kansas highway patrol, the secretary of revenue, the secretary of transportation, the chairperson of the state corporation commission and the <a href="https://livestock\_animal\_health">https://livestock\_animal\_health</a> commissioner shall cooperate in all functions relating to the enforcement of such laws.
- Sec. 113. K.S.A. 74-4002 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-4002. The members of the Kansas animal health board shall choose their own chairman, who shall serve for a term of one (1) year. Said\_Such board shall meet at least once in each quarter. Meetings may be called and held at the discretion of the chairman, and meetings shall be called by the chairman upon written request of a majority of the members of said\_such board. Members of the Kansas animal health board attending meetings of such board, or attending a subcommittee meeting thereof authorized by such board, shall be paid compensation, subsistence allowances, mileage and other expenses as provided in K.S.A. 75-3223\_and amendments thereto. Amounts paid under this section shall be paid from appropriations to the livestock\_animal\_health commissioner upon warrants of the director of accounts and reports issued pursuant to vouchers approved by the commissioner.
- Sec. 114. K.S.A. 74-4003 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-4003. It shall be the duty of the Kansas animal health board to serve in an advisory capacity to the <a href="https://linearch.nimal.nealth">https://linearch.nealth.ne
- Sec. 115. K.S.A. 75-1901 is hereby amended to read as follows: 75-1901. A livestock An animal health commissioner shall be appointed by the Kansas animal health board secretary of agriculture and shall serve as the executive officer of the Kansas animal health department which is hereby created department of agriculture division of animal health. The person so appointed shall have been actively engaged in one of the major phases of the livestock industry for a period of not less than five (5) years immediately preceding his or her such person's appointment. Before entering upon the duties of said such office, such commissioner shall take and subscribe an oath of office to faithfully and honestly discharge the duties of said such office to the best of his or her such commissioner's knowledge and ability, and shall file the same with the secretary of state. The livestock animal health commissioner shall serve at the pleasure of the secretary of agriculture and the animal health board.
- Sec. 116. K.S.A. 75-1903 is hereby amended to read as follows: 75-1903. (a) Whenever in any of the statutes of this state the term "livestock sanitary commissioner" is used, or the term "commissioner" is used to refer to the livestock sanitary commissioner, such terms shall be construed to mean the <a href="livestock animal health">livestock animal health</a> commissioner appointed by the <a href="Kansas animal health">Kansas animal health</a> board secretary of agriculture pursuant to K.S.A. 75-1901 74-5,119, and amendments thereto.
- (b) Whenever in any of the statutes of this state the terms "Kansas livestock commission" or "livestock commission" are used, or the term "commission" is used to refer to the Kansas livestock commission, such terms shall be construed to mean the Kansas animal health board created in K.S.A. 74-4001, as amended and amendments

thereto.

- Sec. 117. K.S.A. 75-3141 is hereby amended to read as follows: 75-3141. The <a href="https://livestoek\_animal\_health">https://livestoek\_animal\_health</a> commissioner shall devote full time to the discharge of official duties, and shall be within the unclassified service under the Kansas civil service act. The commissioner's compensation shall be determined by the <a href="https://kansas-animal\_health-board\_secretary\_of\_agriculture">kansas-animal\_health-board\_secretary\_of\_agriculture</a>, subject to the approval of the governor.
- Sec. 118. K.S.A. 75-3142 is hereby amended to read as follows: 75-3142. The <a href="https://livestock\_animal\_health">https://livestock\_animal\_health</a> commissioner is hereby authorized to appoint, within the provisions of the civil service law and within available appropriations, such employees as are necessary to properly discharge the duties of office.
- Sec. 119. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 75-37,121 is hereby amended to read as follows: 75-37,121. (a) There is created the office of administrative hearings within the department of administration, to be headed by a director appointed by the secretary of administration. The director shall be in the unclassified service under the Kansas civil service act.
- (b) The office may employ or contract with presiding officers, court reporters and other support personnel as necessary to conduct proceedings required by the Kansas administrative procedure act for adjudicative proceedings of the state agencies, boards and commissions specified in subsection (h). The office shall conduct adjudicative proceedings of any state agency which is specified in subsection (h) when requested by such agency. Only a person admitted to practice law in this state or a person directly supervised by a person admitted to practice law in this state may be employed as a presiding officer. The office may employ regular part-time personnel. Persons employed by the office shall be under the classified civil service.
- (c) If the office cannot furnish one of its presiding officers within 60 days in response to a requesting agency's request, the director shall designate in writing a full-time employee of an agency other than the requesting agency to serve as presiding officer for the proceeding, but only with the consent of the employing agency. The designee must possess the same qualifications required of presiding officers employed by the office.
- (d) The director may furnish presiding officers on a contract basis to any governmental entity to conduct any proceeding other than a proceeding as provided in subsection (h).
  - (e) The secretary of administration may adopt rules and regulations:
- (1) To establish procedures for agencies to request and for the director to assign presiding officers. An agency may neither select nor reject any individual presiding officer for any proceeding except in accordance with the Kansas administrative procedure act;
- (2) to establish procedures and adopt forms, consistent with the Kansas administrative procedure act, the model rules of procedure, and other provisions of law, to govern presiding officers; and
- (3) to facilitate the performance of the responsibilities conferred upon the office by the Kansas administrative procedure act.
- (f) The director may implement the provisions of this section and rules and regulations adopted under its authority.
- (g) The secretary of administration may adopt rules and regulations to establish fees to charge a state agency for the cost of using a presiding officer.

- (h) The following state agencies, boards and commissions shall utilize the office of administrative hearings for conducting adjudicative hearings under the Kansas administrative procedures act in which the presiding officer is not the agency head or one or more members of the agency head:
- (1) On and after July 1, 2005: Department of social and rehabilitation services, juvenile justice authority, department on aging, department of health and environment, Kansas public employees retirement system, Kansas water office, Kansas animal health department department of agriculture division of animal health and Kansas insurance department.
- (2) On and after July 1, 2006: Emergency medical services board, emergency medical services council, Kansas health policy authority and Kansas human rights commission
- (3) On and after July 1, 2007: Kansas lottery, Kansas racing and gaming commission, state treasurer, pooled money investment board, Kansas department of wildlife and parks and state court of tax appeals.
- (4) On and after July 1, 2008: Department of human resources, state corporation commission, state conservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation, agricultural labor relations board, department of administration, department of revenue, board of adult care home administrators, Kansas state grain inspection department, board of accountancy and Kansas wheat commission.
- (5) On and after July 1, 2009, all other Kansas administrative procedure act hearings not mentioned in subsections (1), (2), (3) and (4).
- (i) (1) Effective July 1, 2005, any presiding officer in agencies specified in subsection (h)(1) which conduct hearings pursuant to the Kansas administrative procedure act, except those exempted pursuant to K.S.A. 77-551, and amendments thereto, and support personnel for such presiding officers, shall be transferred to and shall become employees of the office of administrative hearings. Such personnel shall retain all rights under the state personnel system and retirement benefits under the laws of this state which had accrued to or vested in such personnel prior to the effective date of this section. Such person's services shall be deemed to have been continuous. All transfers of personnel positions in the classified service under the Kansas civil service act shall be in accordance with civil service laws and any rules and regulations adopted thereunder. This section shall not affect any matter pending before an administrative hearing officer at the time of the effective date of the transfer, and such matter shall proceed as though no transfer of employment had occurred.
- (2) Effective July 1, 2006, any presiding officer in agencies specified in subsection (h)(2) which conduct hearings pursuant to the Kansas administrative procedure act, except those exempted pursuant to K.S.A. 77-551, and amendments thereto, and support personnel for such presiding officers, shall be transferred to and shall become employees of the office of administrative hearings. Such personnel shall retain all rights under the state personnel system and retirement benefits under the laws of this state which had accrued to or vested in such personnel prior to the effective date of this section. Such person's services shall be deemed to have been continuous. All transfers of personnel positions in the classified service under the Kansas civil service act shall be in accordance with civil service laws and any rules and regulations adopted thereunder. This section shall not affect any matter pending before an administrative hearing officer at the time of the effective date of the transfer, and such matter shall

proceed as though no transfer of employment had occurred.

- (3) Effective July 1, 2007, any presiding officer in agencies specified in subsection (h)(3) which conduct hearings pursuant to the Kansas administrative procedure act, except those exempted pursuant to K.S.A. 77-551, and amendments thereto, and support personnel for such presiding officers, shall be transferred to and shall become employees of the office of administrative hearings. Such personnel shall retain all rights under the state personnel system and retirement benefits under the laws of this state which had accrued to or vested in such personnel prior to the effective date of this section. Such person's services shall be deemed to have been continuous. All transfers of personnel positions in the classified service under the Kansas civil service act shall be in accordance with civil service laws and any rules and regulations adopted thereunder. This section shall not affect any matter pending before an administrative hearing officer at the time of the effective date of the transfer, and such matter shall proceed as though no transfer of employment had occurred.
- (4) Effective July 1, 2008, any full-time presiding officer in agencies specified in subsection (h)(4) which conduct hearings pursuant to the Kansas administrative procedure act, except those exempted pursuant to K.S.A. 77-551, and amendments thereto, and support personnel for such presiding officers, shall be transferred to and shall become employees of the office of administrative hearings. Such personnel shall retain all rights under the state personnel system and retirement benefits under the laws of this state which had accrued to or vested in such personnel prior to the effective date of this section. Such person's services shall be deemed to have been continuous. All transfers of personnel positions in the classified service under the Kansas civil service act shall be in accordance with civil service laws and any rules and regulations adopted thereunder. This section shall not affect any matter pending before an administrative hearing officer at the time of the effective date of the transfer, and such matter shall proceed as though no transfer of employment had occurred.
- (5) Effective July 1, 2009, any full-time presiding officer in agencies specified in subsection (h)(5) which conduct hearings pursuant to the Kansas administrative procedure act, except those exempted pursuant to K.S.A. 77-551, and amendments thereto, and support personnel for such presiding officers, shall be transferred to and shall become employees of the office of administrative hearings. Such personnel shall retain all rights under the state personnel system and retirement benefits under the laws of this state which had accrued to or vested in such personnel prior to the effective date of this section. Such person's services shall be deemed to have been continuous. All transfers of personnel positions in the classified service under the Kansas civil service act shall be in accordance with civil service laws and any rules and regulations adopted thereunder. This section shall not affect any matter pending before an administrative hearing officer at the time of the effective date of the transfer, and such matter shall proceed as though no transfer of employment occurred.
- Sec. 120. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 74-567 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-567. (a) The state board of agriculture shall have such powers, duties and functions as prescribed by this section. The board shall serve in an advisory capacity to the governor and the secretary to review and make recommendations on department legislative initiatives and proposed rules and regulations or proposed revised rules and regulations prior to the submission of such rules and regulations to the secretary of administration pursuant to K.S.A. 77-420, and amendments thereto, other than rules and regulations

pertaining to personnel matters of the department, rules and regulations of the division of water resources and rules and regulations of the division of food safety. The board shall not have any powers, duties or functions concerning the day-to-day operations of the Kansas department of agriculture.

- (b) The board shall serve in an advisory capacity to the agriculture productsdevelopment division of the department of commerce marketing and promotions program within the Kansas department of agriculture. The board shall advise the division program on issues and concerns relating to agriculture products development and marketing.
- (c) The agriculture <u>products development division marketing and promotions program</u> of the <u>Kansas</u> department of <u>eommerce agriculture</u> shall report to the board, at not less than two meetings of such board each year, on the activities and functions of the <u>division program</u>.
- Sec. 121. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 74-50,156 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-50,156. (a) There is hereby established within and as a part of the Kansas department of eommerce agriculture the agriculture products development division marketing and promotions program. The secretary of commerce agriculture shall appoint a director of such division program and such director shall be in the unclassified service of the Kansas civil service act. Subject to and in accordance with appropriations acts, the agriculture products development division marketing and promotions program shall include: (1) All powers, duties and functions related to the agricultural value added center pursuant to subsections (b) and (c); (2) all powers and duties created regarding the division of markets pursuant to K.S.A. 74-530, and amendments thereto, which are hereby transferred; (3) all powers and duties created regarding registered trademarks pursuant to K.S.A. 74-540a, and amendments thereto, which are hereby transferred; (4) all powers and duties regarding the trademark fund pursuant to K.S.A. 74-540b, and amendments thereto, which are hereby transferred; and (5) all powers and duties created regarding expenditures and moneys credited to the market development fund pursuant to K.S.A. 74-540c, and amendments thereto, which are hereby transferred.
- (b) The objectives of the agricultural value added center within the agriculture products development division marketing and promotions program shall include, but not be limited to, providing technical assistance to existing and potential value added facilities, including incubator facilities; developing a network for collecting and distributing information to individuals involved in value added processing in Kansas; initiating pilot plant facilities to act as research and development laboratories for existing and potential small scale value added processing endeavors in Kansas; providing technical assistance to new agricultural value added businesses; developing and promoting communication and cooperation among private businesses; state government agencies and public and private colleges and universities in Kansas; establishing research and development programs in technologies that have value added commercial potential for food and nonfood agricultural products achieving substantial and sustainable continuing growth for the Kansas economy through value added products from agriculture; serving as a catalyst for industrial agriculture through technological innovation in order to expand economic opportunity for all Kansas communities; establishing an industrial agriculture industry for the state of Kansas; commercializing the developed industrial agriculture technology in smaller communities and the rural areas of Kansas; and developing investment grade

agriculture value added technologies and products.

- (c) Subject to the provisions of appropriations acts, the functions of the agricultural value added center within the agriculture products development division marketing and promotions program shall include, but not be limited to, developing a market referral program, matching distribution to buyers in coordination with other state agencies concerned with marketing Kansas products; assisting private entrepreneurs in the establishment of facilities and markets for new agricultural value added endeavors; and introducing coordinated programs to develop marketing skills of existing agricultural value adding processors in Kansas.
- (d) (1) It shall be the duty of the agriculture products development divisionmarketing and promotions program to perform acts and to do, or cause to be done, those things which are designed to lead to the more advantageous marketing of agricultural products of Kansas. For these purposes the division may:
  - (A) Investigate the subject of marketing farm products;
  - (B) promote their sales distribution and merchandising;
  - (C) furnish information and assistance to the public;
  - (D) study and recommend efficient and economical methods of marketing;
  - (E) provide for such studies and research as may be deemed necessary and proper;
- (F) gather and diffuse timely and useful information concerning the supply, demand, prevailing prices and commercial movement of farm products including quantity in common storage and cold storage, in cooperation with other public or private agencies;
- (G) conduct market development activities and assist and coordinate participation by companies, commodity organizations, trade organizations, producer organizations and other interested organizations to develop new markets and sales for Kansas agricultural commodities and food products;
- (H) render assistance to any of the entities listed in subsection (G) and development activities and make a reasonable service charge for such services rendered by the division; and
- (I) make agreements with other states and with the United States government, or its agencies, and accept funds from the federal government, or its agencies, or any other source for research studies, investigation, market development and other purposes related to the duties of the division.
- (2) The Kansas department of eommerce\_agriculture shall remit all moneys received under this subsection to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the market development fund. All expenditures from such fund shall be made for any purpose consistent with this subsection and shall be made in accordance with appropriation acts upon warrants of the director of accounts and reports issued pursuant to vouchers approved by the secretary of eommerce\_agriculture or a person designated by the secretary.
- (e) (1) In conjunction with any trademark registered by the <u>Kansas</u> department of <u>eommerce\_agriculture</u>, the agriculture <u>products\_development\_division\_marketing\_and\_promotions\_program</u> is hereby authorized to:
  - (A) Promulgate policy regarding the use of any such trademark;
  - (B) print, reproduce or use the trademark in or on educational, promotional or other

material:

- (C) fix, charge and collect fees for the use of the trademark provided that the fees shall be fixed in an amount necessary to recover all direct costs associated with the production of educational, promotional and other materials associated with a trademark program; and
- (D) enter into any contracts necessary to carry out the purposes of this subsection, which contracts shall not be subject to the bidding requirements of K.S.A. 75-3739, and amendments thereto.
- (2) The secretary of eommeree agriculture shall remit all moneys received under this subsection to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the trademark fund. All expenditures from such fund shall be made for any purpose consistent with this subsection and shall be made in accordance with appropriation acts upon warrants of the director of accounts and reports issued pursuant to vouchers approved by the secretary of eommeree agriculture or a person designated by the secretary.
- (f) On or before February 1 of each year, the agriculture products development division marketing and promotions program shall present an oral and written report to the house and senate agriculture committees concerning the performance indicators, performance outcomes, activities and functions of the division program for the previous year. Such report shall include a budget of how moneys appropriated or otherwise authorized to be expended from the state general fund or any special revenue fund for the agriculture products development division marketing and promotions program of the Kansas department of commerce agriculture for the previous fiscal year were spent and a projected budget of moneys appropriated or otherwise authorized to be expended from the state general fund or any special revenue fund for the agriculture products development division marketing and promotions program of the Kansas department of eommerce agriculture for the current fiscal year. Such report shall further include the full-time equivalent number of positions financed from appropriations and allocated for the agriculture products development division marketing and promotions program of the Kansas department of eommerce agriculture for each fiscal year. In the report to the 1997 legislature, the division's report shall include a mission statement for the reorganized division.

New Sec. 122. In addition to the powers and duties conferred in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 74-5,126, and amendments thereto, the Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation shall have all the powers, duties and functions delegated pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 74-5,126, and amendments thereto. It shall also employ an administrative officer and such technical experts as it may require and shall determine their qualifications and duties. Such officer and experts shall be in the unclassified service of the Kansas civil services act and shall receive annual salaries fixed by the division and approved by the state finance council. All other agents and employees, permanent or temporary, required by the division of conservation, shall be within the classified services of the Kansas civil service act. The division may call upon the attorney general of the state for such legal services as it may require. It shall have authority to delegate to one or more agents or employees, such powers and duties as it deems proper. It shall be supplied with suitable office accommodations at the state capital, and shall be furnished with the necessary supplies and equipment. Upon request

of the division, for the purpose of carrying out any of its functions, the supervision officer of any state agency or of any state institution of learning, insofar as may be possible under available appropriations and having due regard to the needs of the agency to which the request is directed, shall assign or detail to the division members of the staff or personnel of such agency or institution of learning and make such special reports, surveys or studies as the division may request.

- Sec. 123. K.S.A. 2-1903 is hereby amended to read as follows: 2-1903. As used in this act:
- (1) "District" or "conservation district" means a governmental subdivision of this state, and a public body corporate and politic, organized in accordance with the provisions of this act, for the purposes, with the powers, and subject to the restrictions hereinafter set forth.
- (2) "Supervisor" means one of the members of the governing body of a district, elected or appointed in accordance with the provisions of this act.
- (3) "Commission" or "state conservation commission" means the agency-conservation program policy board created in K.S.A. 2-1904, and amendments thereto.
  - (4) "State" means the state of Kansas.
- (5) "Agency of this state" includes the government of this state and any subdivision, agency or instrumentality, corporation or otherwise, of the government of this state.
- (6) "United States" or "agencies of the United States" includes the United States of America, the soil conservation service of the United States department of agriculture and any other agency or instrumentality, corporate or otherwise, of the United States of America.
- (7) "Government" or "governmental" includes the government of this state, the government of the United States and any subdivision, agency or instrumentality, corporate or otherwise, of either of them.
- (8) "Division" or "division of conservation" means the agency established in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 74-5,126, and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 124. K.S.A. 2-1904 is hereby amended to read as follows: 2-1904. (a) There is hereby established, to serve as an agency a conservation program policy board of the state and to perform the functions conferred upon it in this act, the state conservation commission. The state conservation commission shall succeed to all the powers, duties and property of the state soil conservation committee. The commission shall consist of nine members as follows:
- (1) The director of the cooperative extension service and the director of the state agricultural experiment station located at Manhattan, Kansas, or such persons' designees shall serve, *ex officio*, as members of the commission.
- (2) The commission shall request the secretary of agriculture of United States of America to appoint one person and the secretary of the Kansas department of agriculture to appoint one person, each of whom shall be residents of the state of Kansas to serve as members of the commission. These members shall hold office for four years and until a successor is appointed and qualifies, with terms commencing on the second Monday in January beginning in 1973.
- (3) Five members of the state commission shall be elected by the conservation district supervisors at a time and place to be designated by the state conservation commission. The method of electing such members to be conducted as follows: The

state is to be divided into five separate areas. Area No. I to include the following counties: Cheyenne, Rawlins, Decatur, Norton, Phillips, Smith, Osborne, Rooks, Graham, Sheridan, Thomas, Sherman, Wallace, Logan, Gove, Trego, Ellis and Russell. Area No. II to include: Greeley, Wichita, Scott, Lane, Ness, Rush, Pawnee, Hodgeman, Finney, Kearny, Hamilton, Edwards, Ford, Gray, Haskell, Grant, Stanton, Morton, Stevens, Seward, Meade, Clark, Comanche and Kiowa. Area No. III to include: Jewell, Republic, Mitchell, Cloud, Lincoln, Ottawa, Ellsworth, Saline, Rice, McPherson, Reno, Harvey, Kingman, Sedgwick, Sumner, Harper, Barber, Pratt, Barton and Stafford. Area No. IV to include: Washington, Marshall, Nemaha, Brown, Doniphan, Clay, Riley, Pottawatomie, Jackson, Atchison, Jefferson, Leavenworth, Wyandotte, Johnson, Douglas, Shawnee, Wabaunsee, Geary, Dickinson, Morris, Osage, Franklin and Miami. Area No. V to include: Marion, Chase, Lyon, Coffey, Anderson, Linn, Bourbon, Allen, Woodson, Greenwood, Butler, Elk, Wilson, Neosho, Crawford, Cowley, Chautauqua, Montgomery, Labette and Cherokee. Areas II and IV will elect in even number years and Areas I, III and V shall elect in odd number years for two year terms. The elected commission members from Areas I, III and V shall take office on January 1, of the even number years. The remaining two elected members of the state commission from Areas II and IV shall take office on January 1, of the odd number years. The method of election is to be by area caucus of the district supervisors of each of the five separate areas of Kansas. The commission shall give each district notice of the time and place of such annual election meeting by letter if a member is to be elected to the commission from that area that year. The selection of a successor to fill an unexpired term shall be by appointment by the commission. The successor who is appointed to fill the unexpired term shall be a resident of the same area as that of the predecessor.

- (b) The commission shall keep a record of its official actions, shall adopt a seal which seal shall be judicially noticed, and may perform such acts, hold such public hearings and adopt rules and regulations necessary for the execution of its functions under this act.
- <u>In addition to the powers and duties conferred in this section, the state</u> conservation commission may employ an administrative officer and such technicalexperts as it may require and shall determine their qualifications and duties. Such officer and experts shall be in the unclassified service of the Kansas civil service act and shall receive annual salaries fixed by the commission and approved by the state finance council. All other agents and employees, permanent or temporary, required by the state conservation commission, shall be within the classified service of the Kansas eivil service act. The commission may call upon the attorney general of the state for such legal services as it may require. It shall have authority to delegate to itsehairperson, to one or more of its members or to one or more agents or employees, such powers and duties as it deems proper. It shall be supplied with suitable officeaccommodations at the state capital, and shall be furnished with the necessary supplies and equipment. Upon request of the commission, for the purpose of carrying out any of its functions, the supervising officer of any state agency or of any state institution of learning, insofar as may be possible under available appropriations and having dueregard to the needs of the agency to which the request is directed, shall assign or detail to the commission members of the staff or personnel of such agency or institution of learning and make such special reports, surveys or studies as the commission may request shall have the powers and duties not delegated to the Kansas department of

agriculture division of conservation pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 74-5,126, and amendments thereto.

- (d) The commission shall designate its chairperson and, from time to time, may change such designation. A majority of the commission shall constitute a quorum, and the concurrence of a majority in any matter within their duties shall be required for its determination. Members of the state conservation commission attending meetings of such commission or attending a subcommittee meeting thereof authorized by such commission shall be paid compensation, subsistence allowances, mileage and other expenses as provided in K.S.A. 75-3223, and amendments thereto. The commission shall provide for keeping of a full and accurate record of all proceedings and of all resolutions, regulations and orders issued or adopted.
- (e) In addition to the duties and powers hereinafter conferred upon The state conservation commission, it shall together with the Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation shall make conservation program policy decisions, including modification of current conservation programs, creation of new conservation programs and budget recommendations.
- (f) The Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation in consultation with the state conservation commission shall have the following duties and powers:
- (1) To offer such assistance as may be appropriate to the supervisors of conservation districts, organized as provided hereinafter, in the carrying out of any of their powers and programs;
- (2) to keep the supervisors of each of the several districts organized under the provisions of this act informed of the activities and experience of all other districts organized hereunder and to facilitate an interchange of advice and experience between such districts and cooperation between them;
- (3) to coordinate the programs of the several conservation districts organized hereunder;
- (4) to secure the cooperation and assistance of the United States and any of its agencies and of agencies of this state, in the work of such districts and to contract with or to accept donations, grants, gifts and contributions in money, services or otherwise from the United States or any of its agencies or from the state or any of its agencies in order to carry out the purposes of this act:
- (5) to disseminate information throughout the state concerning the activities and programs of the conservation districts organized hereunder and to encourage the formation of such districts in areas where their organization is desirable;
- (6) to cooperate with and give assistance to watershed districts and other special purpose districts in the state of Kansas for the purpose of cooperating with the United States through the secretary of agriculture in the furtherance of conservation pursuant to the provisions of the watershed protection and flood prevention act, as amended;
- (7) to cooperate in and carry out, in accordance with state policies, activities and programs to conserve and develop the water resources of the state and maintain and improve the quality of such water resources;
- (8) to enlist the cooperation and collaboration of state, federal, regional, interstate, local, public and private agencies with the conservation districts; and
- (9) to facilitate arrangements under which conservation districts may serve county governing bodies and other agencies as their local operating agencies in the administration of any activity concerned with the conservation of natural resources.

Sec. 125. K.S.A. 2-1907 is hereby amended to read as follows: 2-1907. The governing body of the district shall consist of five supervisors who are qualified electors residing within the district. The supervisors who are first elected shall serve for terms of one, two and three years according to the following plan: The two persons receiving the highest number of votes in the election shall hold office for three years; the two persons receiving the next highest number of votes shall hold such office for a term of two years and the remaining supervisor shall hold office for a term of one year. In the event of a tie vote, such terms shall be decided by lot. Nothing in this section shall be construed as affecting the length of the term of supervisors holding office on January 1, 1995. Successors to such persons shall be elected for terms of three years. An annual meeting of all qualified electors of the district shall be held in the month of January or February. Notice of the time and place of such meeting shall be given by such supervisors by publishing a notice in the official county paper once each week for two consecutive weeks prior to the week in which such meeting is to be held. At such meeting the supervisors shall make full and due report of their activities and financial affairs since the last annual meeting and shall conduct an election by secret ballot of all of the qualified electors of the district there present for the election of supervisors whose terms have expired. Whenever a vacancy occurs in the membership of the governing body the remaining supervisors of the district shall appoint a qualified elector of the district to fill the office for the unexpired term. The supervisors shall designate a chairperson and may from time to time change such designation. A supervisor shall hold office until a successor has been elected or appointed and has qualified. A majority of the supervisors shall constitute a quorum and the concurrence of a majority of the supervisors in any matter within their duties shall be required for its determination. A supervisor shall receive no compensation for services, but may be entitled to expenses, including traveling expenses, necessarily incurred in the discharge of duties. The supervisors may employ a secretary, technical experts, and such other officers, agents, and employees, permanent and temporary, as they may require, and shall determine their qualifications, duties and compensation. The supervisors may call upon the county attorney of the county in which a major portion of the district lies, or the attorney general for such legal services as they may require. The supervisors may delegate to their chairperson, to one or more supervisors, or to one or more agents, or employees such powers and duties as they may deem proper. The supervisors shall furnish to the state conservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation, upon request, copies of such rules, regulations, orders, contracts, forms, and other documents as they shall adopt or employ, and such other information concerning their activities as it may require in the performance of its duties under this act. The supervisors shall provide for the execution of surety bonds for all employees and officers who shall be entrusted with funds or property; shall provide for the keeping of a full and accurate record of all proceedings and of all resolutions, regulations, and orders issued or adopted; and shall provide for an annual audit of the accounts and receipts and disbursements. Any supervisor may be removed by the state conservation commission upon notice and hearing in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act, for neglect of duty or malfeasance in office, but for no other reason. The supervisors may invite the legislative body of any municipality or county located near the territory comprised within the district to designate a representative to advise and consult with the supervisors of the district on all questions of program and policy which may affect the property, water supply, or other interests of such municipality or county.

Sec. 126. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 2-1907c is hereby amended to read as follows: 2-1907c. On or before September 1 of each year, each conservation district shall submit to the state conservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation a certification of the amount of money to be furnished by the county commissioners for conservation district activities for the ensuing calendar year. Such amount shall be the same as authorized for such purposes in each approved county budget. For the purpose of providing state financial assistance to conservation districts, the state conservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation in the regular budget request, as a line item for the forthcoming fiscal year, shall submit a special request for an amount equal to the sum of the allocations of each county to each conservation district, but in no event to exceed the sum of \$25,000 per district. This \$25,000 limitation shall be applicable for fiscal year 2008, and thereafter, subject to appropriations therefor. The state conservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation as soon as practicable after July 1 of the following year shall disburse such moneys as may be appropriated by the state for this purpose to each conservation district to match funds allocated by the commissioners of each county. Distribution shall be prorated in proportion to county allocations in the event that appropriations are insufficient for complete matching of funds. Municipal accounting procedures shall be used in the distribution of and in the expenditure of all funds.

- Sec. 127. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 2-1915 is hereby amended to read as follows: 2-1915. (a) Appropriations may be made for grants out of funds in the treasury of this state for terraces, terrace outlets, check dams, dikes, ponds, ditches, critical area planting, grassed waterways, tailwater recovery irrigation systems, precision land forming, range seeding, detention and grade stabilization structures and other enduring water conservation practices installed on public lands and on privately owned lands and, the control and eradication of sericea lespedeza as provided in subsection (n) of K.S.A. 2-1908, and amendments thereto, on public lands and on privately owned lands. Except as provided by the multipurpose small lakes program act, any such grant shall not exceed 80% of the total cost of any such practice.
- (b) A program for protection of riparian and wetland areas shall be developed by the state conservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation and implemented by the conservation districts. The conservation districts shall prepare district programs to address resource management concerns of water quality, erosion and sediment control and wildlife habitat as part of the conservation district long-range and annual work plans. Preparation and implementation of conservation district programs shall be accomplished with assistance from appropriate state and federal agencies involved in resource management.
- (c) Subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 2-1919, and amendments thereto, any holder of a water right, as defined by subsection (g) of K.S.A. 82a-701, and amendments thereto, who is willing to voluntarily return all or a part of the water right to the state shall be eligible for a grant not to exceed 80% of the total cost of the purchase price for such water right. The state conservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation shall administer this cost-share program with funds appropriated by the legislature for such purpose. The chief engineer shall certify to the

- state conservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation that any water right for which application for cost-share is received under this section is eligible in accordance with the criteria established in K.S.A. 2-1919, and amendments thereto.
- (d) (1) Subject to appropriation acts therefor, the state conservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation shall develop the Kansas water quality buffer initiative for the purpose of restoring riparian areas using best management practices. The executive director of the state conservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation shall ensure that the initiative is complementary to the federal conservation reserve program.
- (2) There is hereby created in the state treasury the Kansas water quality buffer initiative fund. All expenditures from such fund shall be made in accordance with appropriation acts upon warrants of the director of accounts and reports issued pursuant to vouchers approved by the executive director of the state conservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation or the executive director's designee. Money credited to the fund shall be used for the purpose of making grants to install water quality best management practices pursuant to the initiative.
- (3) The county or district appraiser shall identify and map riparian buffers consisting of at least one contiguous acre per parcel of real property located in the appraiser's county. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, riparian buffers shall be valued by the county or district appraiser as tame grass land, native grass land or waste land, as appropriate. As used in this subsection (3), "riparian buffer" means an area of stream-side vegetation that: (A) Consists of tame or native grass and may include forbs and woody plants; (B) is located along a perennial or intermittent stream, including the stream bank and adjoining floodplain; and (C) is a minimum of 66 feet wide and a maximum of 180 feet wide.
- (e) The Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation with the approval of the state conservation commission shall adopt rules and regulations to administer such grant and protection programs.
- (f) Any district is authorized to make use of any assistance whatsoever given by the United States, or any agency thereof, or derived from any other source, for the planning and installation of such practices. The <a href="state-eonservation-commission-kansas-department of agriculture division of conservation">state-eonservation-commission-kansas-department of agriculture division of conservation</a> may enter into agreements with other state and federal agencies to implement the Kansas water quality buffer initiative.
- Sec. 127. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 2-1930 is hereby amended to read as follows: 2-1930. (a) There is hereby established the water right transition assistance pilot project program. The program shall be administered by the state conservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation. The Kansas department of agriculture, division of water resources and recognized local governing agencies, including groundwater management districts, shall cooperate in program implementation. The program shall be administered for the purpose of reducing consumptive use in the target or high priority areas of the state by issuing water right transition grants for privately held water rights.
- (b) (1) The state conservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation may receive and expend funds from the federal or state government, or private source for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this section. The state conservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division

of conservation and the participating groundwater management districts shall carry over unexpended funds from one fiscal year to the next.

- (2) Federal and state funds shall not exceed \$1,500,000 per year.
- (3) State conservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation expenditures for permanent partial water right retirements shall not exceed 30% of the total amount of funds for the water right transition assistance pilot project program.
- (c) The state conservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation may enter into water right transition assistance pilot project program contracts with landowners that will result in the permanent retirement of part or all of landowner historic consumptive use water rights by action of the chief engineer as provided for in subsection (f) of this section.
- (d) All applications for permanent water right retirements shall be considered for funding.
- (e) Permanent retirement of partial water rights shall only be approved by the Kansas department of agriculture division of water resources when the groundwater management district has the metering and monitoring capabilities necessary to ensure compliance with the program. When prioritizing among water right applications for acceptance under the water right transition assistance pilot project, where rights with similar hydrologic impacts are considered, priority should be given to the senior right as determined under the Kansas water appropriation act.
- (f) Water rights enrolled in the water right transition assistance pilot project program for permanent retirement shall require the written consent of all landowners and authorized agents to voluntarily request dismissal and forfeiture of priority of the enrolled water right. Upon enrollment of the water right into the water right transition assistance pilot project program, the chief engineer of the Kansas department of agriculture division of water resources shall concurrently dismiss and terminate the water right in accordance with the terms of the contract.
- (g) (1) The state conservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation shall make water right transition grants available only in areas that have been designated as target or high priority areas by the groundwater management districts and the chief engineer of the Kansas department of agriculture division of water resources or priority areas outside the groundwater management districts as designated by the chief engineer of the Kansas department of agriculture division of water resources.
- (2) Two of the target or high priority areas shall be the prairie dog creek area located in hydrologic unit code 10250015 and the rattlesnake creek subbasin located in hydrologic unit code 11030009.
- (h) Contracts accepted under the water right transition assistance program shall result in a net reduction in consumptive use equivalent to the amount of historic consumptive use of the water right or rights enrolled in the program based on the average historic consumptive water use. Except as provided for in subsections (i) and (j), once a water right transition assistance pilot project program grant has been provided, the land authorized to be irrigated by the water right or water rights associated with that grant shall not be irrigated permanently. Water right transition assistance pilot project program contracts shall be subject to such terms, conditions and limitations as may be necessary to ensure that such reduction in consumptive use occurs and can be

adequately monitored and enforced.

"Historic consumptive water use" means the average amount of water consumed by crops as a result of the lawful beneficial use of water for irrigation during four of the six preceding calendar years, with the highest and lowest years removed from the analysis. For purposes of this program, historic consumptive water use will be determined by multiplying the average reported water use for the four selected years by a factor of 0.85 for center pivot sprinkler irrigation systems, 0.75 for flood or gravity irrigation systems and 0.95 for subsurface drip irrigation systems, but not to exceed the net irrigation requirements for the 50% chance rainfall for the appropriate county as shown in K.A.R. 5-5-12. The applicant may also submit an engineering study that determines the average historic consumptive water use as an alternative method if it is demonstrated to be more accurate for the water right or water rights involved.

- (i) Enrollment in the water right transition assistance pilot project program shall not subsequently prohibit irrigation of the land that, prior to enrollment, was authorized by the water right or water rights if irrigation can be lawfully allowed by another water right or permit pursuant to the rules and regulations and consideration of any future changes to other water rights that may be proposed to be transferred to such land.
- (j) If more than one water right overlaps the place of use authorized by the water right proposed to be enrolled in the water right transition assistance pilot project program, then all overlapping water rights shall be enrolled in water right transition assistance pilot project program or the landowners shall take the necessary lawful steps to eliminate the overlap with the water right to be enrolled. The burden shall be on the landowner to provide sufficient information to substantiate that the proposed use of water by the resulting exercise of all water rights involved will result in the net reduction amount of historic consumptive water use by the water right or water rights to be enrolled. The state conservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation may require such documentation to be provided by someone with special knowledge or experience related to water rights and such operations.
- (k) The state conservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation shall adopt rules and regulations as necessary for the administration of this section. When adopting such rules and regulations the state conservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation shall consider cropping, system design, metered water use and all other pertinent information that will permit a verifiable reduction in annual water consumptive use and permit alternative crop or other use of the land so that the landowner's economic opportunities are taken into account.
- (l) The state conservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation shall report annually to the senate standing committee on natural resources and the house standing committee on environment on the economic impact studies being conducted on the reduction of water consumption and the financial impact on the communities within the program areas. Such studies shall include comparative data for areas and communities outside the program areas.
- (m) The water right transition assistance pilot project program shall expire five years from the effective date of the fiscal year for which state moneys are appropriated thereof and approval of program rules and regulations.
- (n) Water right transition assistance grants for water rights to remain unused for the contract period shall constitute due and sufficient cause for nonuse pursuant to K.S.A.

- 82a-718, and amendments thereto, pursuant to the determination of the chief engineer for the duration of the water right transition assistance pilot project program contract.
- (o) The state conservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation shall hold at least two meetings in each water right transition assistance pilot project program area prior to entering into any water right transition assistance pilot project program contract for the permanent retirement of part or all of landowner historic consumptive use water rights. Such meetings shall inform the public of the possible economic and hydrologic impacts of the program. The state conservation-commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation shall provide notice of such meetings through publication in local newspapers of record and in the Kansas register.
- Sec. 129. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 2-1931 is hereby amended to read as follows: 2-1931. (a) Any person who commits any of the following may incur a civil penalty as provided by this section:
- (1) Any violation of the Kansas water right transition assistance pilot project program act or any rule and regulation adopted thereunder; and
- (2) any violation of term, condition or limitation defined and or imposed within the contractual agreement between the state conservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation and the water right owner.
- (b) Any participant who violates any section of a water right transition assistance pilot project program contract shall be subject to either one or both of the following:
- (1) A civil penalty of not less than \$100 nor more than \$1,000 per violation. Each day shall constitute a separate violation for purposes of this section; and
- (2) repayment of the grant amount in its entirety plus a penalty at six percent of the full grant amount.
- (c) Any penalties or reimbursements received under this act shall be reappropriated for use in the water right transition assistance pilot project program.
- Sec. 130. K.S.A. 24-1211 is hereby amended to read as follows: 24-1211. In not less than 12 months, nor more than 13 months after the recording of the certificates of incorporation, and annually thereafter, a meeting shall be held for the election of directors whose terms expire and also to render a report on the financial condition and activities of the district including the estimated construction date of all proposed projects to be initiated within the next five years and the board's determination as to whether each of these projects is still cost effective and in the current public interest. Notice of the annual meeting shall be given at least 10 days prior to the date thereof by one publication in a newspaper of general circulation in each of the counties of which said watershed district is a part. Elections shall be by ballot. Qualified voters in attendance shall be entitled to vote at any such meeting. The directors shall fill any vacancy occurring on the board prior to the expiration of the term of any director by electing a substitute director to serve for the unexpired term.

The number of directors of a district or the date of the annual meeting, or both, may be changed at an annual meeting if notice of the proposition of making such change or changes is given at the annual meeting immediately preceding the annual meeting at which such change or changes are considered. If the number of directors is proposed to be changed, the proposition shall be introduced in the same manner as other items of business and shall clearly show the changes in representation of subwatersheds, if any, and in the length of terms of the directors. It shall be the duty of the board of directors

to include the proposition in the notice of the annual meeting at which such changes are being considered. If a majority of those voting are favorable, the election of directors shall be in conformance with the adopted proposal and all powers shall be exercised by the newly constituted board beginning immediately after the annual meeting. Copies of the minutes of the annual meeting and report on the financial condition and activities of the district shall be furnished to the state conservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation.

- Sec. 131. K.S.A. 24-1212 is hereby amended to read as follows: 24-1212. Regular meetings of the board of directors shall be held no less than once each quarter on such day and place as is selected by the board of directors. Notice of such meeting shall be mailed to each director at least five days prior to the date thereof, and special meetings may be held at any time upon waiver of notice of such meeting by all directors or may be called by the president or any two directors at any time. Notice in writing, signed by the persons calling any special meeting, shall be mailed to each director at least two days prior to the time fixed for such special meeting. A majority of the directors shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business and in the absence of any of the duly elected officers of the district a quorum at any meeting may select a director to act as such officer *pro tem*. Each meeting of the board, whether regular or special, shall be open to the public. Copies of the minutes of regular and special meetings shall be furnished to the state conservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation.
- Sec. 132. K.S.A. 49-603 is hereby amended to read as follows: 49-603. As used in this act:
- (a) "Director" means the executive director of the <u>eommission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation</u> or a designee.
- (b) "Affected land" means the area of land from which overburden has been removed or upon which overburden has been deposited, or both, but shall not include crushing areas, stockpile areas or roads.
  - (c) "Commission" means the state conservation commission.
- (d) "Mine" means any underground or surface mine developed and operated for the purpose of extracting rocks, minerals and industrial materials, other than coal, oil and gas. Mine does not include borrow areas created for construction purposes.
- (e) "Operator" means any person who engages in surface mining or operation of an underground mine or mines.
- (f) "Overburden" means all of the earth and other materials which lie above the natural deposits of material being mined or to be mined.
- (g) "Peak" means a projecting point of overburden removed from its natural position and deposited elsewhere in the process of surface mining.
- (h) "Pit" means a tract of land from which overburden has been or is being removed for the purpose of surface mining.
- (i) "Ridge" means a lengthened elevation of overburden removed from its natural position and deposited elsewhere in the process of surface mining.
- (j) (1) "Surface mining" means the mining of material, except for coal, oil and gas, for sale or for processing or for consumption in the regular operation of a business by removing the overburden lying above natural deposits and mining directly from the natural deposits exposed, or by mining directly from deposits lying exposed in their natural state, or the surface effects of underground mining. Surface mining shall

include dredge operations lying outside the high banks of streams and rivers.

- (2) Removal of overburden and mining of limited amounts of any materials shall not be considered surface mining when done only for the purpose and to the extent necessary to determine the location, quantity or quality of the natural deposit, if the materials removed during exploratory excavation or mining are not sold, processed for sale or consumed in the regular operation of a business.
- (k) "Topsoil" means the natural medium located at the land surface with favorable characteristics for growth of vegetation, which is normally the A or B, or both, soil horizon layers of the four soil horizons.
  - (l) "Active site" means a site where surface mining is being conducted.
- (m) "Inactive site" means a site where surface mining is not being conducted but where overburden has been disturbed in the past for the purpose of conducting surface mining and an operator anticipates conducting further surface mining operations in the future.
- (n) "Materials" means natural deposits of gypsum, clay, stone, sandstone, sand, shale, silt, gravel, volcanic ash or any other minerals of commercial value found on or in the earth with the exception of coal, oil and gas and those located within cut and fill portions of road rights-of-way.
- (o) "Reclamation" means the reconditioning of the area of land affected by surface mining to a usable condition for agricultural, recreational or other use.
- (p) "Stockpile" means the finished products of the mining of gypsum, clay, shale, stone, sandstone, sand, silt, gravel, volcanic ash or other minerals and removal from its natural position and deposited elsewhere for future use in the normal operation as a business.
- (q) "Underground mining" means the extraction of rocks, minerals and industrial materials, other than coal, oil and gas, from the earth by developing entries or shafts from the surface to the seam or deposit before recovering the product by underground extraction methods.
- (r) "Person" means any individual, firm, partnership, corporation, government or other entity.
- (s) "Division" or "Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation" means the agency established by K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 74-5,126, and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 133. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 82a-220 is hereby amended to read as follows: 82a-220. (a) As used in this act:
- (1) "Conservation project" means any project or activity that the director of the Kansas water office determines will assist in restoring, protecting, rehabilitating, improving, sustaining or maintaining the banks of the Arkansas, Kansas or Missouri rivers from the effects of erosion;
  - (2) "director" means the director of the Kansas water office; and
- (3) "state property" means real property currently owned in full or in part by the state in the Arkansas, Kansas or Missouri rivers in Kansas, in and along the bed of the river to the ordinary high water mark on the banks of such rivers.
- (b) (1) The director is hereby authorized to negotiate and grant easements on state property for construction and maintenance of conservation projects with cooperating landowners in such projects for the expected life of the project and with such terms and conditions as the director, after consultation with the Kansas department of agriculture, the Kansas department of health and environment, the Kansas department of wildlife

and parks, parks and tourism and the state conservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation, may deem appropriate.

- (2) Notice of the easement shall be given to the county or counties in which the easement is proposed and to any municipality or other governmental entity that, in the opinion of the director, holds a riparian interest in the river and may have an interest in the project or results thereof. Those persons or entities receiving notice shall have a period, not to exceed 30 days, to provide comment on the proposed easement to the director.
- (3) In the event such an easement is proposed to be granted on state property owned or managed by any other agency of the state, the director shall give notice of the proposed easement and project to that agency and shall jointly negotiate any easement so granted.
- (4) A copy of all easements so entered shall be filed by the director with the office of the secretary of state and the office of the register of deeds for the county or counties in which the easement is located.
- (c) The director shall adopt rules and regulations necessary to carry out the provisions of this act.
- Sec. 134. K.S.A. 82a-326 is hereby amended to read as follows: 82a-326. When used in this act:
- (a) "Water development project" means any project or plan which may be allowed or permitted pursuant to K.S.A. 24-126, 24-1213, 82a-301 *et seq.*, and amendments thereto, or the multipurpose small lakes program act, and amendments thereto;
  - (b) "environmental review agencies" means the:
  - (1) Kansas department of wildlife and parks, parks and tourism;
  - (2) Kansas forest service;
  - (3) state biological survey;
  - (4) Kansas department of health and environment;
  - (5) state historical society;
- (6) state conservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation; and
  - (7) state corporation commission.
- Sec. 135. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 82a-903 is hereby amended to read as follows: 82a-903. In accordance with the policies and long-range goals and objectives established by the legislature, the office shall formulate on a continuing basis a comprehensive state water plan for the management, conservation and development of the water resources of the state. Such state water plan shall include sections corresponding with water planning areas as determined by the office. The Kansas water office and the Kansas water authority shall seek advice from the general public and from committees consisting of individuals with knowledge of and interest in water issues in the water planning areas. The plan shall set forth the recommendations of the office for the management, conservation and development of the water resources of the state, including the general location, character, and extent of such existing and proposed projects, programs, and facilities as are necessary or desirable in the judgment of the office to accomplish such policies, goals and objectives. The plan shall specify standards for operation and management of such projects, programs, and facilities as are necessary or desirable. The plan shall be formulated and used for the general purpose of accomplishing the coordinated management, conservation and development

of the water resources of the state. The division of water resources of the Kansas department of agriculture, state geological survey, the division of environment of the department of health and environment, department of wildlife and parks, state-eonservation commission, parks and tourism, Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation and all other interested state agencies shall cooperate with the office in formulation of such plan.

Sec. 136. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 82a-1602 is hereby amended to read as follows: 82a-1602. In order to provide public water supply storage and water related recreational facilities in the state there is hereby established a multipurpose small lakes program. The program shall be administered by the state conservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation. Except as otherwise provided by this act, the Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation, with the approval of the state conservation commission shall adopt all rules and regulations necessary to implement the provisions of this act.

Sec. 137. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 82a-1603 is hereby amended to read as follows: 82a-1603. When used in this act:

- (a) "Chief engineer" means the chief engineer of the division of water resources of the department of agriculture.
- (b) "Class I funded project" means a proposed new project or renovation of an existing project located within the boundaries of an organized watershed district which is receiving or is eligible to receive financial participation from the state conservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation for the flood control storage portion of the project.
- (c) "Class II funded project" means a proposed new project or renovation of an existing project which is receiving or is eligible to receive financial participation from the federal government.
- (d) "Class III funded project" means a proposed new project or renovation of an existing project located outside the boundaries of an organized watershed district which is not receiving or is not eligible to receive financial participation from the state-eonservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation or the federal government except as provided in K.S.A. 82a-1606, and amendments thereto.
  - (e) "Flood control storage" means storage space in reservoirs to hold flood waters.
- (f) "Future use public water supply storage" means storage space which the Kansas water office determines will be needed within the next 20 years for use by public water supply users in an area but for which there is no current sponsor.
- (g) "General plan" means a preliminary engineering report describing the characteristics of the project area, the nature and methods of dealing with the soil and water problems within the project area, and the projects proposed to be undertaken by the sponsor within the project area. Such plan shall include maps, descriptions and other data as may be necessary for the location, identification and establishment of the character of the work to be undertaken; a cost-benefit analysis of alternatives to the project, including but not limited to, nonstructural flood control options and water conservation and reuse to reduce need for new water supply storage; and any other data and information as the chief engineer may require.
- (h) "Land right" means real property as that term is defined by the laws of the state of Kansas and all rights thereto and interest therein and shall include any road, highway,

bridge, street, easement or other right-of-way thereon.

- (i) "Multipurpose small lake project" means a dam and lake containing: (1) Flood control storage; and (2) either public water supply storage or recreation features or both.
- (j) "Public water supply" means a water supply for municipal, industrial or domestic use.
- (k) "Public water supply storage" means storage of water for municipal, industrial or domestic use.
- (l) "Recreation feature" means water storage and related facilities for activities such as swimming, fishing, boating, camping or other related activities.
- (m) "Renovation" means repair or restoration of an existing lake which contains water storage space for use as a public water supply and which has either recreational purposes or flood control purposes, or both.
- (n) "Sponsor" means: (1) Any political subdivision of the state which has the power of taxation and the right of eminent domain; (2) any public wholesale water supply district; or (3) any rural water district.
- (o) "Water user" means any city, rural water district, wholesale water district or any other political subdivision of the state which is in the business of furnishing municipal or industrial water to the public.
- Sec. 138. K.S.A. 82a-1607 is hereby amended to read as follows: 82a-1607. Sponsors shall apply to the state conservation commission for participation in the multipurpose small lakes program. The review and approval process of the state-conservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation shall be established by rules and regulations which shall be consistent with the state water plan. Following review, the Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation with the approval of the state conservation commission shall request appropriations for specific projects from the legislature. Any funds appropriated to carry out the provisions of this act shall be administered by the state conservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation.
- Sec. 139. K.S.A. 82a-1608 is hereby amended to read as follows: 82a-1608. (a) If state financial participation is approved for a multipurpose small lake project, the state eonservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation shall require a local nonpoint source management plan for the watersheds draining into the proposed lake. Such plan shall be submitted to and approved by the state-eonservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation before any state funds may be used for the proposed project.
- (b) If public water supply storage is included in such a project, the sponsor shall have a water conservation plan which has been submitted to and approved by the chief engineer.
- (c) Any funding provided by the state shall include money necessary to pay for cost-sharing expenses incurred for nonpoint source management pursuant to the plan required by subsection (a).
- Sec. 140. K.S.A. 82a-1609 is hereby amended to read as follows: 82a-1609. (a) Before the state conservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation requests any appropriation for any multipurpose small lake project, the chief engineer shall review the cost-benefit analysis of alternatives to the project and shall:

- (1) Submit the general plan to the appropriate state environmental review agencies pursuant to K.S.A. 82a-325, 82a-326 and 82a-327, and amendments thereto, for review and comment as provided by those sections; and
- (2) publish notice of the review in the Kansas register, make the general plan available to the public and receive public comments on the proposed project for a period of 30 days following publication of the notice.
- (b) If, in the review, a reasonable, less expensive alternative to the proposed project is identified and the <u>state conservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation</u> nevertheless requests an appropriation for the proposed project, the <u>commission division</u> shall submit its reasons for proceeding with participation in the project, together with substantiating documentation, with the budget estimate and program statement for such project.
- (c) This section shall be part of and supplemental to the multipurpose small lakes program act.
- Sec. 141. K.S.A. 82a-1702 is hereby amended to read as follows: 82a-1702. (a) The state shall provide financial assistance to certain public corporations for part of the costs or reimbursement of part of the costs of installation of water development projects, which derive general benefits to the state as a whole, or to a section thereof beyond the boundaries of such public corporation.
- (b) Any public corporation shall be eligible for state financial assistance for a part of the costs it becomes actually and legally obligated to pay for all lands, easements, and rights-of-way for the water development projects in the event the state conservation commission shall find that: (1) Such public corporation has made application for approval of such financial assistance with the state conservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation in such form and manner as the state eonservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation may require, which application each public corporation is hereby authorized to make; (2) such works will confer general flood control benefits beyond the boundaries of such public corporation in excess of 20% of the total flood control benefits of the works; (3) such works are consistent with the state water plan; (4) such public corporation will need such financial assistance for actual expenditures within the fiscal year next following; and (5) the legislature has appropriated funds for the payment of such sum. The payment authorized hereunder shall be limited to an amount equal to the total costs the public corporation shall become actually and legally obligated to spend for lands, easements, and rights-of-way for such water resource development works, multiplied by the ratio that the flood control benefits conferred beyond the boundaries of the public corporation bear to the total flood control benefits of the project. Such findings shall each be made at and in such manner as is provided by procedural rules and regulations which shall be adopted by the Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation with the approval of the state conservation commission.
- (c) Any public corporation receiving financial assistance under this section shall apply those sums toward the satisfaction of the legal obligations for the specific lands, easements, and rights-of-way for which it receives them or toward the reimbursement of those accounts from which those legal obligations were satisfied, in whole or in part, and it shall return to the state any sums that are not in fact so applied. In ascertaining costs of lands, easements, and rights-of-way under this section, the state conservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation shall not

consider any costs which relate to land treatment measures nor any costs for which federal aid for construction costs is granted pursuant to the watershed protection and flood prevention acts or pursuant to any other federal acts.

Sec. 142. K.S.A. 82a-1703 is hereby amended to read as follows: 82a-1703. The governing body of each public corporation eligible for state financial assistance under the provisions of this act shall make application for state payment each year to the state eonservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation in such form and manner as the state conservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation may prescribe by its rules and regulations. Each year the state conservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation shall determine what persons are eligible to receive financial assistance from the state, and the amounts thereof, pursuant to this act. In the event the stateeonservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation shall determine that any such application, including the amounts thereof, is proper and in compliance with this act and is supported by a resolution as provided in K.S.A. 82a-1704, and amendments thereto, the state conservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation may submit a request therefor as a part of its annual budget requests and estimates. Each such request shall be separately stated and identified. The budget item for each project shall contain the name of the project, the name of the public corporation to which the item relates, the county or counties in which such public corporation is located, the identification of the agreement or resolution supporting the request, and the amount of state payment requested therefor.

Sec. 143. K.S.A. 82a-1704 is hereby amended to read as follows: 82a-1704. In order that any public corporation eligible for state payments under the provisions of this act may receive payment from the state, the governing body of the public corporation shall adopt and transmit to the state conservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation an appropriate resolution requesting the state conservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation to approve payment to the requesting body of a sum or sums to be named within the limits of and for the purposes defined in this act. The resolution shall show the total cost allocated to the requesting body for providing the lands, easements, and rights-of-way for the works of improvement of the requesting body and shall pledge that all money received from the state under authority of this act will be applied solely to the purposes specified in this act.

Sec. 144. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 82a-2007 is hereby amended to read as follows: 82a-2007. Subject to appropriations, there shall be an additional employee at the state-conservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation to work on total maximum daily load compliance and to coordinate with the department and other appropriate federal and state agencies to further implement voluntary incentive based conservation programs to protect water quality.

Sec. 145. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 82a-2101 is hereby amended to read as follows: 82a-2101. (a) On and after January 1, 2002, there is hereby imposed a clean drinking water fee at the rate of \$.03 per 1,000 gallons of water sold at retail by a public water supply system and delivered through mains, lines or pipes. Such fee shall be paid, administered, enforced and collected in the manner provided for the fee imposed by subsection (a)(1) of K.S.A. 82a-954, and amendments thereto. The price to the consumer of water sold at retail by any such system shall not include the amount of

such fee.

- (b) (1) A public water supply system may elect to opt out of the fee imposed by this section by notifying, before October 1, 2001, the Kansas water office and the department of revenue of the election to opt out. Except as provided by subsection (b) (2), such election shall be irrevocable. Such public water supply system shall continue to pay all applicable sales tax on direct and indirect purchases of tangible personal property and services purchased by such system.
- (2) On and after January 1, 2005, any public water supply system which elected to opt out of the fee imposed by subsection (a) may elect to collect such fee as provided by subsection (a) and direct and indirect purchases of tangible personal property and services by such system shall be exempt from sales tax as provided by K.S.A. 79-3606, and amendments thereto. Such election shall be irrevocable.
- (c) The director of taxation shall remit to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto, all moneys received or collected from the fee imposed pursuant to this section. Upon receipt thereof, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury and credit it as follows:
- (1)  ${}^{5}/_{106}$  of such amount shall be credited to the state highway fund and the remainder to the state general fund; and
- (2) on and after July 1, 2007, <sup>5</sup>/<sub>106</sub> of such amount shall be credited to the state highway fund and the remaining amount shall be credited to the state water plan fund created by K.S.A. 82a-951, and amendments thereto, for use as follows: (A) Not less than 15% shall be used to provide on-site technical assistance for public water supply systems, as defined in K.S.A. 65-162a, and amendments thereto, to aid such systems in conforming to responsible management practices and complying with regulations of the United States environmental protection agency and rules and regulations of the department of health and environment; and (B) the remainder shall be used to renovate and protect lakes which are used directly as a source of water for such public water supply systems, so long as where appropriate, watershed restoration and protection practices are planned or in place.
- (d) The state conservation commission Kansas department of agriculture division of conservation shall promulgate rules and regulations in coordination with the Kansas water office establishing the project application evaluation criteria for the use of such moneys under subsection (c)(2)(B).";

And by renumbering sections accordingly;

On page 5, in line 41, by striking all after "K.S.A."; in line 42, by striking all before "are" and inserting " 2-909, 2-1903, 2-1904, 2-1907, 24-1211, 24-1212, 47-122a, 47-230, 47-239, 47-414, 47-414a, 47-416, 47-416a, 47-417, 47-418a, 47-420, 47-422, 47-428, 47-429, 47-432, 47-433, 47-434, 47-435, 47-441, 47-442, 47-446, 47-448, 47-605, 47-607, 47-607a, 47-607d, 47-608, 47-610, 47-613, 47-616, 47-618, 47-619, 47-620, 47-622, 47-626, 47-627, 47-629, 47-629a, 47-629b, 47-629c, 47-631, 47-632, 47-632a, 47-633a, 47-634, 47-635, 47-646a, 47-650, 47-651, 47-653, 47-653a, 47-653b, 47-653d, 47-653e, 47-653f, 47-653g, 47-653h, 47-654, 47-655, 47-657, 47-658a, 47-658b, 47-660, 47-666, 47-667, 47-673, 47-1001, 47-1001d, 47-1501, 47-1506, 47-1511, 47-1701, 47-1725, 47-1735, 47-1804, 47-1808, 47-1832, 49-603, 65-171i, 66-1319, 74-551, 74-4002, 74-4003, 74-50,161, 75-1901, 75-1903, 75-3141, 75-3142, 82a-326, 82a-1607, 82a-1608, 82a-1609, 82a-1702, 82a-1703 and 82a-1704 and K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 2-907, 2-1907c, 2-1915, 2-1930, 2-1931, 2-1932, 2-3709, 32-951, 47-417a, 47-437, 47-

611, 47-612, 47-624, 47-672, 47-674, 47-816, 47-1001e, 47-1008, 47-1011a, 47-1201, 47-1218, 47-1302, 47-1303, 47-1304, 47-1307, 47-1503, 47-1706a, 47-1709, 47-1721, 47-1731, 47-1805, 47-1809, 47-1831, 47-2101, 48-3502, 65-5721, 74-552, 74-553, 74-555, 74-567, 74-50,156, 74-50,157, 74-50,158, 74-50,159, 74-50,160, 74-50,162, 74-50,163, 75-37,121, 82a-220, 82a-903, 82a-1602, 82a-1603, 82a-2007 and 82a-2101";

On page 1, in the title, in line 1, before "agricultural" by inserting "the Kansas department of agriculture; changes due to the establishment of the division of animal health, the agriculture marketing and promotions program and the division of conservation;" in line 2, by striking all after "K.S.A."; by striking all in line 3; in line 4, by striking all before the last period and inserting "2-909, 2-1903, 2-1904, 2-1907, 24-1211, 24-1212, 47-122a, 47-230, 47-239, 47-414, 47-414a, 47-416, 47-416a, 47-417, 47-418a, 47-420, 47-422, 47-428, 47-429, 47-432, 47-433, 47-434, 47-435, 47-441, 47-442, 47-446, 47-448, 47-605, 47-607, 47-607a, 47-607d, 47-608, 47-610, 47-613, 47-616, 47-618, 47-619, 47-620, 47-622, 47-626, 47-627, 47-629, 47-629a, 47-629b, 47-629c, 47-631, 47-632, 47-632a, 47-633a, 47-634, 47-635, 47-646a, 47-650, 47-651, 47-653, 47-653a, 47-653b, 47-653d, 47-653e, 47-653f, 47-653g, 47-653h, 47-654, 47-655, 47-657, 47-658a, 47-658b, 47-660, 47-666, 47-667, 47-673, 47-1001, 47-1001d, 47-1501, 47-1506, 47-1511, 47-1701, 47-1725, 47-1735, 47-1804, 47-1808, 47-1832, 49-603, 65-171i, 66-1319, 74-4002, 74-4003, 75-1901, 75-1903, 75-3141, 75-3142, 82a-326, 82a-1607, 82a-1608, 82a-1609, 82a-1702, 82a-1703 and 82a-1704 and K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 2-907, 2-1907c, 2-1915, 2-1930, 2-1931, 2-3709, 32-951, 47-417a, 47-437, 47-611, 47-612, 47-624, 47-672, 47-674, 47-816, 47-1001e, 47-1008, 47-1011a, 47-1201, 47-1218, 47-1302, 47-1303, 47-1304, 47-1503, 47-1706a, 47-1709, 47-1721, 47-1731, 47-1805, 47-1809, 47-1831, 47-2101, 48-3502, 65-5721, 74-552, 74-553, 74-567, 74-50,156, 74-50,163, 75-37,121, 82a-220, 82a-903, 82a-1602, 82a-1603, 82a-2007 and 82a-2101 and repealing the existing sections; also repealing K.S.A. 74-551 and 74-50,161 and K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 2-1932, 47-1307, 74-555, 74-50,157, 74-50,158, 74-50,159, 74-50,160 and 74-50,162";

And your committee on conference recommends the adoption of this report.

MARK TADDIKEN
RUTH TEICHMAN
MARCI FRANCISCO
Conferees on part of Senate

LARRY R. POWELL
DAN KERSCHEN
JERRY WILLIAMS
Conferees on part of House

On motion of Rep. Kerschen, the conference committee report on HB 2503 was adopted.

On roll call, the vote was: Yeas 118; Nays 4; Present but not voting: 0; Absent or not voting: 3.

Yeas: Alford, Arpke, Aurand, Ballard, Bethell, Billinger, Bollier, Boman, Bowers, Brookens, Brown, Bruchman, Brunk, Burgess, Burroughs, Calloway, Carlin, Carlson, Cassidy, Collins, Colloton, Crum, Davis, DeGraaf, Denning, Dillmore, Donohoe, Fawcett, Finney, Flaharty, Frownfelter, Garber, D. Gatewood, S. Gatewood, Goico,

Gonzalez, Goodman, Gordon, Grange, Gregory, Grosserode, Hayzlett, Hedke, Henderson, Henry, Hermanson, Hildabrand, Hill, Hineman, Hoffman, C. Holmes, M. Holmes, Howell, Huebert, Johnson, Kelley, Kelly, Kerschen, Kiegerl, Kinzer, Kleeb, Knox, Kuether, Landwehr, Lane, Loganbill, Mah, Mast, McCray-Miller, McLeland, Meier, Meigs, Mesa, Montgomery, Moxley, O'Brien, O'Hara, O'Neal, Osterman, Otto, Patton, Pauls, Peck, Phillips, Pottorff, Powell, Prescott, Proehl, Rhoades, Roth, Rubin, Ruiz, Ryckman, Scapa, Schroeder, Schwab, Schwartz, Seiwert, Shultz, Siegfreid, Slattery, Sloan, Smith, Spalding, Suellentrop, Swanson, Tietze, Trimmer, Tyson, Vickrey, Victors, Wetta, Williams, Winn, B. Wolf, K. Wolf, Wolfe Moore, Worley.

Nays: Feuerborn, Peterson, Phelps, Ward.

Present but not voting: None.

Absent or not voting: Grant, LeDoux, Weber.

## CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

MR. PRESIDENT and MR. SPEAKER: Your committee on conference on Senate amendments to Substitute for **HB 2689** submits the following report:

The House accedes to all Senate amendments to the bill, and your committee on conference further agrees to amend the bill as printed with Senate Committee of the Whole amendments, as follows:

On page 2, in line 4, by striking ", which may include all premises which are in close proximity"; in line 5, by striking "and are under the control of the applicant or licensee"; following line 7, by inserting:

- "(c) The term "designated areas" for purposes of this section shall mean an area identified in the license application, which may include suites, that has controlled access and is separated from the general admission by a barrier.
- (d) The provisions of this section shall take effect and be in force from and after July 1, 2012.";

On page 3, following line 37, by inserting:

"(h) The provisions of this section shall take effect and be in force from and after July 1, 2012.";

On page 4, by striking all in lines 19 through 23;

And by redesignating paragraphs accordingly;

Also on page 4, following line 34, by inserting:

"(c) The provisions of this section shall take effect and be in force from and after July 1, 2012."; in line 35, before "K.S.A." by inserting "From and after July 1, 2012,";

On page 7, in line 28, before "K.S.A." by inserting "From and after July 1, 2012,"; in line 34, before "K.S.A." by inserting "From and after July 1, 2012,";

On page 8, in line 12, before "K.S.A." by inserting "From and after July 1, 2012,";

On page 9, in line 3, before "K.S.A." by inserting "From and after July 1, 2012,";

On page 10, in line 2, before "K.S.A." by inserting "From and after July 1, 2012,";-in line 42, before "K.S.A." by inserting "From and after July 1, 2012,";

On page 11, by striking all in lines 39 through 43;

By striking all on pages 12 and 13;

On page 14, by striking all in lines 1 through 25 and inserting the following:

"Sec. 11. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 41-308a is hereby amended to read as follows: 41-308a. (a) A farm winery license shall allow:

- (1) The manufacture of domestic table wine and domestic fortified wine in a quantity not exceeding 100,000 gallons per year and the storage thereof;
- (2) the sale of wine, manufactured by the licensee, to licensed wine distributors, retailers, clubs, drinking establishments, holders of temporary permits as authorized by K.S.A. 41-2645, and amendments thereto, and caterers;
- (3) the sale, on the licensed premises and at special events monitored and regulated by the division of alcoholic beverage control in the original unopened container to consumers for consumption off the licensed premises, of wine manufactured by the licensee:
- (4) the serving free of charge on the licensed premises and at special events, monitored and regulated by the division of alcoholic beverage control, of samples of wine manufactured by the licensee or imported under subsection (f) (e), if the licensed premises are located in a county where the sale of alcoholic liquor is permitted by law in licensed drinking establishments;
- (5) the sale of wine manufactured by the licensee for consumption on the licensed premises, provided, the licensed premises are located in a county where the sale of alcoholic liquor is permitted by law in licensed drinking establishments. Wine sold pursuant to this paragraph shall not be subject to the provisions of the club and drinking establishment act, K.S.A. 41-2601 et seq., and amendments thereto, and no drinking establishment license shall be required to make such sales;
- (5) (6) if the licensee is also licensed as a club or drinking establishment, the sale of domestic wine, domestic fortified wine and other alcoholic liquor for consumption on the licensed premises as authorized by the club and drinking establishment act;
- (6)\_(7) if the licensee is also licensed as a caterer, the sale of domestic wine, domestic fortified wine and other alcoholic liquor for consumption on the unlicensed premises as authorized by the club and drinking establishment act;
- (7) (8) the sale and shipping, in the original unopened container, to consumers outside this state of wine manufactured by the licensee, provided that the licensee complies with applicable laws and rules and regulations of the jurisdiction to which the wine is shipped; and
- (8) (9) the sale and shipping of wine within this state pursuant to a permit issued pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 41-350, and amendments thereto.
- (b) Upon application and payment of the fee prescribed by K.S.A. 41-310, and amendments thereto, by a farm winery licensee, the director may issue not to exceed three winery outlet licenses to the farm winery licensee. A winery outlet license shall allow:
- (1) The sale, on the licensed premises <u>and at special events monitored and regulated by the division of alcoholic beverage control</u> in the original unopened container to consumers for consumption off the licensed premises, of wine manufactured by the licensee;
- (2) the serving on the licensed premises of samples of wine manufactured by the licensee or imported under subsection (f) (e), if the premises are located in a county where the sale of alcoholic liquor is permitted by law in licensed drinking establishments; and
- (3) the manufacture of domestic table wine and domestic fortified wine and the storage thereof; provided, that the aggregate quantity of wine produced by the farm winery licensee, including all winery outlets, shall not exceed 100,000 gallons per year.

- (c) Not less than 60% of the products utilized in the manufacture of domestic table wine and domestic fortified wine by a farm winery shall be grown in Kansas except when a lesser proportion is authorized by the director based upon the director's findings and judgment. The label of domestic wine and domestic fortified wine shall indicate that a majority of the products utilized in the manufacture of the wine at such winery were grown in Kansas.
- (d) A farm winery or winery outlet may sell domestic wine and domestic fortified wine in the original unopened container to consumers for consumption off the licensed premises at any time between 6 a.m. and 12 midnight on any day except Sunday and between 12 noon and 6 p.m. on Sunday. If authorized by subsection (a), a farm winery may serve samples of domestic wine, domestic fortified wine and wine manufactured by the licensee and wine imported under subsection (e) and serve and sell domestic wine, domestic fortified wine and other alcoholic liquor for consumption on the licensed premises at any time when a club or drinking establishment is authorized to serve and sell alcoholic liquor. If authorized by subsection (b), a winery outlet may serve samples of domestic wine, domestic fortified wine and wine imported under subsection (e) at any time when the winery outlet is authorized to sell domestic wine and domestic fortified wine.
- (e) The director may issue to the Kansas state fair or any *bona fide* group of grape growers or wine makers a permit to import into this state small quantities of wines. Such wine shall be used only for *bona fide* educational and scientific tasting programs and shall not be resold. Such wine shall not be subject to the tax imposed by K.S.A. 41-501, and amendments thereto. The permit shall identify specifically the brand and type of wine to be imported, the quantity to be imported, the tasting programs for which the wine is to be used and the times and locations of such programs. The secretary shall adopt rules and regulations governing the importation of wine pursuant to this subsection and the conduct of tasting programs for which such wine is imported.
- (f) A farm winery license or winery outlet license shall apply only to the premises described in the application and in the license issued and only one location shall be described in the license.
  - (g) No farm winery or winery outlet shall:
- (1) Employ any person under the age of 18 years in connection with the manufacture, sale or serving of any alcoholic liquor;
- (2) permit any employee of the licensee who is under the age of 21 years to work on the licensed premises at any time when not under the on-premise supervision of either the licensee or an employee of the licensee who is 21 years of age or over;
- (3) employ any person under 21 years of age in connection with mixing or dispensing alcoholic liquor; or
- (4) employ any person in connection with the manufacture or sale of alcoholic liquor if the person has been convicted of a felony.
- (h) Whenever a farm winery or winery outlet licensee is convicted of a violation of the Kansas liquor control act, the director may revoke the licensee's license and order forfeiture of all fees paid for the license, after a hearing before the director for that purpose in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act.
- (i) This section shall be part of and supplemental to the Kansas liquor control act. Sec. 12. From and after July 1, 2012, K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 41-308a, as amended by section 11 of this act, is hereby amended to read as follows: 41-308a. (a) A farm winery

license shall allow:

- (1) The manufacture of domestic table wine and domestic fortified wine in a quantity not exceeding 100,000 gallons per year and the storage thereof;
- (2) the sale of wine, manufactured by the licensee, to licensed wine distributors, retailers, <u>public venues</u>, clubs, drinking establishments, holders of temporary permits as authorized by K.S.A. 41-2645, and amendments thereto, and caterers;
- (3) the sale, on the licensed premises and at special events monitored and regulated by the division of alcoholic beverage control in the original unopened container to consumers for consumption off the licensed premises, of wine manufactured by the licensee:
- (4) the serving free of charge on the licensed premises and at special events, monitored and regulated by the division of alcoholic beverage control, of samples of wine manufactured by the licensee or imported under subsection (e), if the licensed premises are located in a county where the sale of alcoholic liquor is permitted by law in licensed drinking establishments;
- (5) the sale of wine manufactured by the licensee for consumption on the licensed premises, provided, the licensed premises are located in a county where the sale of alcoholic liquor is permitted by law in licensed drinking establishments. Wine sold pursuant to this paragraph shall not be subject to the provisions of the club and drinking establishment act, K.S.A. 41-2601 *et seq.*, and amendments thereto, and no drinking establishment license shall be required to make such sales;
- (6) if the licensee is also licensed as a club or drinking establishment, the sale of domestic wine, domestic fortified wine and other alcoholic liquor for consumption on the licensed premises as authorized by the club and drinking establishment act;
- (7) if the licensee is also licensed as a caterer, the sale of domestic wine, domestic fortified wine and other alcoholic liquor for consumption on the unlicensed premises as authorized by the club and drinking establishment act;
- (8) the sale and shipping, in the original unopened container, to consumers outside this state of wine manufactured by the licensee, provided that the licensee complies with applicable laws and rules and regulations of the jurisdiction to which the wine is shipped; and
- (9) the sale and shipping of wine within this state pursuant to a permit issued pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 41-350, and amendments thereto.
- (b) Upon application and payment of the fee prescribed by K.S.A. 41-310, and amendments thereto, by a farm winery licensee, the director may issue not to exceed three winery outlet licenses to the farm winery licensee. A winery outlet license shall allow:
- (1) The sale, on the licensed premises and at special events monitored and regulated by the division of alcoholic beverage control in the original unopened container to consumers for consumption off the licensed premises, of wine manufactured by the licensee;
- (2) the serving on the licensed premises of samples of wine manufactured by the licensee or imported under subsection (e), if the premises are located in a county where the sale of alcoholic liquor is permitted by law in licensed drinking establishments; and
- (3) the manufacture of domestic table wine and domestic fortified wine and the storage thereof, provided, that the aggregate quantity of wine produced by the farm winery licensee, including all winery outlets, shall not exceed 100,000 gallons per year.

- (c) Not less than 60% 30% of the products utilized in the manufacture of domestic table wine and domestic fortified wine by a farm winery shall be grown in Kansas except when a lesser proportion is authorized by the director based upon the director's findings and judgment. The label of domestic wine and domestic fortified wine shall indicate that a majority of the products utilized in the manufacture of the wine at such winery were grown in Kansas. The production requirement of this subsection shall be determined based on the annual production of domestic table wine and domestic fortified wine by the farm winery.
- (d) A farm winery or winery outlet may sell domestic wine and domestic fortified wine in the original unopened container to consumers for consumption off the licensed premises at any time between 6 a.m. and 12 midnight on any day except Sunday and between 12 noon and 6 p.m. on Sunday. If authorized by subsection (a), a farm winery may serve samples of wine manufactured by the licensee and wine imported under subsection (e) and serve and sell domestic wine, domestic fortified wine and other alcoholic liquor for consumption on the licensed premises at any time when a club or drinking establishment is authorized to serve and sell alcoholic liquor. If authorized by subsection (b), a winery outlet may serve samples of domestic wine, domestic fortified wine and wine imported under subsection (e) at any time when the winery outlet is authorized to sell domestic wine and domestic fortified wine.
- (e) The director may issue to the Kansas state fair or any *bona fide* group of grape growers or wine makers a permit to import into this state small quantities of wines. Such wine shall be used only for *bona fide* educational and scientific tasting programs and shall not be resold. Such wine shall not be subject to the tax imposed by K.S.A. 41-501, and amendments thereto. The permit shall identify specifically the brand and type of wine to be imported, the quantity to be imported, the tasting programs for which the wine is to be used and the times and locations of such programs. The secretary shall adopt rules and regulations governing the importation of wine pursuant to this subsection and the conduct of tasting programs for which such wine is imported.
- (f) A farm winery license or winery outlet license shall apply only to the premises described in the application and in the license issued and only one location shall be described in the license.
  - (g) No farm winery or winery outlet shall:
- (1) Employ any person under the age of 18 years in connection with the manufacture, sale or serving of any alcoholic liquor;
- (2) permit any employee of the licensee who is under the age of 21 years to work on the licensed premises at any time when not under the on-premise supervision of either the licensee or an employee of the licensee who is 21 years of age or over;
- (3) employ any person under 21 years of age in connection with mixing or dispensing alcoholic liquor; or
- (4) employ any person in connection with the manufacture or sale of alcoholic liquor if the person has been convicted of a felony.
- (h) Whenever a farm winery or winery outlet licensee is convicted of a violation of the Kansas liquor control act, the director may revoke the licensee's license and order forfeiture of all fees paid for the license, after a hearing before the director for that purpose in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act.
  - (i) This section shall be part of and supplemental to the Kansas liquor control act."; Also on page 14, in line 26, before "K.S.A." by inserting "From and after July 1,

2012,";

On page 16, in line 24, before "K.S.A." by inserting "From and after July 1, 2012,";

On page 18, in line 33, by striking "other than citizenship and residence requirements, provided, that"; by striking all in line 34; in line 35, by striking "citizenship and residence requirements";

On page 19, in line 32, after "license" by inserting ", microdistillery license"; On page 20, following line 39, by inserting:

"Sec. 15. From and after July 1, 2012, K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 41-313 is hereby amended to read as follows: 41-313. (a) No corporation, either organized under the laws of this state, any other state or a foreign country, shall be issued a manufacturer's, distributor's, microbrewery, microdistillery or farm winery license unless the corporation has first procured a certificate of authority from the secretary of state to do business in this state as provided by law, appointed a citizen of the United States, and resident of Kansas, as its agent and filed with the director a duly authenticated copy of a duly executed power of attorney, authorizing the agent to accept service of process from the director and the courts of this state and to exercise full authority of the corporation and full authority, control and responsibility for the conduct of all business and transactions of the corporation within the state relative to alcoholic liquor and the business licensed. The agent must be satisfactory to and approved by the director with respect to the agent's character. The agent shall at all times be maintained by the corporation.

In addition, any corporation organized under the laws of any other state or foreign country, as a condition precedent to the issuance to it of any license, shall file with the secretary of state of the state of Kansas, a duly authorized and executed power of attorney, authorizing the secretary of state to accept service of process from the director and the courts of this state and to accept service of any notice or order provided for in this act, and all such acts by the secretary of state shall be fully binding upon the corporation.

(b) Every nonresident applicant on applying for a license or permit under this act, and as a condition precedent to obtaining such license or permit, shall file with the secretary of state of this state its written consent, irrevocable, that any action or garnishment proceeding may be commenced against such applicant in the proper court of any county in this state in which the cause of action shall arise or in which the plaintiff may reside by the service of process on the resident agent specified in subsection (a), and stipulating and agreeing that such service shall be taken and held in all courts to be as valid and binding as if due service had been made upon the applicant. The written consent shall state that the courts of this state have jurisdiction over the person of such applicant and are the proper and convenient forum for such action and shall waive the right to request a change of jurisdiction or venue to a court outside this state and that all actions arising under this act and commenced by the applicant shall be brought in this state's courts as the proper and convenient forum. Such consent shall be executed by the applicant and if a corporation, by the president and secretary of the corporate applicant, and shall be accompanied by a duly certified copy of the order or resolution of the board of directors, trustees or managers authorizing the president and secretary to execute the same.";

Also on page 20, in line 40, before "K.S.A." by inserting "From and after July 1, 2012,";

- On page 21, in line 3, before "K.S.A." by inserting "From and after July 1, 2012,";
- On page 22, in line 23, before "K.S.A." by inserting "From and after July 1, 2012,";
- On page 23, in line 2, before "K.S.A." by inserting "From and after July 1, 2012,"; following line 20, by inserting:
- "Sec. 20. From and after July 1, 2012, K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 41-501 is hereby amended to read as follows: 41-501. (a) As used in this section and K.S.A. 41-501a, and amendments thereto:
  - (1) "Gallon" means wine gallon.
- (2) "Federal area" means any lands or premises which are located within the exterior boundaries of this state and which are held or acquired by or for the use of the United States or any department, establishment or agency of the United States.
  - (3) "Malt product" means malt syrup, malt extract, liquid malt or wort.
- (b) (1) For the purpose of raising revenue a tax is imposed upon the manufacturing, using, selling, storing or purchasing alcoholic liquor, cereal malt beverage or malt products in this state or a federal area at a rate of \$.18 per gallon on beer and cereal malt beverage; \$.20 per gallon on all wort or liquid malt; \$.10 per pound on all malt syrup or malt extract; \$.30 per gallon on wine containing 14% or less alcohol by volume; \$.75 per gallon on wine containing more than 14% alcohol by volume; and \$2.50 per gallon on alcohol and spirits.
- (2) The tax imposed by this section shall be paid only once and shall be paid by the person in this state or federal area who first manufactures, uses, sells, stores, purchases or receives the alcoholic liquor or cereal malt beverage. The tax shall be collected and paid to the director as provided in this act. If the alcoholic liquor or cereal malt beverage is manufactured and sold in this state or a federal area, the tax shall be paid by the manufacturer, microbrewery, microdistillery or farm winery producing it. If the alcoholic liquor or cereal malt beverage is imported into this state by a distributor for the purpose of sale at wholesale in this state or a federal area, the tax shall be paid by the distributor, and in no event shall such tax be paid by the manufacturer unless the alcoholic liquor or cereal malt beverage is manufactured in this state. If not to exceed one gallon, or metric equivalent, per person of alcoholic liquor has been purchased by a private citizen outside the borders of the United States and is brought into this state by the private citizen in such person's personal possession for such person's own personal use and not for sale or resale, such import is lawful and no tax payment shall be due thereon.
- (c) Manufacturers, microbreweries, <u>microdistilleries</u>, farm wineries or distributors at wholesale of alcoholic liquor or cereal malt beverage shall be exempt from the payment of the gallonage tax imposed on alcoholic liquor and cereal malt beverage, upon satisfactory proof, including bills of lading furnished to the director by affidavit or otherwise as the director requires, that the liquor or cereal malt beverage was manufactured in this state but was shipped out of the state for sale and consumption outside the state.
- (d) Wines manufactured or imported solely and exclusively for sacramental purposes and uses shall not be subject to the tax provided for by this section.
  - (e) The tax provided for by this section is not imposed upon:
- (1) Any alcohol or wine, whether manufactured in or imported into this state, when sold to a nonbeverage user licensed by the state, for use in the manufacture of any of the following when they are unfit for beverage purposes: Patent and proprietary medicines

and medicinal, antiseptic and toilet preparations; flavoring extracts and syrups and food products; scientific, industrial and chemical products; or scientific, chemical, experimental or mechanical purposes; or

- (2) the privilege of engaging in any business of interstate commerce or otherwise, which business may not be made the subject of taxation by this state under the constitution and statutes of the United States.
- (f) The tax imposed by this section shall be in addition to all other taxes imposed by the state of Kansas or by any municipal corporation or political subdivision thereof.
- (g) Retail sales of alcoholic liquor, sales of beer to consumers by microbreweries and sales of wine to consumers by farm wineries shall not be subject to the tax imposed by the Kansas retailers' sales tax act but shall be subject to the enforcement tax provided for in this act.
- (h) Notwithstanding any ordinance to the contrary, no city shall impose an occupation or privilege tax on the business of any person, firm or corporation licensed as a manufacturer, distributor, microbrewery, microdistillery, farm winery, retailer or nonbeverage user under this act and doing business within the boundaries of the city except as specifically authorized by K.S.A. 41-310, and amendments thereto.
- (i) The director shall collect the taxes imposed by this section and shall account for and remit all moneys collected from the tax to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury and the state treasurer shall credit  $^{1}/_{10}$  of the moneys collected from taxes imposed upon alcohol and spirits under subsection (b)(1) to the community alcoholism and intoxication programs fund created by K.S.A. 41-1126, and amendments thereto, and shall credit the balance of the moneys collected to the state general fund.
- (j) If any alcoholic liquor manufactured in or imported into this state is sold to a licensed manufacturer or distributor of this state to be used solely as an ingredient in the manufacture of any beverage for human consumption, the tax imposed upon the manufacturer or distributor shall be reduced by the amount of the taxes which have been paid under this section as to the alcoholic liquor so used.
- (k) The tax provided for by this section is not imposed upon alcohol or wine used by any school or college for scientific, chemical, experimental or mechanical purposes or by hospitals, sanitoria or other institutions caring for the sick. Any school, college, hospital, sanatorium or other institution caring for the sick may import alcohol or wine for scientific, chemical, experimental, mechanical or medicinal purposes by making application to the director for a permit to import it and receiving such a permit. Application for the permit shall be on a form prescribed and furnished by the director, and a separate permit shall be required for each purchase of alcohol or wine. A fee of \$2 shall accompany each application. All permits shall be issued in triplicate to the applicant and shall be under the seal of the office of the director. Two copies of the permit shall be forwarded by the applicant to the microbrewery, microdistillery, farm winery, manufacturer or distributor from which the alcohol or wine is purchased, and the microbrewery, microdistillery, farm winery, manufacturer or distributor shall return to the office of the director one copy of the permit with its shipping affidavit and invoice. Within 10 days after receipt of any alcohol or wine, the school, college, hospital or sanatorium ordering it shall file a report in the office of the director upon forms furnished by the director, showing the amount of alcohol or wine received, the

place where it is to be stored, from whom it was received, the purpose for which it is to be used and such other information as required by the director. Any school, college, hospital, sanatorium or institution caring for the sick, which complies with the provisions of this subsection, shall not be required to have any other license to purchase alcohol or wine from a microbrewery, microdistillery, farm winery, manufacturer or distributor

Sec. 21. From and after July 1, 2012, K.S.A. 41-601 is hereby amended to read as follows: 41-601. Every manufacturer, distributor, microbrewery which sells any beer to a beer distributor at wholesale, microdistillery which sells any spirits to a spirits distributor at wholesale and farm winery which sells any wine to a distributor at wholesale shall between the 1<sup>st</sup> and 15<sup>th</sup> day of each calendar month, make return under oath to the director of all alcoholic liquor manufactured and sold by the manufacturer, distributor, microbrewery, microdistillery or farm winery in the course of business during the preceding calendar month. In the case of a distributor, the return shall also show: (a) The total amount of liquor purchased by the distributor during the preceding calendar month, the names of the distillers or distributors from whom purchased, the quantity of each brand and the price paid therefor, and (b) the names and locations of the retailers to whom alcoholic liquor was sold by the distributor during the preceding calendar month, the quantity of each brand and the price charged therefor. The return shall be made upon forms prescribed and furnished by the director and shall contain such other information as the director reasonably requires.

Sec. 22. From and after July 1, 2012, K.S.A. 41-602 is hereby amended to read as follows: 41-602. It is the duty of each manufacturer, distributor, microbrewery which sells any beer to a beer distributor, microdistillery which sells any spirits to a spirits distributor and farm winery which sells any wine to a distributor to keep complete and accurate records of all sales of liquor, wine or beer and complete and accurate records of all alcoholic liquors produced, manufactured, compounded or imported. The director, in the director's discretion, may prescribe reasonable and uniform methods for keeping records by manufacturers, distributors, microbreweries, microdistilleries and farm wineries as contemplated by K.S.A. 41-401 through 41-409, and amendments thereto.";

Also on page 23, in line 21, before "K.S.A." by inserting "From and after July 1, 2012,";

On page 24, by striking all in lines 37 through 43;

By striking all on pages 25 and 26;

On page 27, by striking all in lines 1 through 32 and inserting the following:

- "Sec. 24. From and after July 1, 2012, K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 41-710 is hereby amended to read as follows: 41-710. (a) No retailer's license shall be issued for premises unless such premises comply with all applicable zoning regulations.
- (b) No microbrewery license, <u>microdistillery license</u> or farm winery license shall be issued for premises which are zoned for any purpose except agricultural, commercial or business purposes.
- (c) No retailer's, microbrewery, microdistillery or farm winery license shall be issued for premises which:
- (1) Are located within 200 feet of any public or parochial school or college or church, except that if any such school, college or church is established within 200 feet of any licensed premises after the premises have been licensed, the premises shall be an eligible location for retail licensing; or

- (2) do not conform to all applicable building regulations.
- Sec. 25. From and after July 1, 2012, K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 41-714 is hereby amended to read as follows: 41-714. (a) Any advertising of a farm winery, microdistillery or microbrewery shall be subject to approval by the director prior to its dissemination.
- (b) The secretary of revenue may adopt, in accordance with K.S.A. 41-210, and amendments thereto, rules and regulations necessary to regulate and control the advertising, in any form, and display of alcoholic liquor.
- Sec. 26. From and after July 1, 2012, K.S.A. 41-717 is hereby amended to read as follows: 41-717. (a) (1) Except as provided by subsection (a)(2), no person shall sell or furnish at retail and no microbrewery, microdistillery or farm winery shall sell to any consumer any alcoholic liquor on credit; on a passbook; on order on a store; in exchange for any goods, wares or merchandise; or in payment for any services rendered. If any person extends credit in violation of this subsection, the debt attempted to be created shall not be recoverable at law.
- (2) A licensed retailer may sell alcoholic liquor and nonalcoholic malt beverage to a consumer, a licensed microbrewery may sell domestic beer to a consumer, a licensed microdistillery may sell domestic spirits to a consumer and a licensed farm winery may sell domestic wine to a consumer on credit pursuant to a credit card which entitles the user to purchase goods or services from at least 100 persons not related to the issuer of the credit card.
- (b) No microbrewery, <u>microdistillery</u>, farm winery or retailer of alcoholic liquor shall accept a check for payment for alcoholic liquors sold by the winery or retailer to a consumer, other than the personal check of the person making the purchase.
- Sec. 27. From and after July 1, 2012, K.S.A. 41-718 is hereby amended to read as follows: 41-718. (a) No person except a manufacturer, distributor, microbrewery, microdistillery, farm winery or wholesaler shall fill or refill, in whole or in part, any original package of alcoholic liquor with the same or any other kind or quality of alcoholic liquor.
- (b) No person shall have in the person's possession for sale at retail any bottles, casks or other containers containing alcoholic liquor, except in original packages.
- Sec. 28. From and after July 1, 2012, K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 41-719 is hereby amended to read as follows: 41-719. (a) (1) Except as otherwise provided herein and in K.S.A. 8-1599, and amendments thereto, no person shall drink or consume alcoholic liquor on the public streets, alleys, roads or highways or inside vehicles while on the public streets, alleys, roads or highways.
- (2) Alcoholic liquor may be consumed at a special event held on public streets, alleys, roads, sidewalks or highways when a temporary permit has been issued pursuant to K.S.A 41-2645, and amendments thereto, for such special event. Such special event must be approved, by ordinance or resolution, by the local governing body of any city, county or township where such special event is being held. No alcoholic liquor may be consumed inside vehicles while on public streets, alleys, roads or highways at any such special event.
- (3) No person shall remove any alcoholic liquor from inside the boundaries of a special event as designated by the governing body of any city, county or township. The boundaries of such special event shall be clearly marked by signs, a posted map or other means which reasonably identify the area in which alcoholic liquor may be possessed or consumed at such special event.

- (4) No person shall possess or consume alcoholic liquor inside the premises licensed as a special event that was not sold or provided by the licensee holding the temporary permit for such special event.
  - (b) No person shall drink or consume alcoholic liquor on private property except:
- (1) On premises where the sale of liquor by the individual drink is authorized by the club and drinking establishment act;
- (2) upon private property by a person occupying such property as an owner or lessee of an owner and by the guests of such person, if no charge is made for the serving or mixing of any drink or drinks of alcoholic liquor or for any substance mixed with any alcoholic liquor and if no sale of alcoholic liquor in violation of K.S.A. 41-803, and amendments thereto, takes place;
- (3) in a lodging room of any hotel, motel or boarding house by the person occupying such room and by the guests of such person, if no charge is made for the serving or mixing of any drink or drinks of alcoholic liquor or for any substance mixed with any alcoholic liquor and if no sale of alcoholic liquor in violation of K.S.A. 41-803, and amendments thereto, takes place;
- (4) in a private dining room of a hotel, motel or restaurant, if the dining room is rented or made available on a special occasion to an individual or organization for a private party and if no sale of alcoholic liquor in violation of K.S.A. 41-803, and amendments thereto, takes place; or
- (5) on the premises of a <u>manufacturer</u>, microbrewery<u>, microdistillery</u> or farm winery, if authorized by K.S.A. <u>41-305</u>, 41-308a or section 2, and amendments thereto.
  - (c) No person shall drink or consume alcoholic liquor on public property except:
- (1) On real property leased by a city to others under the provisions of K.S.A. 12-1740 through 12-1749, and amendments thereto, if such real property is actually being used for hotel or motel purposes or purposes incidental thereto.
- (2) In any state-owned or operated building or structure, and on the surrounding premises, which is furnished to and occupied by any state officer or employee as a residence.
- (3) On premises licensed as a club or drinking establishment and located on property owned or operated by an airport authority created pursuant to chapter 27 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, or established by a city.
- (4) On the state fair grounds on the day of any race held thereon pursuant to the Kansas parimutuel racing act.
- (5) On the state fairgrounds, if: (A) The alcoholic liquor is domestic beer or wine or wine imported under subsection (e) of K.S.A. 41-308a, and amendments thereto, and is consumed only for purposes of judging competitions; (B) the alcoholic liquor is wine or beer and is sold and consumed during the days of the Kansas state fair on premises leased by the state fair board to a person who holds a temporary permit issued pursuant to K.S.A. 41-2645, and amendments thereto, authorizing the sale and serving of such wine or beer, or both; or (C) the alcoholic liquor is consumed on nonfair days in conjunction with *bona fide* scheduled events involving not less than 75 invited guests and the state fair board, in its discretion, authorizes the consumption of the alcoholic liquor, subject to any conditions or restrictions the board may require.
- (6) In the state historical museum provided for by K.S.A. 76-2036, and amendments thereto, on the surrounding premises and in any other building on such

premises, as authorized by rules and regulations of the state historical society.

- (7) On the premises of any state-owned historic site under the jurisdiction and supervision of the state historical society, on the surrounding premises and in any other building on such premises, as authorized by rules and regulations of the state historical society.
- (8) In a lake resort within the meaning of K.S.A. 32-867, and amendments thereto, on state-owned or leased property.
- (9) In the Hiram Price Dillon house or on its surrounding premises, subject to limitations established in policies adopted by the legislative coordinating council, as provided by K.S.A. 75-3682, and amendments thereto.
- (10) On the premises of any Kansas national guard regional training center or armory, and any building on such premises, as authorized by rules and regulations of the adjutant general and upon approval of the Kansas military board.
- (11) On property exempted from this subsection (c) pursuant to subsection (d), (e), (f), (g) or (h).
- (d) Any city may exempt, by ordinance, from the provisions of subsection (c) specified property the title of which is vested in such city.
- (e) The board of county commissioners of any county may exempt, by resolution, from the provisions of subsection (c) specified property the title of which is vested in such county.
- (f) The state board of regents may exempt from the provisions of subsection (c) the Sternberg museum on the campus of Fort Hays state university, or other specified property which is under the control of such board and which is not used for classroom instruction, where alcoholic liquor may be consumed in accordance with policies adopted by such board.
- (g) The board of regents of Washburn university may exempt from the provisions of subsection (c) the Mulvane art center and the Bradbury Thompson alumni center on the campus of Washburn university, and other specified property the title of which is vested in such board and which is not used for classroom instruction, where alcoholic liquor may be consumed in accordance with policies adopted by such board.
- (h) The board of trustees of a community college may exempt from the provisions of subsection (c) specified property which is under the control of such board and which is not used for classroom instruction, where alcoholic liquor may be consumed in accordance with policies adopted by such board.
- (i) Violation of any provision of this section is a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not less than \$50 or more than \$200 or by imprisonment for not more than six months, or both.
- (j) For the purposes of this section, "special event" means a picnic, bazaar, festival or other similar community gathering, which has been approved by the local governing body of any city, county or township.
- Sec. 29. From and after January 1, 2013, K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 41-719, as amended by section 28 of this act, is hereby amended to read as follows: 41-719. (a) (1) Except as otherwise provided herein and in K.S.A. 8-1599, and amendments thereto, no person shall drink or consume alcoholic liquor on the public streets, alleys, roads or highways or inside vehicles while on the public streets, alleys, roads or highways.
- (2) Alcoholic liquor may be consumed at a special event held on public streets, alleys, roads, sidewalks or highways when a temporary permit has been issued pursuant

- to K.S.A 41-2645, and amendments thereto, for such special event. Such special event must be approved, by ordinance or resolution, by the local governing body of any city, county or township where such special event is being held. No alcoholic liquor may be consumed inside vehicles while on public streets, alleys, roads or highways at any such special event.
- (3) No person shall remove any alcoholic liquor from inside the boundaries of a special event as designated by the governing body of any city, county or township. The boundaries of such special event shall be clearly marked by signs, a posted map or other means which reasonably identify the area in which alcoholic liquor may be possessed or consumed at such special event.
- (4) No person shall possess or consume alcoholic liquor inside the premises licensed as a special event that was not sold or provided by the licensee holding the temporary permit for such special event.
  - (b) No person shall drink or consume alcoholic liquor on private property except:
- (1) On premises where the sale of liquor by the individual drink is authorized by the club and drinking establishment act;
- (2) upon private property by a person occupying such property as an owner or lessee of an owner and by the guests of such person, if no charge is made for the serving or mixing of any drink or drinks of alcoholic liquor or for any substance mixed with any alcoholic liquor and if no sale of alcoholic liquor in violation of K.S.A. 41-803, and amendments thereto, takes place:
- (3) in a lodging room of any hotel, motel or boarding house by the person occupying such room and by the guests of such person, if no charge is made for the serving or mixing of any drink or drinks of alcoholic liquor or for any substance mixed with any alcoholic liquor and if no sale of alcoholic liquor in violation of K.S.A. 41-803, and amendments thereto, takes place;
- (4) in a private dining room of a hotel, motel or restaurant, if the dining room is rented or made available on a special occasion to an individual or organization for a private party and if no sale of alcoholic liquor in violation of K.S.A. 41-803, and amendments thereto, takes place; or
- (5) on the premises of a manufacturer, microbrewery, microdistillery or farm winery, if authorized by K.S.A. 41-305, 41-308a , 41-308b or section 2, and amendments thereto.
  - (c) No person shall drink or consume alcoholic liquor on public property except:
- (1) On real property leased by a city to others under the provisions of K.S.A. 12-1740 through 12-1749, and amendments thereto, if such real property is actually being used for hotel or motel purposes or purposes incidental thereto.
- (2) In any state-owned or operated building or structure, and on the surrounding premises, which is furnished to and occupied by any state officer or employee as a residence.
- (3) On premises licensed as a club or drinking establishment and located on property owned or operated by an airport authority created pursuant to chapter 27 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, or established by a city.
- (4) On the state fair grounds on the day of any race held thereon pursuant to the Kansas parimutuel racing act.
- (5) On the state fairgrounds, if: (A) The alcoholic liquor is domestic beer or wine or wine imported under subsection (e) of K.S.A. 41-308a, and amendments thereto, and is

consumed only for purposes of judging competitions; (B) the alcoholic liquor is wine or beer and is sold and consumed during the days of the Kansas state fair on premises leased by the state fair board to a person who holds a temporary permit issued pursuant to K.S.A. 41-2645, and amendments thereto, authorizing the sale and serving of such wine or beer, or both; or (C) the alcoholic liquor is consumed on nonfair days in conjunction with *bona fide* scheduled events involving not less than 75 invited guests and the state fair board, in its discretion, authorizes the consumption of the alcoholic liquor, subject to any conditions or restrictions the board may require.

- (6) In the state historical museum provided for by K.S.A. 76-2036, and amendments thereto, on the surrounding premises and in any other building on such premises, as authorized by rules and regulations of the state historical society.
- (7) On the premises of any state-owned historic site under the jurisdiction and supervision of the state historical society, on the surrounding premises and in any other building on such premises, as authorized by rules and regulations of the state historical society.
- (8) In a lake resort within the meaning of K.S.A. 32-867, and amendments thereto, on state-owned or leased property.
- (9) In the Hiram Price Dillon house or on its surrounding premises, subject to limitations established in policies adopted by the legislative coordinating council, as provided by K.S.A. 75-3682, and amendments thereto.
- (10) On the premises of any Kansas national guard regional training center or armory, and any building on such premises, as authorized by rules and regulations of the adjutant general and upon approval of the Kansas military board.
- (11) On the premises of any land or waters owned or managed by the department of wildlife, parks and tourism, except as otherwise prohibited by rules and regulations of the department adopted by the secretary pursuant to K.S.A. 32-805, and amendments thereto.
- (12) On property exempted from this subsection (c) pursuant to subsection (d), (e), (f), (g) or (h).
- (d) Any city may exempt, by ordinance, from the provisions of subsection (c) specified property the title of which is vested in such city.
- (e) The board of county commissioners of any county may exempt, by resolution, from the provisions of subsection (c) specified property the title of which is vested in such county.
- (f) The state board of regents may exempt from the provisions of subsection (c) the Sternberg museum on the campus of Fort Hays state university, or other specified property which is under the control of such board and which is not used for classroom instruction, where alcoholic liquor may be consumed in accordance with policies adopted by such board.
- (g) The board of regents of Washburn university may exempt from the provisions of subsection (c) the Mulvane art center and the Bradbury Thompson alumni center on the campus of Washburn university, and other specified property the title of which is vested in such board and which is not used for classroom instruction, where alcoholic liquor may be consumed in accordance with policies adopted by such board.
- (h) The board of trustees of a community college may exempt from the provisions of subsection (c) specified property which is under the control of such board and which is not used for classroom instruction, where alcoholic liquor may be consumed in

accordance with policies adopted by such board.

- (i) Violation of any provision of this section is a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not less than \$50 or more than \$200 or by imprisonment for not more than six months, or both.
- (j) For the purposes of this section, "special event" means a picnic, bazaar, festival or other similar community gathering, which has been approved by the local governing body of any city, county or township.
- Sec. 30. From and after July 1, 2012, K.S.A. 41-803 is hereby amended to read as follows: 41-803. (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to own, maintain, operate or conduct, either directly or indirectly, an open saloon.
- (b) As used in this section, "open saloon" means any place, public or private, where alcoholic liquor is sold or offered or kept for sale by the drink or in any quantity of less than 100 milliliters (3.4 fluid ounces) or sold or offered or kept for sale for consumption on the premises where sold, but does not include any premises where the sale of liquor is authorized by the club and drinking establishment act or, on and after January 1, 1988, any manufacturer, microbrewery, microdistillery or farm winery, if authorized by K.S.A. 41-305, 41-308a or K.S.A., 41-308b or section 2, and amendments thereto.
- (c) Any violation of the provisions of this section is a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not more than \$500 and by imprisonment for not more than 90 days.
- Sec. 31. From and after July 1, 2012, K.S.A. 41-901 is hereby amended to read as follows: 41-901. (a) No person shall manufacture, import for distribution as a distributor at wholesale or distribute or sell alcoholic liquor or cereal malt beverage at any place within the state without having first obtained a valid license therefor under the provisions of this act or under K.S.A. 41-2702, and amendments thereto. No person shall obtain a license to carry on the business authorized by the license as agent for another, obtain a license by fraud or make any false statement or otherwise violate any of the provisions of this act in obtaining any license hereunder. No person having obtained a license hereunder shall violate any of the provisions of this act with respect to the manufacture, possession, distribution or sale of alcoholic liquor or cereal malt beverage; or with respect to the maintenance of the licensed premises.
- (b) Violation of subsection (a) shall be punishable as follows, except where other penalties are specifically provided by law:
  - (1) For a first offense, by a fine of not more than \$500; and
- (2) for a second or subsequent offense, by a fine of not more than \$1,000 or by imprisonment for not more than six months, or both.
- (c) Each day any person engages in business as a manufacturer, distributor, microbrewery, microdistillery, farm winery or retailer in violation of the provisions of this act shall constitute a separate offense.
- (d) Any license obtained to carry on the business as agent for another or any license obtained by fraud or by false statements shall be revoked by the director. When a license has been revoked for obtaining a license to carry on the business authorized by the license as agent for another, or obtained a license by fraud or by any false statement, all alcoholic liquor in the possession of the person who procured the license shall be forfeited and sold and the proceeds of the sale shall be paid to the county treasurer of the county where the alcoholic liquor was located. During the pendency of any appeal from any order revoking a license, the director may obtain an order from the district court of the county where the alcoholic liquor is located, restraining the sale or disposal

of the alcoholic liquor. When an order revoking any license is issued by the director, the director shall forthwith forward by registered mail a certified copy of the order revoking the license under the seal of the director to the county attorney of the county where the alcoholic liquor is located.

Within 15 days after the order of revocation becomes final, the county attorney shall institute, against the person who procured the license, a civil action under the code of civil procedure in the district court of the county in the name of the state of Kansas on the relation of the county attorney to forfeit all alcoholic liquor. Summons shall be served as provided by the code of civil procedure upon the person who procured the license. Upon the return day of the summons issued or as soon after as convenient to the court, an order shall be entered by the court forfeiting the alcoholic liquor to the state of Kansas and ordering it to be sold by the sheriff of the county in which the forfeiture occurred. The order shall fix the time and place of sale and the method and manner in which the sale shall be held, together with notice of the sale as the court directs. After payment of all costs of the action, including a reasonable fee for the county attorney, the balance remaining shall be paid to the state treasurer pursuant to K.S.A. 20-2801, and amendments thereto.

Sec. 32. From and after July 1, 2012, K.S.A. 41-1101 is hereby amended to read as follows: 41-1101. (a) No distributor licensed under this act shall purchase any alcoholic liquor from any manufacturer, owner of alcoholic liquor at the time it becomes a marketable product, exclusive agent of such manufacturer or owner, microbrewery, microdistillery, farm winery or distributor of alcoholic liquor bottled in a foreign country either within or without this state, unless the manufacturer, owner, exclusive agent, microbrewery, microdistillery, farm winery or distributor files with the director a written statement sworn to by the manufacturer, owner, exclusive agent, microbrewery, microdistillery, farm winery or distributor or, in case of a corporation, one of its principal officers, agreeing to sell any of the brands or kinds of alcoholic liquor manufactured or distributed by the manufacturer, owner, exclusive agent, microbrewery, microdistillery, farm winery or distributor to any distributor licensed in this state and having a franchise to distribute the alcoholic liquor pursuant to K.S.A. 41-410, and amendments thereto, and to make such sales to all such licensed distributors in this state at the same current price and without discrimination. Each manufacturer, owner, exclusive agent, microbrewery, microdistillery or farm winery shall provide to each distributor written notice not less than 45 days before any change in the current price of any spirits or wine which such manufacturer, owner, exclusive agent, microbrewery, microdistillery or farm winery sells to such distributor. If any manufacturer, owner, exclusive agent, microbrewery, microdistillery, farm winery or distributor making the agreement violates the agreement by refusing to sell such alcoholic liquor to any such franchised licensed distributor in this state or discriminates in current prices among such franchised licensed distributors making or attempting to make purchases of alcoholic liquor from the manufacturer, owner, exclusive agent, microbrewery, microdistillery, farm winery or distributor, the director shall notify, by registered mail, each such franchised licensed distributor in this state of the violation. Thereupon, it shall be unlawful for a franchised licensed distributor in this state to purchase any alcoholic liquor from the manufacturer, owner, exclusive agent, microbrewery, microdistillery, farm winery or distributor. If thereafter such a franchised licensed distributor purchases any alcoholic liquor from the manufacturer, owner,

exclusive agent, microbrewery, microdistillery, farm winery or distributor, such franchised distributor's license shall be revoked by the director. If any manufacturer, owner, exclusive agent, microbrewery, microdistillery, farm winery or distributor of alcoholic liquor bottled in a foreign country, making any agreement hereunder, does not have a sufficient supply of alcoholic liquor of any of the brands or kinds which the manufacturer, owner, exclusive agent, microbrewery, microdistillery, farm winery or distributor manufactures or distributes to supply the demands of all licensed distributors having a franchise to distribute such alcoholic liquor, the manufacturer, owner, exclusive agent, microbrewery, microdistillery, farm winery or distributor may ration such alcoholic liquor and apportion the available supply among such franchised licensed distributors purchasing or attempting to purchase it, in accordance with a plan which shall be subject to the approval of the director.

- (b) No retailer licensed under this act shall purchase any alcoholic liquor from any distributor licensed under this act unless the distributor files with the director a written statement sworn to by the distributor, or in case of a corporation by one of its principal officers, agreeing to sell any of the brands or kinds of alcoholic liquor distributed by the distributor and to provide service in connection therewith to any licensed retailer whose licensed premises are located within the geographic territory of the distributor's franchise for the alcoholic liquor, unless written approval to do otherwise is obtained from the director, and to make such sales to all such licensed retailers at the same current bottle, sleeve and case price and without discrimination. For purposes of this subsection the "same current bottle, sleeve and case price" for spirits and wine means a price effective for a specified period as designated by the distributor on or before the first day of each month. If any distributor making the agreement violates the agreement by refusing to sell or provide service to any such licensed retailer in this state without written approval of the director or discriminates in current prices among such licensed retailers making or attempting to make purchases of alcoholic liquor from the distributor, the director may revoke the license of the distributor. If any licensed distributor making any agreement hereunder does not have a sufficient supply of alcoholic liquor of any of the brands or kinds which the distributor distributes to supply the demands of all such licensed retailers, the distributor may ration such alcoholic liquor and apportion the available supply among such licensed retailers purchasing or attempting to purchase the same, in accordance with a plan which shall be subject to the approval of the director.
- (c) No club or drinking establishment licensed in this state shall purchase any wine or beer from any distributor licensed under this act unless the distributor files with the director a written statement sworn to by the distributor, or in case of a corporation by one of its principal officers, agreeing to sell any of the brands or kinds of wine or beer distributed by the distributor to those clubs and drinking establishments to which the distributor is authorized to sell such wine or beer and to which the distributor desires to sell such wine or beer, unless written approval to do otherwise is obtained from the director and to make such sales to all such licensed clubs or drinking establishments at the same current bottle and case price and without discrimination. If any distributor making the agreement violates the agreement by refusing to sell to any such licensed club or drinking establishment in this state without written approval of the director or discriminates in current prices among such licensed clubs or drinking establishments making or attempting to make purchases of wine or beer from the distributor, the

director may revoke the license of the distributor. If any licensed distributor making any agreement hereunder does not have a sufficient supply of wine or beer of any of the brands or kinds which the distributor distributes to supply the demands of all such licensed clubs or drinking establishments, the distributor may ration such wine or beer and apportion the available supply among such licensed clubs or drinking establishments purchasing or attempting to purchase the same, in accordance with a plan which shall be subject to the approval of the director.

For the purposes of this subsection, a delivery charge shall not be considered a part of the price of wine or beer sold by a distributor.

- (d) No retailer licensed under K.S.A. 41-2701 et seq., and amendments thereto, shall purchase any cereal malt beverage from any distributor licensed under this act unless the distributor files with the director a written statement sworn to by the distributor, or in case of a corporation by one of its principal officers, agreeing to sell any of the brands or kinds of cereal malt beverage distributed by the distributor to those retailers to which the distributor is authorized to sell such cereal malt beverage, unless written approval to do otherwise is obtained from the director, and to make such sales to all such licensed retailers at the same current price and without discrimination. If any distributor making the agreement violates the agreement by refusing to sell to any such licensed retailer in this state without written approval of the director or discriminates in current prices among such licensed retailers making or attempting to make purchases of cereal malt beverage from the distributor, the director may revoke the license of the distributor. If any licensed distributor making any agreement hereunder does not have a sufficient supply of cereal malt beverage of any of the brands or kinds which the distributor distributes to supply the demands of all such licensed retailers, the distributor may ration such cereal malt beverage and apportion the available supply among such licensed retailers purchasing or attempting to purchase the same, in accordance with a plan which shall be subject to the approval of the director.
- (e) No distributor shall sell alcoholic liquor or cereal malt beverage to a retailer licensed under the Kansas liquor control act, to a club, drinking establishment or caterer licensed under the club and drinking establishment act or to a retailer licensed under K.S.A. 41-2702, and amendments thereto, at a discount for multiple case lots.";

Also on page 27, in line 33, before "K.S.A." by inserting "From and after July 1, 2012,";

On page 29, in line 42, before "K.S.A." by inserting "From and after July 1, 2012,"; On page 30, by striking all in lines 8 through 37; in line 38, before "K.S.A." by inserting "From and after July 1, 2012,";

On page 31, in line 1, before "K.S.A." by inserting "From and after July 1, 2012,"; in line 17, before "K.S.A." by inserting "From and after July 1, 2012,"; in line 30, before "K.S.A." by inserting "From and after July 1, 2012,";

On page 32, in line 38, by striking "less"; in line 39, by striking "than \$200"; and inserting "more than \$1,000";

On page 33, following line 13, by inserting:

- "Sec. 39. From and after July 1, 2012, K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 41-2623 is hereby amended to read as follows: 41-2623. (a) No license shall be issued under the provisions of this act to:
- (1) Any person described in subsection (a)(1), (2), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (12) or (13) of K.S.A. 41-311, and amendments thereto, except that the provisions of

subsection (a)(7) of such section shall not apply to nor prohibit the issuance of a license for a class A club to an officer of a post home of a congressionally chartered service or fraternal organization, or a benevolent association or society thereof.

- (2) A person who has had the person's license revoked for cause under the provisions of this act.
- (3) A person who has not been a resident of this state for a period of at least one year immediately preceding the date of application.
- (4) A person who has a beneficial interest in the manufacture, preparation or wholesaling or the retail sale of alcoholic liquors or a beneficial interest in any other club, drinking establishment or caterer licensed hereunder, except that:
- (A) A license for premises located in a hotel may be granted to a person who has a beneficial interest in one or more other clubs or drinking establishments licensed hereunder if such other clubs or establishments are located in hotels.
- (B) A license for a club or drinking establishment which is a restaurant may be issued to a person who has a beneficial interest in other clubs or drinking establishments which are restaurants.
- (C) A caterer's license may be issued to a person who has a beneficial interest in a club or drinking establishment and a license for a club or drinking establishment may be issued to a person who has a beneficial interest in a caterer.
- (D) A license for a class A club may be granted to an organization of which an officer, director or board member is a distributor or retailer licensed under the liquor control act if such distributor or retailer sells no alcoholic liquor to such club.
- (E) Any person who has a beneficial interest in a microbrewery, microdistillery or farm winery licensed pursuant to the Kansas liquor control act may be issued any or all of the following: (1) Class B club license; (2) drinking establishment license; and (3) caterer's license.
  - (5) A copartnership, unless all of the copartners are qualified to obtain a license.
- (6) A corporation, if any officer, manager or director thereof, or any stockholder owning in the aggregate more than 5% of the common or preferred stock of such corporation would be ineligible to receive a license hereunder for any reason other than citizenship and residence requirements.
- (7) A corporation, if any officer, manager or director thereof, or any stockholder owning in the aggregate more than 5% of the common or preferred stock of such corporation, has been an officer, manager or director, or a stockholder owning in the aggregate more than 5% of the common or preferred stock, of a corporation which:
- (A) Has had a license revoked under the provisions of the club and drinking establishment act; or
- (B) has been convicted of a violation of the club and drinking establishment act or the cereal malt beverage laws of this state.
  - (8) A corporation organized under the laws of any state other than this state.
- (9) A trust, if any grantor, beneficiary or trustee would be ineligible to receive a license under this act for any reason, except that the provisions of subsection (a)(6) of K.S.A. 41-311, and amendments thereto<sub>a</sub> shall not apply in determining whether a beneficiary would be eligible for a license.
- (b) No club or drinking establishment license shall be issued under the provisions of the club and drinking establishment act to:
  - (1) A person who does not own the premises for which a license is sought, or does

not, at the time the application is submitted, have a written lease thereon, except that an applicant seeking a license for a premises which is owned by a city or county, or is a stadium, arena, convention center, theater, museum, amphitheater or other similar premises may submit an executed agreement to provide alcoholic beverage services at the premises listed in the application in lieu of a lease.

(2) A person who is not a resident of the county in which the premises sought to be licensed are located.":

Also on page 33, in line 14, before "K.S.A." by inserting "From and after July 1, 2012,":

On page 34, in line 20, before "K.S.A." by inserting "From and after July 1, 2012,"; On page 35, in line 42, before "K.S.A." by inserting "From and after July 1, 2012,"; On page 38, in line 11, before "K.S.A." by inserting "From and after July 1, 2012,"; On page 39, following line 8, by inserting:

"Sec. 44. From and after July 1, 2012, K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 75-5133 is hereby amended to read as follows: 75-5133. (a) Except as otherwise more specifically provided by law, all information received by the secretary of revenue, the director of taxation or the director of alcoholic beverage control from returns, reports, license applications or registration documents made or filed under the provisions of any law imposing any sales, use or other excise tax administered by the secretary of revenue, the director of taxation, or the director of alcoholic beverage control, or from any investigation conducted under such provisions, shall be confidential, and it shall be unlawful for any officer or employee of the department of revenue to divulge any such information except in accordance with other provisions of law respecting the enforcement and collection of such tax, in accordance with proper judicial order or as provided in K.S.A. 74-2424, and amendments thereto.

- (b) The secretary of revenue or the secretary's designee may:
- (1) Publish statistics, so classified as to prevent identification of particular reports or returns and the items thereof;
- (2) allow the inspection of returns by the attorney general or the attorney general's designee:
- (3) provide the post auditor access to all such excise tax reports or returns in accordance with and subject to the provisions of subsection (g) of K.S.A. 46-1106, and amendments thereto:
- (4) disclose taxpayer information from excise tax returns to persons or entities contracting with the secretary of revenue where the secretary has determined disclosure of such information is essential for completion of the contract and has taken appropriate steps to preserve confidentiality;
- (5) provide information from returns and reports filed under article 42 of chapter 79 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, to county appraisers as is necessary to insure proper valuations of property. Information from such returns and reports may also be exchanged with any other state agency administering and collecting conservation or other taxes and fees imposed on or measured by mineral production;
- (6) provide, upon request by a city or county clerk or treasurer or finance officer of any city or county receiving distributions from a local excise tax, monthly reports identifying each retailer doing business in such city or county or making taxable sales sourced to such city or county, setting forth the tax liability and the amount of such tax remitted by each retailer during the preceding month, and identifying each business

location maintained by the retailer and such retailer's sales or use tax registration or account number;

- (7) provide information from returns and applications for registration filed pursuant to K.S.A. 12-187, and amendments thereto, and K.S.A. 79-3601, and amendments thereto, to a city or county treasurer or clerk or finance officer to explain the basis of statistics contained in reports provided by subsection (b)(6);
- (8) disclose the following oil and gas production statistics received by the department of revenue in accordance with K.S.A. 79-4216 *et seq.*, and amendments thereto: Volumes of production by well name, well number, operator's name and identification number assigned by the state corporation commission, lease name, leasehold property description, county of production or zone of production, name of purchaser and purchaser's tax identification number assigned by the department of revenue, name of transporter, field code number or lease code, tax period, exempt production volumes by well name or lease, or any combination of this information;
- (9) release or publish liquor brand registration information provided by suppliers, farm wineries, microdistilleries and microbreweries in accordance with the liquor control act. The information to be released is limited to: Item number, universal numeric code, type status, product description, alcohol percentage, selling units, unit size, unit of measurement, supplier number, supplier name, distributor number and distributor name;
- (10) release or publish liquor license information provided by liquor licensees, distributors, suppliers, farm wineries microdistilleries and microbreweries in accordance with the liquor control act. The information to be released is limited to: County name, owner, business name, address, license type, license number, license expiration date and the process agent contact information;
- (11) release or publish cigarette and tobacco license information obtained from cigarette and tobacco licensees in accordance with the Kansas cigarette and tobacco products act. The information to be released is limited to: County name, owner, business name, address, license type and license number;
- (12) provide environmental surcharge or solvent fee, or both, information from returns and applications for registration filed pursuant to K.S.A. 65-34,150 and 65-34,151, and amendments thereto, to the secretary of health and environment or the secretary's designee for the sole purpose of ensuring that retailers collect the environmental surcharge tax or solvent fee, or both;
- (13) provide water protection fee information from returns and applications for registration filed pursuant to K.S.A. 82a-954, and amendments thereto, to the secretary of the state board of agriculture or the secretary's designee and the secretary of the Kansas water office or the secretary's designee for the sole purpose of verifying revenues deposited to the state water plan fund;
- (14) provide to the secretary of commerce copies of applications for project exemption certificates sought by any taxpayer under the enterprise zone sales tax exemption pursuant to subsection (cc) of K.S.A. 79-3606, and amendments thereto;
- (15) disclose information received pursuant to the Kansas cigarette and tobacco act and subject to the confidentiality provisions of this act to any criminal justice agency, as defined in subsection (c) of K.S.A. 22-4701, and amendments thereto, or to any law enforcement officer, as defined in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5111, and amendments thereto, on behalf of a criminal justice agency, when requested in writing in conjunction with a pending investigation;

- (16) provide to retailers tax exemption information for the sole purpose of verifying the authenticity of tax exemption numbers issued by the department; and
- (17) provide information concerning remittance by sellers, as defined in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 12-5363, and amendments thereto, of prepaid wireless 911 fees from returns to the local collection point administrator, as defined in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 12-5363, and amendments thereto, for purposes of verifying seller compliance with collection and remittance of such fees.
- (c) Any person receiving any information under the provisions of subsection (b) shall be subject to the confidentiality provisions of subsection (a) and to the penalty provisions of subsection (d).
- (d) Any violation of this section shall be a class A, nonperson misdemeanor, and if the offender is an officer or employee of this state, such officer or employee shall be dismissed from office. Reports of violations of this paragraph shall be investigated by the attorney general. The district attorney or county attorney and the attorney general shall have authority to prosecute any violation of this section if the offender is a city or county clerk or treasurer or finance officer of a city or county.";

Also on page 39, in line 9, before "K.S.A." by inserting "From and after July 1, 2012,"; in line 13, after "retailers" by inserting ", microbreweries, microdistilleries"; in line 19, after "microbreweries" by inserting ", microdistilleries"; in line 23, after "microbreweries" by inserting ", microdistilleries"; in line 25, before "K.S.A." by inserting "From and after July 1, 2012,"; in line 27, after "microbrewery" by inserting ", microdistillery"; in line 30, after the comma by inserting "microdistillery,"; in line 34, before "K.S.A." by inserting "From and after July 1, 2012,"; in line 37, after the comma by inserting "every microdistillery selling spirits to consumers,";

On page 40, following line 7, by inserting:

"Sec. 48. From and after July 1, 2012, K.S.A. 79-4104 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-4104. Whenever the director of alcoholic beverage control issues a retailer's, distributor's, microbrewery, microdistillery or farm winery license, the director of alcoholic beverage control shall promptly notify the director of taxation of its issuance. The notice shall include the name of the licensee and, in the case of a retailer, microbrewery, microdistillery or farm winery, the address of the licensed premises. Whenever the director of alcoholic beverage control revokes or suspends any retailer's, distributor's, microbrewery, microdistillery or farm winery license or whenever any retailer's, distributor's, microbrewery, microdistillery or farm winery license expires, the director of alcoholic beverage control shall likewise notify the director of taxation.";

Also on page 40, in line 8, before "K.S.A." by inserting "From and after July 1, 2012,"; in line 22, before "K.S.A." by inserting "From and after July 1, 2012,"; in line 39, before "K.S.A." by inserting "From and after July 1, 2012,";

On page 42, in line 31, before "K.S.A." by inserting "From and after July 1, 2012,";

On page 45, in line 36, before "K.S.A." by inserting "From and after July 1, 2012,";

On page 46, in line 7, before "K.S.A." by inserting "From and after July 1, 2012,"; in line 29, before "K.S.A." by inserting "From and after July 1, 2012,";

On page 47, in line 3, after "41-719" by inserting ", as amended by section 28 of this act,"; by striking all in lines 4 through 11 and inserting the following:

340, 41-341, 41-601, 41-602, 41-701, 41-717, 41-718, 41-803, 41-901, 41-1101, 41-2608, 41-2612, 41-2613, 41-2614, 41-2640, 41-2722, 79-4101, 79-4102, 79-4103, 79-4104, 79-41a01, 79-41a02, 79-41a04, 79-41a06, 79-41a07 and 79-41a08 and K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 41-102, 41-305, 41-308a, as amended by section 11 of this act, 41-310, 41-311, 41-313, 41-317, 41-319, 41-501, 41-710, 41-714, 41-719, 41-2601, 41-2622, 41-2623, 41-2629, 41-2645, 75-5133 and 79-41a03 are hereby repealed.

Sec. 58. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 41-308a is hereby repealed.";

And by renumbering sections accordingly;

Also on page 47, in line 13, by striking "statute book" and inserting "Kansas register";

On page 1, in the title, in line 1, by striking all after "amending"; by striking all in lines 2 through 7; in line 8, by striking and 79-41a03" and inserting "K.S.A. 41-304, 41-306, 41-306a, 41-307, 41-308, 41-316, 41-320, 41-601, 41-602, 41-701, 41-717, 41-718, 41-803, 41-901, 41-1101, 41-2608, 41-2612, 41-2613, 41-2614, 41-2640, 41-2722, 79-4101, 79-4102, 79-4103, 79-4104, 79-41a01, 79-41a02, 79-41a04, 79-41a06, 79-41a07 and 79-41a08 and K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 41-102, 41-305, 41-308a, 41-308a, as amended by section 11 of this act, 41-310, 41-311, 41-313, 41-317, 41-319, 41-501, 41-710, 41-714, 41-719, 41-719, as amended by section 28 of this act, 41-2601, 41-2622, 41-2623, 41-2629, 41-2645, 75-5133 and 79-41a03":

And your committee on conference recommends the adoption of this report.

Pete Brungardt Roger P. Reitz Oletha Faust-Goueau Conferees on part of Senate

Steven R. Brunk Joe Patton Judith Loganbill Conferees on part of House

On motion of Rep. Brunk to adopt the conference committee report on **Sub HB 2689**, Rep. Peck offered a substitute motion to not adopt the conference committee report and asked that a new conference committee be appointed.

The substitute motion did not prevail.

The question reverted back to the original motion of Rep. Brunk and the conference committee report was adopted.

On roll call, the vote was: Yeas 97; Nays 24; Present but not voting: 0; Absent or not voting: 4.

Yeas: Arpke, Aurand, Ballard, Bethell, Billinger, Bollier, Boman, Bowers, Brookens, Brown, Bruchman, Brunk, Burgess, Burroughs, Calloway, Carlin, Carlson, Cassidy, Davis, Denning, Dillmore, Fawcett, Finney, Flaharty, Frownfelter, D. Gatewood, S. Gatewood, Goico, Gonzalez, Goodman, Gordon, Grange, Gregory, Grosserode, Hayzlett, Hedke, Henderson, Henry, Hermanson, Hildabrand, Hill, Hineman, Hoffman, Huebert, Johnson, Kelly, Kerschen, Kleeb, Knox, Kuether, Landwehr, Lane, Loganbill, Mah, McCray-Miller, McLeland, Meier, Meigs, Mesa, Montgomery, Moxley, O'Neal, Osterman, Otto, Patton, Peterson, Phelps, Phillips, Pottorff, Powell, Prescott, Proehl, Rhoades, Roth, Rubin, Ruiz, Schwab, Schwartz, Seiwert, Slattery, Sloan, Smith,

Spalding, Suellentrop, Swanson, Tietze, Trimmer, Vickrey, Victors, Ward, Wetta, Williams, Winn, B. Wolf, K. Wolf, Wolfe Moore, Worley.

Nays: Alford, Collins, Colloton, Crum, DeGraaf, Donohoe, Feuerborn, Garber, C. Holmes, M. Holmes, Howell, Kelley, Kiegerl, Kinzer, O'Brien, O'Hara, Pauls, Peck, Ryckman, Scapa, Schroeder, Shultz, Siegfreid, Tyson.

Present but not voting: None.

Absent or not voting: Grant, LeDoux, Mast, Weber.

## EXPLANATIONS OF VOTE

Mr. Speaker: There are 12 bills that have been bundled into **Sub HB 2689** and I support some of them. However, there are several bills that I have a problem with and I cannot support those provisions. Since we were not able to vote on them individually, I must vote no on **Sub HB 2689**. – Joseph Scapa, Pete DeGraaf

Mr. Speaker: We all know alcohol is a controlled substance. Many a person who is under the influence of alcohol has participated in activities and conducted themselves in a manner that is uncharacteristic of and embarrassing to them. Passage of **Sub HB 2689** will increase the accessibility and consumption of alcoholic liquor in Kansas. Furthermore, County Fairs are not a place for the consumption of alcoholic liquor. **Sub HB 2689** opens wide the door that will allow that to happen. I vote NO on **Sub HB 2689**. – Virgil Peck, Jr

Mr. Speaker: As one that comes from a broken family due mostly to alcoholism, I am sensitive to the harm and pain alcohol can cause. We need to be careful to ensure traditional family values are protected as we find ways to deregulate the alcohol industry in a balanced fashion. The Happy Hour provision in this bill specifically concerns me. On one hand, I want these businesses to maximize their ability to make money but not by pushing cheap drinks late at night. Kansas has a problem with DUIs and businesses in other states with similar laws promote late-night happy hours. I vote no on **Sub HB 2689.** – Jim Howell

## CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

MR. PRESIDENT AND MR. SPEAKER: Your committee on conference on Senate amendments to **HB 2157** submits the following report:

Your committee on conference agrees to disagree and recommends that a new conference committee be appointed:

And your committee on conference recommends the adoption of this report.

Les Donovan
Pat Apple
Conferees on part of Senate

RICHARD CARLSON
MARVIN KLEEB
Conferees on part of House

On motion of Rep. Carlson the conference committee report on S Sub for HB 2157 to agree to disagree, was adopted.

Speaker pro tem Vickrey thereupon appointed Reps. Carlson, Kleeb and Dillmore as second conferees on the part of the House.

On motion of Rep. Siegfreid, the House recessed until 1:30 p.m.
AFTERNOON SESSION

The House met pursuant to recess with Speaker O'Neal in the chair.

## INTRODUCTION OF ORIGINAL MOTIONS

On motion of Rep. Siegfreid, pursuant to subsection (k) of Joint Rule 4 of the Joint Rules of the Senate and House of Representatives, the rules were suspended for the purpose of considering **SB 304**.

## CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

MR. PRESIDENT and MR. SPEAKER: Your committee on conference on House amendments to **SB 304** submits the following report:

The House recedes from all of its amendments to the bill, and your committee on conference further agrees to amend the bill, as printed with Senate Committee amendments, as follows:

On page 2, in line 1, by striking "this" and inserting "the batterer intervention program certification":

On page 3, in line 5, by striking "this" and inserting "the batterer intervention program certification"; in line 33, by striking "this" and inserting "the batterer intervention program certification"; in line 39, after the second "therapist," by inserting "licensed addiction counselor, licensed clinical addiction counselor,"; in line 41, by striking "master" and inserting "masters";

On page 4, in line 1, by striking "the effective date of this act" and inserting "January 1, 2013,"; in line 3, by striking "the effective date of this act" and inserting "January 1, 2013,"; in line 7, by striking "the"; in line 8, by striking "effective date of this act" and inserting "January 1, 2013";

On page 5, in line 41, after "therapist," by inserting "licensed addiction counselor, licensed clinical addiction counselor,"; in line 43, by striking "master" and inserting "masters":

On page 6, in line 6, by striking "the effective date of this act" and inserting "January 1, 2013,"; in line 7, by striking "the effective date of this act" and inserting "January 1, 2013,"; in line 12, by striking "the effective date of this act" and inserting "January 1, 2013"; in line 18, by striking "this" and inserting "the batterer intervention program certification"; in line 23, by striking "this" and inserting "the batterer intervention program certification"; in line 32, by striking "this" and inserting "the batterer intervention program certification";

On page 7, in line 9, by striking "this" and inserting "the batterer intervention program certification"; in line 13, by striking "this" and inserting "the batterer intervention program certification";

On page 8, in line 2, by striking "this" and inserting "the batterer intervention program certification"; in line 9, by striking "this" and inserting "the batterer intervention program certification"; in line 17, by striking "this" and inserting "the

batterer intervention program certification"; in line 20, by striking "this" and inserting "the batterer intervention program certification"; in line 26, by striking "this" and inserting "the batterer intervention program certification"; in line 28, by striking "this" and inserting "the batterer intervention program certification"; in line 38, by striking "this" and inserting "the batterer intervention program certification";

On page 9, in line 1, by striking "this act, and amendments"; in line 2, by striking "thereto"; and inserting "the batterer intervention program certification act"; in line 9, by striking "this" and inserting "the batterer intervention program certification"; in line 13, by striking "this" and inserting "the batterer intervention program certification"; in line 18, by striking "this" and inserting "the batterer intervention program certification"; in line 20, by striking "this" and inserting "the batterer intervention program certification"; in line 22, by striking "this" and inserting "the batterer intervention program certification"; in line 23, by striking "this" and inserting "the batterer intervention program certification"; in line 24, by striking "this" and inserting "the batterer intervention program certification"; in line 27, by striking "this" and inserting "the batterer intervention program certification"; in line 37, by striking "this" and inserting "the batterer intervention program certification"; in line 43, by striking "this" and inserting "the batterer intervention program certification"; in line 43, by striking "this" and inserting "the batterer intervention program certification";

On page 13, in line 20, after "program" by inserting ", unless otherwise ordered by the court or department of corrections"; in line 33, after the second "program" by inserting ", unless otherwise ordered by the court or department of corrections";

On page 14, by striking all in lines 34 through 43;

By striking all on pages 15 through 22;

On page 23, by striking all in lines 1 through 21 and inserting:

- "Sec. 16. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6604, as amended by section 1 of 2012 House Bill No. 2465 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-6604. (a) Whenever any person has been found guilty of a crime, the court may adjudge any of the following:
- (1) Commit the defendant to the custody of the secretary of corrections if the current crime of conviction is a felony and the sentence presumes imprisonment, or the sentence imposed is a dispositional departure to imprisonment; or, if confinement is for a misdemeanor, to jail for the term provided by law;
- (2) impose the fine applicable to the offense and may impose the provisions of subsection (q);
- (3) release the defendant on probation if the current crime of conviction and criminal history fall within a presumptive nonprison category or through a departure for substantial and compelling reasons subject to such conditions as the court may deem appropriate. In felony cases except for violations of K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto, the court may include confinement in a county jail not to exceed 60 days, which need not be served consecutively, as a condition of an original probation sentence and up to 60 days in a county jail upon each revocation of the probation sentence, or community corrections placement;
- (4) assign the defendant to a community correctional services program as provided in K.S.A. 75-5291, and amendments thereto, or through a departure for substantial and compelling reasons subject to such conditions as the court may deem appropriate, including orders requiring full or partial restitution;
- (5) assign the defendant to a conservation camp for a period not to exceed six months as a condition of probation followed by a six-month period of follow-up

through adult intensive supervision by a community correctional services program, if the offender successfully completes the conservation camp program;

- (6) assign the defendant to a house arrest program pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6609, and amendments thereto;
- (7) order the defendant to attend and satisfactorily complete an alcohol or drug education or training program as provided by subsection (c) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6602, and amendments thereto;
- (8) order the defendant to repay the amount of any reward paid by any crime stoppers chapter, individual, corporation or public entity which materially aided in the apprehension or conviction of the defendant; repay the amount of any costs and expenses incurred by any law enforcement agency in the apprehension of the defendant, if one of the current crimes of conviction of the defendant includes escape from custody or aggravated escape from custody, as defined in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5911, and amendments thereto; repay expenses incurred by a fire district, fire department or fire company responding to a fire which has been determined to be arson or aggravated arson as defined in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5812, and amendments thereto, if the defendant is convicted of such crime; repay the amount of any public funds utilized by a law enforcement agency to purchase controlled substances from the defendant during the investigation which leads to the defendant's conviction; or repay the amount of any medical costs and expenses incurred by any law enforcement agency or county. Such repayment of the amount of any such costs and expenses incurred by a county, law enforcement agency, fire district, fire department or fire company or any public funds utilized by a law enforcement agency shall be deposited and credited to the same fund from which the public funds were credited to prior to use by the county, law enforcement agency, fire district, fire department or fire company;
- (9) order the defendant to pay the administrative fee authorized by K.S.A. 22-4529, and amendments thereto, unless waived by the court;
- (10) order the defendant to pay a domestic violence special program fee authorized by K.S.A. 20-369, and amendments thereto;
- (11) if the defendant is convicted of a misdemeanor or convicted of a felony specified in subsection (i) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6804, and amendments thereto, assign the defendant to work release program, other than a program at a correctional institution under the control of the secretary of corrections as defined in K.S.A. 75-5202, and amendments thereto, provided such work release program requires such defendant to return to confinement at the end of each day in the work release program. On a second conviction of K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto, an offender placed into a work release program must serve a total of 120 hours of confinement. Such 120 hours of confinement shall be a period of at least 48 consecutive hours of imprisonment followed by confinement hours at the end of and continuing to the beginning of the offender's work day. On a third or subsequent conviction of K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto, an offender placed into a work release program must serve a total of 240 hours of confinement. Such 240 hours of confinement shall be a period of at least 48 consecutive hours of imprisonment followed by confinement hours at the end of and continuing to the beginning of the offender's work day:
- (12) order the defendant to pay the full amount of unpaid costs associated with the conditions of release of the appearance bond under K.S.A. 22-2802, and amendments thereto;

- (13) impose any appropriate combination of (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10), (11) and (12); or
  - (14) suspend imposition of sentence in misdemeanor cases.
- (b) (1) In addition to or in lieu of any of the above, the court shall order the defendant to pay restitution, which shall include, but not be limited to, damage or loss caused by the defendant's crime, unless the court finds compelling circumstances which would render a plan of restitution unworkable. In regard to a violation of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6107, and amendments thereto, such damage or loss shall include, but not be limited to, attorney fees and costs incurred to repair the credit history or rating of the person whose personal identification documents were obtained and used in violation of such section, and to satisfy a debt, lien or other obligation incurred by the person whose personal identification documents were obtained and used in violation of such section. If the court finds a plan of restitution unworkable, the court shall state on the record in detail the reasons therefor.
- (2) If the court orders restitution, the restitution shall be a judgment against the defendant which may be collected by the court by garnishment or other execution as on judgments in civil cases. If, after 60 days from the date restitution is ordered by the court, a defendant is found to be in noncompliance with the plan established by the court for payment of restitution, and the victim to whom restitution is ordered paid has not initiated proceedings in accordance with K.S.A. 60-4301 *et seq.*, and amendments thereto, the court shall assign an agent procured by the attorney general pursuant to K.S.A. 75-719, and amendments thereto, to collect the restitution on behalf of the victim. The chief judge of each judicial district may assign such cases to an appropriate division of the court for the conduct of civil collection proceedings.
- (c) In addition to or in lieu of any of the above, the court shall order the defendant to submit to and complete an alcohol and drug evaluation, and pay a fee therefor, when required by subsection (d) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6602, and amendments thereto.
- (d) In addition to any of the above, the court shall order the defendant to reimburse the county general fund for all or a part of the expenditures by the county to provide counsel and other defense services to the defendant. Any such reimbursement to the county shall be paid only after any order for restitution has been paid in full. In determining the amount and method of payment of such sum, the court shall take account of the financial resources of the defendant and the nature of the burden that payment of such sum will impose. A defendant who has been required to pay such sum and who is not willfully in default in the payment thereof may at any time petition the court which sentenced the defendant to waive payment of such sum or any unpaid portion thereof. If it appears to the satisfaction of the court that payment of the amount due will impose manifest hardship on the defendant or the defendant's immediate family, the court may waive payment of all or part of the amount due or modify the method of payment.
- (e) In releasing a defendant on probation, the court shall direct that the defendant be under the supervision of a court services officer. If the court commits the defendant to the custody of the secretary of corrections or to jail, the court may specify in its order the amount of restitution to be paid and the person to whom it shall be paid if restitution is later ordered as a condition of parole, conditional release or postrelease supervision.
- (f) (1) When a new felony is committed while the offender is incarcerated and serving a sentence for a felony, or while the offender is on probation, assignment to a

community correctional services program, parole, conditional release or postrelease supervision for a felony, a new sentence shall be imposed pursuant to the consecutive sentencing requirements of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6606, and amendments thereto, and the court may sentence the offender to imprisonment for the new conviction, even when the new crime of conviction otherwise presumes a nonprison sentence. In this event, imposition of a prison sentence for the new crime does not constitute a departure.

- (2) When a new felony is committed while the offender is incarcerated in a juvenile correctional facility pursuant to K.S.A. 38-1671, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2373, and amendments thereto, for an offense, which if committed by an adult would constitute the commission of a felony, upon conviction, the court shall sentence the offender to imprisonment for the new conviction, even when the new crime of conviction otherwise presumes a nonprison sentence. In this event, imposition of a prison sentence for the new crime does not constitute a departure. The conviction shall operate as a full and complete discharge from any obligations, except for an order of restitution, imposed on the offender arising from the offense for which the offender was committed to a juvenile correctional facility.
- (3) When a new felony is committed while the offender is on release for a felony pursuant to the provisions of article 28 of chapter 22 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, or similar provisions of the laws of another jurisdiction, a new sentence may be imposed pursuant to the consecutive sentencing requirements of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6606, and amendments thereto, and the court may sentence the offender to imprisonment for the new conviction, even when the new crime of conviction otherwise presumes a nonprison sentence. In this event, imposition of a prison sentence for the new crime does not constitute a departure.
- (g) Prior to imposing a dispositional departure for a defendant whose offense is classified in the presumptive nonprison grid block of either sentencing guideline grid, prior to sentencing a defendant to incarceration whose offense is classified in grid blocks 5-H, 5-I or 6-G of the sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes or in grid blocks 3-E, 3-F, 3-G, 3-H or 3-I of the sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes, prior to sentencing a defendant to incarceration whose offense is classified in grid blocks 4-E or 4-F of the sentencing guideline grid for drug crimes and whose offense does not meet the requirements of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6824, and amendments thereto, prior to revocation of a nonprison sanction of a defendant whose offense is classified in grid blocks 4-E or 4-F of the sentencing guideline grid for drug crimes and whose offense does not meet the requirements of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6824, and amendments thereto, or prior to revocation of a nonprison sanction of a defendant whose offense is classified in the presumptive nonprison grid block of either sentencing guideline grid or grid blocks 5-H, 5-I or 6-G of the sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes or in grid blocks 3-E, 3-F, 3-G, 3-H or 3-I of the sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes, the court shall consider placement of the defendant in the Labette correctional conservation camp, conservation camps established by the secretary of corrections pursuant to K.S.A. 75-52,127, and amendment amendments thereto, or a community intermediate sanction center. Pursuant to this paragraph the defendant shall not be sentenced to imprisonment if space is available in a conservation camp or a community intermediate sanction center and the defendant meets all of the conservation camp's or a community intermediate sanction center's placement criteria unless the court states on the record the reasons for not placing the defendant in a conservation camp or a

community intermediate sanction center.

- (h) The court in committing a defendant to the custody of the secretary of corrections shall fix a term of confinement within the limits provided by law. In those cases where the law does not fix a term of confinement for the crime for which the defendant was convicted, the court shall fix the term of such confinement.
- In addition to any of the above, the court shall order the defendant to reimburse the state general fund for all or a part of the expenditures by the state board of indigents' defense services to provide counsel and other defense services to the defendant. In determining the amount and method of payment of such sum, the court shall take account of the financial resources of the defendant and the nature of the burden that payment of such sum will impose. A defendant who has been required to pay such sum and who is not willfully in default in the payment thereof may at any time petition the court which sentenced the defendant to waive payment of such sum or any unpaid portion thereof. If it appears to the satisfaction of the court that payment of the amount due will impose manifest hardship on the defendant or the defendant's immediate family, the court may waive payment of all or part of the amount due or modify the method of payment. The amount of attorney fees to be included in the court order for reimbursement shall be the amount claimed by appointed counsel on the payment voucher for indigents' defense services or the amount prescribed by the board of indigents' defense services reimbursement tables as provided in K.S.A. 22-4522, and amendments thereto, whichever is less.
- (j) This section shall not deprive the court of any authority conferred by any other Kansas statute to decree a forfeiture of property, suspend or cancel a license, remove a person from office or impose any other civil penalty as a result of conviction of crime.
- (k) An application for or acceptance of probation or assignment to a community correctional services program shall not constitute an acquiescence in the judgment for purpose of appeal, and any convicted person may appeal from such conviction, as provided by law, without regard to whether such person has applied for probation, suspended sentence or assignment to a community correctional services program.
- (I) The secretary of corrections is authorized to make direct placement to the Labette correctional conservation camp or a conservation camp established by the secretary pursuant to K.S.A. 75-52,127, and amendments thereto, of an inmate sentenced to the secretary's custody if the inmate:
- (1) Has been sentenced to the secretary for a probation revocation, as a departure from the presumptive nonimprisonment grid block of either sentencing grid, for an offense which is classified in grid blocks 5-H, 5-I, or 6-G of the sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes or in grid blocks 3-E, 3-F, 3-G, 3-H or 3-I of the sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes, or for an offense which is classified in grid blocks 4-E or 4-F of the sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes and such offense does not meet the requirements of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6824, and amendments thereto; and
  - (2) otherwise meets admission criteria of the camp.

If the inmate successfully completes a conservation camp program, the secretary of corrections shall report such completion to the sentencing court and the county or district attorney. The inmate shall then be assigned by the court to six months of follow-up supervision conducted by the appropriate community corrections services program. The court may also order that supervision continue thereafter for the length of time authorized by K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6608, and amendments thereto.

- (m) When it is provided by law that a person shall be sentenced pursuant to K.S.A. 1993 Supp. 21-4628, prior to its repeal, the provisions of this section shall not apply.
- (n) Except as provided by subsection (f) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6805, and amendments thereto, in addition to any of the above, for felony violations of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5706, and amendments thereto, the court shall require the defendant who meets the requirements established in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6824, and amendments thereto, to participate in a certified drug abuse treatment program, as provided in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 75-52,144, and amendments thereto, including, but not limited to, an approved after-care plan. If the defendant fails to participate in or has a pattern of intentional conduct that demonstrates the offender's refusal to comply with or participate in the treatment program, as established by judicial finding, the defendant shall be subject to revocation of probation and the defendant shall serve the underlying prison sentence as established in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6805, and amendments thereto. For those offenders who are convicted on or after July 1, 2003, upon completion of the underlying prison sentence, the defendant shall not be subject to a period of postrelease supervision. The amount of time spent participating in such program shall not be credited as service on the underlying prison sentence.
- (o) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (3), in addition to any other penalty or disposition imposed by law, upon a conviction for unlawful possession of a controlled substance or controlled substance analog in violation of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5706, and amendments thereto, in which the trier of fact makes a finding that the unlawful possession occurred while transporting the controlled substance or controlled substance analog in any vehicle upon a highway or street, the offender's driver's license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle on the streets and highways of this state shall be suspended for one year.
- (2) Upon suspension of a license pursuant to this subsection, the court shall require the person to surrender the license to the court, which shall transmit the license to the division of motor vehicles of the department of revenue, to be retained until the period of suspension expires. At that time, the licensee may apply to the division for return of the license. If the license has expired, the person may apply for a new license, which shall be issued promptly upon payment of the proper fee and satisfaction of other conditions established by law for obtaining a license unless another suspension or revocation of the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle is in effect.
- (3) (A) In lieu of suspending the driver's license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle on the highways of this state of any person as provided in paragraph (1), the judge of the court in which such person was convicted may enter an order which places conditions on such person's privilege of operating a motor vehicle on the highways of this state, a certified copy of which such person shall be required to carry any time such person is operating a motor vehicle on the highways of this state. Any such order shall prescribe the duration of the conditions imposed, which in no event shall be for a period of more than one year.
- (B) Upon entering an order restricting a person's license hereunder, the judge shall require such person to surrender such person's driver's license to the judge who shall cause it to be transmitted to the division of vehicles, together with a copy of the order. Upon receipt thereof, the division of vehicles shall issue without charge a driver's license which shall indicate on its face that conditions have been imposed on such person's privilege of operating a motor vehicle and that a certified copy of the order

imposing such conditions is required to be carried by the person for whom the license was issued any time such person is operating a motor vehicle on the highways of this state. If the person convicted is a nonresident, the judge shall cause a copy of the order to be transmitted to the division and the division shall forward a copy of it to the motor vehicle administrator, of such person's state of residence. Such judge shall furnish to any person whose driver's license has had conditions imposed on it under this paragraph a copy of the order, which shall be recognized as a valid Kansas driver's license until such time as the division shall issue the restricted license provided for in this paragraph.

- (C) Upon expiration of the period of time for which conditions are imposed pursuant to this subsection, the licensee may apply to the division for the return of the license previously surrendered by such licensee. In the event such license has expired, such person may apply to the division for a new license, which shall be issued immediately by the division upon payment of the proper fee and satisfaction of the other conditions established by law, unless such person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle on the highways of this state has been suspended or revoked prior thereto. If any person shall violate any of the conditions imposed under this paragraph, such person's driver's license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle on the highways of this state shall be revoked for a period of not less than 60 days nor more than one year by the judge of the court in which such person is convicted of violating such conditions.
- (4) As used in this subsection, "highway" and "street" means the same as in K.S.A. 8-1424 and 8-1473, and amendments thereto.
- (p) In addition to any of the above, for any criminal offense that includes the domestic violence designation pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 22-4616, and amendments thereto, the court shall require the defendant to: (1) Undergo a domestic violence offender assessment and conducted by a certified batterer intervention program; and (2) follow all recommendations made by such program, unless otherwise ordered by the court or the department of corrections. The court may order a domestic violence offender assessment and any other evaluation prior to sentencing if the assessment or evaluation would assist the court in determining an appropriate sentence. The entity completing the assessment or evaluation shall provide the assessment or evaluation and recommendations to the court and the court shall provide the domestic violence offender assessment and any other evaluation to any entity responsible for supervising such defendant. A defendant ordered to undergo a domestic violence offender assessment shall be required to pay for the assessment and, unless otherwise ordered by the court or the department of corrections, for completion of all recommendations.
- (q) In imposing a fine, the court may authorize the payment thereof in installments. In lieu of payment of any fine imposed, the court may order that the person perform community service specified by the court. The person shall receive a credit on the fine imposed in an amount equal to \$5 for each full hour spent by the person in the specified community service. The community service ordered by the court shall be required to be performed by the later of one year after the fine is imposed or one year after release from imprisonment or jail, or by an earlier date specified by the court. If by the required date the person performs an insufficient amount of community service to reduce to zero the portion of the fine required to be paid by the person, the remaining balance shall become due on that date. If conditional reduction of any fine is rescinded by the court for any reason, then pursuant to the court's order the person may be ordered to perform

community service by one year after the date of such recission or by an earlier date specified by the court. If by the required date the person performs an insufficient amount of community service to reduce to zero the portion of the fine required to be paid by the person, the remaining balance of the fine shall become due on that date. All credits for community service shall be subject to review and approval by the court.

(r) In addition to any other penalty or disposition imposed by law, for any defendant sentenced to imprisonment pursuant to K.S.A. 21-4643, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6627, and amendments thereto, for crimes committed on or after July 1, 2006, the court shall order that the defendant be electronically monitored upon release from imprisonment for the duration of the defendant's natural life and that the defendant shall reimburse the state for all or part of the cost of such monitoring as determined by the prisoner review board.";

On page 23, in line 24, by striking "or in the municipal court"; in line 26, after "offense." by inserting "On and after July 1, 2013, in all criminal cases filed in the municipal court, if there is evidence that the defendant committed a domestic violence offense, the trier of fact shall determine whether the defendant committed a domestic violence offense.":

On page 24, by striking lines 4 and 5 and inserting:

- "Sec. 18. On July 1, 2012, K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-3508 is hereby amended to read as follows: 23-3508. (a) The court may order case management, when appropriate, of any contested issue of child custody or parenting time at any time, upon the motion of a party or on the court's own motion. A hearing officer in a proceeding pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-3401, and amendments thereto, may order case management, if appropriate, of a contested issue of child visitation or parenting time in such a proceeding.
- (b) Cases in which case management is appropriate shall include one or more of the following circumstances:
- (1) Private or public neutral dispute resolution services have been tried and failed to resolve the disputes;
  - (2) other neutral services have been determined to be inappropriate for the family;
- (3) repetitive conflict occurs within the family, as evidenced by the filing of at least two motions in a six-month period for enforcement, modification or change of residency, visitation, parenting time or custody which are denied by the court; or
  - (4) a parent exhibits diminished capacity to parent.
- (c) If the court or hearing officer orders case management under subsection (a), the court or hearing officer shall appoint a case manager, taking into consideration the following:
- (1) An agreement by the parties to have a specific case manager appointed by the court or hearing officer;
- (2) the financial circumstances of the parties and the costs assessed by the case manager;
- (3) the case manager's knowledge of (A) the Kansas judicial system and the procedure used in domestic relations cases, (B) other resources in the community to which parties can be referred for assistance, (C) child development, (D) clinical issues relating to children, (E) the effects of divorce on children and (F) the psychology of families; and
  - (4) the case manager's training and experience in the process and techniques of

alternative dispute resolution and case management.

- (d) To qualify as an appointed case manager, an individual shall:
- (1) (A) Be currently licensed in Kansas as a licensed psychologist, licensed masters level psychologist, licensed clinical psychotherapist, licensed professional counselor, licensed clinical professional counselor, licensed marriage and family therapist, licensed clinical marriage and family therapist, licensed master social worker or licensed specialist social worker;
- (B) be currently licensed to practice law in Kansas and have at least five years of experience in the field of domestic relations law or family law; or
- (C) be a court services officer and have training in domestic relations cases as prescribed by the district court in which the case is filed;
  - (1) (2) be qualified to conduct mediation;
  - (2) (3) have experience as a mediator;
- (3) (4) attend a workshop one or more workshops, approved and as ordered by the district court in which the case is filed, on case management; and
- (4) (5) participate in continuing education complete a minimum number of continuing education hours regarding case management issues or abuse and control dynamics issues as established and approved by the supreme court.
- (e) On and after September 1, 2012, any case manager appointed by the court prior to, on or after July 1, 2012, shall meet the requirements of subsection (d).

New Sec. 19. The provisions of chapter 23 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, shall be known as the Kansas family law code.

New Sec. 20. The provisions of the Kansas family law code shall be construed to secure the just, speedy, inexpensive and equitable determination of issues in all domestic relations matters.

New Sec. 21. Procedure under the Kansas family law code shall be governed by the Kansas code of civil procedure, and amendments thereto, except as this code otherwise specifically provides.

New Sec. 22. Evidence under the Kansas family law code shall be governed by the Kansas code of evidence, and amendments thereto, except as this code otherwise specifically provides.

New Sec. 23. The provisions of sections 19 through 22, and amendments thereto, shall be construed and applied retroactively.

New Sec. 24. (a) A decree in an action under article 27 of chapter 23 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, may include orders on the following matters:

- (1) An order changing or terminating the parties' marital status by divorce, annulment or separate maintenance;
- (2) an order making an equitable division of the parties' property as authorized by article 28 of chapter 23 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto;
- (3) an order regarding spousal support as authorized by article 29 of chapter 23 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto;
- (4) an order for child support as authorized by article 30 of chapter 23 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto;
- (5) an order allocating parental decision-making and entering a parenting plan as authorized by article 32 of chapter 23 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto:

- (6) an order changing one or both parties' names as authorized by K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-2716, and amendments thereto; and
- (7) an order awarding costs and attorneys fees to either party under K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-2715, and amendments thereto.
  - (b) The provisions of this section shall be construed and applied retroactively.

New Sec. 25. The 2012 amendments to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-2217, 23-2706, 23-2709, 23-2710, 23-2715, 23-2717, 23-2802, 23-2902, 23-2905, 23-3001, 23-3004, 23-3005, 23-3207, 23-3208, 23-3215, 23-3219, 23-3221, 23-3222, 23-3301, 23-3302, 23-3304 and 23-3403 shall be construed and applied retroactively.

- Sec. 26. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 12-5005 is hereby amended to read as follows: 12-5005. (a) Every retired member of a local police or fire pension plan and every active member of the plan who is entitled to make an election to become a member of the Kansas police and firemen's retirement system pursuant to K.S.A. 12-5003 or 74-4955, and amendments thereto, and who does not so elect shall become a special member of the Kansas police and firemen's retirement system on the entry date of the city which is affiliating with the Kansas police and firemen's retirement system with regard to all active members and retired members of the local police or fire pension plan under K.S.A. 74-4954, and amendments thereto.
- (b) Beginning with the first payroll for services as a policeman or fireman after an active member of a local police or fire pension plan becomes a special member of the Kansas police and firemen's retirement system under this section, the city shall deduct from the compensation of each special member the greater of 7% or the percentage rate of contribution which the active member was required to contribute to the local police or fire pension plan preceding the entry date of the city, as employee contributions. The deductions shall be remitted quarterly, or as the board of trustees otherwise provides, to the executive secretary of the Kansas public employees retirement system for credit to the Kansas public employees retirement fund. All deductions shall be credited to the special members' individual accounts beginning on July 1 of the year following the entry date of the city for purposes of all active and retired members of the local police and fire pension plan.
- (c) Except as otherwise provided in this act, each active member of a local police or fire pension plan who becomes a special member of the Kansas police and firemen's retirement system under this section shall be subject to the provisions of and entitled to pensions and other benefits, rights and privileges to the extent provided under the local police and fire pension plan on the day immediately preceding the entry date of the city which is affiliating with the Kansas police and firemen's retirement system with regard to all active members and retired members of the plan.
- (d) Each retired member of a local police or fire pension plan who becomes a special member of the Kansas police and firemen's retirement system under this section shall be entitled to receive from the Kansas police and firemen's retirement system a pension or any other benefit to the same extent and subject to the same conditions as existed under the local police or fire pension plan on the day immediately preceding the entry date of the city which is affiliating with the system with regard to all active members and retired members of the plan under K.S.A. 74-4954, and amendments thereto, except no retired special member shall be appointed in or to a position or office for which compensation is paid for service to the same state agency, or the same police or fire department of a city, township, special district or county or the same sheriff's

office of a county. This subsection shall not apply to service rendered by a retiree as a juror, as a witness in any legal proceeding or action, as an election board judge or clerk or in any other office or position of a similar nature. However, all such benefits paid shall be paid in accordance with the applicable requirements under section 401 (a)(9) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986 as applicable to governmental plans, as in effect on July 1, 2008, and the regulations thereto, as in effect on July 1, 2008, and in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 74-49,123, and amendments thereto. Any retiree employed by a participating employer in the Kansas police and firemen's retirement system shall not make contributions or receive additional credit under the system for that service. This subsection, except as it relates to contributions and additional credit, shall not apply to the employment of any retiree by the state of Kansas, or any county, city, township, special district, political subdivision or instrumentality of any one or several of the aforementioned for a period of not exceeding 30 days in any one calendar year.

- (e) (1) Every pension or other benefit received by any special member pursuant to subsection (c) or (d) is hereby made and declared exempt from any tax of the state of Kansas or any political subdivision or taxing body of this state; shall not be subject to execution, garnishment, attachment or any other process or claim whatsoever, except such pension or benefit or any accumulated contributions due and owing from the system to such special member are subject to decrees for child support or maintenance, or both, as provided in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-2712, 23-2715, 23-2716, 23-2802, 23-2902 through 23-2905, 23-3001 through 23-3006, 23-3201 through 23-3207, 23-3216 and 23-3218 articles 29, 30 and 31 of chapter 23 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto; and shall be unassignable, except that within 30 days after the death of a retirant the lump-sum death benefit payable to a retirant pursuant to the provisions of K.S.A. 74-4989, and amendments thereto, may be assignable to a funeral establishment providing funeral services to such retirant by the beneficiary of such retirant. The Kansas public employees retirement system shall not be a party to any action under K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-2701 through 23-2718, 23-2802, 23-2901 through 23-2905, 23-3001 through 23-3006, 23-3119, 23-3120, 23-3201 through 23-3222, 23-3301, 23-3402, 23-3403, 23-3510 and 28-179, and amendments thereto the Kansas family law code, chapter 23 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, and is subject to orders from such actions issued by the district court of the county where such action was filed. Such orders from such actions shall specify either a specific amount or specific percentage of the amount of the pension or benefit or any accumulated contributions due and owing from the system to be distributed by the system pursuant to this act.
- (2) Every pension or other benefit received by any special member pursuant to subsection (c) or (d) is hereby made and declared exempt from any tax of the state of Kansas or any political subdivision or taxing body of this state; shall not be subject to execution, garnishment, attachment or any other process or claim whatsoever, except such pension or benefit or any accumulated contributions due and owing from the system to such special members are subject to claims of an alternate payee under a qualified domestic relations order. As used in this subsection, the terms "alternate payee" and "qualified domestic relations order" shall have the meaning ascribed to them in section 414(p) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986, as in effect on July 1, 2008. The provisions of this subsection shall apply to any qualified domestic

relations order which is in effect on or after July 1, 1994.

- (f) (1) Subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 74-49,123, and amendments thereto, each participating employer, pursuant to the provisions of section 414(h)(2) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986, as in effect on July 1, 2008, shall pick up and pay the contributions which would otherwise be payable by members as prescribed in subsection (b) commencing with the third quarter of 1984. The contributions so picked up shall be treated as employer contributions for purposes of determining the amounts of federal income taxes to withhold from the member's compensation.
- (2) Member contributions picked up by the employer shall be paid from the same source of funds used for the payment of compensation to a member. A deduction shall be made from each member's compensation equal to the amount of the member's contributions picked up by the employer, provided that such deduction shall not reduce the member's compensation for purposes of computing benefits under K.S.A. 12-5001 to 12-5007, inclusive, and amendments thereto.
- (3) Member contributions picked up by the employer shall be remitted quarterly, or as the board may otherwise provide, to the executive secretary for credit to the Kansas public employees retirement fund. Such contributions shall be credited to a separate account within the member's individual account so that amounts contributed by the member commencing with the third quarter of 1984 may be distinguished from the member contributions picked up by the employer. Interest shall be added annually to members' individual accounts.
- Sec. 27. K.S.A. 13-1246a is hereby amended to read as follows: 13-1246a. (a) (1) Any board of public utilities in any municipality of the state of Kansas having a population of more than 120,000 shall be empowered to enter into an agreement with its employees for the purpose of reorganizing and establishing a board to be known as a board of pension trustees composed of six members, and for the purpose of continuing, revising, maintaining and adopting an equitable and adequate pension program for all of its employees, including retired employees, and their dependents. Three members of the board of pension trustees shall be appointed by the board of public utilities from its regular employees to serve at its discretion. Three members of the board of public utilities from its nonsupervisory employees and shall serve for fixed periods of one year, commencing on July 1, of each year.
- (2) Present employees of such board of public utilities, in order to pay the cost of implementing, continuing and operating such retirement pension plan for such present employees, shall contribute in the aggregate from their earnings not more than ½ of the costs of future-service pensions, and such board of public utilities shall pay or contribute the remaining portion thereof to any revised, continued or adopted retirement pension plan, as provided for herein.
- (3) Any costs of paying increased pensions or benefits to retired employees and their dependents of such board of public utilities, and the costs of any back-service obligations under terms of such revised pension plan as may be found and determined to be proper and equitable, under rules and provisions to be adopted by such board of pension trustees, shall be borne in their entirety by such board of public utilities; and such contributions to such continued and revised retirement pension plan for the use and benefit of retired employees and their dependents which shall be made by such board of public utilities shall be computed and based on sound actuarial standards.

- (4) Such board of pension trustees shall be empowered to make and enter into an agreement with such board of public utilities, authorizing such board of pension trustees to take control and custody of all assets, property and funds presently held, controlled and in the possession of the now constituted retirement advisory council of such board of public utilities, and its present trustee, as the same was theretofore created and is now functioning as provided by K.S.A. 13-1247, and amendments thereto. The board shall provide for such additional funds as may be necessary to fulfill the purposes of this act.
- (5) Such board of pension trustees shall be empowered to control and take immediately into and under its custody and control, title to and possession of all records, funds, property and assets of the such existing retirement advisory council of such board of public utilities, and its present trustees, as the same is now constituted by the provisions of K.S.A. 13-1247, and amendments thereto, which such retirement council of such board of public utilities, its powers, authority and duties shall be abolished, cease and terminate upon the effective date of this act.
- (b) (1) The board of pension trustees shall establish a formal, adequate written pension plan with specific rules of eligibility for pension coverage for all present employees, including retired employees, and their dependents, of such board of public utilities. The plan and rules appertaining thereto may be amended at any time by the vote of four members of such board of pension trustees and may be the subject of negotiations between such board of public utilities and its employees, but subject to the revision, adoption and ratification of the same by such board of pension trustees, as the same is created and governed by the provisions of this act. The plan and rules shall be printed and distributed to all employees.
- (2) Pensions and retirement benefits, received and paid under the such continued and revised retirement pension plan and rules promulgated by such board of pension trustees, to retired employees, their dependents, and present employees, shall at all times bear a reasonable relationship to the wages or earnings paid to any employee of such board of public utilities. Such benefits shall be compatible with any changes in cost of living indexes except, such plan and benefits payable shall at all times be in strict conformity with current, sound actuarial standards and principles.
- (3) No employee shall be exempt from having contributions made on such employee's behalf or be precluded from receiving benefits for any reason other than lack of age, or an insufficient period or time of employment.
- (4) No plan shall be adopted or modified at any future time which is not properly funded and in conformity with recognized, sound actuarial principles and standards.
- (5) All funds and the earnings therefrom held in trust for the use and benefit of the employees and members, including retired employees and their dependents, of such board of public utilities, of any retirement pension plan continued, revised and adopted under the provisions of this act, shall be exempt from civil process, taxation or assessment, and shall not be subject to seizure or execution or liens of any kind. All benefits due to the members or to their beneficiaries of any retirement pension plan continued and revised under the provisions of this act, shall be exempt from any tax of the state of Kansas or any political subdivision or taxing body of the state and civil liability for debts of the members and employees, or their beneficiaries, receiving the same, and, except as otherwise provided, shall not be subject to seizure, execution or process of any nature. Any annuity or benefit or accumulated contributions due and

owing to any person under the provisions of any retirement pension plan continued and revised under the provisions of this act are subject to claims of an alternate pavee under a qualified domestic relations order. As used in this subsection, the terms "alternate payee" and "qualified domestic relations order" shall have the meaning ascribed to them in section 414(p) of the United States internal revenue code of 1954, as amended. The provisions of this act shall apply to any qualified domestic relations order which is in effect on or after July 1, 1994. Such retirement pension plan continued and revised under the provisions of this act, such board of pension trustees, or such board of public utilities shall not be a party to any action under-article 16 of chapter 60 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated the Kansas family law code, chapter 23 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, but is subject to orders from such actions issued by the district court of the county where such action was filed and may accept orders which it deems to be qualified under this subsection if such orders are issued by courts having jurisdiction of such actions outside the state of Kansas. Such orders from such actions shall specify either a specific amount or specific percentage of the amount of the pension or benefit or any accumulated contributions due and owing from such retirement pension plan pursuant to this act.

- (6) The members and employees of any retirement pension plan continued, revised and adopted under the provisions of this act, may name one or more beneficiaries to receive any benefits that may be due or become due to such member and employee in the event of such member or employee's death.
- Sec. 28. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 20-164 is hereby amended to read as follows: 20-164. (a) The supreme court shall establish by rule an expedited judicial process which shall be used in the establishment, modification and enforcement of orders of support pursuant to the Kansas parentage act; K.S.A. 23-451 et seq., or 39-718a, prior to their repeal; K.S.A. 23-4,125 through 23-4,137, 39-718b or 39-755, and amendments thereto or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-2712, 23-2715, 23-2716, 23-2802, 23-2902 through 23-2905, 23-3001 through 23-3006, 23-3101 through 23-3113, 23-3201 through 23-3207, 23-3216, 23-3218 38-2243, 38-2244, 38-2255 or 39-7,135 and amendments thereto.
- (b) The supreme court shall establish by rule an expedited judicial process for the enforcement of court orders granting visitation rights or parenting time.
- Sec. 29. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 20-165 is hereby amended to read as follows: 20-165. The supreme court shall adopt rules establishing guidelines for the amount of child support to be ordered in any action in this state including, but not limited to, K.S.A. 38-1121 and 39-755 and K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-2712, 23-2715, 23-2716, 23-2802, 23-2902 through 23-2905, 23-3001 through 23-3006, 23-3201 through 23-3207, 23-3216 and 23-3218 23-2215, and amendments thereto, article 30 of chapter 23 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, and section 24, and amendments thereto. In adopting such rules, the court shall consider the criteria in K.S.A. 38-1121\_2011 Supp. 23-2215, and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 30. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 20-302b is hereby amended to read as follows: 20-302b. (a) A district magistrate judge shall have the jurisdiction and power, in any case in which a violation of the laws of the state is charged, to conduct the trial of traffic infractions, eigarette or tobacco infractions or misdemeanor charges, to conduct the preliminary examination of felony charges and to hear felony arraignments subject to assignment pursuant to K.S.A. 20-329, and amendments thereto. Except as otherwise provided, in civil cases, a district magistrate judge shall have jurisdiction over actions

filed under the code of civil procedure for limited actions, K.S.A. 61-2801 *et seq.*, and amendments thereto, and concurrent jurisdiction, powers and duties with a district judge. Except as otherwise specifically provided in subsection (b), a district magistrate judge shall not have jurisdiction or cognizance over the following actions:

- (1) Any action, other than an action seeking judgment for an unsecured debt not sounding in tort and arising out of a contract for the provision of goods, services or money, in which the amount in controversy, exclusive of interests and costs, exceeds \$10,000. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to actions filed under the code of civil procedure for limited actions, K.S.A. 61-2801 *et seq.*, and amendments thereto. In actions of replevin, the affidavit in replevin or the verified petition fixing the value of the property shall govern the jurisdiction. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed as limiting the power of a district magistrate judge to hear any action pursuant to the Kansas probate code or to issue support orders as provided by paragraph (6) of this subsection;
- (2) actions against any officers of the state, or any subdivisions thereof, for misconduct in office;
  - (3) actions for specific performance of contracts for real estate;
- (4) actions in which title to real estate is sought to be recovered or in which an interest in real estate, either legal or equitable, is sought to be established. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed as limiting the right to bring an action for forcible detainer as provided in the acts contained in K.S.A. 61-3801 through 61-3808, and amendments thereto. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed as limiting the power of a district magistrate judge to hear any action pursuant to the Kansas probate code;
- (5) actions to foreclose real estate mortgages or to establish and foreclose liens on real estate as provided in the acts contained in article 11 of chapter 60 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto;
- (6) actions for divorce, separate maintenance or custody of minor children. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed as limiting the power of a district magistrate judge to: (A) Except as provided in subsection (e), hear any action pursuant to the Kansas code for care of children or the revised Kansas juvenile justice code; (B) establish, modify or enforce orders of support, including, but not limited to, orders of support pursuant to the Kansas parentage act, K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-2201 et seq., and amendments thereto, the uniform interstate family support act, K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-36,101 et seq., and amendments thereto, articles 29 or 30 of chapter 23 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, K.S.A. 23-4,125 through 23-4,137, 23-9,101 et seq., 39-718b or 39-755 or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-2712, 23-2715, 23-2716, 23-2802, 23-2902 through 23-3905, 23-3001 through 23-3006, 23-3101 through 23-3113, 23-3201 through 23-3207, 23-3216, 23-3218, 38-2338, 38-2339, or 38-2350 or 39-7,135, and amendments thereto; or (C) enforce orders granting visitation rights or parenting time;
  - (7) habeas corpus;
  - (8) receiverships;
  - (9) change of name;
  - (10) declaratory judgments;
  - (11) mandamus and quo warranto;
  - (12) injunctions;
  - (13) class actions;

- (14) rights of majority; and
- (15) actions pursuant to K.S.A. 59-29a01 et seq., and amendments thereto.
- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a), in the absence, disability or disqualification of a district judge, a district magistrate judge may:
- (1) Grant a restraining order, as provided in K.S.A. 60-902, and amendments thereto:
  - (2) appoint a receiver, as provided in K.S.A. 60-1301, and amendments thereto; and
  - (3) make any order authorized by K.S.A. 23-2707, and amendments thereto.
- (c) In accordance with the limitations and procedures prescribed by law, and subject to any rules of the supreme court relating thereto, any appeal permitted to be taken from an order or final decision of a district magistrate judge shall be tried and determined *de novo* by a district judge, except that in civil cases where a record was made of the action or proceeding before the district magistrate judge, the appeal shall be tried and determined on the record by a district judge.
- (d) Except as provided in subsection (e), upon motion of a party, the chief judge may reassign an action from a district magistrate judge to a district judge.
- (e) Upon motion of a party for a petition or motion filed under the Kansas code for care of children requesting termination of parental rights pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2361 through 38-2367, and amendments thereto, the chief judge shall reassign such action from a district magistrate judge to a district judge.
- Sec. 31. K.S.A. 20-1204a is hereby amended to read as follows: 20-1204a. (a) When an order in a civil action has been entered, the court that rendered the same may order a person alleged to be guilty of indirect contempt of such order to appear and show cause why such person should not be held in contempt if there is filed a motion requesting an order to appear and show cause which is accompanied by an affidavit specifically setting forth the facts constituting the alleged violation.
- (b) Except as provided in subsection (e), the order to appear and show cause shall be served upon the party allegedly in contempt by the sheriff or some other person appointed by the court for such purpose. Such order shall state the time and place where the person is to appear and shall be accompanied by a copy of the affidavit provided for in subsection (a). The court shall hear the matter at the time specified in the order, and upon proper showing, may extend the time so as to give the accused a reasonable opportunity to purge oneself of the contempt. If the court determines that a person is guilty of contempt such person shall be punished as the court shall direct.
- (c) If, after proper service of the order to appear and show cause, the person served shall not appear in court as ordered, or if the court finds at a hearing held on motion of a party to the civil action that the person allegedly in contempt is secreting oneself to avoid the process of the court, the court may issue a bench warrant commanding that the person be brought before the court to answer for contempt. When such person is brought before the court, the court shall proceed as provided in subsection (b). The court may make such orders concerning the release of the person pending the hearing as the court deems proper.
- (d) The provisions of this section shall apply to both criminal and civil contempts, but in the case of a criminal contempt the court on its own motion may cause the motion and affidavit provided for in subsection (a) to be filed.
- (e) In cases involving an alleged violation of a restraining order issued pursuant to paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of K.S.A. 60-1607 subsection (a)(2) of K.S.A. 2011

- <u>Supp. 23-2707</u>, and amendments thereto, if the affidavit filed pursuant to subsection (a) alleges physical abuse in violation of the court's order, the court immediately may issue a bench warrant and proceed as provided in subsection (c).
- (f) If a person is found guilty of contempt in a child support enforcement proceeding, including an assignment of child support rights to the commissioner of juvenile justice and the evidence shows that the person is or may be authorized to practice a profession by a licensing body as defined in K.S.A. 74-146, and amendments thereto, the court, in addition to any other remedies, may order that a notice pursuant to subsection (a) of K.S.A. 74-147, and amendments thereto be served on the licensing body. If the person found guilty of contempt as provided in this subsection is a licensed attorney, the court may file a complaint with the disciplinary administrator if the licensing agency is the Kansas supreme court, or the appropriate bar counsel's office if the licensee practices in another state.
- (g) If a person is found guilty of contempt in a child support enforcement proceeding, including an assignment of child support rights to the commissioner of juvenile justice, in an amount equal to or greater than the amount of support payable for six months or the obligor has been ordered by the court to pay a sum certain each month toward the liquidation of the arrearages and the obligor has substantially failed to abide by that order, the court may restrict the obligor's driver's license. Such restriction may include, but not be limited to, driving to, from and during the course of such person's employment. The court may order the public office, as defined in K.S.A. 23-4,106 K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-3102, and amendments thereto, to contact the division of vehicles of the department of revenue to restrict the obligor's driver's license as indicated in the court order until further order of the court.
- (h) The court shall not recognize a motion to issue nor order in a civil or criminal action a contempt citation against any person who reports or publishes the information that a gag order has been issued by the court.
- Sec. 32. K.S.A. 20-2618 is hereby amended to read as follows: 20-2618. Every annuity or other benefit received by any judge or other person pursuant to the retirement system for judges under the acts contained in article 26 of chapter 20 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, is exempt from any tax of the state of Kansas or any political subdivision or taxing body thereof: shall not be subject to execution, garnishment, attachment or except as otherwise provided, any other process or claim whatsoever; and shall be unassignable, except that within 30 days after the death of a retirant the lump-sum death benefit payable to a retirant pursuant to the provisions of K.S.A. 74-4989, and amendments thereto, may be assignable to a funeral establishment providing funeral services to such retirant by the beneficiary of such retirant. Any annuity or benefit or accumulated contributions due and owing to any judge or any person under the provisions of the retirement system for judges are subject to claims of an alternate payee under a qualified domestic relations order. As used in this subsection, the terms "alternate payee" and "qualified domestic relations order" shall have the meaning ascribed to them in section 414(p) of the federal internal revenue code. The provisions of this act shall apply to any qualified domestic relations order which was filed or amended either before or after July 1, 1994. The Kansas public employees retirement system shall not be a party to any action under-article 16 of ehapter 60 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto the Kansas family law code, chapter 23 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto,

but is subject to orders from such actions issued by the district court of the county where such action was filed and may also accept orders which it deems to be qualified under this subsection from courts having jurisdiction of such actions outside the state of Kansas. Such orders from such actions shall specify either a specific amount or specific percentage of the amount of the pension or benefit or any accumulated contributions due and owing from the system to be distributed by the system pursuant to this act.

- Sec. 33. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5808 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-5808. (a) Criminal trespass is entering or remaining upon or in any:
- (1) Land, nonnavigable body of water, structure, vehicle, aircraft or watercraft by a person who knows such person is not authorized or privileged to do so, and:
- (A) Such person enters or remains therein in defiance of an order not to enter or to leave such premises or property personally communicated to such person by the owner thereof or other authorized person;
- (B) such premises or property are posted in a manner reasonably likely to come to the attention of intruders, or are locked or fenced or otherwise enclosed, or shut or secured against passage or entry; or
- (C) such person enters or remains therein in defiance of a restraining order issued pursuant to K.S.A.—60-1607, 60-3105, 60-3106, 60-3107, 60-31a05 or 60-31a06 or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-2707, 38-2243, 38-2244 or 38-2255, and amendments thereto, and the restraining order has been personally served upon the person so restrained; or
- (2) public or private land or structure in a manner that interferes with access to or from any health care facility by a person who knows such person is not authorized or privileged to do so and such person enters or remains thereon or therein in defiance of an order not to enter or to leave such land or structure personally communicated to such person by the owner of the health care facility or other authorized person.
- (b) Criminal trespass is a class B nonperson misdemeanor. Upon a conviction of a violation of subsection (a)(1)(C), a person shall be sentenced to not less than 48 consecutive hours of imprisonment which shall be served either before or as a condition of any grant of probation or suspension, reduction of sentence or parole.
  - (c) As used in this section:
- (1) "Health care facility" means any licensed medical care facility, certificated health maintenance organization, licensed mental health center or mental health clinic, licensed psychiatric hospital or other facility or office where services of a health care provider are provided directly to patients; and
  - (2) "health care provider" means any person:
  - (A) Licensed to practice a branch of the healing arts;
  - (B) licensed to practice psychology;
  - (C) licensed to practice professional or practical nursing;
  - (D) licensed to practice dentistry;
  - (E) licensed to practice optometry;
  - (F) licensed to practice pharmacy;
  - (G) registered to practice podiatry;
  - (H) licensed as a social worker; or
  - (I) registered to practice physical therapy.
  - (d) This section shall not apply to:
- (1) A land surveyor, licensed pursuant to article 70 of chapter 74 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, and such surveyor's authorized agents and

- employees who enter upon lands, waters and other premises in the making of a survey; or
- (2) railroad property as defined in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5809, and amendments thereto, or nuclear generating facility as defined in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 66-2302, and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 34. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5924 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-5924. (a) Violation of a protective order is knowingly violating:
- (1) A protection from abuse order issued pursuant to K.S.A. 60-3105, 60-3106 and or 60-3107, and amendments thereto;
- (2) a protective order issued by a court or tribunal of any state or Indian tribe that is consistent with the provisions of 18 U.S.C. § 2265, and amendments thereto;
- (3) a restraining order issued pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. <u>23-2707</u>, 38-2243, 38-2244 and or 38-2255 and K.S.A. 60-1607, and amendments thereto:
- (4) an order issued in this or any other state as a condition of pretrial release, diversion, probation, suspended sentence, postrelease supervision or at any other time during the criminal case that orders the person to refrain from having any direct or indirect contact with another person;
- (5) an order issued in this or any other state as a condition of release after conviction or as a condition of a supersedeas bond pending disposition of an appeal, that orders the person to refrain from having any direct or indirect contact with another person; or
- (6) a protection from stalking order issued pursuant to K.S.A. 60-31a05 or 60-31a06, and amendments thereto.
  - (b) Violation of a protective order is a class A person misdemeanor.
- (c) No protective order, as set forth in this section, shall be construed to prohibit an attorney, or any person acting on such attorney's behalf, who is representing the defendant in any civil or criminal proceeding, from contacting the protected party for a legitimate purpose within the scope of the civil or criminal proceeding. The attorney, or person acting on such attorney's behalf, shall be identified in any such contact.
- (d) As used in this section, "order" includes any order issued by a municipal or district court.
- Sec. 35. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-2217 is hereby amended to read as follows: 23-2217. (a) If existence of the father and child relationship has been determined and payment of support is ordered under prior law, the court may order support and any related expenses to be paid through the central unit for collection and disbursement of support payments designated pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 39-7,135, and amendments thereto. If payment of support is ordered under this act, the court shall require such support and any related expense to be paid through the central unit for collection and disbursement of support payments designated pursuant to K.S.A. 23-4,118 K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 39-7,135, and amendments thereto.
- (b) The provisions of the Kansas income withholding act, K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-3101-through 23-3118, and 39-7,135 et seq., and amendments thereto, shall apply to orders of support issued under this act or under the predecessor to this act.
- (c) Willful failure to obey the judgment or order of the court is a civil contempt of the court. All remedies for the enforcement of judgments apply.
- Sec. 36. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-2704 is hereby amended to read as follows: 23-2704. (a) *Verification of petition*. The truth of the allegations of any petition under this

article must be verified by the petitioner in person or by the guardian of an incapacitated person.

- (b) Captions. All pleadings shall be captioned, "In the matter of the marriage of and \_\_\_\_\_." In the caption, the name of the petitioner shall appear first and the name of the respondent shall appear second, but the respective parties shall not be designated as such.
- (c) Contents of petition. The grounds for divorce, annulment or separate maintenance shall be alleged as nearly as possible in the general language of the statute, without detailed statement of facts. If there are minor children of the marriage, the petition shall state their names and dates of birth and shall contain, or be accompanied by an affidavit which contains, the information required by K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-37,209, and amendments thereto.
- (d) *Bill of particulars*. The opposing party may demand a statement of the facts which shall be furnished in the form of a bill of particulars. The facts stated in the bill of particulars shall be the specific facts upon which the action shall be tried. If interrogatories have been served on or a deposition taken of the party from whom the bill of particulars is demanded, the court in its discretion may refuse to grant the demand for a bill of particulars. A copy of the bill of particulars shall be delivered to the judge. The bill of particulars shall not be filed with the clerk of the court or become a part of the record except on appeal, and then only when the issue to be reviewed relates to the facts stated in the bill of particulars. The bill of particulars shall be destroyed by the district judge unless an appeal is taken, in which case the bill of particulars shall be destroyed upon receipt of the final order from the appellate court.
- (e) *Service of process*. Service of process shall be made in the manner provided in article 3-of this 27 of chapter 23 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 37. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-2706 is hereby amended to read as follows: 23-2706. The court shall grant a requested decree of divorce, separate maintenance or annulment unless the granting of the decree is discretionary under this act or unless the court finds that there are no grounds for the requested alteration of marital status. If a decree of divorce, separate maintenance or annulment is denied for lack of grounds, the court shall nevertheless, if application is made by one of the parties, make the orders authorized by K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-2501 and 23-2502 articles 28, 29, 30 and 32 of chapter 23 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 38. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-2709 is hereby amended to read as follows: 23-2709. In an action for divorce, The court shall conduct a pretrial conference or conferences in accordance with K.S.A. 60-216, and amendments thereto, upon request of either party or on the court's own motion. Any pretrial conference shall be set on a date other than the date of trial and the parties shall be present or available within the courthouse.
- Sec. 39. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-2710 is hereby amended to read as follows: 23-2710. (a) In an action for divorce, After the filing of the answer or other responsive pleading by the respondent, the court, on its own motion or upon motion of either of the parties, may require both parties to the action to seek marriage counseling if marriage counseling services are available within the judicial district of venue of the action. Neither party shall be required to submit to marriage counseling provided by any religious organization of any particular denomination.

- (b) The cost of any counseling authorized by this section may be assessed as costs in the case.
- Sec. 40. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-2715 is hereby amended to read as follows: 23-2715. In an action for divorce, Costs and attorney fees may be awarded to either party as justice and equity require. The court may order that the amount be paid directly to the attorney, who may enforce the order in the attorney's name in the same case.
- Sec. 41. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-2717 is hereby amended to read as follows: 23-2717. If a party fails to comply with a provision of a decree, temporary order or injunction issued under—K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-2701 through 23-2718, 23-2802, 23-2901 through 23-2905, 23-3001 through 23-3006, 23-3119, 23-3120, 23-3201 through 23-3222, 23-3301, 23-3402, 23-3403, 23-3510 and 28-179 articles 27 through 38 of chapter 23 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, the obligation of the other party to make payments for support or maintenance or to permit visitation or parenting time is not suspended, but the other party may request by motion that the court grant an appropriate order.
- Sec. 42. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-2802 is hereby amended to read as follows: 23-2802. (a) The decree A decree under section 24, and amendments thereto, shall divide the real and personal property of the parties, including any retirement and pension plans, whether owned by either spouse prior to marriage, acquired by either spouse in the spouse's own right after marriage or acquired by the spouses' joint efforts, by: (1) A division of the property in kind; (2) awarding the property or part of the property to one of the spouses and requiring the other to pay a just and proper sum; or (3) ordering a sale of the property, under conditions prescribed by the court, and dividing the proceeds of the sale.
- (b) Upon request, the trial court shall set a valuation date to be used for all assets at trial, which may be the date of separation, filing or trial as the facts and circumstances of the case may dictate. The trial court may consider evidence regarding changes in value of various assets before and after the valuation date in making the division of property. In dividing defined-contribution types of retirement and pension plans, the court shall allocate profits and losses on the nonparticipant's portion until date of distribution to that nonparticipant.
- (c) In making the division of property the court shall consider: (1) The age of the parties; (2) the duration of the marriage; (3) the property owned by the parties; (4) their present and future earning capacities; (5) the time, source and manner of acquisition of property; (6) family ties and obligations; (7) the allowance of maintenance or lack thereof; (8) dissipation of assets; (9) the tax consequences of the property division upon the respective economic circumstances of the parties; and (10) such other factors as the court considers necessary to make a just and reasonable division of property.
- (d) The decree shall provide for any changes in beneficiary designation on: (1) Any insurance or annuity policy that is owned by the parties, or in the case of group life insurance policies, under which either of the parties is a covered person; (2) any trust instrument under which one party is the grantor or holds a power of appointment over part or all of the trust assets, that may be exercised in favor of either party; or (3) any transfer on death or payable on death account under which one or both of the parties are owners or beneficiaries.

Nothing in this section shall relieve the parties of the obligation to effectuate any change in beneficiary designation by the filing of such change with the insurer or issuer

in accordance with the terms of such policy.

- Sec. 43. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-2902 is hereby amended to read as follows: 23-2902. (a) Any decree of divorce or separate maintenance A decree under section 24, and amendments thereto, may award to either party an allowance for future support denominated as maintenance, in an amount the court finds to be fair, just and equitable under all of the circumstances.
- (b) Maintenance may be in a lump sum, in periodic payments, on a percentage of earnings or on any other basis.
- (c) The decree A decree under section 24, and amendments thereto, may make the future payments modifiable or terminable under circumstances prescribed in the decree.
- Sec. 44. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-2905 is hereby amended to read as follows: 23-2905. (a) Except for good cause shown, every order requiring payment of maintenance under this section article shall require that the maintenance be paid through the central unit for collection and disbursement of support payments designated pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 39-7,135, and amendments thereto. A written agreement between the parties to make direct maintenance payments to the obligee and not pay through the central unit shall constitute good cause.
- (b) If child support and maintenance payments are both made to an obligee by the same obligor, and if the court has made a determination concerning the manner of payment of child support, then maintenance payments shall be paid in the same manner.
- Sec. 45. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-3001 is hereby amended to read as follows: 23-3001. (a) In any action for divorce or separate maintenance under article 27 of chapter 23 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, the court shall make provisions for the support and education of the minor children.
- (b) Regardless of the type of custodial arrangement ordered by the court, the court may order the child support and education expenses to be paid by either or both parents for any child less than 18 years of age, at which age the support shall terminate unless:
- (1) The parent or parents agree, by written agreement approved by the court, to pay support beyond the time the child reaches 18 years of age;
- (2) the child reaches 18 years of age before completing the child's high school education in which case the support shall not terminate automatically, unless otherwise ordered by the court, until June 30 of the school year during which the child became 18 years of age if the child is still attending high school; or
- (3) the child is still a *bona fide* high school student after June 30 of the school year during which the child became 18 years of age, in which case the court, on motion, may order support to continue through the school year during which the child becomes 19 years of age so long as the child is a *bona fide* high school student and the parents jointly participated or knowingly acquiesced in the decision which delayed the child's completion of high school. The court, in extending support pursuant to subsection (b) (3), may impose such conditions as are appropriate and shall set the child support utilizing the guideline table category for 12-year through 18-year old children. For purposes of this section, "*bona fide* high school student" means a student who is enrolled in full accordance with the policy of the accredited high school in which the student is pursuing a high school diploma or a graduate equivalency diploma (GED).
- (c) Provision for payment of support and educational expenses of a child after reaching 18 years of age if still attending high school shall apply to any child subject to the jurisdiction of the court, including those whose support was ordered prior to July 1,

- 1992. If an agreement approved by the court prior to July 1, 1992, provides for termination of support before the date provided by subsection (b)(3), the court may review and modify such agreement, and any order based on such agreement, to extend the date for termination of support to the date provided by subsection (b)(3).
- Sec. 46. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-3004 is hereby amended to read as follows: 23-3004. Except for good cause shown, every order requiring payment of child support under this-section article shall require that the support be paid through the central unit for collection and disbursement of support payments designated pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 39-7,135, and amendments thereto. A written agreement between the parties to make direct child support payments to the obligee and not pay through the central unit shall constitute good cause, unless the court finds the agreement is not in the best interest of the child or children. The obligor shall file such written agreement with the court. The obligor shall maintain written evidence of the payment of the support obligation and, at least annually, shall provide such evidence to the court and the obligee.
- Sec. 47. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-3005 is hereby amended to read as follows: 23-3005. (a) <u>Subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 23-36,207</u>, and amendments thereto, the court may modify or change any prior <u>child support</u> order, including any order issued in a title IV-D case, within three years of the date of the original order or a modification order, when a material change in circumstances is shown, irrespective of the present domicile of the child or the parents. If more than three years has passed since the date of the original order or modification order, a material change in circumstance need not be shown.
- (b) The court may make a modification of child support retroactive to a date at least one month after the date that the motion to modify was filed with the court. Any increase in support ordered effective prior to the date the court's judgment is filed shall not become a lien on real property pursuant to K.S.A. 60-2202, and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 48. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-3207 is hereby amended to read as follows: 23-3207. After making a determination of the legal custodial arrangements, the court shall determine the residency of the child from the following options, which arrangement the court must find to be in the best interest of the child. The parties shall submit to the court either an agreed parenting plan or, in the case of dispute, proposed parenting plans for the court's consideration. Such options are:
- (a) Residency. The court may order a residential arrangement in which the child resides with one or both parents on a basis consistent with the best interests of the child.
- (b) Divided residency. In an exceptional case, the court may order a residential arrangement in which one or more children reside with each parent and have parenting time with the other.
- (c) Nonparental residency. If during the proceedings the court determines that there is probable cause to believe that the child is a child in need of care as defined by subsections (d)(1), (d)(2), (d)(3) or (d)(11) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2202, and amendments thereto, or that neither parent is fit to have residency, the court may award temporary residency of the child to a grandparent, aunt, uncle or adult sibling, or, another person or agency if the court finds by written order that:
- (1) (A) The child is likely to sustain harm if not immediately removed from the home;

- (B) allowing the child to remain in the home is contrary to the welfare of the child; or
  - (C) immediate placement of the child is in the best interest of the child; and
- reasonable efforts have been made to maintain the family unit and prevent the unnecessary removal of the child from the child's home or that an emergency exists which threatens the safety of the child. In making such a residency order, the court shall give preference, to the extent that the court finds it is in the best interests of the child, first to awarding such residency to a relative of the child by blood, marriage or adoption and second to awarding such residency to another person with whom the child has close emotional ties. The court may make temporary orders for care, support, education and visitation that it considers appropriate. Temporary residency orders are to be entered in lieu of temporary orders provided for in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2243 and 38-2244, and amendments thereto, and shall remain in effect until there is a final determination under the revised Kansas code for care of children. An award of temporary residency under this paragraph shall not terminate parental rights nor give the court the authority to consent to the adoption of the child. When the court enters orders awarding temporary residency of the child to an agency or a person other than the parent, the court shall refer a transcript of the proceedings to the county or district attorney. The county or district attorney shall file a petition as provided in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2234, and amendments thereto, and may request termination of parental rights pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2266, and amendments thereto. The costs of the proceedings shall be paid from the general fund of the county. When a final determination is made that the child is not a child in need of care, the county or district attorney shall notify the court in writing and the court, after a hearing, shall enter appropriate custody orders pursuant to this section article. If the same judge presides over both proceedings, the notice is not required. Any disposition order pursuant to the revised Kansas code for care of children shall be binding and shall supersede take precedence over any order under this section article.
- Sec. 49. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-3208 is hereby amended to read as follows: 23-3208. (a) *Parents*. A parent is entitled to reasonable parenting time unless the court finds, after a hearing, that the exercise of parenting time would seriously endanger the child's physical, mental, moral or emotional health.
- (b) <u>Enforcement of rights.</u> An order granting <u>visitation rights or</u> parenting time <u>pursuant to this section under this article</u> may be enforced in accordance with the uniform child custody jurisdiction and enforcement act, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-3401, and amendments thereto.
- (c) <u>Court-ordered exchange or parenting time at a child exchange and visitation</u> <u>center.</u> The court may order exchange or <u>visitation parenting time</u> to take place at a child exchange and visitation center, as established in K.S.A. 75-720, and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 50. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-3215 is hereby amended to read as follows: 23-3215. (a) A parent entitled to legal custody of, or residency of, or parenting time with a child pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-2712, 23-2715, 23-2716, 23-2802, 23-2902 through 23-2605, 23-3001 through 23-3006, 23-3201 through 23-3207, 23-3216 and 23-3218, and amendments thereto, shall give written notice to the other parent of one or more of the following events when such parent: (1) Is subject to the registration requirements of the Kansas offender registration act, K.S.A. 22-4901 *et seq.*, and

amendments thereto, or any similar act in any other state, or under military or federal law; (2) has been convicted of abuse of a child, K.S.A. 21-3609, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5602, and amendments thereto; (3) is residing with an individual who is known by the parent to be subject to the registration requirements of the Kansas offender registration act, K.S.A. 22-4901 *et seq.*, and amendments thereto, or any similar act in any other state, or under military or federal law; or (4) is residing with an individual who is known by the parent to have been convicted of abuse of a child, K.S.A. 21-3609, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5602, and amendments thereto. Such notice shall be sent by restricted mail, return receipt requested, to the last known address of the other parent within 14 days following such event.

- (b) Failure to give notice as required by subsection (a) is an indirect civil contempt punishable as provided by law. In addition, the court may assess, against the parent required to give notice, reasonable attorney fees and any other expenses incurred by the other parent by reason of the failure to give notice.
- (c) An event described in subsection (a) may be considered a material change of circumstances which justifies modification of a prior order of legal custody, residency, child support or parenting time.
- Sec. 51. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-3219 is hereby amended to read as follows: 23-3219. (a) A party filing a motion to modify a final order pertaining to child custody or residential placement pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-2201 and 23-2205 through 23-2225 or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-2701 through 23-2718, 23-2802, 23-2901 through 23-2905, 23-3001 through 23-3006, 23-3119, 23-3120, 23-3201 through 23-3222, 23-3301, 23-3402, 23-2403, 23-3510 and 28-179 article 22, 27 or 32 of chapter 23 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, shall include with specificity in the verified motion, or in an accompanying affidavit, all known factual allegations which constitute the basis for the change of custody or residential placement. If the court finds that the allegations set forth in the motion or the accompanying affidavit fail to establish a *prima facie* case, the court shall deny the motion. If the court finds that the motion establishes a *prima facie* case, the matter may be tried on factual issues.
- (b) In the event the court is asked to issue an *ex parte* order modifying a final child custody or residential placement order based on alleged emergency circumstances, the court shall:
- (1) Attempt to have the nonmoving party's counsel, if any, present before taking up the matter.
- (2) Set the matter for review hearing at the earliest possible court setting after issuance of the *ex parte* order, but in no case later than 15 days after issuance.
- (3) Require personal service of the order and notice of review hearing on the nonmoving party.

No *ex parte* order modifying a final custody or residential placement order shall be entered without sworn testimony to support a showing of the alleged emergency.

- Sec. 52. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-3221 is hereby amended to read as follows: 23-3221. (a) The court may modify an order granting or denying parenting time—or-visitation rights whenever modification would serve the best interests of the child.
- (b) Repeated unreasonable denial of or interference with visitation rights or parenting time granted pursuant to this section under this article may be considered a material change of circumstances which justifies modification of a prior order of legal custody, residency, visitation or parenting time.

- (c) Any party may petition the court to modify an order granting visitation rights or parenting time to require that the exchange or transfer of children for visitation or parenting time take place at a child exchange and visitation center, as established in K.S.A. 75-720, and amendments thereto. The court may modify an order granting-visitation whenever modification would serve the best interests of the child.
- Sec. 53. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-3222 is hereby amended to read as follows: 23-3222. (a) Except as provided in subsection (d), a parent entitled to legal custody or residency of or parenting time with a child <del>pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-2712, 23-2715, 23-2716, 23-2802, 23-2902 through 23-2605, 23-3001 through 23-3006, 23-3201 through 23-3207, 23-3216 and 23-3218, and amendments thereto, under this article shall give written notice to the other parent not less than 30 days prior to: (1) Changing the residence of the child; or (2) removing the child from this state for a period of time exceeding 90 days. Such notice shall be sent by restricted mail, return receipt requested, to the last known address of the other parent.</del>
- (b) Failure to give notice as required by subsection (a) is an indirect civil contempt punishable as provided by law. In addition, the court may assess, against the parent required to give notice, reasonable attorney fees and any other expenses incurred by the other parent by reason of the failure to give notice.
- (c) A change of the residence or the removal of a child as described in subsection (a) may be considered a material change of circumstances which justifies modification of a prior order of legal custody, residency, child support or parenting time. In determining any motion seeking a modification of a prior order based on change of residence or removal as described in (a), the court shall consider all factors the court deems appropriate including, but not limited to: (1) The effect of the move on the best interests of the child; (2) the effect of the move on any party having rights granted pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-2712, 23-2715, 23-2716, 23-2802, 23-2902 through 23-2605, 23-3001 through 23-3006, 23-3201 through 23-3218, and amendments thereto under this article; and (3) the increased cost the move will impose on any party seeking to exercise rights granted under K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-2712, 23-2715, 23-2716, 23-2802, 23-2902 through 23-2605, 23-3001 through 23-3006, 23-3201 through 23-3207, 23-3216 and 23-3218, and amendments thereto this article.
- (d) A parent entitled to the legal custody or residency of a child pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-2712, 23-2715, 23-2716, 23-2802, 23-2902 through 23-2605, 23-3001 through 23-3006, 23-3201 through 23-3207, 23-3216 and 23-3218, and amendments thereto, under this article shall not be required to give the notice required by this section to the other parent when the other parent has been convicted of any crime specified in article 34, 35 or 36 of chapter 21 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, prior to their repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5401 through 21-5609, 21-6104, 21-6325, 21-6326, 21-6419, 21-6420 or 21-6421, and amendments thereto, in which the child is the victim of such crime.
- Sec. 54. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-3301 is hereby amended to read as follows: 23-3301. (a) In an action under article 27 of chapter 23 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, grandparents and stepparents may be granted visitation rights.
- (b) The court may modify an order granting or denying parenting time or visitation rights whenever modification would serve the best interests of the child.
- (e) Repeated unreasonable denial of or interference with visitation rights or parenting time granted pursuant to this section may be considered a material change of

- eircumstances which justifies modification of a prior order of legal custody, residency, visitation or parenting time.
- (d) (1) The court may order exchange or visitation to take place at a child exchange and visitation center, as established in K.S.A. 75-720, and amendments thereto.
- (2) Any party may petition the court to modify an order granting visitation rights or parenting time to require that the exchange or transfer of children for visitation or parenting time take place at a child exchange and visitation center, as established in K.S.A. 75-720, and amendments thereto. The court may modify an order granting visitation whenever modification would serve the best interests of the child.
- (b) The district court may grant the grandparents of an unmarried minor child reasonable visitation rights to the child during the child's minority upon a finding that the visitation rights would be in the child's best interests and when a substantial relationship between the child and the grandparent has been established.
- (c) The district court may grant the parents of a deceased person visitation rights, or may enforce visitation rights previously granted, pursuant to this section, even if the surviving parent has remarried and the surviving parent's spouse has adopted the child. Visitation rights may be granted pursuant to this subsection without regard to whether the adoption of the child occurred before or after the effective date of this act.
- Sec. 55. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-3302 is hereby amended to read as follows: 23-3302. (a) The district court may grant the grandparents of an unmarried minor child reasonable visitation rights to the child during the child's minority upon a finding that the visitation rights would be in the child's best interests and when a substantial relationship between the child and the grandparent has been established.
- (b) The district court may grant the parents of a deceased person visitation rights, or may enforce visitation rights previously granted, pursuant to this section, even if the surviving parent has remarried and the surviving parent's spouse has adopted the child. Visitation rights may be granted pursuant to this subsection without regard to whether the adoption of the child occurred before or after the effective date of this act.
- (a) The court may modify an order granting or denying parenting time or visitation rights whenever modification would serve the best interests of the child.
- (b) Repeated unreasonable denial of or interference with visitation rights or parenting time granted under section 24, and amendments thereto, may be considered a material change of circumstances which justifies modification of a prior order of legal custody, residency or visitation rights.
- (c) (1) The court may order exchange or visitation to take place at a child exchange and visitation center, as established in K.S.A. 75-720, and amendments thereto.
- (2) Any party may petition the court to modify an order granting visitation rights to require that the exchange or transfer of children for visitation take place at a child exchange and visitation center, as established in K.S.A. 75-720, and amendments thereto. The court may modify an order granting visitation whenever modification would serve the best interests of the child.
- Sec. 56. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-3304 is hereby amended to read as follows: 23-3304. Costs and reasonable attorney fees shall be awarded to the respondent in an action filed pursuant to K.S.A. 38-129 et seq. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 22-3302 et seq., and amendments thereto, unless the court determines that justice and equity otherwise require.
  - Sec. 57. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-3403 is hereby amended to read as follows: 23-

- 3403. (a) Any order custody or parenting time order, or order relating to the best interests of a child, issued pursuant to the revised Kansas code for care of children or the revised Kansas juvenile justice code, shall be binding and shall take precedence over any order under this act or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-2701 through 23-2718, 23-2802, 23-2901 through 23-2905, 23-3001 through 23-3006, 23-3119, 23-3120, 23-3201-through 23-3222, 23-3301, 23-3402, 23-3403, 23-3510 and 28-179 article 32 or 33 of chapter 23 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto-(divorce), or K.S.A. 60-1610, prior to its repeal, until jurisdiction under the revised Kansas code for care of children or the revised Kansas juvenile justice code is terminated.
- (b) An order granting visitation rights <u>under article 33 of chapter 23 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto,</u> or parenting time <u>pursuant to this section under article 32 of chapter 23 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto,</u> may be enforced in accordance with the uniform child custody jurisdiction and enforcement act, or <u>K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-3401</u>, and amendments thereto this article.
- Sec. 58. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-1518 is hereby amended to read as follows: 38-1518. (a) Fingerprints or photographs shall not be taken of any person under 18 years of age who is taken into custody for any purpose, except:
  - (1) As authorized by K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2313, and amendments thereto; or
  - (2) if authorized by a judge of the district court having jurisdiction.
- (b) Fingerprints and photographs taken under subsection (a)(2) shall be kept readily distinguishable from those of persons of the age of majority.
- (c) Fingerprints and photographs taken under subsection (a)(2) may be sent to a state or federal repository only if authorized by a judge of the district court having jurisdiction.
- (d) Nothing in this section shall preclude the custodian of the child from authorizing photographs or fingerprints of the child to be used in any action under the Kansas parentage act, K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-2201 *et seq.*, and amendments thereto.
- (e) This section shall be part of and supplemental to the Kansas code for care of children.
- Sec. 59. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2201 is hereby amended to read as follows: 38-2201. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2201 through 38-2283, and amendments thereto, shall be known as and may be cited as the revised Kansas code for care of children.
- (a) Proceedings pursuant to this code shall be civil in nature and all proceedings, orders, judgments and decrees shall be deemed to be pursuant to the parental power of the state. Any orders pursuant to this code shall take precedence over any similar order under chapter 23 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, the Kansas family law code, article 11 of chapter 38 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto—(\_\_determination of parentage), article 21 of chapter 59 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto—(\_\_dotpin and relinquishment act), article 30 of chapter 59 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto (\_guardians and conservators), article 16 of chapter 60 of the Kansas Statutes—Annotated, and amendments thereto (divorce), or article 31 of chapter 60 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto—(\_protection from abuse act), until jurisdiction under this code is terminated.
- (b) The code shall be liberally construed to carry out the policies of the state which are to:
  - (1) Consider the safety and welfare of a child to be paramount in all proceedings

under the code:

- (2) provide that each child who comes within the provisions of the code shall receive the care, custody, guidance control and discipline that will best serve the child's welfare and the interests of the state, preferably in the child's home and recognizing that the child's relationship with such child's family is important to the child's well being;
- (3) make the ongoing physical, mental and emotional needs of the child decisive considerations in proceedings under this code;
- (4) acknowledge that the time perception of a child differs from that of an adult and to dispose of all proceedings under this code without unnecessary delay;
  - (5) encourage the reporting of suspected child abuse and neglect;
- (6) investigate reports of suspected child abuse and neglect thoroughly and promptly;
- (7) provide for the protection of children who have been subject to physical, mental or emotional abuse or neglect or sexual abuse;
- (8) provide preventative and rehabilitative services, when appropriate, to abused and neglected children and their families so, if possible, the families can remain together without further threat to the children;
- (9) provide stability in the life of a child who must be removed from the home of a parent; and
- (10) place children in permanent family settings, in absence of compelling reasons to the contrary.
- (c) Nothing in this code shall be construed to permit discrimination on the basis of disability.
- (1) The disability of a parent shall not constitute a basis for a determination that a child is a child in need of care, for the removal of custody of a child from the parent, or for the termination of parental rights without a specific showing that there is a causal relation between the disability and harm to the child.
- (2) In cases involving a parent with a disability, determinations made under this code shall consider the availability and use of accommodations for the disability, including adaptive equipment and support services.
- Sec. 60. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2202 is hereby amended to read as follows: 38-2202. As used in the revised Kansas code for care of children, unless the context otherwise indicates:
- (a) "Abandon" or "abandonment" means to forsake, desert or, without making appropriate provision for substitute care, cease providing care for the child.
- (b) "Adult correction facility" means any public or private facility, secure or nonsecure, which is used for the lawful custody of accused or convicted adult criminal offenders.
- (c) "Aggravated circumstances" means the abandonment, torture, chronic abuse, sexual abuse or chronic, life threatening neglect of a child.
- (d) "Child in need of care" means a person less than 18 years of age at the time of filing of the petition or issuance of an *ex parte* protective custody order pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2242, and amendments thereto, who:
- (1) Is without adequate parental care, control or subsistence and the condition is not due solely to the lack of financial means of the child's parents or other custodian;
- (2) is without the care or control necessary for the child's physical, mental or emotional health;

- (3) has been physically, mentally or emotionally abused or neglected or sexually abused;
  - (4) has been placed for care or adoption in violation of law;
  - (5) has been abandoned or does not have a known living parent;
- (6) is not attending school as required by K.S.A. 72-977 or 72-1111, and amendments thereto:
- (7) except in the case of a violation of K.S.A. 41-727, subsection (j) of K.S.A. 74-8810, subsection (m) or (n) of K.S.A. 79-3321, or subsection (a)(14) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6301, and amendments thereto, or, except as provided in paragraph (12), does an act which, when committed by a person under 18 years of age, is prohibited by state law, city ordinance or county resolution but which is not prohibited when done by an adult:
- (8) while less than 10 years of age, commits any act which if done by an adult would constitute the commission of a felony or misdemeanor as defined by K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5102, and amendments thereto;
- (9) is willfully and voluntarily absent from the child's home without the consent of the child's parent or other custodian;
- (10) is willfully and voluntarily absent at least a second time from a court ordered or designated placement, or a placement pursuant to court order, if the absence is without the consent of the person with whom the child is placed or, if the child is placed in a facility, without the consent of the person in charge of such facility or such person's designee;
- (11) has been residing in the same residence with a sibling or another person under 18 years of age, who has been physically, mentally or emotionally abused or neglected, or sexually abused;
- (12) while less than 10 years of age commits the offense defined in-or subsection (a)(14) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6301, and amendments thereto; or
- (13) has had a permanent custodian appointed and the permanent custodian is no longer able or willing to serve.
- (e) "Citizen review board" is a group of community volunteers appointed by the court and whose duties are prescribed by K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2207 and 38-2208, and amendments thereto.
- (f) "Civil custody case" includes any case filed under <u>chapter 23 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated</u>, and amendments thereto, the Kansas family law code, article 11, of chapter 38 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto—(\_determination of parentage), article 21 of chapter 59 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto—(\_adoption and relinquishment act), or article 30 of chapter 59 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto—(\_guardians and conservators), or article 16 of chapter 60 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto (divorce).
- (g) "Court-appointed special advocate" means a responsible adult other than an attorney guardian *ad litem* who is appointed by the court to represent the best interests of a child, as provided in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2206, and amendments thereto, in a proceeding pursuant to this code.
- (h) "Custody" whether temporary, protective or legal, means the status created by court order or statute which vests in a custodian, whether an individual or an agency, the right to physical possession of the child and the right to determine placement of the

child, subject to restrictions placed by the court.

- (i) "Extended out of home placement" means a child has been in the custody of the secretary and placed with neither parent for 15 of the most recent 22 months beginning 60 days after the date at which a child in the custody of the secretary was removed from the home.
- (j) "Educational institution" means all schools at the elementary and secondary levels.
- (k) "Educator" means any administrator, teacher or other professional or paraprofessional employee of an educational institution who has exposure to a pupil specified in subsection (a) of K.S.A. 72-89b03, and amendments thereto.
  - (l) "Harm" means physical or psychological injury or damage.
- (m) "Interested party" means the grandparent of the child, a person with whom the child has been living for a significant period of time when the child in need of care petition is filed, and any person made an interested party by the court pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2241, and amendments thereto, or Indian tribe seeking to intervene that is not a party.
  - (n) "Jail" means:
  - (1) An adult jail or lockup; or
- (2) a facility in the same building or on the same grounds as an adult jail or lockup, unless the facility meets all applicable standards and licensure requirements under law and there is: (A) Total separation of the juvenile and adult facility spatial areas such that there could be no haphazard or accidental contact between juvenile and adult residents in the respective facilities; (B) total separation in all juvenile and adult program activities within the facilities, including recreation, education, counseling, health care, dining, sleeping and general living activities; and (C) separate juvenile and adult staff, including management, security staff and direct care staff such as recreational, educational and counseling.
- (o) "Juvenile detention facility" means any secure public or private facility used for the lawful custody of accused or adjudicated juvenile offenders which must not be a jail.
- (p) "Juvenile intake and assessment worker" means a responsible adult authorized to perform intake and assessment services as part of the intake and assessment system established pursuant to K.S.A. 75-7023, and amendments thereto.
- (q) "Kinship care" means the placement of a child in the home of the child's relative or in the home of another adult with whom the child or the child's parent already has a close emotional attachment.
- (r) "Law enforcement officer" means any person who by virtue of office or public employment is vested by law with a duty to maintain public order or to make arrests for crimes, whether that duty extends to all crimes or is limited to specific crimes.
- (s) "Multidisciplinary team" means a group of persons, appointed by the court under K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2228, and amendments thereto, which has knowledge of the circumstances of a child in need of care.
- (t) "Neglect" means acts or omissions by a parent, guardian or person responsible for the care of a child resulting in harm to a child, or presenting a likelihood of harm, and the acts or omissions are not due solely to the lack of financial means of the child's parents or other custodian. Neglect may include, but shall not be limited to:
  - (1) Failure to provide the child with food, clothing or shelter necessary to sustain

the life or health of the child;

- (2) failure to provide adequate supervision of a child or to remove a child from a situation which requires judgment or actions beyond the child's level of maturity, physical condition or mental abilities and that results in bodily injury or a likelihood of harm to the child: or
- (3) failure to use resources available to treat a diagnosed medical condition if such treatment will make a child substantially more comfortable, reduce pain and suffering, or correct or substantially diminish a crippling condition from worsening. A parent legitimately practicing religious beliefs who does not provide specified medical treatment for a child because of religious beliefs shall not for that reason be considered a negligent parent; however, this exception shall not preclude a court from entering an order pursuant to subsection (a)(2) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2217, and amendments thereto.
- (u) "Parent" when used in relation to a child or children, includes a guardian and every person who is by law liable to maintain, care for or support the child.
- (v) "Party" means the state, the petitioner, the child, any parent of the child and an Indian child's tribe intervening pursuant to the Indian child welfare act.
- (w) "Permanency goal" means the outcome of the permanency planning process which may be reintegration, adoption, appointment of a permanent custodian or another planned permanent living arrangement.
- (x) "Permanent custodian" means a judicially approved permanent guardian of a child pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2272, and amendments thereto.
- (y) "Physical, mental or emotional abuse" means the infliction of physical, mental or emotional harm or the causing of a deterioration of a child and may include, but shall not be limited to, maltreatment or exploiting a child to the extent that the child's health or emotional well-being is endangered.
- (z) "Placement" means the designation by the individual or agency having custody of where and with whom the child will live.
- (aa) "Relative" means a person related by blood, marriage or adoption but, when referring to a relative of a child's parent, does not include the child's other parent.
- (bb) "Secretary" means the secretary of social and rehabilitation services or the secretary's designee.
- (cc) "Secure facility" means a facility which is operated or structured so as to ensure that all entrances and exits from the facility are under the exclusive control of the staff of the facility, whether or not the person being detained has freedom of movement within the perimeters of the facility, or which relies on locked rooms and buildings, fences or physical restraint in order to control behavior of its residents. No secure facility shall be in a city or county jail.
- (dd) "Sexual abuse" means any contact or interaction with a child in which the child is being used for the sexual stimulation of the perpetrator, the child or another person. Sexual abuse shall include allowing, permitting or encouraging a child to engage in prostitution or to be photographed, filmed or depicted in pornographic material.
- (ee) "Shelter facility" means any public or private facility or home other than a juvenile detention facility that may be used in accordance with this code for the purpose of providing either temporary placement for children in need of care prior to the issuance of a dispositional order or longer term care under a dispositional order.

- (ff) "Transition plan" means, when used in relation to a youth in the custody of the secretary, an individualized strategy for the provision of medical, mental health, education, employment and housing supports as needed for the adult and, if applicable, for any minor child of the adult, to live independently and specifically provides for the supports and any services for which an adult with a disability is eligible including, but not limited to, funding for home and community based services waivers.
- (gg) "Youth residential facility" means any home, foster home or structure which provides 24-hour-a-day care for children and which is licensed pursuant to article 5 of chapter 65 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 61. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2203 is hereby amended to read as follows: 38-2203. (a) Proceedings concerning any child who may be a child in need of care shall be governed by this code, except in those instances when the court knows or has reason to know that an Indian child is involved in the proceeding, in which case, the Indian child welfare act of 1978-(\_25 U.S.C. § 1901 et seq.), applies. The Indian child welfare act may apply to: The filing to initiate a child in need of care proceeding-f, K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2234, and amendments thereto; ex parte custody orders—K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2242, and amendments thereto; temporary custody hearing—(\_K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2243, and amendments thereto); adjudication—(, K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2247, and amendments therete); burden of proof-(\_K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2250, and amendments thereto); disposition—(,\_K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2255, and amendments thereto); permanency hearings—(,\_K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2264, and amendments thereto); termination of parental rights-(\_K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2267, 38-2268 and 38-2269, and amendments thereto; establishment of permanent custodianship—, K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2268 and 38-2272, and amendments thereto); the placement of a child in any foster, pre-adoptive and adoptive home and the placement of a child in a guardianship arrangement under article 30 of chapter 59, article 30 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto.
- (b) Subject to the uniform child custody jurisdiction and enforcement act, K.S.A. 38-1336 through 38-1377 K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-37,101 through 23-37,405, and amendments thereto, the district court shall have original jurisdiction of proceedings pursuant to this code.
- (c) The court acquires jurisdiction over a child by the filing of a petition pursuant to this code or upon issuance of an *ex parte* order pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2242, and amendments thereto. When the court acquires jurisdiction over a child in need of care, jurisdiction may continue until the child has: (1) Become 18 years of age, or until June 1 of the school year during which the child became 18 years of age if the child is still attending high school unless there is no court approved transition plan, in which event jurisdiction may continue until a transition plan is approved by the court or until the child reaches the age of 21; (2) been adopted; or (3) been discharged by the court. Any child 18 years of age or over may request, in writing to the court, that the jurisdiction of the court cease. The court shall give notice of the request to all parties and interested parties and 30 days after receipt of the request, jurisdiction will cease.
- (d) When it is no longer appropriate for the court to exercise jurisdiction over a child, the court, upon its own motion or the motion of a party or interested party at a hearing or upon agreement of all parties or interested parties, shall enter an order discharging the child. Except upon request of the child pursuant to subsection (c), the court shall not enter an order discharging a child until June 1 of the school year during

which the child becomes 18 years of age if the child is in an out-of-home placement, is still attending high school and has not completed the child's high school education.

- (e) When a petition is filed under this code, a person who is alleged to be under 18 years of age shall be presumed to be under that age for the purposes of this code, unless the contrary is proved.
- (f) A court's order issued in a proceeding pursuant to this code, shall take precedence over such orders in a civil custody case, a proceeding under article 31 of chapter 60 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto—protection from abuse act), or a comparable case in another jurisdiction, except as provided by K.S.A. 38-1336 et seq. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-37,101 through 23-37,405, and amendments thereto—uniform child custody jurisdiction and enforcement act).
- Sec. 62. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2220 is hereby amended to read as follows: 38-2220. (a) If the court determines that the information contained in the petition concerning parentage of the child may be incomplete or incorrect, the court shall determine whether the question has been previously adjudicated and whether service of process should be made on some additional person.
- (b) If it appears that the issue of parentage needs to be adjudicated, the court shall stay child support proceedings, if any are pending in the case, with respect to that alleged parent and child relationship, until the dispute is resolved by agreement, by a separate action under the Kansas parentage act, K.S.A. 38-1110 et seq. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-2201 et seq., and amendments thereto, or otherwise. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to limit the power of the court to carry out the purposes of the code.
- Sec. 63. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2221 is hereby amended to read as follows: 38-2221. (a) Fingerprints or photographs of a person alleged or adjudicated to be a child in need of care may be taken:
- (1) By a person authorized to investigate an allegation or suspicion of child abuse or neglect to obtain and preserve evidence or to determine the identity of a child;
  - (2) as authorized by K.S.A. 38-1611, and amendments thereto; or
  - (3) if authorized by a judge of the district court having jurisdiction.
- (b) Fingerprints and photographs taken under subsection (a)(3): (1) Shall be kept separate from those of persons of the age of majority; and
- (2) may be sent to a state or federal repository only if authorized by a judge of the district court having jurisdiction.
- (c) Nothing in this section shall preclude the custodian of the child from authorizing photographs or fingerprints of the child to:
- (1) Be used in any action under the Kansas parentage act, K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-2201 et seg., and amendments thereto;
  - (2) assist in the apprehension of a runaway child;
  - (3) assist in the adoption or other permanent placement of a child; or
- (4) provide the child or the child's parents with a history of the child's life and development.
- (d) For purposes of this section, the term photograph means an image or likeness of a child made or reproduced by any medium or means.
- Sec. 64. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2223 is hereby amended to read as follows: 38-2223. (a) *Persons making reports*. (1) When any of the following persons has reason to suspect that a child has been harmed as a result of physical, mental or emotional abuse

or neglect or sexual abuse, the person shall report the matter promptly as provided in subsections (b) and (c);

- (A) The following persons providing medical care or treatment: Persons licensed to practice the healing arts, dentistry and optometry; persons engaged in postgraduate training programs approved by the state board of healing arts; licensed professional or practical nurses; and chief administrative officers of medical care facilities;
- (B) the following persons licensed by the state to provide mental health services: Licensed psychologists, licensed masters level psychologists, licensed clinical psychotherapists, licensed social workers, licensed marriage and family therapists, licensed clinical marriage and family therapists, licensed professional counselors, licensed clinical professional counselors and registered alcohol and drug abuse counselors:
- (C) teachers, school administrators or other employees of an educational institution which the child is attending and persons licensed by the secretary of health and environment to provide child care services or the employees of persons so licensed at the place where the child care services are being provided to the child; and
- (D) firefighters, emergency medical services personnel, law enforcement officers, juvenile intake and assessment workers, court services officers and community corrections officers, case managers appointed under K.S.A. 23-1001 et seq. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-3508, and amendments thereto, and mediators appointed under K.S.A. 23-602 K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-3502, and amendments thereto; and
- (E) any person employed by or who works as a volunteer for any organization, whether for profit or not-for-profit, that provides social services to pregnant teenagers, including, but not limited to, counseling, adoption services and pregnancy education and maintenance.
- (2) In addition to the reports required under subsection (a)(1), any person who has reason to suspect that a child may be a child in need of care may report the matter as provided in subsection (b) and (c).
- (b) Form of report. (1) The report may be made orally and shall be followed by a written report if requested. Every report shall contain, if known: The names and addresses of the child and the child's parents or other persons responsible for the child's care; the location of the child if not at the child's residence; the child's gender, race and age; the reasons why the reporter suspects the child may be a child in need of care; if abuse or neglect or sexual abuse is suspected, the nature and extent of the harm to the child, including any evidence of previous harm; and any other information that the reporter believes might be helpful in establishing the cause of the harm and the identity of the persons responsible for the harm.
- (2) When reporting a suspicion that a child may be in need of care, the reporter shall disclose protected health information freely and cooperate fully with the secretary and law enforcement throughout the investigation and any subsequent legal process.
- (c) To whom made. Reports made pursuant to this section shall be made to the secretary, except as follows:
- (1) When the department of social and rehabilitation services is not open for business, reports shall be made to the appropriate law enforcement agency. On the next day that the department is open for business, the law enforcement agency shall report to the department any report received and any investigation initiated pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2226, and amendments thereto. The reports may be made orally or, on

request of the secretary, in writing.

- (2) Reports of child abuse or neglect occurring in an institution operated by the secretary of social and rehabilitation services or the commissioner of juvenile justice shall be made to the attorney general. All other reports of child abuse or neglect by persons employed by or of children of persons employed by the department of social and rehabilitation services shall be made to the appropriate law enforcement agency.
- (d) Death of child. Any person who is required by this section to report a suspicion that a child is in need of care and who knows of information relating to the death of a child shall immediately notify the coroner as provided by K.S.A. 22a-242, and amendments thereto.
- (e) *Violations*. (1) Willful and knowing failure to make a report required by this section is a class B misdemeanor. It is not a defense that another mandatory reporter made a report.
- (2) Intentionally preventing or interfering with the making of a report required by this section is a class B misdemeanor.
- (3) Any person who willfully and knowingly makes a false report pursuant to this section or makes a report that such person knows lacks factual foundation is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
- (f) Immunity from liability. Anyone who, without malice, participates in the making of a report to the secretary or a law enforcement agency relating to a suspicion a child may be a child in need of care or who participates in any activity or investigation relating to the report or who participates in any judicial proceeding resulting from the report shall have immunity from any civil liability that might otherwise be incurred or imposed.
- Sec. 65. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2255 is hereby amended to read as follows: 38-2255. (a) *Considerations*. Prior to entering an order of disposition, the court shall give consideration to:
  - (1) The child's physical, mental and emotional condition;
  - (2) the child's need for assistance;
- (3) the manner in which the parent participated in the abuse, neglect or abandonment of the child:
  - (4) any relevant information from the intake and assessment process; and
  - (5) the evidence received at the dispositional hearing.
- (b) Custody with a parent. The court may place the child in the custody of either of the child's parents subject to terms and conditions which the court prescribes to assure the proper care and protection of the child, including, but not limited to:
  - (1) Supervision of the child and the parent by a court services officer;
- (2) participation by the child and the parent in available programs operated by an appropriate individual or agency; and
- (3) any special treatment or care which the child needs for the child's physical, mental or emotional health and safety.
- (c) Removal of a child from custody of a parent. The court shall not enter the initial order removing a child from the custody of a parent pursuant to this section unless the court first finds probable cause that: (1) (A) The child is likely to sustain harm if not immediately removed from the home;
  - (B) allowing the child to remain in home is contrary to the welfare of the child; or
  - (C) immediate placement of the child is in the best interest of the child; and

(2) reasonable efforts have been made to maintain the family unit and prevent the unnecessary removal of the child from the child's home or that an emergency exists which threatens the safety to the child.

The court shall not enter an order removing a child from the custody of a parent pursuant to this section based solely on the finding that the parent is homeless.

- (d) Custody of a child removed from the custody of a parent. If the court has made the findings required by subsection (c), the court shall enter an order awarding custody to a relative of the child or to a person with whom the child has close emotional ties who shall not be required to be licensed under article 5 of chapter 65 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, to any other suitable person, to a shelter facility, to a youth residential facility or, if the child is 15 years of age or younger, or 16 or 17 years of age if the child has no identifiable parental or family resources or shows signs of physical, mental, emotional or sexual abuse, to the secretary. Custody awarded under this subsection shall continue until further order of the court.
- (1) When custody is awarded to the secretary, the secretary shall consider any placement recommendation by the court and notify the court of the placement or proposed placement of the child within 10 days of the order awarding custody. After providing the parties or interested parties notice and opportunity to be heard, the court may determine whether the secretary's placement or proposed placement is contrary to the welfare or in the best interests of the child. In making that determination the court shall consider the health and safety needs of the child and the resources available to meet the needs of children in the custody of the secretary. If the court determines that the placement or proposed placement is contrary to the welfare or not in the best interests of the child, the court shall notify the secretary, who shall then make an alternative placement.
- (2) The custodian designated under this subsection shall notify the court in writing at least 10 days prior to any planned placement with a parent. The written notice shall state the basis for the custodian's belief that placement with a parent is no longer contrary to the welfare or best interest of the child. Upon reviewing the notice, the court may allow the custodian to proceed with the planned placement or may set the date for a hearing to determine if the child shall be allowed to return home. If the court sets a hearing on the matter, the custodian shall not return the child home without written consent of the court.
- (3) The court may grant any person reasonable rights to visit the child upon motion of the person and a finding that the visitation rights would be in the best interests of the child
- (4) The court may enter an order restraining any alleged perpetrator of physical, mental or emotional abuse or sexual abuse of the child from residing in the child's home; visiting, contacting, harassing or intimidating the child, other family member or witness; or attempting to visit, contact, harass or intimidate the child, other family member or witness. Such restraining order shall be served by personal service pursuant to subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2237, and amendments thereto, on any alleged perpetrator to whom the order is directed.
- (5) The court shall provide a copy of any orders entered within 10 days of entering the order to the custodian designated under this subsection.
- (e) Further determinations regarding a child removed from the home. If custody has been awarded under subsection (d) to a person other than a parent, a permanency

plan shall be provided or prepared pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2264, and amendments thereto. If a permanency plan is provided at the dispositional hearing, the court may determine whether reintegration is a viable alternative or, if reintegration is not a viable alternative, whether the child should be placed for adoption or a permanent custodian appointed. In determining whether reintegration is a viable alternative, the court shall consider:

- (1) Whether a parent has been found by a court to have committed one of the following crimes or to have violated the law of another state prohibiting such crimes or to have aided and abetted, attempted, conspired or solicited the commission of one of these crimes: (A) Murder in the first degree, K.S.A. 21-3401, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5402, and amendments thereto; (B) murder in the second degree, K.S.A. 21-3402, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5403, and amendments thereto; (C) capital murder, K.S.A. 21-3439, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5401, and amendments thereto; (D) voluntary manslaughter, K.S.A. 21-3403, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5404, and amendments thereto; or (E) a felony battery that resulted in bodily injury;
- (2) whether a parent has subjected the child or another child to aggravated circumstances:
- (3) whether a parent has previously been found to be an unfit parent in proceedings under this code or in comparable proceedings under the laws of another state or the federal government;
  - (4) whether the child has been in extended out of home placement;
  - (5) whether the parents have failed to work diligently toward reintegration;
- (6) whether the secretary has provided the family with services necessary for the safe return of the child to the home; and
- (7) whether it is reasonable to expect reintegration to occur within a time frame consistent with the child's developmental needs.
- (f) Proceedings if reintegration is not a viable alternative. If the court determines that reintegration is not a viable alternative, proceedings to terminate parental rights and permit placement of the child for adoption or appointment of a permanent custodian shall be initiated unless the court finds that compelling reasons have been documented in the case plan why adoption or appointment of a permanent custodian would not be in the best interests of the child. If compelling reasons have not been documented, the county or district attorney shall file a motion within 30 days to terminate parental rights or a motion to appoint a permanent custodian within 30 days and the court shall hold a hearing on the motion within 90 days of its filing. No hearing is required when the parents voluntarily relinquish parental rights or consent to the appointment of a permanent custodian.
- (g) Additional Orders. In addition to or in lieu of any other order authorized by this section:
- (1) The court may order the child and the parents of any child who has been adjudicated a child in need of care to attend counseling sessions as the court directs. The expense of the counseling may be assessed as an expense in the case. No mental health provider shall charge a greater fee for court-ordered counseling than the provider would have charged to the person receiving counseling if the person had requested counseling on the person's own initiative.
  - (2) If the court has reason to believe that a child is before the court due, in whole or

in part, to the use or misuse of alcohol or a violation of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5701 through 21-5717, and amendments thereto, by the child, a parent of the child, or another person responsible for the care of the child, the court may order the child, parent of the child or other person responsible for the care of the child to submit to and complete an alcohol and drug evaluation by a qualified person or agency and comply with any recommendations. If the evaluation is performed by a community-based alcohol and drug safety program certified pursuant to K.S.A. 8-1008, and amendments thereto, the child, parent of the child or other person responsible for the care of the child shall pay a fee not to exceed the fee established by that statute. If the court finds that the child and those legally liable for the child's support are indigent, the fee may be waived. In no event shall the fee be assessed against the secretary.

- (3) If child support has been requested and the parent or parents have a duty to support the child, the court may order one or both parents to pay child support and, when custody is awarded to the secretary, the court shall order one or both parents to pay child support. The court shall determine, for each parent separately, whether the parent is already subject to an order to pay support for the child. If the parent is not presently ordered to pay support for any child who is subject to the jurisdiction of the court and the court has personal jurisdiction over the parent, the court shall order the parent to pay child support in an amount determined under K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2277, and amendments thereto. Except for good cause shown, the court shall issue an immediate income withholding order pursuant to K.S.A. 23-4,105 et seq. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-3101 et seg., and amendments thereto, for each parent ordered to pay support under this subsection, regardless of whether a payor has been identified for the parent. A parent ordered to pay child support under this subsection shall be notified, at the hearing or otherwise, that the child support order may be registered pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2279, and amendments thereto. The parent shall also be informed that, after registration, the income withholding order may be served on the parent's employer without further notice to the parent and the child support order may be enforced by any method allowed by law. Failure to provide this notice shall not affect the validity of the child support order.
- Sec. 66. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2264 is hereby amended to read as follows: 38-2264. (a) A permanency hearing is a proceeding conducted by the court or by a citizen review board for the purpose of determining progress toward accomplishment of a permanency plan as established by K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2263, and amendments thereto.
- (b) The court or a citizen review board shall hear and the court shall determine whether and, if applicable, when the child will be:
  - (1) Reintegrated with the child's parents:
  - (2) placed for adoption;
  - (3) placed with a permanent custodian; or
- (4) if the secretary has documented compelling reasons why it would not be in the child's best interests for a placement in one of the placements pursuant to paragraphs (1), (2) or (3) placed in another planned permanent arrangement.
- (c) The court shall enter a finding as to whether reasonable efforts have been made by appropriate public or private agencies to rehabilitate the family and achieve the permanency goal in place at the time of the hearing.
  - (d) A permanency hearing shall be held within 12 months of the date the court

authorized the child's removal from the home and not less frequently than every 12 months thereafter.

- (e) If the court determines at any time other than during a permanency hearing that reintegration may not be a viable alternative for the child, a permanency hearing shall be held no later than 30 days following that determination.
- (f) When the court finds that reintegration continues to be a viable alternative, the court shall determine whether and, if applicable, when the child will be returned to the parent. The court may rescind any of its prior dispositional orders and enter any dispositional order authorized by this code or may order that a new plan for the reintegration be prepared and submitted to the court. If reintegration cannot be accomplished as approved by the court, the court shall be informed and shall schedule a hearing pursuant to this section. No such hearing is required when the parents voluntarily relinquish parental rights or consent to appointment of a permanent custodian.
- (g) If the court finds reintegration is no longer a viable alternative, the court shall consider whether: (1) The child is in a stable placement with a relative; (2) services set out in the case plan necessary for the safe return of the child have been made available to the parent with whom reintegration is planned; or (3) compelling reasons are documented in the case plan to support a finding that neither adoption nor appointment of a permanent custodian are in the child's best interest. If reintegration is not a viable alternative and either adoption or appointment of a permanent custodian might be in the best interests of the child, the county or district attorney or the county or district attorney's designee shall file a motion to terminate parental rights or a motion to appoint a permanent custodian within 30 days and the court shall set a hearing on such motion within 90 days of the filing of such motion.
- (h) If the court enters an order terminating parental rights to a child, or an agency has accepted a relinquishment pursuant to K.S.A. 59-2124, and amendments thereto, the requirements for permanency hearings shall continue until an adoption or appointment of a permanent custodian has been accomplished. If the court determines that reasonable efforts or progress have not been made toward finding an adoptive placement or appointment of a permanent custodian or placement with a fit and willing relative, the court may rescind its prior orders and make others regarding custody and adoption that are appropriate under the circumstances. Reports of a proposed adoptive placement need not contain the identity of the proposed adoptive parents.
- (i) If permanency with one parent has been achieved without the termination of the other parent's rights, the court may, prior to dismissing the case, enter child custody orders, including residency and parenting time that the court determines to be in the best interests of the child. The court shall complete a parenting plan pursuant to K.S.A. 60-1625 K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-3213, and amendments thereto.
- (1) Before entering a custody order under this subsection, the court shall inquire whether a custody order has been entered or is pending in a civil custody case by a court of competent jurisdiction within the state of Kansas.
- (2) If a civil custody case has been filed or is pending, a certified copy of the custody, residency and parenting time orders shall be filed in the civil custody case. The court in the civil custody case may, after consultation with the court in the child in need of care case, enter an order declaring that the custody order in the child in need of care case shall become the custody order in the civil custody case.

- (3) A district court, on its own motion or upon the motion of any party, may order the consolidation of the child in need of care case with any open civil custody case involving the child and both of the child's parents. Custody, residency and parenting time orders entered in consolidated child in need of care and civil custody cases take precedence over any previous orders affecting both parents and the child that were entered in the civil custody case regarding the same or related issues. Following entry of a custody order in a consolidated case, the court shall dismiss the child in need of care case and, if necessary, return the civil custody case to the original court having jurisdiction over it.
- (4) If no civil custody case has been filed, the court may direct the parties to file a civil custody case and to file the custody orders from the child in need of care case in that case. Costs of the civil custody case may be assessed to the parties.
- (5) Nothing in this subsection shall operate to expand access to information that is confidential under K.S.A. 38-2209, and amendments thereto, and the confidentiality of such information shall be preserved in all filings in a civil custody case.
- (j) When permanency has been achieved to the satisfaction of the court, the court shall enter an order closing the case.
- Sec. 67. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2304 is hereby amended to read as follows: 38-2304. (a) Except as provided in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2347, and amendments thereto, proceedings concerning a juvenile shall be governed by the provisions of this code.
- (b) The district court shall have original jurisdiction to receive and determine proceedings under this code.
- (c) When a complaint is filed under this code, the juvenile shall be presumed to be subject to this code, unless the contrary is proved.
- (d) Once jurisdiction is acquired by the district court over an alleged juvenile offender, except as otherwise provided in subsection (e), jurisdiction shall continue until one of the following occurs:
  - (1) The complaint is dismissed;
  - (2) the juvenile is adjudicated not guilty at trial;
  - (3) the juvenile, after being adjudicated guilty and sentenced:
- (i) Successfully completes the term of probation or order of assignment to community corrections;
- (ii) is discharged by the commissioner pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2376, and amendments thereto;
- (iii) reaches the juvenile's 21st birthday and no exceptions apply that extend jurisdiction beyond age 21;
  - (4) the court terminates jurisdiction; or
- (5) the offender is convicted of a new felony while the offender is incarcerated in a juvenile correctional facility pursuant to K.S.A. 38-1671, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2373, and amendments thereto, for an offense, which if committed by an adult would constitute the commission of a felony.
- (e) Once jurisdiction is acquired by the district court over an alleged juvenile offender, it shall continue beyond the juvenile offender's 21<sup>st</sup> birthday but no later than the juvenile offender's 23<sup>rd</sup> birthday if either or both of the following conditions apply:
- (1) The juvenile offender is sentenced pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2369, and amendments thereto, and the term of the sentence including successful completion of aftercare extends beyond the juvenile offender's 21st birthday; or

- (2) the juvenile offender is sentenced pursuant to an extended jurisdiction juvenile prosecution and continues to successfully serve the sentence imposed pursuant to the revised Kansas juvenile justice code.
- (f) Termination of jurisdiction pursuant to this section shall have no effect on the juvenile offender's continuing responsibility to pay restitution ordered.
- (g) (1) If a juvenile offender, at the time of sentencing, is in an out of home placement in the custody of the secretary of social and rehabilitation services under the Kansas code for care of children, the sentencing court may order the continued placement of the juvenile offender as a child in need of care unless the offender was adjudicated for a felony or a second or subsequent misdemeanor. If the adjudication was for a felony or a second or subsequent misdemeanor, the continued placement cannot be ordered unless the court finds there are compelling circumstances which, in the best interest of the juvenile offender, require that the placement should be continued. In considering whether compelling circumstances exist, the court shall consider the reports and recommendations of the foster placement, the contract provider, the secretary of social and rehabilitation services, the presentence investigation and all other relevant factors. If the foster placement refuses to continue the juvenile in the foster placement the court shall not order continued placement as a child in need of care.
- (2) If a placement with the secretary of social and rehabilitation services is continued after sentencing, the secretary shall not be responsible for any costs of sanctions imposed under this code.
- (3) If the juvenile offender is placed in the custody of the juvenile justice authority, the secretary of social and rehabilitation services shall not be responsible for furnishing services ordered in the child in need of care proceeding during the time of the placement pursuant to the revised Kansas juvenile justice code. Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the juvenile offender from accessing other services provided by the department of social and rehabilitation services or any other state agency if the juvenile offender is otherwise eligible for the services.
- (h) A court's order issued in a proceeding pursuant to this code, shall take precedence over such orders in a proceeding under article 11 of chapter 38 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto (parentage act), a proceeding under article 16 of chapter 60 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto (divoree), chapter 23 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, the Kansas family law code, a proceeding under article 31 of chapter 60 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto—(\_\_protection from abuse act), a proceeding under article 21 of chapter 59 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto—(\_adoption and relinquishment act), a proceeding under article 30 of chapter 59 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto—(\_\_guardians and conservators), or a comparable case in another jurisdiction, except as provided by K.S.A. 38-1336 K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-37,101 et seq., and amendments thereto—(\_uniform child custody jurisdiction and enforcement act).
- Sec. 68. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2313 is hereby amended to read as follows: 38-2313. (a) Fingerprints or photographs shall not be taken of any juvenile who is taken into custody for any purpose, except that:
- (1) Fingerprints or photographs of a juvenile may be taken if authorized by a judge of the district court having jurisdiction;
  - (2) a juvenile's fingerprints shall be taken, and photographs of a juvenile may be

taken, immediately upon taking the juvenile into custody or upon first appearance or in any event before final sentencing, before the court for an offense which, if committed by an adult, would constitute the commission of a felony, a class A or B misdemeanor or assault, as defined in subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5412, and amendments thereto:

- (3) fingerprints or photographs of a juvenile may be taken under K.S.A. 21-2501, and amendments thereto, if the juvenile has been: (A) Prosecuted as an adult pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2347, and amendments thereto; or (B) taken into custody for an offense described in subsection (n)(1) or (n)(2) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2302, and amendments thereto;
- (4) fingerprints or photographs shall be taken of any juvenile admitted to a juvenile correctional facility; and
- (5) photographs may be taken of any juvenile placed in a juvenile detention facility. Photographs taken under this paragraph shall be used solely by the juvenile detention facility for the purposes of identification, security and protection and shall not be disseminated to any other person or agency except after an escape and necessary to assist in apprehension.
- (b) Fingerprints and photographs taken under subsection (a)(1) or (a)(2) shall be kept readily distinguishable from those of persons of the age of majority. Fingerprints and photographs taken under subsections (a)(3) and (a)(4) may be kept in the same manner as those of persons of the age of majority.
- (c) Fingerprints and photographs of a juvenile shall not be sent to a state or federal repository, except that:
- (1) Fingerprints and photographs may be sent to the state and federal repository if authorized by a judge of the district court having jurisdiction;
- (2) a juvenile's fingerprints shall, and photographs of a juvenile may, be sent to the state and federal repository if taken under subsection (a)(2) or (a)(4); and
- (3) fingerprints or photographs taken under subsection (a)(3) shall be processed and disseminated in the same manner as those of persons of the age of majority.
- (d) Fingerprints or photographs of a juvenile may be furnished to another juvenile justice agency, as defined by K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2325, and amendments thereto, if the other agency has a legitimate need for the fingerprints or photographs.
- (e) Any fingerprints or photographs of an alleged juvenile offender taken under the provisions of subsection (a)(2) of K.S.A. 38-1611, prior to its repeal, may be sent to a state or federal repository on or before December 31, 2006.
- (f) Any law enforcement agency that willfully fails to submit any fingerprints or photographs required by this section shall be liable to the state for the payment of a civil penalty, recoverable in an action brought by the attorney general, in an amount not exceeding \$500 for each report not made. Any civil penalty recovered under this subsection shall be paid into the state general fund.
- (g) The director of the Kansas bureau of investigation shall adopt any rules and regulations necessary to implement, administer and enforce the provisions of this section, including time limits within which fingerprints shall be sent to a state or federal repository when required by this section.
- (h) Nothing in this section shall preclude the custodian of a juvenile from authorizing photographs or fingerprints of the juvenile to be used in any action under the Kansas parentage act. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-2201 et seq., and amendments thereto.

- Sec. 69. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2318 is hereby amended to read as follows: 38-2318. When there is a dispute with respect to parentage, the court may stay child support proceedings, if any are pending in the case, until the dispute is resolved by a separate action under the Kansas parentage act, K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-2201 et seq., and amendments thereto. Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the power of the court to carry out the purposes of the revised Kansas juvenile justice code.
- Sec. 70. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2362 is hereby amended to read as follows: 38-2362. (a) When sentencing a juvenile offender, the court may order a juvenile offender's parent to participate in counseling, mediation sessions or an alcohol and drug evaluation and treatment program ordered as part of the juvenile offender's sentence under K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2361, and amendments thereto, or to participate in parenting classes.
- (1) Upon entering an order requiring a juvenile offender's parent to attend counseling sessions or mediation, the court shall give the parent notice of the order. The notice shall inform the parent of the parent's right to request a hearing within 14 days after entry of the order and the parent's right to employ an attorney to represent the parent at the hearing or, if the parent is financially unable to employ an attorney, the parent's right to request the court to appoint an attorney to represent the parent.
- (2) If the parent does not request a hearing within 14 days after entry of the order, the order shall take effect at that time.
- (3) If the parent requests a hearing, the court shall set the matter for hearing and, if requested, shall appoint an attorney to represent the parent. The expense and fees of the appointed attorney may be allowed and assessed as provided by K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2306, and amendments thereto.
- (b) In addition to any other orders provided for by this section, the parent of a juvenile offender may be held responsible for the costs of sanctions or the support of the juvenile offender as follows:
- (1) The board of county commissioners of a county may provide by resolution that the parent of any juvenile offender placed under a house arrest program pursuant to subsection (a)(9) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2361, and amendments thereto, shall be required to pay to the county the cost of such house arrest program. The board of county commissioners shall prepare a sliding financial scale based on the ability of the parent to pay for such a program.
- (2) If child support has been requested and a parent has a duty to support the juvenile offender, the court may order, and when custody is placed with the commissioner shall order, one or both parents to pay child support. The court shall determine, for each parent separately, whether the parent already is subject to an order to pay support for the juvenile. If the parent currently is not ordered to pay support for the juvenile and the court has personal jurisdiction over the parent, the court shall order the parent to pay child support in an amount determined under K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2319, and amendments thereto. Except for good cause shown, the court shall issue an immediate income withholding order pursuant to K.S.A. 23-4,105 K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-3101 et seq., and amendments thereto, for each parent ordered to pay support under this subsection, regardless of whether a payor has been identified for the parent. A parent ordered to pay child support under this subsection shall be notified, at the hearing or otherwise, that the child support order may be registered pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2321, and amendments thereto. The parent also shall be informed that, after registration, the income withholding order may be served on the parent's employer

without further notice to the parent and the child support order may be enforced by any method allowed by law. Failure to provide this notice shall not affect the validity of the child support order.

Sec. 71. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 39-7,135 is hereby amended to read as follows: 39-7,135. (a) The department of social and rehabilitation services, the title IV-D agency for the state, shall maintain a central unit for collection and disbursement of support payments to meet the requirements of title IV-D and this section. Such central unit shall be known as the Kansas payment center. The name "Kansas payment center" shall be reserved for use by the state of Kansas for the functions of the central unit and shall not be used by any entity without the consent of the secretary of social and rehabilitation services.

The department may contract with another entity for development, enhancement or operation, in whole or in part, of such central unit. The Kansas payment center shall be subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- (1) The Kansas payment center shall be subject to the Kansas supreme court rule concerning official child support and maintenance records established pursuant to subsection (c).
- (2) No contract shall include provisions allowing the contractor to be paid, in whole or in part, on the basis of an amount per phone call received by the center nor allowing the contractor to be paid an amount per check issued for checks that were issued in error by the center. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to prevent the secretary of social and rehabilitation services from compensating on the basis of an amount per phone call any contractor that does not process receipts or disbursements under this section.
- (3) Any contract for processing receipts or disbursements under this section shall include penalty provisions for noncompliance with federal regulations relating to the timeliness of collections and disbursements and shall include a monetary penalty of \$100 for each erroneous transaction, whether related to collection or disbursement. Penalties shall be collected as and when assessed. Of the penalty, \$25 shall be allocated to the obligee and \$75 shall be allocated to the department of social and rehabilitation services.
- (4) Designees of the secretary of social and rehabilitation services and designees of the office of judicial administration shall have full access to all data, subject to the provisions of title IV-D of the federal social security act, 42 U.S.C. § 651 *et seq.* Designees of the secretary of social and rehabilitation services, all district court clerks and court trustees shall have access to records of the Kansas payment center sufficient to allow them to assist in the process of matching support payments to the correct accounts.
- (5) The Kansas payment center shall provide sufficient customer service staff during regular business hours. Obligors and obligees shall be provided 24-hour access to information about the status of receipts and disbursements, including, but not limited to, date of receipt by the center, date of processing by the center and date of disbursement to the obligee.
- (b) The Kansas payment center shall have, by operation of law, a limited power of attorney to perform the specific act of endorsing and negotiating all drafts, checks, money orders or other negotiable instruments representing support payments received by the center. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as affecting the property

rights or interests of any person in such negotiable instruments. The provisions of this subsection shall apply to any negotiable instrument received by the center on or after October 1, 2000.

- (c) The Kansas supreme court, by court rule, shall establish the procedure for the creation, maintenance and correction of official child support and maintenance records for use as official court records.
- (d) The department shall collaborate with the Kansas supreme court to maintain the Kansas payment center, which shall include all support payments subject to the requirements of title IV-D of the federal social security act, 42 U.S.C. § 651 *et seq.*, and, except as specifically directed otherwise by the court pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-2712, 23-2715, 23-2716, and 23-2802, 23-2902 through 23-2605, 23-3001 through 23-3006, 23-3201 through 23-3207, 23-3216 and 23-3218 and articles 29, 30 and 31 of chapter 23 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, all other support payments due under a court order entered in this state.
- (e) Any provision in any support order or income withholding order entered in this state which requires remittance of support payments to the clerk of the district court or district court trustee shall be deemed to require remittance of support payments to the Kansas payment center, regardless of the date the support or income withholding order was entered.
- (f) (1) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, payments received by the Kansas payment center which cannot be matched to any account nor returned to the payor shall be transferred to the state treasurer in accordance with the unclaimed property act.
- (2) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, disbursements which cannot be delivered to the payee after a good faith effort to locate the payee shall be transferred to the state treasurer in accordance with the unclaimed property act.
- (3) To the extent that the secretary of social and rehabilitation services would be required to treat as federal program income any amount transferable to the state treasurer pursuant to this subsection or the unclaimed property act, such amount shall not be presumed abandoned but shall be held by the secretary until the amount may be delivered to the true owner. The secretary and the state treasurer shall collaborate on procedures for locating the true owner and confirming claims to amounts so held.
- Sec. 72. K.S.A. 39-7,138 is hereby amended to read as follows: 39-7,138. The following definitions shall apply in any IV-D administrative proceeding related to K.S.A. 39-7,137 through 39-7,152, and amendments thereto, except where the context requires otherwise.
- (a) "Account" means a demand deposit account, checking or negotiable withdrawal order account, savings account, time deposit account or money-market mutual fund account.
- (b) "Arrearages" means past due support under any support order of any tribunal of this or any other state, including but not limited to the unpaid balance of any costs awarded, public assistance debt or accrued interest.
- (c) "Business day" means a day on which state offices in Kansas are open for regular business.
- (d) "Cash asset" means any intangible property that consistently maintains a fair market value of one dollar per unit. It shall be presumed that any account held by a financial institution and from which the obligor may make cash withdrawals, with or

without penalty, consists entirely of cash assets.

- (e) "Current support" includes but is not limited to the duty to provide for a child's ongoing medical needs through cash, insurance coverage or other means. "Current support" does not include any periodic amount specified to defray arrearages.
- (f) "Custodial parent" means the parent or other person receiving IV-D services on the child's behalf and may include an agency acting in loco parentis, a guardian, or a blood or adoptive relative with whom the child resides.
- (g) "Duty of support" means any duty to support another person that is imposed or imposable by law or by any order, decree or judgment of any tribunal, whether interlocutory or final or whether incidental to a proceeding for divorce, judicial separation, separate maintenance or otherwise, including but not limited to the duty to provide current support, the duty to provide medical support, the duty to pay birth expenses, the duty to pay a public assistance debt and the duty to pay arrearages.
- (h) "Financial institution" means any financial institution as defined in 469A of the federal social security act-(242 U.S.C. § 469A), and amendments thereto.
- (i) "Holder" means any person who is or may be in possession or control of any cash asset of the responsible parent.
- (j) "IV-D" or "title IV-D" means part D of title IV of the federal social security act (\_42 U.S.C. § 651 *et seq.*), and amendments thereto, as in effect on May 1, 1997. "IV-D services" means those services the secretary provides pursuant to title IV-D.
- (k) "Party" means the secretary, the responsible parent, the custodial parent or the child or any assignee or other successor in interest to any of them.
- (l) "Public assistance debt" means the obligation to reimburse public assistance as described in K.S.A. 39-718b or 39-719, and amendments thereto or in any similar law of this or any other state.
- (m) "Responsible parent" means, if a child is receiving or has received IV-D services from the secretary, the mother, father or alleged father of the child.
- (n) "Secretary" means the secretary of social and rehabilitation services or a designee of the secretary.
- (o) "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands or any territory or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of the United States. The term "state" includes an Indian tribe and includes any jurisdiction declared a foreign reciprocating country by the United States secretary of state and any foreign jurisdiction that has established procedures for issuance and enforcement of child support orders which are substantially similar to the procedures of this state. It shall be presumed that a foreign jurisdiction which is the subject of an unrevoked declaration by the attorney general pursuant to K.S.A. 23-4,101 K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-3601, and amendments thereto, is a state as defined in this subsection.
- (p) "Support order" means any order by which a person's duty of support is established, including but not limited to any order modifying a prior support order.
- (q) "Tribunal" means any court, administrative agency or quasi-judicial entity authorized to establish, modify or enforce support orders or to determine parentage. With respect to support orders entered in this state, the courts are the tribunals in Kansas.
- Sec. 73. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 39-7,145 is hereby amended to read as follows: 39-7,145. (a) This section shall not apply if an action to establish the father's duty of

support on behalf of the child is pending before any tribunal. As used in this section, "mother" means the natural mother of the child whose parentage is in issue.

- (b) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (d), genetic tests may be ordered by the secretary if the alleged father consents and the necessary persons are available for testing. Except as otherwise provided in subsection (e), the secretary shall pay the costs of genetic tests, subject to recoupment from the father if paternity is established. For purposes of this section, a person receiving title IV-D services is not available for testing if a claim for good cause not to cooperate under title IV-D is pending or has been determined in the person's favor or if the person ceases to receive title IV-D services for any reason.
- (c) A copy of the order for genetic tests shall be served upon persons required to comply with the order only by personal service or registered mail, return receipt requested. The order shall specify the time and place the person is required to appear for testing, which shall be at least ten days after the date the order is entered.
- (d) If a presumption of paternity arises pursuant to subsection (a) of K.S.A. 38-1114 K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-2208, and amendments thereto, because the mother married or attempted to marry any man, the secretary shall not order genetic testing unless a court of this state or an appropriate tribunal in another state has found that determining the child's biological father is in the child's best interests. If a tribunal subsequently determines that the prohibition of this subsection applied at the time genetic tests were ordered by the secretary, any support order based in whole or in part upon the genetic tests may be set aside only as provided in K.S.A. 60-260, and amendments thereto.
- (e) Upon receiving the results of genetic testing, the secretary shall promptly send a copy of the results to the parties, together with notice of the time limits for requesting any additional genetic tests or for challenging the results pursuant to—K.S.A. 38-1118
  K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-2212, and amendments thereto, how to make such request or challenge, and any associated costs. The notice shall state the consequences pursuant to K.S.A. 38-1118 K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-2212, and amendments thereto, of failing to act within the time allowed by the statute. Any additional genetic tests shall be at the expense of the person making the request for additional genetic tests. Failure of the person requesting additional tests to make advance payment as required by the secretary shall be deemed withdrawal of the request.
- (f) Any person required to comply with an order issued pursuant to this section may request: (1) An administrative hearing pursuant to K.S.A. 75-3306, and amendments thereto, by complying with procedures established by the secretary within ten days after entry of the order; or (2) a *de novo* court review pursuant to K.S.A. 39-7,139, and amendments thereto. If the order is served on the person by mail, the time for requesting review shall be extended by three days. An order issued pursuant to this section shall be subject to defenses that would apply if the order had been issued by a court of this state. If the request for review is made within the time allowed, the effect of the order shall be stayed with respect to the person requesting review pending resolution of the review.
- (g) An order issued pursuant to this section whose effect has not been stayed may be enforced pursuant to the civil enforcement provisions of the Kansas judicial review act, K.S.A. 77-601, et seq., and amendments thereto, after the time for compliance with the order has expired.
- Sec. 74. K.S.A. 39-7,147 is hereby amended to read as follows: 39-7,147. (a) Except as otherwise provided in K.S.A. 23-4,107 or K.S.A. 39-7,149 or K.S.A. 2011

- Supp. 23-3103, and amendments thereto, if no income withholding order is in effect to enforce a support order in a title IV-D case, an income withholding order may be entered by the secretary. A notice of intent to initiate income withholding, as described in K.S.A. 23-4,107 K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-3103, and amendments thereto, shall be served on the responsible parent at least seven days before the secretary issues the income withholding order. If the amount of arrearages is less than the amount of current support due for one month, the requirements of subsection (d) must be met. The income withholding order shall conform to the requirements of the income withholding act and amendments thereto and shall have the same force and effect as an income withholding order issued by a district court of this state.
- (b) If an income withholding order is issued by the secretary to enforce a support order entered by a court of this state, the original document shall be delivered for filing to the clerk of the court that entered the support order. Thereafter, if the secretary is no longer providing title IV-D services in the case, the clerk of the district court shall use the income withholding order issued by the secretary in the same manner as an income withholding order issued by the court.
- (c) If an income withholding order is issued by the secretary to enforce a support order entered by a tribunal of another state, the secretary shall transmit a copy of the income withholding order to the tribunal of the other state.
- (d) If there are no arrearages or the amount of arrearages under the support order is less than the amount of current support due for one month, the secretary may initiate income withholding only if:
  - (1) Any arrearages are owed;
  - (2) a medical child support order exists;
- (3) the secretary determines that immediate issuance of the income withholding order was required by K.S.A. 23-4,107 K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-3103, and amendments thereto, or by a similar law of another state, but no income withholding order was entered;
  - (4) the responsible parent consents:
- (5) required payments have been received after the due date at least twice within the preceding 12 months, regardless of whether any arrearages are owed; or
  - (6) the support order was entered by a tribunal of another state.
- (e) If the support order was entered by or registered with a court of this state, the notice of intent to initiate income withholding shall be served on the responsible parent by only personal service or registered mail, return receipt requested. In all other cases, the notice of intent to initiate income withholding shall be served upon the responsible parent only by personal service or registered mail, return receipt requested.
- Sec. 75. K.S.A. 44-514 is hereby amended to read as follows: 44-514. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), K.S.A 23-4,146 or and the income withholding act, K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-3101 et seq., and amendments thereto, no claim for compensation, or compensation agreed upon, awarded, adjudged, or paid, shall be assignable or subject to levy, execution, attachment, garnishment, or any other remedy or procedure for the recovery or collection of a debt, and this exemption cannot be waived.
- (b) Claims for compensation, or compensation agreed upon, adjudged or paid, which are paid to a worker on a weekly basis or by lump sum shall be subject to enforcement of an order for support by means of voluntary or involuntary assignment of a portion of the compensation.

- (1) Any involuntary assignment shall be obtained by motion filed within the case which is the basis of the existing order of support.
- (A) Any motion seeking an involuntary assignment of compensation shall be served on the claimant and the claimant's counsel to the workers compensation claim, if known, the motion shall set forth:
  - (i) The amount of the current support order to be enforced;
  - (ii) the amount of any arrearage alleged to be owed under the support order;
  - (iii) the identity of the payer of the compensation to the claimant, if known; and
- (iv) whether the assignment requested seeks to attach compensation for current support or arrearages or both.
- (B) Motions for involuntary assignments of compensation shall be granted. The relief granted for:
- (i) Current support shall be collectible from benefits paid on a weekly basis but shall not exceed 25% of the workers gross weekly compensation excluding any medical compensation and rehabilitation costs paid directly to providers.
- (ii) Past due support shall be collectible from lump-sum settlements, judgments or awards but shall not exceed 40% of a lump sum, excluding any medical compensation and rehabilitation costs paid directly to providers.
- (2) In any proceeding under this subsection, the court may also consider the modification of the existing support order upon proper notice to the other interested parties.
- (3) Any order of involuntary assignment of compensation shall be served upon the payer of compensation and shall set forth the:
  - (A) Amount of the current support order;
  - (B) amount of the arrearage owed, if any;
  - (C) applicable percentage limitations;
- (D) name and address of the payee to whom assigned sums shall be disbursed by the payer; and
- (E) date the assignment is to take effect and the conditions for termination of the assignment.
- (4) For the purposes of this section, "order for support" means any order of any Kansas court, authorized by law to issue such an order, which provides for the payment of funds for the support of a child or for maintenance of a spouse or ex-spouse, and includes such an order which provides for payment of an arrearage accrued under a previously existing order and reimbursement orders, including but not limited to, an order established pursuant to K.S.A. 39-718a and amendments thereto, prior to its repeal; K.S.A. 39-718b, and amendments thereto; or an order established pursuant to the uniform interstate family support act, K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-36,101 et seq., and amendments thereto.
- (5) For all purposes under this section, each obligation to pay child support or order for child support shall be satisfied prior to satisfaction of any obligation to pay or order for maintenance of a spouse or ex-spouse.
- Sec. 76. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 59-2136 is hereby amended to read as follows: 59-2136. (a) The provisions of this section shall apply where a relinquishment or consent to an adoption has not been obtained from a parent and K.S.A. 59-2124 and 59-2129, and amendments thereto, state that the necessity of a parent's relinquishment or consent can be determined under this section.

- (b) Insofar as practicable, the provisions of this section applicable to the father also shall apply to the mother and those applicable to the mother also shall apply to the father.
- (c) In stepparent adoptions under subsection (d), the court may appoint an attorney to represent any father who is unknown or whose whereabouts are unknown. In all other cases, the court shall appoint an attorney to represent any father who is unknown or whose whereabouts are unknown. If no person is identified as the father or a possible father, the court shall order publication notice of the hearing in such manner as the court deems appropriate.
- (d) In a stepparent adoption, if a mother consents to the adoption of a child who has a presumed father under subsection (a)(1), (2) or (3) of K.S.A. 38-1114 K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-2208, and amendments thereto, or who has a father as to whom the child is a legitimate child under prior law of this state or under the law of another jurisdiction, the consent of such father must be given to the adoption unless such father has failed or refused to assume the duties of a parent for two consecutive years next preceding the filing of the petition for adoption or is incapable of giving such consent. In determining whether a father's consent is required under this subsection, the court may disregard incidental visitations, contacts, communications or contributions. In determining whether the father has failed or refused to assume the duties of a parent for two consecutive years next preceding the filing of the petition for adoption, there shall be a rebuttable presumption that if the father, after having knowledge of the child's birth, has knowingly failed to provide a substantial portion of the child support as required by judicial decree, when financially able to do so, for a period of two years next preceding the filing of the petition for adoption, then such father has failed or refused to assume the duties of a parent. The court may consider the best interests of the child and the fitness of the nonconsenting parent in determining whether a stepparent adoption should be granted.
- (e) Except as provided in subsection (d), if a mother desires to relinquish or consents to the adoption of such mother's child, a petition shall be filed in the district court to terminate the parental rights of the father, unless the father's relationship to the child has been previously terminated or determined not to exist by a court. The petition may be filed by the mother, the petitioner for adoption, the person or agency having custody of the child or the agency to which the child has been or is to be relinquished. Where appropriate, the request to terminate parental rights may be contained in a petition for adoption. If the request to terminate parental rights is not filed in connection with an adoption proceeding, venue shall be in the county in which the child, the mother or the presumed or alleged father resides or is found. In an effort to identify the father, the court shall determine by deposition, affidavit or hearing, the following:
- (1) Whether there is a presumed father under—K.S.A. 38-1114\_K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-2208, and amendments thereto;
- (2) whether there is a father whose relationship to the child has been determined by a court:
- (3) whether there is a father as to whom the child is a legitimate child under prior law of this state or under the law of another jurisdiction;
- (4) whether the mother was cohabitating with a man at the time of conception or birth of the child;
  - (5) whether the mother has received support payments or promises of support with

respect to the child or in connection with such mother's pregnancy; and

(6) whether any man has formally or informally acknowledged or declared such man's possible paternity of the child.

If the father is identified to the satisfaction of the court, or if more than one man is identified as a possible father, each shall be given notice of the proceeding in accordance with subsection (f).

- (f) Notice of the proceeding shall be given to every person identified as the father or a possible father by personal service, certified mail return receipt requested or in any other manner the court may direct. Proof of notice shall be filed with the court before the petition or request is heard.
- (g) If, after the inquiry, the court is unable to identify the father or any possible father and no person has appeared claiming to be the father and claiming custodial rights, the court shall enter an order terminating the unknown father's parental rights with reference to the child without regard to subsection (h). If any person identified as the father or possible father of the child fails to appear or, if appearing, fails to claim custodial rights, such person's parental rights with reference to the child shall be terminated without regard to subsection (h).
- (h) (1) When a father or alleged father appears and asserts parental rights, the court shall determine parentage, if necessary pursuant to the Kansas parentage act. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-2201 et seq., and amendments thereto. If a father desires but is financially unable to employ an attorney, the court shall appoint an attorney for the father. Thereafter, the court may order that parental rights be terminated, upon a finding by clear and convincing evidence, of any of the following:
- (A) The father abandoned or neglected the child after having knowledge of the child's birth;
  - (B) the father is unfit as a parent or incapable of giving consent;
- (C) the father has made no reasonable efforts to support or communicate with the child after having knowledge of the child's birth;
- (D) the father, after having knowledge of the pregnancy, failed without reasonable cause to provide support for the mother during the six months prior to the child's birth;
  - (E) the father abandoned the mother after having knowledge of the pregnancy;
  - (F) the birth of the child was the result of rape of the mother; or
- (G) the father has failed or refused to assume the duties of a parent for two consecutive years next preceding the filing of the petition.
- (2) In making a finding whether parental rights shall be terminated under this subsection, the court may:
  - (A) Consider and weigh the best interest of the child; and
  - (B) disregard incidental visitations, contacts, communications or contributions.
- (3) In determining whether the father has failed or refused to assume the duties of a parent for two consecutive years next preceding the filing of the petition for adoption, there shall be a rebuttable presumption that if the father, after having knowledge of the child's birth, has knowingly failed to provide a substantial portion of the child support as required by judicial decree, when financially able to do so, for a period of two years next preceding the filing of the petition for adoption, then such father has failed or refused to assume the duties of a parent.
- (i) A termination of parental rights under this section shall not terminate the right of the child to inherit from or through the parent. Upon such termination, all the rights of

birth parents to such child, including their right to inherit from or through such child, shall cease.

- Sec. 77. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 60-308 is hereby amended to read as follows: 60-308. (a) *Proof and effect.* (1) Service of process may be made on any party outside this state. If on a party domiciled in this state or on a party that has submitted to the jurisdiction of the courts of this state, such service provides personal jurisdiction over that party; otherwise it provides in rem jurisdiction over specifically identified property that party has in this state.
- (2) The service of process must be made: (A) In the same manner as service within this state, by an officer authorized to serve process in this state or in the state where the party is served; or (B) by a party or the party's attorney pursuant to subsection (c) of K.S.A. 60-303, and amendments thereto. No order of a court is required. The server must file an affidavit or a declaration pursuant to K.S.A. 53-601, and amendments thereto, or any other competent proof, stating the time, manner and place of service. The court may consider the affidavit, declaration or any other competent proof in determining whether service has been properly made.
- (3) No default may be entered until the expiration of at least 30 days after service. A default judgment rendered on service outside this state may be set aside only on a showing that is timely and sufficient under subsection (b) of K.S.A. 60-260, and amendments thereto, to set aside a default judgment.
- (b) Submitting to jurisdiction. (1) Any person, whether or not a citizen or resident of this state, who in person or through an agent or instrumentality does any of the following acts, thereby submits the person and, if an individual, the individual's representative, to the jurisdiction of the courts of this state for any claim for relief arising from the act:
  - (A) Transacting any business in this state;
  - (B) committing a tortious act in this state;
  - (C) owning, using or possessing real estate located in this state;
- (D) contracting to insure any person, property or risk located in this state at the time of contracting:
- (E) entering into an express or implied contract, by mail or otherwise, with a resident of this state to be performed in whole or in part by either party in this state:
- (F) acting in this state as director, manager, trustee or other officer of any corporation organized under the laws of or having a place of business in this state or as executor or administrator of any estate in this state:
- (G) causing to persons or property in this state an injury arising out of an act or omission outside this state by the defendant if, at the time of the injury, either:
  - (i) The defendant was engaged in solicitation or service activities in this state; or
- (ii) products, materials or things processed, serviced or manufactured by the defendant anywhere were used or consumed in this state in the ordinary course of trade or use:
- (H) living in a marital relationship in this state notwithstanding subsequent departure from this state, for all obligations arising for maintenance, child support or property settlement under article 16 of this chapter the Kansas family law code, chapter 23 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, if the other party to the marital relationship continues to reside in this state;
  - (I) serving as insurer of a person at the time of an act by the person which is the

subject of an action in a court of competent jurisdiction in this state which results in judgment being taken against the person;

- (J) having sexual intercourse in this state, in an action seeking to adjudge the person to be a parent of a child and in an action to require the person to provide support for a child as provided by law, if: (i) The conception of the child results from the act; and (ii) the other party to the act or the child continues to reside in this state;
- (K) entering into an express or implied arrangement, whether by contract, tariff or otherwise, with a corporation or partnership residing or doing business in this state under which the corporation or partnership has supplied transportation services or communication service or equipment, including telephonic communication services, for a business or commercial user when the services supplied to the user are managed, operated or monitored in this state, provided that the person is given reasonable notice that arranging or continuing the transportation services or communication services may result in jurisdiction under this section; or
- (L) having contact with this state which would support jurisdiction consistent with the constitutions of the United States and of this state.
- (2) A person submits to the jurisdiction of the courts of this state for a claim for relief which did not arise in this state if substantial, continuous and systematic contact with this state is established which would support jurisdiction consistent with the constitutions of the United States and of this state.
- (c) Section not exclusive. Nothing in this section affects the right to serve process in any other manner provided by law.
- Sec. 78. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 60-703 is hereby amended to read as follows: 60-703. The order of attachment shall be issued by a judge of the district court upon the filing of a petition stating the claim and the filing of an affidavit, or an affidavit and bond as required in this article, except that no order of attachment shall be issued before judgment on plaintiff's claim where the property of the defendant to be attached is in the possession of a third party and is in the form of earnings due and owing to the defendant. The filing of an affidavit stating one or more grounds of attachment is required in every case. A bond is required in every case except in actions instituted on behalf of the state of Kansas or a county of the state. The order of attachment may be issued and executed on Sunday, a legal holiday, or a day on which the office of the clerk of the court is not accessible if the affidavit states that the party seeking the attachment will lose the benefit thereof unless the writ be issued or served on such day. The provisions of this section shall not be applicable to garnishments authorized pursuant to K.S.A. 60-1607 2011 Supp. 23-2707, and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 79. K.S.A. 60-2308 is hereby amended to read as follows: 60-2308. (a) Money received by any debtor as pensioner of the United States within three months next preceding the issuing of an execution, or attachment, or garnishment process, cannot be applied to the payment of the debts of such pensioner when it appears by the affidavit of the debtor or otherwise that such pension money is necessary for the maintenance of the debtor's support or a family support wholly or in part by the pension money. The filing of the affidavit by the debtor, or making proof as provided in this section, shall be *prima facie* evidence of the necessity of such pension money for such support. It shall be the duty of the court in which such proceeding is pending to release all moneys held by such attachment or garnishment process, immediately upon the filing of such affidavit, or the making of such proof.

- (b) Except as provided in subsection (c), any money or other assets payable to a participant or beneficiary from, or any interest of any participant or beneficiary in, a retirement plan which is qualified under sections 401(a), 403(a), 403(b), 408, 408A or 409 of the federal internal revenue code of 1986, and amendments thereto, shall be exempt from any and all claims of creditors of the beneficiary or participant. Any such plan shall be conclusively presumed to be a spendthrift trust under these statutes and the common law of the state.
- (c) Any plan or arrangement described in subsection (b) shall not be exempt from the claims of an alternate payee under a qualified domestic relations order. However, the interest of any and all alternate payees under a qualified domestic relations order shall be exempt from any and all claims of any creditor, other than the state department of social and rehabilitation services, of the alternate payee. As used in this subsection, the terms "alternate payee" and "qualified domestic relations order" have the meaning ascribed to them in section 414(p) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986, and amendments thereto.
- (d) The provisions of subsections (b) and (c) shall apply to any proceeding which: (1) Is filed on or after July 1, 1986; or (2) was filed on or after January 1, 1986, and is pending or on appeal July 1, 1986.
- (e) Money held by the central unit for collection and disbursement of support payments designated pursuant to—K.S.A. 23-4,118 K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 39-7,135, and amendments thereto, the state department of social and rehabilitation services, any clerk of a district court or any district court trustee in connection with a court order for the support of any person, whether the money is identified as child support, spousal support, alimony or maintenance, shall be exempt from execution, attachment or garnishment process.
  - (f) (1) The provisions of this subsection shall apply to any proceeding which:
  - (A) Is filed on or after January 1, 2002; or
- (B) was filed prior to January 1, 2002, and is pending on or on appeal after January 1, 2002.
- (2) Except as provided by paragraphs (3) and (4) of this subsection, if the designated beneficiary of a family postsecondary education savings account established pursuant to K.S.A. 2005 2011 Supp. 75-640 *et seq.*, and amendments thereto, is a lineal descendant of the account owner, all moneys in the account shall be exempt from any claims of creditors of the account owner or designated beneficiary.
  - (3) The provisions of paragraph (2) of this subsection shall not apply to:
- (A) Claims of any creditor of an account owner, as to amounts contributed within a one-year period preceding the date of the filing of a bankruptcy petition under 11 U.S.C. section § 101 et seq.; or
- (B) claims of any creditor of an account owner, as to amounts contributed within a one-year period preceding an execution on judgment for such claims against the account owner.
  - (4) The provisions of paragraph (2) of this subsection shall not apply to:
- (A) Claims of any creditor of an account owner, as to amounts exceeding \$5,000 contributed within a period of time which is more than one year but less than two years preceding the date of the filing of a bankruptcy petition under 11 U\_S\_C\_ section § 101 et seq.; or
  - (B) claims of any creditor of an account owner, as to amounts exceeding \$5,000

contributed within a period of time which is more than one year but less than two years preceding an execution on judgment for such claims against the account owner.

- Sec. 80. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 60-2403 is hereby amended to read as follows: 60-2403. (a) (1) Except as provided in subsection (b) or (d), if a renewal affidavit is not filed or if execution, including any garnishment proceeding, support enforcement proceeding or proceeding in aid of execution, is not issued, within five years from the date of the entry of any judgment in any court of record in this state, including judgments in favor of the state or any municipality in the state, or within five years from the date of any order reviving the judgment or, if five years have intervened between the date of the last renewal affidavit filed or execution proceedings undertaken on the judgment and the time of filing another renewal affidavit or undertaking execution proceedings on it, the judgment, including court costs and fees therein shall become dormant, and shall cease to operate as a lien on the real estate of the judgment debtor. When a judgment becomes and remains dormant for a period of two years, it shall be the duty of the judge to release the judgment of record when requested to do so.
- (2) A "renewal affidavit" is a statement under oath, signed by the judgment creditor or the judgment creditor's attorney, filed in the proceedings in which the judgment was entered and stating the remaining balance due and unpaid on the judgment.
- (3) A "support enforcement proceeding" means any civil proceeding to enforce any judgment for payment of child support or maintenance and includes, but is not limited to, any income withholding proceeding under the income withholding act, K.S.A. 23-4,105 through 23-4,118 K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-3101 et seq., and amendments thereto, or the interstate income withholding act, K.S.A. 23-4,125 through 23-4,137 and amendments thereto, any contempt proceeding and any civil proceeding under the uniform interstate family support act, K.S.A. 23-9,101 K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-36,101 et seq., and amendments thereto.
- (b) Except for those judgments which have become void as of July 1, 2007, no judgment for the support of a child shall be or become dormant for any purpose except as provided in this subsection. If a judgment would have become dormant under the conditions set forth in subsection (a), the judgment shall cease to operate as a lien on the real estate of the judgment debtor as of the date the judgment would have become dormant, but the judgment shall not be released of record pursuant to subsection (a).
- (c) The time within which action must be taken to prevent a judgment from becoming dormant does not run during any period in which the enforcement of the judgment by legal process is stayed or prohibited.
- (d) If a renewal affidavit is not filed or if execution is not issued, within 10 years from the date of the entry of any judgment of restitution in any court of record in this state, the judgment, including court costs and fees therein shall become dormant, and shall cease to operate as a lien on the real estate of the judgment debtor. Except as provided in subsection (b), when a judgment becomes and remains dormant for a period of two years, it shall be the duty of the judge to release the judgment of record when requested to do so.
- Sec. 81. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 60-2803 is hereby amended to read as follows: 60-2803. (a) When a money judgment rendered in a civil action in a court of this state is satisfied, the judgment creditor or the assignee of the judgment creditor shall file satisfaction and release of the judgment within 21 days after receipt of written demand therefor, sent by restricted mail as defined by K.S.A. 60-103, and amendments thereto.

Such satisfaction and release shall be filed with the clerk of the court in which the judgment was entered and with the clerk of any other court in which the judgment was filed.

- (b) If a judgment creditor or the assignee of a judgment creditor refuses or neglects to enter satisfaction and release of a judgment when required by this section, such judgment creditor or assignee shall be liable to the judgment debtor, or other interested person demanding the satisfaction or release, in damages in the amount of \$100, together with a reasonable attorney's fee for preparing and prosecuting the action to recover such damages.
- (c) The provisions of this section shall not apply if the judgment is satisfied by payment through the office of the clerk of the district court, the district court trustee or any central unit for collection and disbursement of support payments designated pursuant to K.S.A. 23-4,118 K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 39-7,135, and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 82. K.S.A. 60-3103 is hereby amended to read as follows: 60-3103. Any district court shall have jurisdiction over all proceedings under the protection from abuse act. The right of a person to obtain relief under the protection from abuse act shall not be affected by the person's leaving the residence or household to avoid further abuse. Any petition under this act seeking orders regarding a custody determination, as defined in K.S.A. 38-1337 K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-37,102, and amendments thereto, shall state that information required by K.S.A. 38-1356 K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-37,209, and amendments thereto, and the basis under which child-custody jurisdiction is sought to be invoked.
- Sec. 83. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 60-3107 is hereby amended to read as follows: 60-3107. (a) The court may approve any consent agreement to bring about a cessation of abuse of the plaintiff or minor children or grant any of the following orders:
- (1) Restraining the defendant from abusing, molesting or interfering with the privacy or rights of the plaintiff or of any minor children of the parties. Such order shall contain a statement that if such order is violated, such violation may constitute assault as defined in subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5412, and amendments thereto, battery as defined in subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5413, and amendments thereto, domestic battery as defined in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5414, and amendments thereto, and violation of a protective order as defined in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5924, and amendments thereto.
- (2) Granting possession of the residence or household to the plaintiff to the exclusion of the defendant, and further restraining the defendant from entering or remaining upon or in such residence or household, subject to the limitation of subsection (d). Such order shall contain a statement that if such order is violated, such violation shall constitute criminal trespass as defined in subsection (a)(1)(C) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5808, and amendments thereto, and violation of a protective order as defined in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5924, and amendments thereto. The court may grant an order, which shall expire 60 days following the date of issuance, restraining the defendant from cancelling utility service to the residence or household.
- (3) Requiring defendant to provide suitable, alternate housing for the plaintiff and any minor children of the parties.
- (4) Awarding temporary custody and residency and establishing temporary parenting time with regard to minor children.
  - (5) Ordering a law enforcement officer to evict the defendant from the residence or

household.

- (6) Ordering support payments by a party for the support of a party's minor child, if the party is the father or mother of the child, or the plaintiff, if the plaintiff is married to the defendant. Such support orders shall remain in effect until modified or dismissed by the court or until expiration and shall be for a fixed period of time not to exceed one year. On the motion of the plaintiff, the court may extend the effect of such order for 12 months.
  - (7) Awarding costs and attorney fees to either party.
- (8) Making provision for the possession of personal property of the parties and ordering a law enforcement officer to assist in securing possession of that property, if necessary.
- (9) Requiring any person against whom an order is issued to seek counseling to aid in the cessation of abuse.
- (10) Ordering or restraining any other acts deemed necessary to promote the safety of the plaintiff or of any minor children of the parties.
  - (b) No protection from abuse order shall be entered against the plaintiff unless:
- (1) The defendant properly files a written cross or counter petition seeking such a protection order;
- (2) the plaintiff had reasonable notice of the written cross or counter petition by personal service as provided in subsection (d) of K.S.A. 60-3104, and amendments thereto: and
- (3) the issuing court made specific findings of abuse against both the plaintiff and the defendant and determined that both parties acted primarily as aggressors and neither party acted primarily in self-defense.
- (c) Any order entered under the protection from abuse act shall not be subject to modification on ex parte application or on motion for temporary orders in any action filed pursuant to K.S.A. 60-1601 et seq., prior to such section's repeal or transfer, or K.S.A. 38-1101 et seq., and amendments thereto, or articles 22 or 27 of chapter 23 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto. Orders previously issued in an action filed pursuant to K.S.A. 60-1601 et seq., prior to such section's repeal or transfer, or K.S.A. 38-1101 et seq., and amendments thereto, or articles 22 or 27 of chapter 23 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, shall be subject to modification under the protection from abuse act only as to those matters subject to modification by the terms of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. <del>23-2712, 23-2715, 23-2716, 23-2802,</del> 23-2902 through 23-2605, 23-3001 through 23-3006, 23-3201 through 23-3207, 23-3216 and 23-3218 and article 27 of chapter 23 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, and on sworn testimony to support a showing of good cause. Immediate and present danger of abuse to the plaintiff or minor children shall constitute good cause. If an action is filed pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-2712, 23-2715, 23-2716, 23-2802, 23-2902 through 23-2605, 23-3001 through 23-3006, 23-3201 through 23-3207<del>, 23-3216 and or 23-3218 or articles 22 or 27 of chapter 23 of the Kansas</del> Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, during the pendency of a proceeding filed under the protection from abuse act or while an order issued under the protection from abuse act is in effect, the court, on final hearing or on agreement of the parties, may issue final orders authorized by K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-2712, 23-2715, 23-2716, 23-2802, 23-2902 through 23-2605, 23-3001 through 23-3006, 23-3201 through 23-3207, 23-3216 and 23-3218 and articles 22 and 27 of chapter 23 of the Kansas Statutes

Annotated, and amendments thereto, that are inconsistent with orders entered under the protection from abuse act. Any inconsistent order entered pursuant to this subsection shall be specific in its terms, reference the protection from abuse order and parts thereof being modified and a copy thereof shall be filed in both actions. The court shall consider whether the actions should be consolidated in accordance with K.S.A. 60-242, and amendments thereto. Any custody or parenting time order, or order relating to the best interests of a child, issued pursuant to the revised Kansas code for care of children or the revised Kansas juvenile justice code, shall be binding and shall take precedence over any such custody or parenting order involving the same child issued under the protection from abuse act, until jurisdiction under the revised Kansas code for care of children or the revised Kansas juvenile justice code is terminated. Any inconsistent custody or parenting order issued in the revised Kansas code for care of children case or the revised Kansas juvenile justice code case shall be specific in its terms, reference any preexisting protection from abuse order and the custody being modified, and a copy of such order shall be filed in the preexisting protection from abuse case.

- (d) If the parties to an action under the protection from abuse act are not married to each other and one party owns the residence or household, the court shall not have the authority to grant possession of the residence or household under subsection (a)(2) to the exclusion of the party who owns it.
- (e) Subject to the provisions of subsections (b), (c) and (d), a protective order or approved consent agreement shall remain in effect until modified or dismissed by the court and shall be for a fixed period of time not to exceed one year, except that, on motion of the plaintiff, such period may be extended for one additional year.
- (f) The court may amend its order or agreement at any time upon motion filed by either party.
- (g) No order or agreement under the protection from abuse act shall in any manner affect title to any real property.
- (h) If a person enters or remains on premises or property violating an order issued pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such violation shall constitute criminal trespass as defined in subsection (a)(1)(C) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5808, and amendments thereto, and violation of a protective order as defined in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5924, and amendments thereto. If a person abuses, molests or interferes with the privacy or rights of another violating an order issued pursuant to subsection (a)(1), such violation may constitute assault as defined in subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5412, and amendments thereto, battery as defined in subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5413, and amendments thereto, domestic battery as defined in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5414, and amendments thereto, and violation of a protective order as defined in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5924, and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 84. K.S.A. 65-2409a is hereby amended to read as follows: 65-2409a. (a) A certificate of birth for each live birth which occurs in this state shall be filed with the state registrar within five days after such birth and shall be registered by such registrar if such certificate has been completed and filed in accordance with this section. If a birth occurs on a moving conveyance, a birth certificate shall indicate as the place of birth the location where the child was first removed from the conveyance.
- (b) When a birth occurs in an institution, the person in charge of the institution or the person's designated representative shall obtain the personal data, prepare the certificate, secure the signatures required by the certificate and file such certificate with

the state registrar. The physician in attendance or, in the absence of the physician, the person in charge of the institution or that person's designated representative shall certify to the facts of birth and provide the medical information required by the certificate within five days after the birth. When a birth occurs outside an institution, the certificate shall be prepared and filed by one of the following in the indicated order of priority: (1) The physician in attendance at or immediately after the birth, or in the absence of such a person; (2) any other person in attendance at or immediately after the birth, or in the absence of such a person; or (3) the father, the mother or, in the absence of the father and the inability of the mother, the person in charge of the premises where the birth occurred.

- (c) If the mother was married at the time of either conception or birth, or at any time between conception and birth, the name of the husband shall be entered on the certificate as the father of the child unless paternity has been determined otherwise by a court of competent jurisdiction, in which case the name of the father as determined by the court shall be entered. If the mother was not married either at the time of conception or of birth, or at any time between conception and birth, the name of the father shall not be entered on the certificate of birth without the written consent of the mother and of the person to be named as the father on a form provided by the state registrar pursuant to K.S.A. 38-1138 K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-2204, and amendments thereto, unless a determination of paternity has been made by a court of competent jurisdiction, in which case the name of the father as determined by the court shall be entered.
- (d) One of the parents of any child shall sign the certificate of live birth to attest to the accuracy of the personal data entered thereon, in time to permit its filing within the five days prescribed above.
- (e) Except as otherwise provided by this subsection, a fee of \$4 shall be paid for each certificate of live birth filed with the state registrar. Such fee shall be paid by the parent or parents of the child. If a birth occurs in an institution, the person in charge of the institution or the person's designated representative shall be responsible for collecting the fee and shall remit such fee to the secretary of health and environment not later than the 15<sup>th</sup> day following the end of the calendar quarter during which the birth occurred. If a birth occurs other than in an institution, the person completing the birth certificate shall be responsible for collecting the fee and shall remit such fee to the secretary of health and environment not later than the 15<sup>th</sup> day of the month following the birth.

The fee provided for by this subsection shall not be required to be paid if the parent or parents of the child are at the time of the birth receiving assistance, as defined by K.S.A. 39-702, and amendments thereto, from the secretary of social and rehabilitation services.

(f) Except as provided in this subsection, when a certificate of birth is filed pursuant to this act, each parent shall furnish the social security number or numbers issued to the parent. Social security numbers furnished pursuant to this subsection shall not be recorded on the birth certificate. A parent shall not be required to furnish such person's social security number pursuant to this subsection if no social security number has been issued to the parent; the social security number is unknown; or the secretary determines that good cause, as defined in federal regulations promulgated pursuant to title IV-D of the federal social security act, exists for not requiring the social security number. Nothing in this subsection shall delay the filing or issuance of the birth

certificate.

- Sec. 85. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 74-147 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-147. (a) Any notice to a licensing body served pursuant to K.S.A. 20-1204a, and amendments thereto, shall have attached a copy of the court order finding the licensee in contempt of court in a child support proceeding. Any notice to a licensing body served pursuant to K.S.A. 60-1622 K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-3119, and amendments thereto, shall have attached a copy of the warrant or subpoena outstanding against the licensee. Any notice to a licensing body served pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 60-1622a 23-3120, and amendments thereto, shall have attached a copy of the court order stating the findings of fact required by K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 60-1622a 23-3120, and amendments thereto. The notice shall advise the licensing body of the duty to comply with K.S.A. 74-146 and 74-147, and amendments thereto; shall provide the name of the licensee and information which will assist the licensing body to identify the correct person; and shall provide the name, mailing address and telephone number of the person serving the notice. If inadequate identifying information is included in the notice, the licensing body shall promptly contact the person serving the notice to request additional information.
- (b) If a licensing body receives a notice pursuant to subsection (a), the licensing body shall, within 30 days after receiving the notice, notify the licensee of the licensing body's intent to suspend or to withhold issuance or renewal of the licensee's authorization to practice a profession in this state and of the licensee's rights and duties under this section. If the licensing body does not receive sufficient information with the notice to identify the correct licensee, the 30 days shall commence when sufficient identifying information is received.
- (c) If the licensing body receives a notice pursuant to subsection (a), the licensing body shall provide the licensee a temporary license, authorizing the individual to practice a profession in this state, if the licensee is otherwise eligible. The temporary license shall be valid for a period of six months from the date the notice to the licensee pursuant to subsection (b) was issued. A temporary license issued under this section shall not be extended, except that the licensing body may extend the temporary license up to 30 days to prevent extreme hardship for a person being served by the licensee. If the licensee does not furnish a release pursuant to subsection (c) within the time required by the licensing body, the licensing body shall proceed to suspend, terminate, deny or refuse to renew the licensee's authority to practice a profession in this state.
- (d) If an authorization to practice a profession in this state is suspended, denied or not renewed pursuant to this section, any funds paid by the licensee shall not be refunded by the licensing body.
- (e) If a temporary license has been issued pursuant to subsection (c), the licensee shall obtain a release from the court that authorized the notice to the licensing body, as a condition for the issuance or renewal of the licensee's authorization to practice a profession in this state. The licensing body may require the licensee to furnish the release before the temporary license expires.
- (f) In any review of the licensing body's actions pursuant to K.S.A. 74-146 and 74-147, and amendments thereto, conducted by the licensing body at the request of the licensee, the issues shall be limited to the identity of the licensee and the validity of notices pursuant to this section. The licensing body shall have no jurisdiction over issues related to the support obligation of the licensee.

- (g) The licensing body shall immediately terminate any proceedings, concerning a court order for support of a child, against a licensee upon presentation by the licensee of a notice of compliance from the court that authorized the initial notice as provided in subsection (a). The court shall issue a notice of compliance to the licensee if the licensee has contacted the court and is attempting to comply with a payment plan. If the licensee's license has been suspended or not renewed, and the licensee has provided the notice of compliance from the court and otherwise qualifies for the license, the licensing body shall reinstate the license or issue the renewal license to the licensee.
- Sec. 86. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 74-4923 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-4923. (a) No alteration, amendment or repeal of this act shall affect the then existing rights of members and beneficiaries but shall be effective only as to rights which would otherwise accrue under this act as a result of services rendered by an employee after the alteration, amendment or repeal. This subsection shall not apply to any alteration or amendment of this act which provides greater benefits to members or beneficiaries, but any increase of benefits shall only be applicable to benefits payable on the first day of the month coinciding with or following the effective date of the alteration or amendment.
- Any annuity, benefits, funds, property or rights created by, or accruing to any person under the provisions of K.S.A. 74-4901 et seq. or 74-4951 et seq., and amendments thereto, including, but not limited to, for all taxable years beginning after December 31, 2000, amounts received as a lump-sum payment at retirement as provided by K.S.A. 74-4918, 74-4964 or 74-4964a, and amendments thereto, and all earnings thereof, shall be exempt from any tax of the state of Kansas or any political subdivision or taxing body of the state, and such lump-sum payment at retirement, and all earnings thereof, shall retain such tax exempt status even if a retirant elects to roll over such lump-sum payment at retirement, and earnings, into a qualified retirement account whether segregated from or commingled with other retirement funds; shall not be subject to execution, garnishment or attachment, or, except as otherwise provided, any other process or claim whatsoever; and shall be unassignable, except that within 30 days after the death of a retirant the lump-sum death benefit payable to a retirant's beneficiary pursuant to the provisions of K.S.A. 74-4989, and amendments thereto, may be assignable to a funeral establishment providing funeral services to the retirant by the beneficiary of such retirant. Any annuity or benefit or accumulated contributions due and owing to any person under the provisions of K.S.A. 74-4901 et seq. or 74-4951 et seq., and amendments thereto, are subject to claims of an alternate payee under a qualified domestic relations order. As used in this subsection, the terms "alternate payee" and "qualified domestic relations order" shall have the meaning ascribed to them in section 414(p) of the federal internal revenue code. The provisions of this act shall apply to any qualified domestic relations order which is in effect on or after July 1, 1994. The Kansas public employees retirement system shall not be a party to any action under-article 16 of chapter 60 the Kansas family law code, chapter 23 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, but is subject to orders from such actions issued by the district court of the county where such action was filed and may also accept orders which it deems to be qualified under this subsection from courts having jurisdiction of such actions outside the state of Kansas. Such orders from such actions shall specify either a specific amount or specific percentage of the amount of the pension or benefit or any accumulated contributions due and owing from the system to

be distributed by the system pursuant to this act.

- (c) In any case where a state agency is owed a debt or where a participating employer under the Kansas public employees retirement system or under the Kansas police and firemen's retirement system has been required to pay and has paid an arrearage obligation of the amount of contributions of a member which were not paid at the time required and where the employment of the member by the state agency or participating employer has been terminated and the member is eligible to withdraw accumulated contributions in accordance with K.S.A. 74-4917 and 74-4963, and amendments thereto, the state agency or participating employer shall be paid from the member's account in the fund an amount equal to the debt or the amount of contributions of the member paid by the participating employer pursuant to an arrearage obligation, upon application to the board therefor accompanied by certification of the amount to be paid to the state agency or participating employer. If any application and certification under this subsection are not received by the board prior to the withdrawal of accumulated contributions by the member, the board shall not be liable to pay and shall not pay any amount from the fund pursuant to any such application and certification.
- Sec. 87. K.S.A. 74-7334 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-7334. (a) There is hereby created in the state treasury the crime victims assistance fund. All moneys credited to the fund pursuant to K.S.A. 12-4117, 19-101e, 19-4707 and 20-367, and amendments thereto, shall be used solely for the purpose of making grants for on-going operating expenses of programs, including court-appointed special advocate programs, providing: (1) Temporary emergency shelter for victims of child abuse and neglect; (2) counseling and assistance to those victims; or (3) educational services directed at reducing the incidence of child abuse and neglect and diminishing its impact on the victim. The remainder of moneys credited to the fund shall be used for the purpose of supporting the operation of state agency programs which provide services to the victims of crime and making grants to existing programs or to establish and maintain new programs providing services to the victims of crime.
- (b) All expenditures from the crime victims assistance fund shall be made in accordance with appropriations acts upon warrants of the director of accounts and reports issued pursuant to vouchers approved by the attorney general or by a person or persons designated by the attorney general.
- (c) The attorney general may apply for, receive and accept moneys from any source for the purposes for which moneys in the crime victims assistance fund may be expended. Upon receipt of any such moneys, the attorney general shall remit the entire amount to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the crime victims assistance fund.
- (d) Grants made to programs with funds derived from K.S.A. 12-4117, 19-101e, 19-4707 and 20-367, and amendments thereto, shall be based on the numbers of persons served by the program and shall be made only to programs aimed at preventing child abuse and neglect or providing residential services or facilities to victims of child abuse or neglect. In order for programs to qualify for funding under this section, they must:
  - (1) Meet the requirements of section 501(c) of the internal revenue code of 1986;

- (2) be registered and in good standing as a nonprofit corporation;
- (3) meet normally accepted standards for nonprofit organizations;
- (4) have trustees who represent the racial, ethnic and socioeconomic diversity of the county or counties served;
- (5) have received 50% or more of their funds from sources other than funds distributed through the fund, which other sources may be public or private and may include contributions of goods or services, including materials, commodities, transportation, office space or other types of facilities or personal services;
  - (6) demonstrate ability to successfully administer programs;
- (7) make available an independent certified audit of the previous year's financial records;
  - (8) have obtained appropriate licensing or certification, or both;
  - (9) serve a significant number of residents of the county or counties served;
- (10) not unnecessarily duplicate services already adequately provided to county residents; and
  - (11) agree to comply with reporting requirements of the attorney general.

The attorney general may adopt rules and regulations establishing additional standards for eligibility and accountability for grants made pursuant to this section.

- (e) All moneys credited to the fund pursuant to K.S.A. 23-108a K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-2510, and amendments thereto, shall be set aside to use as matching funds for meeting any federal requirement for the purpose of establishing child exchange and visitation centers as provided in K.S.A. 75-720, and amendments thereto. If no federal funds are made available to the state for the purpose of establishing such child exchange and visitation centers, then such moneys may be used as otherwise provided in this section. Only those moneys credited to the fund pursuant to K.S.A. 23-108a K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-2510, and amendments thereto, may be used for such matching funds. No state general fund moneys shall be used for such matching funds.
- Sec. 88. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 65-6608, as amended by section 1 of 2012 Senate Bill No. 290 is hereby amended to read as follows: 65-6608. As used in the addictions counselor licensure act:
- (a) "Board" means the behavioral sciences regulatory board created under K.S.A. 74-7501, and amendments thereto.
- (b) "Addiction counseling" means the utilization of special skills to assist persons with addictions, and to assist such persons' families and friends to achieve resolution of addiction through the exploration of the disease and its ramifications, the examination of attitudes and feelings, the consideration of alternative solutions and decision making, as these relate specifically to addiction. Evaluation and assessment, treatment including treatment plan development, crisis intervention, referral, record keeping and clinical consultation specifically related to addiction are within the scope of addiction counseling. Additionally, at the clinical level of licensure, addiction counseling includes independent practice and the diagnosis and treatment of substance use disorders.
- (c) "Licensed addiction counselor" means a person who engages in the practice of addiction counseling limited to substance use disorders and who is licensed under this act. Such person shall engage in the practice of addiction counseling only in a statelicensed or certified alcohol and other drug treatment program or in completing a Kansas domestic violence offender assessment for participants in a certified batterer

intervention program pursuant to sections 1 through 13, and amendments thereto, unless otherwise exempt for licensure under subsection (m) of K.S.A. 59-29b46, and amendments thereto.

(d) "Licensed clinical addiction counselor" means a person who engages in the independent practice of addiction counseling and diagnosis and treatment of substance use disorders specified in the edition of the American psychiatric association's diagnostic and statistical manual of mental disorders (DSM) designated by the board by rules and regulations and is licensed under this act.

Sec. 89. On July 1, 2012, K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 23-3508 is hereby repealed.

Sec. 90. K.S.A. 13-1246a, 20-1204a, 20-2618, 23-4,125, 23-4,126, 23-4,127, 23-4,128, 23-4,129, 23-4,130, 23-4,131, 23-4,132, 23-4,133, 23-4,134, 23-4,135, 23-4,136, 23-4,137, 39-7,138, 39-7,147, 44-514, 60-2308, 60-3103, 65-2409a and 74-7334 and K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 12-4509, 12-5005, 20-164, 20-165, 20-302b, 21-5414, 21-5808, 21-5924, 21-6604, as amended by section 1 of 2012 House Bill No. 2465, 22-4616, 23-2217, 23-2704, 23-2706, 23-2709, 23-2710, 23-2715, 23-2717, 23-2802, 23-2902, 23-2905, 23-3001, 23-3004, 23-3005, 23-3207, 23-3208, 23-3215, 23-3219, 23-3221, 23-3222, 23-3301, 23-3302, 23-3304, 23-3403, 38-1518, 38-2201, 38-2202, 38-2203, 38-2221, 38-2223, 38-2255, 38-2255b, 38-2264, 38-2304, 38-2313, 38-2318, 38-2362, 39-7,135, 39-7,145, 59-2136, 60-308, 60-703, 60-1613, 60-2403, 60-2803, 60-3107, 65-6608, as amended by section 1 of 2012 Senate Bill No. 290, 74-147 and 74-4923 are hereby repealed.";

And by renumbering sections accordingly;

On page 1, in line 1, in the title, by striking all after "AN ACT" and inserting:

"concerning domestic relations; enacting the batterer intervention program certification act; relating to case management; recodification of the Kansas family law code; amending K.S.A. 13-1246a, 20-1204a, 20-2618, 39-7,138, 39-7,147, 44-514, 60-2308, 60-3103, 65-2409a and 74-7334 and K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 12-4509, 12-5005, 20-164, 20-165, 20-302b, 21-5414, 21-5808, 21-5924, 21-6604, as amended by section 1 of 2012 House Bill No. 2465, 22-4616, 23-2217, 23-2704, 23-2706, 23-2709, 23-2710, 23-2715, 23-2717, 23-2802, 23-2902, 23-2905, 23-3001, 23-3004, 23-3005, 23-3207, 23-3208, 23-3215, 23-3219, 23-3221, 23-3222, 23-3301, 23-3302, 23-3304, 23-3403, 23-3508, 38-1518, 38-2201, 38-2202, 38-2203, 38-2221, 38-2223, 38-2255, 38-2264, 38-2304, 38-2313, 38-2318, 38-2362, 39-7,135, 39-7,145, 59-2136, 60-308, 60-703, 60-2403, 60-2803, 60-3107, 65-6608, as amended by section 1 of 2012 Senate Bill No. 290, 74-147 and 74-4923 and repealing the existing sections; also repealing K.S.A. 23-4,125, 23-4,126, 23-4,127, 23-4,128, 23-4,129, 23-4,130, 23-4,131, 23-4,132, 23-4,133, 23-4,134, 23-4,135, 23-4,136 and 23-4,137 and K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2255b and 60-1613.";

And your committee on conference recommends adoption of this report.

Lance Kinzer
Joe Patton
Janice L. Pauls
Conferees on part of House

THOMAS C. OWENS JEFF KING DAVID HALEY

# Conferees on part of Senate

On motion of Rep. Kinzer, the conference committee report on **SB 304** was adopted. On roll call, the vote was: Yeas 116; Nays 0; Present but not voting: 0; Absent or not voting: 9.

Yeas: Alford, Arpke, Aurand, Ballard, Bethell, Billinger, Bollier, Boman, Bowers, Brookens, Brown, Bruchman, Brunk, Burgess, Burroughs, Calloway, Carlin, Carlson, Collins, Colloton, Crum, Davis, DeGraaf, Denning, Dillmore, Donohoe, Fawcett, Feuerborn, Finney, Flaharty, Frownfelter, Garber, D. Gatewood, S. Gatewood, Goico, Gonzalez, Goodman, Gordon, Grange, Gregory, Grosserode, Hedke, Henderson, Henry, Hermanson, Hildabrand, Hill, Hineman, Hoffman, C. Holmes, M. Holmes, Howell, Huebert, Johnson, Kelly, Kerschen, Kiegerl, Kinzer, Kleeb, Knox, Kuether, Landwehr, Lane, Loganbill, Mah, Mast, McCray-Miller, McLeland, Meier, Meigs, Mesa, Montgomery, Moxley, O'Brien, O'Hara, O'Neal, Osterman, Otto, Patton, Pauls, Peck, Peterson, Phelps, Phillips, Pottorff, Powell, Prescott, Proehl, Rubin, Ruiz, Ryckman, Scapa, Schroeder, Schwab, Schwartz, Seiwert, Shultz, Siegfreid, Slattery, Smith, Spalding, Suellentrop, Swanson, Tietze, Trimmer, Tyson, Vickrey, Victors, Ward, Wetta, Williams, Winn, B. Wolf, K. Wolf, Wolfe Moore, Worley.

Nays: None.

Present but not voting: None.

Absent or not voting: Cassidy, Grant, Hayzlett, Kelley, LeDoux, Rhoades, Roth, Sloan, Weber.

## CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

MR. PRESIDENT and MR. SPEAKER: Your committee on conference on Senate amendments to **Senate Substitute for HB 2730** submits the following report:

The House accedes to all Senate amendments to the bill, and your committee on conference further agrees to amend the bill as printed as Senate Substitute for House Bill No. 2730, as follows:

On page 25, in line 27, by striking "(1)" and inserting "and (c)(1)"; in line 28, by striking "(b)(5)" and inserting "(c)(4)";

And your committee on conference recommends the adoption of this report.

MARK TADDIKEN
RUTH TEICHMAN
MARCI FRANCISCO
Conferees on part of Senate

LARRY R. POWELL
DAN KERSCHEN
JERRY WILLIAMS
Conferees on part of House

On motion of Rep. Powell, the conference committee report on S Sub for HB 2730 was adopted.

On roll call, the vote was: Yeas 94; Nays 22; Present but not voting: 0; Absent or not voting: 9.

Yeas: Alford, Arpke, Aurand, Ballard, Bethell, Billinger, Bollier, Boman, Bowers,

Brookens, Bruchman, Burgess, Burroughs, Calloway, Carlin, Carlson, Collins, Colloton, Crum, Davis, DeGraaf, Denning, Fawcett, Feuerborn, Finney, Flaharty, Frownfelter, Goico, Gonzalez, Gordon, Grange, Gregory, Hedke, Henry, Hermanson, Hill, Hineman, Hoffman, C. Holmes, M. Holmes, Howell, Huebert, Johnson, Kelly, Kerschen, Kiegerl, Kleeb, Knox, Landwehr, Loganbill, Mast, McCray-Miller, McLeland, Meier, Meigs, Mesa, Montgomery, Moxley, O'Neal, Osterman, Pauls, Peck, Peterson, Phelps, Phillips, Pottorff, Powell, Prescott, Proehl, Rubin, Ruiz, Ryckman, Schroeder, Schwab, Schwartz, Seiwert, Shultz, Siegfreid, Slattery, Smith, Spalding, Suellentrop, Swanson, Tietze, Trimmer, Vickrey, Victors, Wetta, Williams, Winn, B. Wolf, K. Wolf, Wolfe Moore, Worley.

Nays: Brown, Brunk, Dillmore, Donohoe, Garber, D. Gatewood, S. Gatewood, Goodman, Grosserode, Henderson, Hildabrand, Kinzer, Kuether, Lane, Mah, O'Brien, O'Hara, Otto, Patton, Scapa, Tyson, Ward.

Present but not voting: None.

Absent or not voting: Cassidy, Grant, Hayzlett, Kelley, LeDoux, Rhoades, Roth, Sloan, Weber.

### MOTIONS TO CONCUR AND NONCONCUR

On motion of Rep. Huebert, the House concurred in Senate amendments to **S Sub for HB 2267**, AN ACT concerning homeowners associations; amending K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 58-4608, 58-4610 and 58-4618 and repealing the existing sections.

(The House requested the Senate to return the bill, which was in conference).

On roll call, the vote was: Yeas 85; Nays 32; Present but not voting: 0; Absent or not voting: 8.

Yeas: Alford, Ballard, Bethell, Billinger, Bollier, Boman, Bowers, Brookens, Bruchman, Burgess, Burroughs, Calloway, Carlson, Collins, Crum, Davis, Feuerborn, Finney, Flaharty, Garber, S. Gatewood, Goico, Gonzalez, Goodman, Grange, Henderson, Henry, Hermanson, Hill, Hineman, Hoffman, C. Holmes, M. Holmes, Huebert, Johnson, Kelly, Kerschen, Kleeb, Knox, Kuether, Landwehr, Lane, Loganbill, Mah, McCray-Miller, McLeland, Meigs, Mesa, Montgomery, Moxley, O'Neal, Osterman, Otto, Patton, Pauls, Peck, Peterson, Phelps, Phillips, Pottorff, Powell, Prescott, Proehl, Roth, Ruiz, Ryckman, Schroeder, Seiwert, Shultz, Siegfreid, Slattery, Smith, Spalding, Suellentrop, Swanson, Tietze, Trimmer, Tyson, Vickrey, Victors, Wetta, Winn, B. Wolf, K. Wolf, Worley.

Nays: Arpke, Aurand, Brown, Brunk, Carlin, Colloton, DeGraaf, Denning, Dillmore, Donohoe, Fawcett, Frownfelter, D. Gatewood, Gordon, Gregory, Grosserode, Hildabrand, Howell, Kelley, Kiegerl, Kinzer, Mast, Meier, O'Brien, O'Hara, Rubin, Scapa, Schwab, Schwartz, Ward, Williams, Wolfe Moore.

Present but not voting: None.

Absent or not voting: Cassidy, Grant, Hayzlett, Hedke, LeDoux, Rhoades, Sloan, Weber.

### MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

The Senate adopts the Conference Committee report on H Sub for SB 79.

The Senate adopts the Conference Committee report on H Sub for SB 160.

The Senate adopts the Conference Committee report on SB 334.

#### MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

Announcing the Senate herewith transmits the veto message from the Governor on **H Sub for SB 315**, An Act concerning the state bank commissioner, powers; amending K.S.A. 9-1722 and 9-1801 and K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 9-508, 9-509, 9-510, 9-511, 9-512, 9-513, 9-513a, 9-513c, 75-2935b, 75-3135 and 75-3135a and repealing the existing sections,

which was received on April 12, 2012, and was read before the Senate on April 25, 2012.

Message from the Governor

The provisions of Senate Bill 315 as introduced, and which are now contained in Sections 11 through 13 of House Substitute for Senate Bill 315, unnecessarily impair the prerogatives of the executive branch and take away an important tool for the efficient and uniform management of the executive branch of state government. The remaining provisions of House Substitute for Senate Bill 315 represent good policy and should become law.

Therefore, pursuant to Article 2 Section 14 of the Kansas Constitution, I hereby veto House Substitute for Senate Bill 315 and urge the Legislature to return the bill to me modified as set forth above before final adjournment.

Sam Brownback Governor

Dated: April 12, 2012

There being no motion to reconsidered the veto on **H Sub for SB 315**, the President ruled the veto sustained.

On motion of Rep. Siegfreid, the House recessed until 4:00 p.m.

### LATE AFTERNOON SESSION

The House met pursuant to recess with Speaker O'Neal in the chair.

### REPORT ON ENROLLED BILLS

S Sub for Sub HB 2004; S Sub for S Sub for HB 2249; HB 2534, HB 2562, HB 2684 reported correctly enrolled, properly signed and presented to the Governor on May 11, 2012.

# REPORT ON ENROLLED RESOLUTIONS

HR 6033 reported correctly enrolled and properly signed on May 11, 2012.

On motion of Rep. Siegfreid, the House adjourned until Monday, May 14, 2012 at 11:00 a.m.

CHARLENE SWANSON, Journal Clerk.

SUSAN W. KANNARR, Chief Clerk.